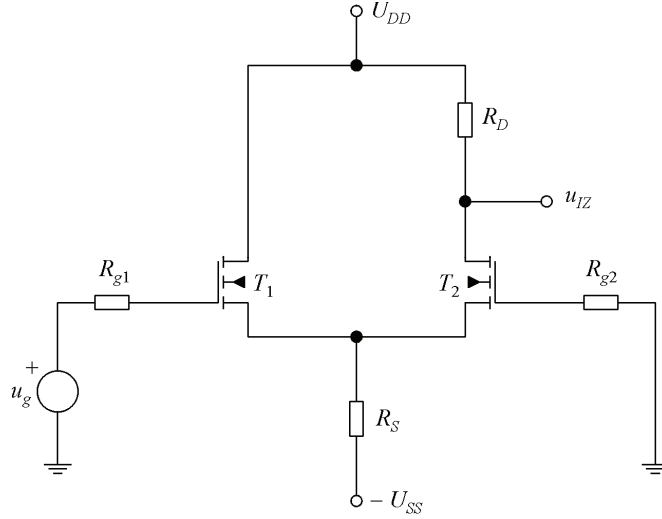


Međuispit iz "Elektronike 2" - rješenja

Zadaci

1. zadatak



$$I_{DQ1} = \frac{U_{SS} - U_{GSQ1}}{2R_S} = \frac{K}{2} (U_{GSQ1} - U_{GS0})^2,$$

$$9 \cdot U_{GSQ1}^2 - 35 \cdot U_{GSQ1} + 24 = 0 \rightarrow U_{GSQ1} = 3 \text{ V} = U_{GSQ2},$$

$$I_{DQ1} = I_{DQ2} = \frac{U_{SS} - U_{GSQ1}}{2R_S} = 1,5 \text{ mA},$$

$$U_{DSQ1} = U_{DD} + U_{SS} - 2R_S I_{DQ1} = 15 \text{ V}, \quad U_{DSQ2} = U_{DD} + U_{SS} - (R_D + 2R_S) I_{DQ2} = 12 \text{ V},$$

$$g_{m2} = K (U_{GSQ2} - U_{GS0}) (1 + \lambda U_{DSQ2}) = 3,04 \text{ mA/V},$$

$$r_{d2} = \frac{1}{\lambda I_{DQ2}} = 667 \text{ k}\Omega, \quad \mu_2 = g_{m2} r_{d2} = 2028,$$

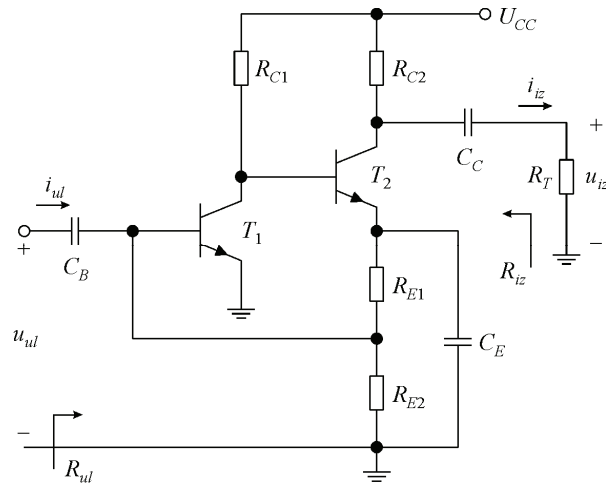
$$A_{Vz} = \frac{u_{iz}}{u_z} = \frac{-\mu_2 R_D}{2(1 + \mu_2) R_S + r_{d2} + R_D} = -0,316, \quad A_{Vd} = \frac{u_{iz}}{u_d} = \frac{-\mu_2 R_D}{2(r_{d2} + R_D)} = -3,03,$$

$$\rho = \frac{|A_{Vd}|}{|A_{Vz}|} = 9,59,$$

$$U_{zm} = \frac{U_{gm} + 0}{2} = \frac{U_{gm}}{2} = 100 \text{ mV}, \quad U_{dm} = 0 - U_{gm} = -U_{gm} = -200 \text{ mV},$$

$$U_{izm} = A_{Vz} U_{zm} + A_{Vd} U_{dm} = 574 \text{ mV}, \quad u_{iz} = 574 \sin \omega t \text{ mV}.$$

2. zadatak

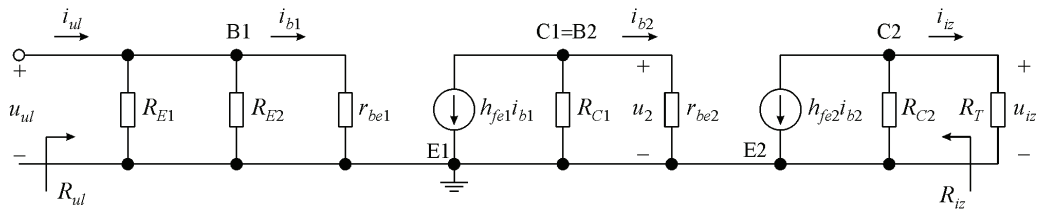


$$I_{CQ2} \approx \frac{U_{BEQ1}}{R_{E2}} = 1,4 \text{ mA} ,$$

$$U_{CC} \approx I_{CQ1} R_{C1} + U_{BEQ2} + I_{CQ2} (R_{E1} + R_{E2}) \rightarrow I_{CQ1} = 1,6 \text{ mA} ,$$

