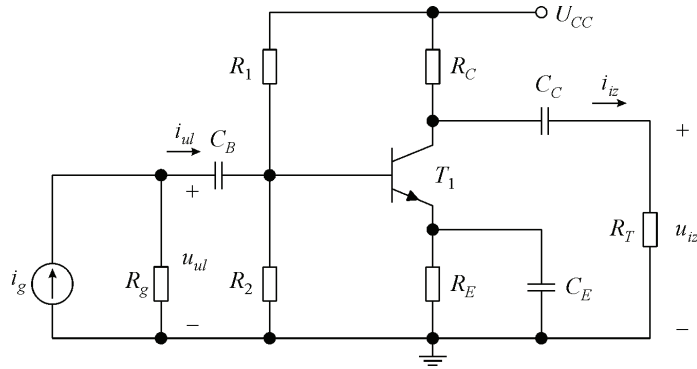


Završni ispit iz "Elektronike 2" - rješenja

Zadaci

1. zadatak

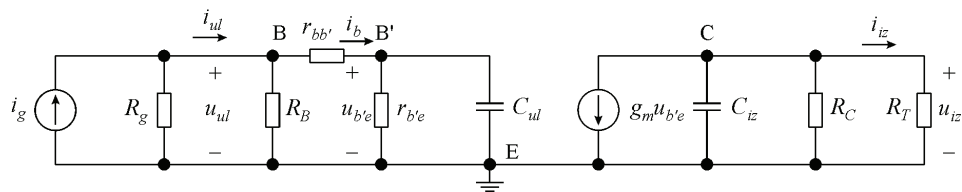


$$U_{BB} = \frac{R_2}{R_1 + R_2} U_{CC} = 3 \text{ V}, \quad R_B = R_1 \parallel R_2 = 37,5 \text{ k}\Omega,$$

$$I_{BQ} = \frac{U_{BB} - U_{BEQ}}{R_B + (1 + \beta) R_E} = 9,6 \text{ }\mu\text{A}, \quad I_{CQ} = \beta I_{BQ} = 0,96 \text{ mA},$$

$$U_{CEQ} \approx U_{CC} - (R_C + R_E) I_{CQ} = 6,24 \text{ V},$$

$$r_{b'e} = \frac{U_T}{I_{BQ}} = 2,60 \text{ k}\Omega, \quad g_m = \frac{I_{CQ}}{U_T} = 38,4 \text{ mA/V}.$$



$$A_{Ig0} = \frac{I_{iz}}{I_g} = \frac{I_{iz}}{U_{b'e}} \frac{U_{b'e}}{I_b} \frac{I_b}{I_g} = -g_m \frac{R_C}{R_C + R_T} \frac{r_{b'e} (R_g \parallel R_B)}{(R_g \parallel R_B) + r_{bb'} + r_{b'e}} = -59,8,$$

$$K = \frac{U_{iz}}{U_{b'e}} = -g_m R_T = -30,7,$$

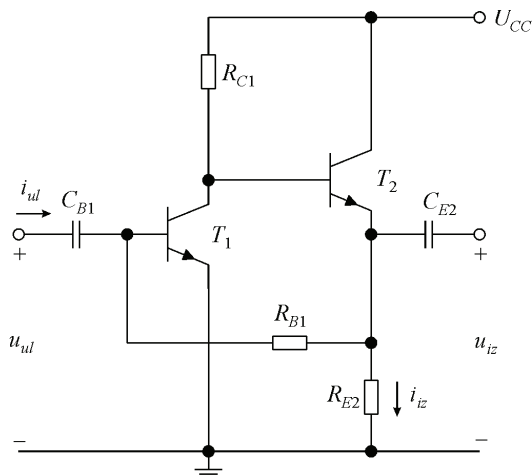
$$C_{ul} = C_{b'e} + C_{b'c} (1 - K) = 88,4 \text{ pF}, \quad C_{iz} = C_{b'c} \frac{K - 1}{K} = 2,06 \text{ pF},$$

$$\tau_{ul} = \left[(R_g \parallel R_B + r_{bb'}) \parallel r_{b'e} \right] C_{ul} = 173 \text{ ns}, \quad \tau_{iz} = (R_C \parallel R_T) C_{iz} = 1,65 \text{ ns},$$

$$\omega_{ul} = \frac{1}{\tau_{ul}} = 5,78 \cdot 10^6 \text{ rad/s}, \quad \omega_{iz} = \frac{1}{\tau_{iz}} = 606 \cdot 10^6 \text{ rad/s},$$

$$\omega_g = \omega_{ul} = 5,78 \cdot 10^6 \text{ rad/s}, \quad f_g = \frac{\omega_g}{2\pi} = 0,92 \text{ MHz}.$$

