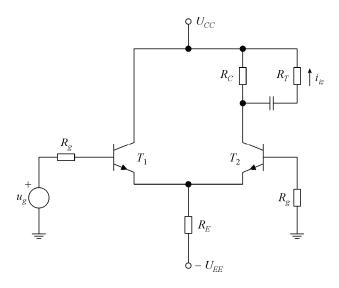
# 1. ispitni rok iz "Elektronike 2" - rješenja

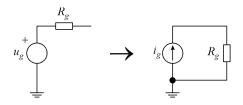


$$I_{BQ1} = I_{BQ2} = \frac{U_{EE} - U_{BEQ1}}{R_{\sigma} + 2(1 + \beta)R_E} = 27,9,1 \text{ $\mu$A}, \quad I_{CQ1} = I_{CQ2} = \beta I_{BQ1} = 2,79 \text{ mA},$$

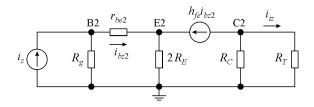
$$U_{CEO1} \approx U_{CC} + U_{EE} - 2R_E I_{CO1} = 12.8 \text{ V},$$

$$U_{CEQ2} \approx U_{CC} + U_{EE} - (R_C + 2R_E)I_{CQ1} = 10,1 \text{ V},$$

$$r_{bel} = r_{bel} = \frac{U_T}{I_{BQl}} = 896 \ \Omega \,.$$



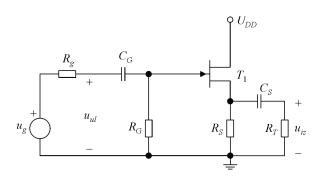
$$I_{gm} = \frac{U_{gm}}{R_g} = 40 \ \mu A \ .$$



$$A_{lz} = \frac{i_{iz}}{i_z} = -h_{fe} \frac{R_C}{R_C + R_T} \frac{R_g}{R_g + r_{be2} + 2(1 + h_{fe}) R_E} = -0.112.$$

$$A_{Id} = \frac{i_{iz}}{i_d} = \frac{1}{2} \frac{i_{iz}}{i_d/2} = -\frac{h_{fe}}{2} \frac{R_C}{R_C + R_T} \frac{R_g}{R_g + r_{be2}} = -16,3,$$

$$I_{izm} = A_{Iz} I_{zm} + A_{Id} I_{dm} = 650 \ \mu\text{A}, \quad i_{iz} = 650 \sin \omega t \ \mu\text{A}.$$



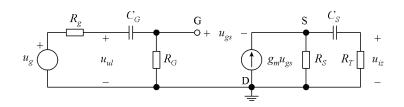
$$U_{GSQ} + I_{DQ} R_S = 0 \quad \rightarrow \quad I_{DQ} = I_{DSS} \left( 1 - \frac{U_{GSQ}}{U_P} \right)^2 = -\frac{U_{GSQ}}{R_S},$$

$$U_{GSQ}^{2} + \left(\frac{U_{P}^{2}}{R_{S} I_{DSS}} - 2U_{P}\right) U_{GSQ} + U_{P}^{2} = 0,$$

$$U_{GSQ}^2 + 15U_{GSQ} + 36 = 0 \rightarrow U_{GSQ} = -7, 5 + \sqrt{7,5^2 - 36} = -3 \text{ V},$$

$$I_{DQ} = -\frac{U_{GSQ}}{R_S} = 3 \text{ mA}, \quad U_{DSQ} = U_{DD} - R_S I_{DQ} = 9 \text{ V},$$

$$g_m = -\frac{2I_{DSS}}{U_P} \left( 1 - \frac{U_{GSQ}}{U_P} \right) = 2 \text{ mA/V}.$$



