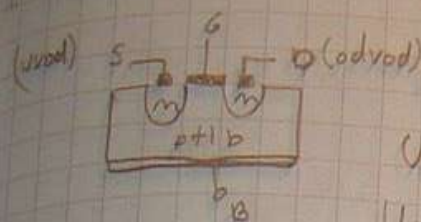
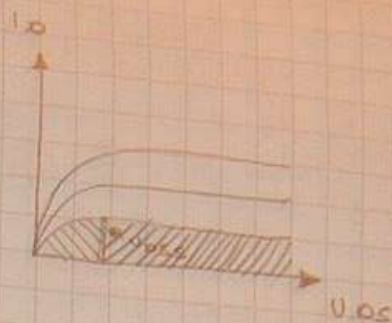


Mosfet



K - koeficijent $[mA/V^2]$
 V_{GS0} - napom praga $[V]$
 $V_{GS} < V_{GS0}$ - nema struje



$$V_{DS} = V_{GS} - V_{GS0}$$

$V_{DS} > V_{GS} - V_{GS0}$ - zasićenje

↑ točka, tj napom prijelaza

$$I_D = K \cdot \left[(V_{GS} - V_{GS0}) \cdot V_{DS} - \frac{V_{DS}^2}{2} \right] \text{ - triodna}$$

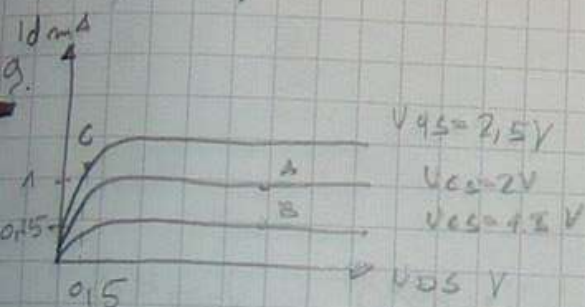
$$I_D = \frac{K}{2} \cdot (V_{GS} - V_{GS0})^2 \cdot (1 + \lambda V_{DS}) \text{ - zasićenje}$$

$$g_m = \frac{\partial I_D}{\partial V_{GS}}$$

$$g_d = \frac{\partial I_D}{\partial V_{DS}}$$

$$r_d = \frac{1}{g_d}$$

$$\mu = g_m \cdot r_d$$



$$\lambda = 0 \quad I_{DC} = ?$$

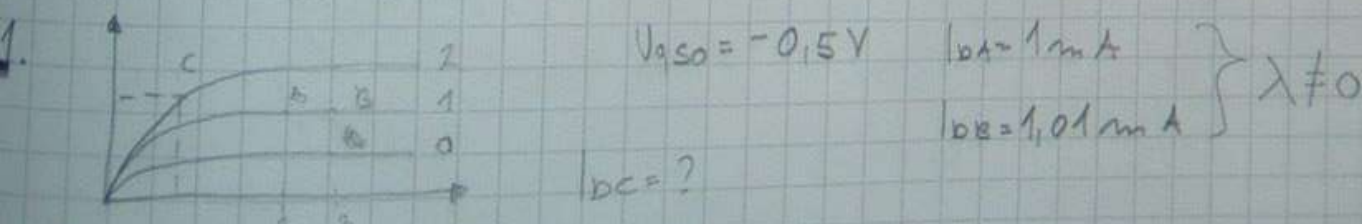
$$\frac{I_{DA}}{I_{DB}} = \frac{(V_{GS_A} - V_{GS0})^2}{(V_{GS_B} - V_{GS0})^2} \Rightarrow \sqrt{\frac{I_{DA}}{I_{DB}}} = \frac{V_{GS_A} - V_{GS0}}{V_{GS_B} - V_{GS0}} = \frac{1 + V_{GS_A} - V_{GS_B}}{V_{GS_B} - V_{GS0}}$$

$$= V_{GS_B} - \frac{V_{GS_A} - V_{GS_B}}{\sqrt{\frac{I_{DA}}{I_{DB}}} - 1}$$

$$V_{GS0} = 1V < V_{GS}$$

$$V_{GS0} = 1.66V$$

$$mA/V^2 \quad \mu_n = 1.25 \text{ mA/V}^2$$



$$V_{GS0} = -0.5V$$

$$I_{DA} = 1 \text{ mA}$$

$$I_{DB} = 1.01 \text{ mA}$$

$$\lambda \neq 0$$

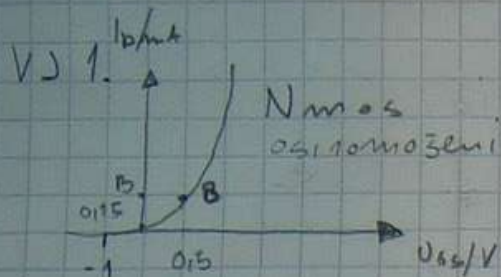
$$I_{DC} = ?$$

$$= \frac{K}{2} \cdot (V_{GS_A} - V_{GS0})^2 \cdot (1 + \lambda V_{DS_A}) \Rightarrow$$