$$U_{CEQ1} \approx U_{CC} - I_{CQ1} R_{C1} = 7 \text{ V} , \quad U_{CEQ2} \approx U_{CC} - I_{CQ2} (R_{C2} + R_{E1} + R_{E2}) = 3,1 \text{ V} ,$$

$$r_{be1} = \frac{U_T}{I_{BQ1}} = \frac{\beta U_T}{I_{CQ1}} = 1,56 \text{ k}\Omega , \quad r_{be2} = \frac{U_T}{I_{BQ2}} = \frac{\beta U_T}{I_{CQ2}} = 1,79 \text{ k}\Omega ,$$



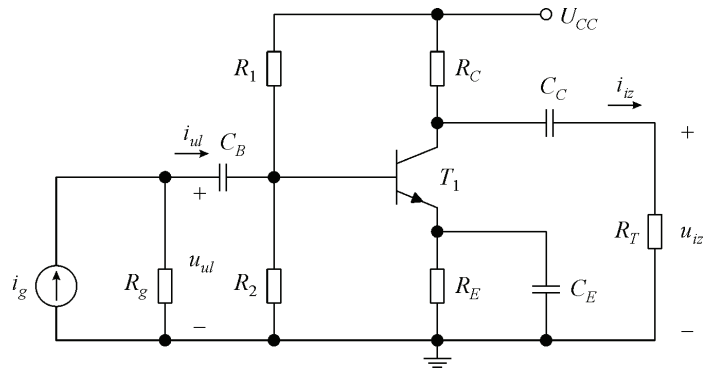
$$A_{V2} = \frac{u_{iz}}{u_2} = -h_{fe} \frac{R_{C2} \parallel R_T}{r_{be2}} = -74,5 , \quad A_{V1} = \frac{u_2}{u_{ul}} = -h_{fe} \frac{R_{C1} \parallel r_{be2}}{r_{be1}} = -84,5 ,$$

$$A_V = \frac{u_{iz}}{u_{ul}} = A_{V2} A_{V1} = 6300 ,$$

$$R_{ul} = \frac{u_{ul}}{i_{ul}} = R_{E1} \parallel R_{E2} \parallel r_{be1} = 346 \text{ }\Omega , \quad A_I = \frac{i_{iz}}{i_{ul}} = \frac{u_{iz} / R_T}{u_{ul} / R_{ul}} = A_V \frac{R_{ul}}{R_T} = 1090 ,$$

$$R_{iz} = R_{C2} = 4 \text{ k}\Omega .$$

3. zadatak

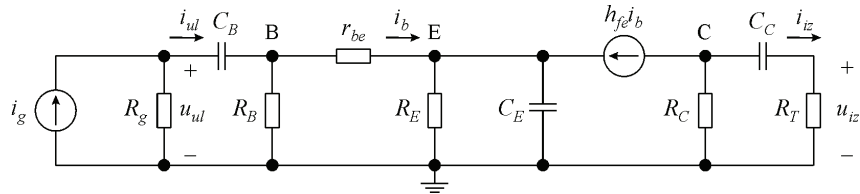


$$U_{BB} = \frac{R_2}{R_1 + R_2} U_{CC} = 1,36 \text{ V}, R_B = R_1 \parallel R_2 = 18,2 \text{ k}\Omega,$$

$$I_{BQ} = \frac{U_{BB} - U_{BEQ}}{R_B + (1 + \beta) R_E} = 3 \text{ }\mu\text{A}, I_{CQ} = \beta I_{BQ} = 0,3 \text{ mA},$$

$$U_{CEQ} \approx U_{CC} - (R_C + R_E) I_{CQ} = 11,7 \text{ V},$$

$$r_{be} = \frac{U_T}{I_{BQ}} = 8,33 \text{ k}\Omega,$$



$$A_{Ig0} = \frac{I_{iz}}{I_g} = \frac{I_{iz}}{I_b} \frac{I_b}{I_g} = -h_{fe} \frac{R_C}{R_C + R_T} \frac{R_g \parallel R_B}{R_g \parallel R_B + r_{be}} = -55,4,$$

$$\tau_B = (R_g + R_B \parallel r_{be}) C_B = 167 \text{ ms}, \omega_B = \frac{1}{\tau_B} = 5,99 \text{ rad/s},$$

$$\tau_E = \left(\frac{r_{be} + R_g \parallel R_B}{1 + h_{fe}} \parallel R_E \right) C_E = 9,69 \text{ ms}, \omega_E = \frac{1}{\tau_E} = 103 \text{ rad/s},$$

$$\tau_C = (R_C + R_T) C_C = 150 \text{ ms}, \omega_C = \frac{1}{\tau_C} = 6,67 \text{ rad/s},$$

$$\omega_d = \omega_E = 103 \text{ rad/s}, f_d = \frac{\omega_d}{2\pi} = 16,4 \text{ Hz}.$$