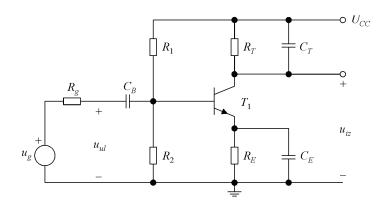
$$\frac{U_{iz}}{U_{gs}} = g_m \left( R_S \| R_T \right), \quad U_{gs} = U_{ul} - U_{iz} ,$$

$$A_{Vg0} = \frac{U_{iz}}{U_g} = \frac{U_{iz}}{U_{gs}} \frac{U_{gs}}{U_{ul}} \frac{U_{ul}}{U_g} = \frac{g_m(R_S || R_T)}{1 + g_m(R_S || R_T)} \frac{R_G}{R_g + R_G} = 0,615,$$

$$\tau_G = (R_g + R_G)C_G = 40 \text{ ms}, \quad \omega_G = \frac{1}{\tau_G} = 25 \text{ rad/s},$$

$$\tau_S = \left(R_S || \frac{1}{g_m} + R_T\right)C_S = 8,67 \text{ ms}, \quad \omega_S = \frac{1}{\tau_S} = 115 \text{ rad/s},$$

$$\omega_d = \omega_S = 115 \text{ rad/s}, \quad f_d = \frac{\omega_d}{2\pi} = 18,3 \text{ Hz}.$$



$$U_{BB} = \frac{R_2}{R_1 + R_2} U_{CC} = 2,4 \text{ V}, \quad R_B = R_1 \| R_2 = 80 \text{ k}\Omega,$$

$$I_{BQ} = \frac{U_{BB} - U_{BEQ}}{R_R + (1 + \beta)R_E} = 13 \text{ } \mu\text{A}, \quad I_{CQ} = \beta I_{BQ} = 1,3 \text{ } \text{mA},$$

$$U_{CEQ} \approx U_{CC} - (R_T + R_E)I_{CQ} = 6.15 \text{ V},$$

$$r_{b'e} = \frac{U_T}{I_{RO}} = 1,92 \text{ k}\Omega, \quad g_m = \frac{I_{CQ}}{U_T} = 52 \text{ mA/V}.$$

$$A_{Vg0} = \frac{U_{iz}}{U_g} = \frac{U_{iz}}{U_{b'e}} \frac{U_{b'e}}{U_{ul}} \frac{U_{ul}}{U_g} = -g_m R_T \frac{r_{b'e}}{r_{bb'} + r_{b'e}} \frac{R_B \left\| \left( r_{bb'} + r_{b'e} \right)}{R_g + R_B \left\| \left( r_{bb'} + r_{b'e} \right) \right\|} = -161,$$

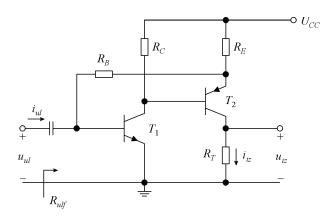
$$K = \frac{U_{iz}}{U_{b'e}} = -g_m R_T = -208,$$

$$C_{ul} = C_{b'e} + C_{b'c} (1 - K) = 468 \text{ pF}, \quad C_{iz} = C_{b'c} \frac{K - 1}{K} = 2 \text{ pF},$$

$$\tau_{ul} = \left[ \left( R_g \| R_B + r_{bb'} \right) \| r_{b'e} \right] C_{ul} = 199 \text{ ns}, \quad \omega_{ul} = \frac{1}{\tau_{ul}} = 5,03 \cdot 10^6 \text{ rad/s},$$

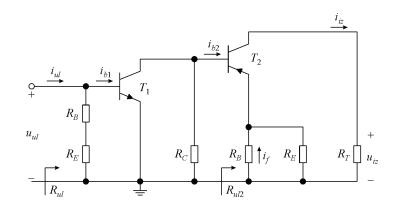
$$\tau_{iz} = R_T \left( C_{iz} + C_T \right) = 48 \text{ ns}, \quad \omega_{iz} = \frac{1}{\tau_{iz}} = 20,8 \cdot 10^6 \text{ rad/s},$$

$$\omega_g = \omega_{ul} = 5,03 \cdot 10^6 \text{ rad/s}, \quad f_g = \frac{\omega_g}{2\pi} = 800 \text{ kHz}.$$