2. zadatak



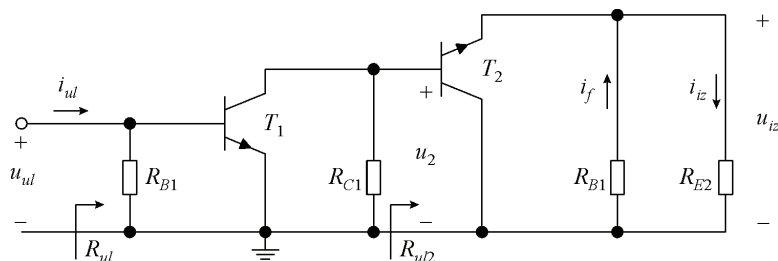
$$U_{CC} \approx \beta I_{BQ1} R_{C1} + U_{BEQ2} + I_{BQ1} R_{B1} + U_{BEQ1} \rightarrow I_{BQ1} \approx \frac{U_{CC} - 2U_{BEQ}}{\beta R_{C1} + R_{B1}} = 21,2 \text{ } \mu\text{A},$$

$$\left[(1 + \beta) I_{BQ2} - I_{BQ1} \right] R_{E2} = I_{BQ1} R_{B1} + U_{BEQ1} \rightarrow I_{BQ2} = \frac{U_{BEQ} + I_{BQ1} (R_{B1} + R_{E2})}{(1 + \beta) R_{E2}} = 14,2 \text{ } \mu\text{A},$$

$$I_{CQ1} = \beta I_{BQ1} = 2,12 \text{ mA}, \quad I_{CQ2} = \beta I_{BQ2} = 1,42 \text{ mA},$$

$$r_{be1} = \frac{U_T}{I_{BQ1}} = 1,18 \text{ k}\Omega, \quad r_{be2} = \frac{U_T}{I_{BQ2}} = 1,76 \text{ k}\Omega.$$

Povratna veza – naponska-paralelna



$$A_{V2} = \frac{u_{iz}}{u_{ul}} = \frac{(1 + h_{fe})(R_{B1} \parallel R_{E2})}{r_{be2} + (1 + h_{fe})(R_{B1} \parallel R_{E2})} = 0,991,$$

$$R_{ul2} = r_{be2} + (1 + h_{fe})(R_{B1} \parallel R_{E2}) = 200 \text{ k}\Omega,$$

$$A_{V1} = \frac{u_2}{u_{ul}} = -h_{fe} \frac{R_{C1} \parallel R_{ul2}}{r_{be1}} = -332, \quad R_{ul} = R_{B1} \parallel r_{be1} = 1,17 \text{ k}\Omega,$$

$$R_M = A_{V2} A_{V1} R_{ul} = -385 \text{ V/mA}, \quad \beta = \frac{i_f}{u_{iz}} = -\frac{1}{R_{B1}} = -\frac{1}{100} \text{ mA/V},$$

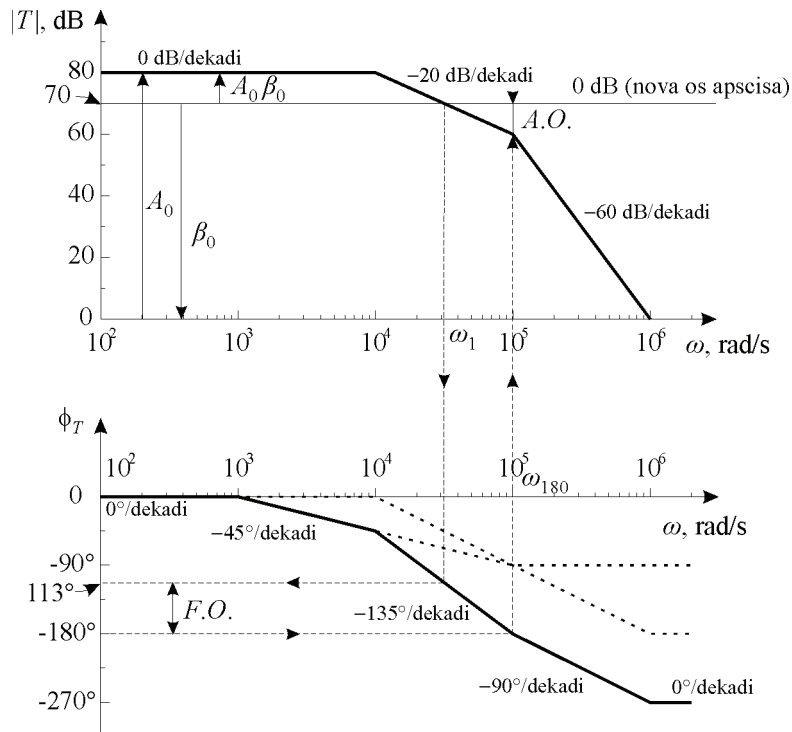
$$R_{Mf} = \frac{R_M}{1 + \beta R_M} = -79,4 \text{ V/mA}, \quad R_{ulf} = \frac{R_{ul}}{1 + \beta R_M} = 243 \Omega,$$