$$\lambda = 0.0102 [V^{-1}]$$

$$\frac{K}{2} \cdot (V_{GS_B} - V_{GS0})^2 \cdot (1 + \lambda V_{DS_B})$$

$$K = 0.8711 [mA/V^2]$$



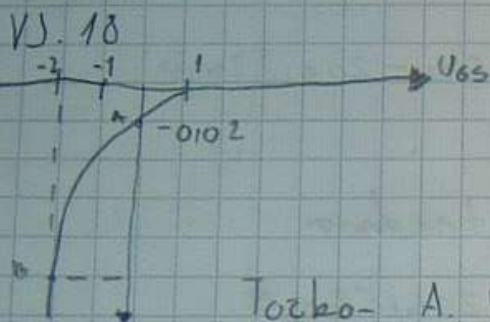
$$V_{GS0} = -1V \quad V_{DS} =$$

$\lambda = 0$ zbog toga jer nema V_{DS}

$$I_{DB} = ?$$

$$K = 0,3 \text{ mA/V}^2$$

$$I_{DB} = 0,13375 \text{ mA}$$



PMOS osl. nemoženi

$$V_{DS} = -4V \quad \lambda = 5 \cdot 10^{-3}$$

Točka A. $V_{DS} = V_{GS} - V_{GS0} = -1$

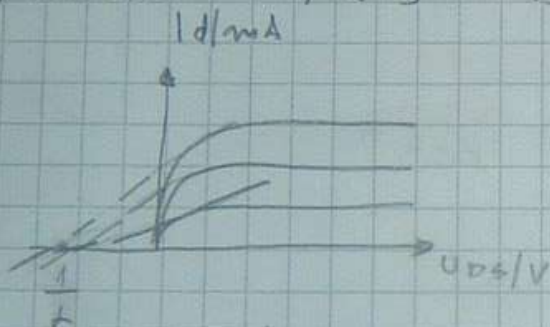
$-4 < -1$ zasićenje

$$I_{DA} = \frac{K}{2} (V_{GS1} - V_{GS0})^2 (1 + \lambda V_{DS}) \quad K = -0,39 \text{ mA/V}^2$$

B točka $-4 < -3$

B - zasićenje

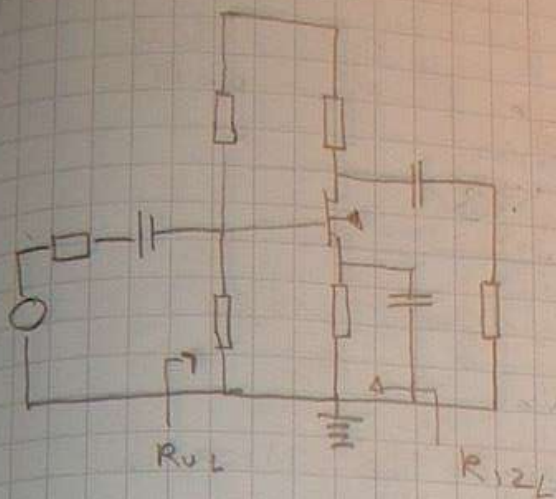
$$I_{DB} = -1,8 \text{ mA}$$



	Struja I_D	Uvjet režima	K	$V_{GS0} > 0$	$V_{GS0} < 0$
N MOS	$I_D > 0$	$V_{GS} > V_{GS0}$	$K > 0$	obogaceni	osl. nemoženi
P MOS	$I_D < 0$	$V_{GS} < V_{GS0}$	$K < 0$	osl. nemoženi	obogaceni

N MOS	$V_{DS} > V_{DS0}$ ZASIĆENJE	$V_{DS} < V_{DS0}$ TRIODNO	$r_d \rightarrow \infty$	100 kΩ	Zasićenje
P MOS	TRIODNO	ZASIĆENJE	$r_d \rightarrow 0$	500 Ω	triodno