$$\begin{split} U_{CC} &\approx \beta_2 \, I_{BQ1} \, R_C + U_{BEQ2} + I_{BQ1} R_B + U_{BEQ1} \; , \quad U_{BEQ1} \approx -U_{BEQ2} \; , \\ &I_{BQ1} \approx \frac{U_{CC}}{\beta_1 \, R_C + R_B} = 34,3 \; \mu \text{A} \; , \\ &\beta_1 I_{BQ1} \, R_C \approx -\beta_2 \, I_{BQ2} \, R_E - U_{BEQ2} \; , \quad -I_{BQ2} \approx \frac{\beta_1 \, I_{BQ1} \, R_C + U_{BEQ2}}{\beta_2 \, R_E} = 30,8 \; \mu \text{A} \; , \\ &I_{CQ1} = \beta_1 \, I_{BQ1} = 3,43 \; \text{mA} \; , \quad -I_{CQ2} = -\beta_2 \, I_{BQ2} = 3,08 \; \text{mA} \; , \\ &U_{CEQ1} \approx U_{CC} - R_C \, I_{CQ1} = 5,14 \; \text{V} \; , \quad -U_{CEQ2} \approx U_{CC} + \left(R_E + R_T\right) I_{CQ2} = 4,30 \; \text{V} \; , \\ &r_{be1} = \frac{U_T}{I_{BO1}} = 729 \; \Omega \; , \quad r_{be2} = \frac{U_T}{-I_{BO2}} = 812 \; \Omega \; . \end{split}$$

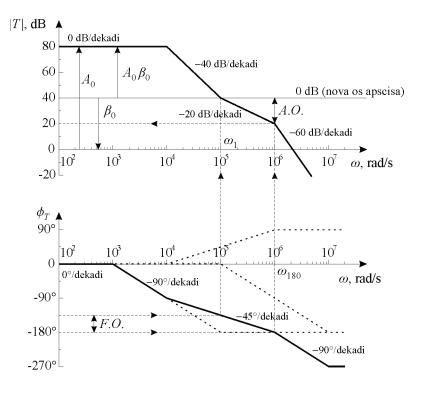
### Povratna veza – strujna-paralelna



$$\begin{split} A_{I2} &= \frac{i_{iz}}{i_{b2}} = -h_{fe2} = -100, \quad R_{ul2} = r_{be2} + \left(1 + h_{fe2}\right) \left(R_B \parallel R_E\right) = 200 \text{ k}\Omega, \\ A_{I1} &= \frac{i_{b2}}{i_{ul}} = \frac{i_{b2}}{i_{b1}} \frac{i_{b1}}{i_{ul}} = -h_{fe1} \frac{R_C}{R_C + R_{ul2}} \frac{R_B + R_E}{R_B + R_E + r_{be1}} = -0,985, \\ A_I &= \frac{i_{iz}}{i_{ul}} = \frac{i_{iz}}{i_{b2}} \frac{i_{b2}}{i_{ul}} = A_{I2} A_{I1} = 98,5, \quad \beta = \frac{i_f}{i_{iz}} \approx \frac{R_E}{R_B + R_E} = \frac{1}{76}. \\ R_{ul} &= \left(R_B + R_E\right) \left\| r_{be1} = 726 \Omega, \right. \\ A_{lf} &= \frac{A_I}{1 + \beta A_I} = 42,9, \quad R_{ulf} = \frac{R_{ul}}{1 + \beta A_I} = 316 \Omega, \\ A_{lf} &= \frac{u_{iz}}{u_{ul}} = \frac{i_{iz} R_T}{i_{ul} R_{ulf}} = A_{lf} \frac{R_T}{R_{ulf}} = 67,9. \end{split}$$

$$A(j\omega) = \frac{10^4}{\left(1 + j\omega/10^4\right)^2 \left(1 + j\omega/10^6\right)}, \qquad \beta(j\omega) = \beta_0 \frac{1 + j\omega/10^5}{1 + j\omega/10^6}$$

Uz 
$$\beta_0 = 1 \rightarrow T(j\omega) = \beta(j\omega) A(j\omega) = \frac{10^4 (1 + j\omega/10^5)}{(1 + j\omega/10^4)^2 (1 + j\omega/10^6)^2}$$
.



$$\begin{split} \phi_T(j\omega_1) &= F.O. - 180^\circ = -135^\circ \quad \rightarrow \quad \big| T(j\omega_1) \big| = \big| \beta(j\omega_1) A(j\omega_1) \big| = 1 = 0 \text{ dB} \,, \\ \beta_0 &= 0,01 \,, \\ \phi_T(j\omega_{180}) &= -180^\circ \quad \rightarrow \quad \big| T(j\omega_{180}) \big| = -20 \text{ dB} = A.O. \end{split}$$