$$A_{Vf} = \frac{u_{iz}}{u_{ul}} = \frac{u_{iz}}{i_{ul} R_{ulf}} = \frac{R_{Mf}}{R_{ulf}} = -327, \quad A_{If} = \frac{i_{iz}}{i_{ul}} = \frac{u_{iz}/R_{E2}}{i_{ul}} = \frac{R_{Mf}}{R_{E2}} = -39,7.$$

3. zadatak

$$A(j\omega) = \frac{-10^{18}}{(10^4 + j\omega)(10^5 + j\omega)^2}.$$

$$\text{Uz } \beta = -1 \rightarrow T(j\omega) = \beta A(j\omega) = \frac{10^4}{(1 + j\omega/10^4)(1 + j\omega/10^5)^2}.$$



$$\phi_T(j\omega_{180}) = -180^\circ \rightarrow |T(j\omega_{180})| = A.O. = -10 \text{ dB},$$

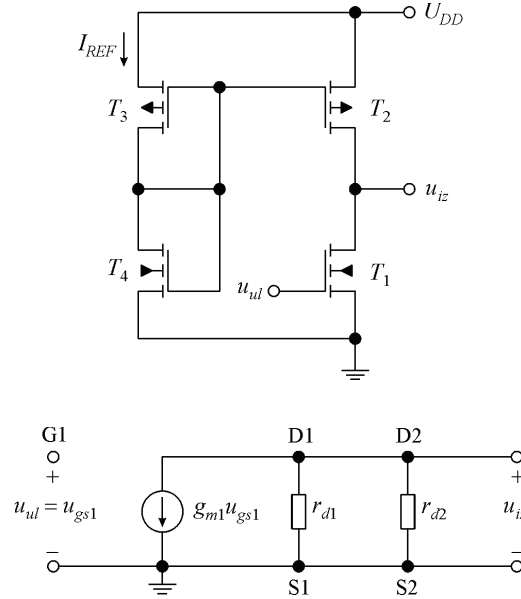
$$20 \log |\beta| = 20 \log |\beta A_0| - 20 \log |A_0| = 10 - 80 = -70 \text{ dB} ,$$

$$\beta = -3,16 \cdot 10^{-4} ,$$

$$|T(j\omega_1)| = |\beta(j\omega_1) A(j\omega_1)| = 1 = 0 \text{ dB} \rightarrow \phi_T(j\omega_1) = -112,5^\circ ,$$

$$F.O. = \phi_T(j\omega_1) + 180^\circ = 67,5^\circ$$

4. zadatak



$$I_{DQ1} = -I_{DQ2} = -I_{DQ3} = I_{REF} , \quad g_{m1} = \sqrt{2K'_n(W_1/L_1)I_{DQ1}} = \sqrt{2K'_n(W_1/L_1)I_{REF}} ,$$

$$r_{d1} = \frac{1}{\lambda_n I_{DQ1}} = \frac{1}{\lambda_n I_{REF}} , \quad r_{d2} = \frac{1}{\lambda_p I_{DQ2}} = \frac{1}{-\lambda_p I_{REF}} ,$$

$$A_V = \frac{u_{iz}}{u_{ul}} = \frac{u_{iz}}{u_{gs1}} = -g_{m1}(r_{d1} \parallel r_{d2}) = -\frac{g_{m1}}{1/r_{d1} + 1/r_{d2}} = -\frac{\sqrt{2K'_n(W_1/L_1)}}{\lambda_1 - \lambda_2} \frac{1}{\sqrt{I_{REF}}} .$$

$$I_{REF} = \frac{2K'_n(W_1/L_1)}{A_V^2(\lambda_n - \lambda_p)^2} = 34,1 \mu\text{A} ,$$

$$U_{GSQ3} = -\sqrt{\frac{-2I_{REF}}{K'_p(W_3/L_3)}} + U_{GS0p} = -0,97 \text{ V} , \quad U_{GSQ4} = U_{DD} + U_{GSQ3} = 2,53 \text{ V} ,$$

$$\frac{W_4}{L_4} = \frac{2I_{DQ4}}{K'_n(U_{GS4} - U_{GS0n})^2} = 0,085 .$$