MOSFET SKLOPOVI

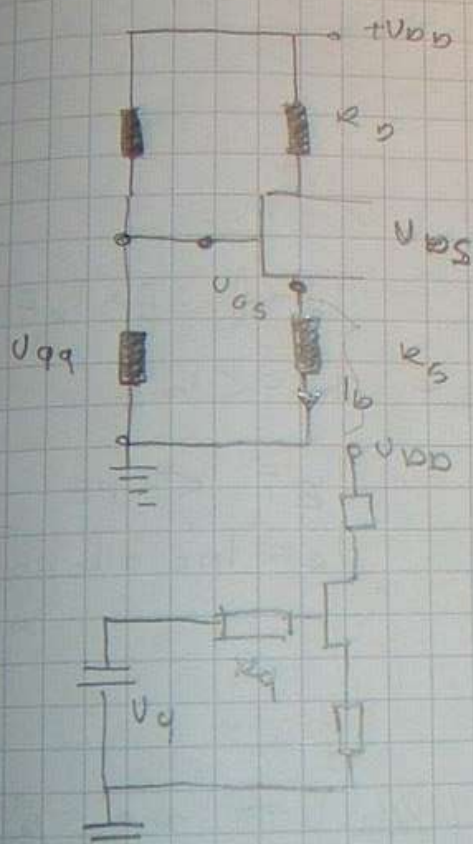


SRT - $\pm 10 \text{ Zi}$

$$V_{gg1} = \frac{V_{bb}}{R_1 + R_2} \cdot R_2$$

$$R_g = R_1 \parallel R_2$$

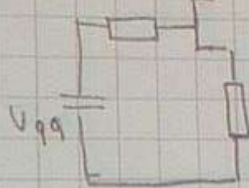
$$V_{DS} = V_{DD} - I_D \cdot (R_D + R_{S2})$$



$$V_{gg} = V_{GS} + I_D \cdot R_S$$

$$I_D = 0$$

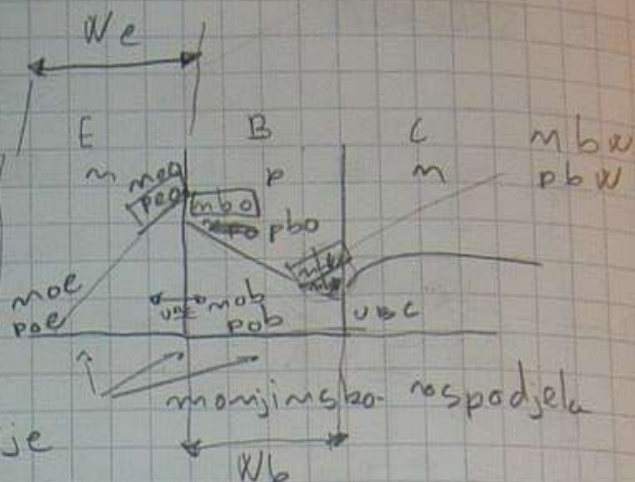
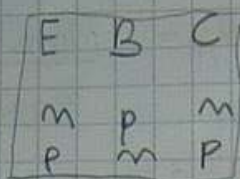
$$I_D = \frac{K}{2} (V_{GS} - V_{GS0})^2$$



$$V_{gg} = \frac{I_D \cdot R_g}{0} \cdot V_{GS} + I_D \cdot R_S =$$

$$V_{DD} = I_D \cdot R_D + V_{DS} + I_D \cdot R_S$$

Bipolarni tranzistori



• normalno aktivno područje

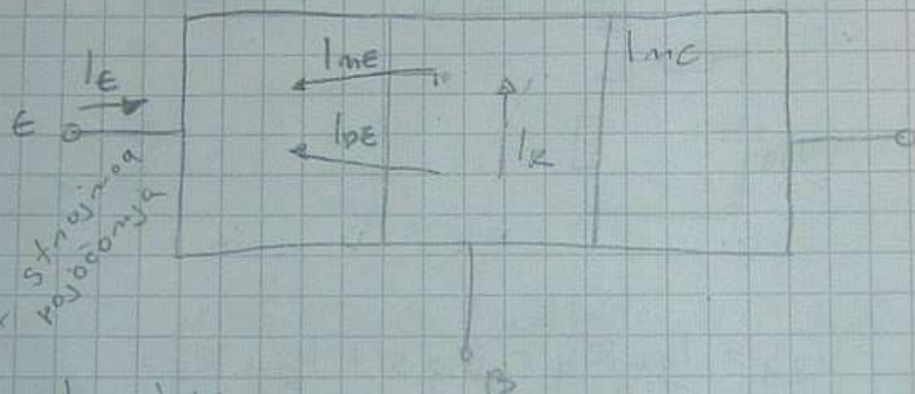
moe } raspodjela u dubini
poe }

meo } raspodjela na granici
peo }

$$moe = N_D \quad N_D \gg N_A$$

$$pob = N_A$$

peo } manjinski nosioci
mbo
mbw }



$$I_E = -(I_{mE} + I_{pE})$$

$$I_{mC} < I_{mE}$$

$$I_B = I_{pE} + I_{mC}$$

$$I_C \approx I_{mC} + I_{pE}$$

$$\alpha = \frac{I_C}{-I_E} = \frac{I_{mC}}{I_{mE} + I_{pE}}$$

$$(0.990 \rightarrow 0.995)$$

$$\beta = \frac{I_C}{I_B} = \frac{\alpha}{1 - \alpha}$$

$$\beta^* = 1 - \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{W_b}{L_{nb}} \right)^2 \rightarrow I_{mC} = \beta^* I_{mE}$$

$$I_E = I_{mE} - I_{mC} = (1 - \beta^*) I_{mE}$$

$$\beta = \frac{I_{mE}}{-I_E} = \frac{I_{mE}}{(I_{mE} + I_{pE})}$$

ZADATAK 1.

NPN-transistor

$$N_b = 2 \cdot 10^{18} \Rightarrow n_{oe} = 2 \cdot 10^{18}$$

$$N_A = 5 \cdot 10^{16} \Rightarrow p_{ob} = 3 \cdot 10^{16}$$

$$n_{bo} = n_{ob} \cdot \exp\left(\frac{V_{be}}{V_T}\right) = 1,506 \cdot 10^{13} \quad V_T = \frac{T}{11600} = 26 \text{ mV}$$

$$n_{ob} = \frac{n_i^2}{p_{ob}} = 4205 \quad p_{eo} = p_{oe} \cdot \exp\left(\frac{V_{bc}}{V_T}\right) \quad T = 300 \text{ K}$$

$$p_{oe} = \frac{n_i^2}{n_{oe}} = 3,764$$

$$V_{bc} = -V_{cb}$$

$$n_{bw} = n_{ob} \cdot \exp\left(\frac{V_{bc}}{V_T}\right)$$

$$p_{co} = p_{oc} \cdot \exp\left(\frac{V_{bc}}{V_T}\right)$$

STRUJE:

$$I_{pe} = Q \cdot S \cdot D_{pe} \cdot \frac{p_{eb}}{W_e}$$

$$I_{be} = Q \cdot S \cdot D_{ne} \cdot \frac{n_{bo}}{W_b}$$

$$I_{ce} = ? \quad \beta = \frac{I_{ce}}{I_{be}} \quad \beta^* = 1 - \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{W_b}{L_{mb}} \right)^2$$

$$\beta = 0,2232 \quad I_{mc} = 6 \text{ mA}$$

$$D_{mb} = n_{mb} \cdot V_T$$

$$\mu_{ne} = \mu_n$$

$$1 \text{ mm}^2 = 10^{-2} \text{ cm}^2$$

$$D_{pe} = \mu_{pe} \cdot V_T$$

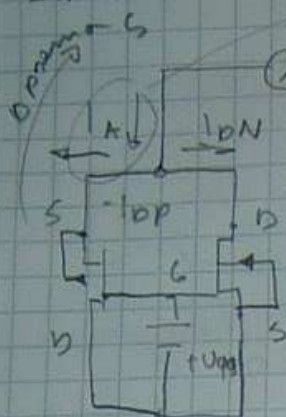
$$D_{ne} = \mu_{ne} \cdot V_T$$

$$I_E = -(I_{ne} + I_{pe})$$

$$L_{mb} = \sqrt{D_{mb} \cdot \tau_b}$$

$$I_R = I_{ne} - I_{mc} = 4,8 \mu\text{A}$$

ZADATAK 19)



Obrnuto jer ide od D prema S i u mi rekli obrnuto.

$$\begin{aligned} V_{DD} &= 3V & V_{GG} &= -1.5V \\ V_{GSN} &= -V_{GSP} = 1V \\ K_m &= -K_p = 0.5 \text{ mA/V}^2 \end{aligned}$$

n-MOS

$$V_G = 1.5V \quad V_S = 0 \quad V_D = 3V$$

$$V_{GS} = 1.5V \quad V_{GD} = 3V$$

$$3V > 1.5 - 0.5 = 0.5 \Rightarrow \text{zasićeno}$$

$$I_{DN} = \frac{K_m}{2} (V_{GS} - V_{GS0})^2 = 625 \mu A$$

p-MOS

$$V_G = 1.5V \quad V_S = 3V \quad V_D = 0V$$

$$V_{GS} = -1.5V = -1.5V \quad V_{DS} = -3V$$

$$I_{DP} = -62.5 \mu A \quad -3 < -0.5 \text{ zasićeno}$$