

Formule iz Osnova Elektrotehnike (I dio) koje se mogu koristiti na međuispitima

$\epsilon_0 = 8.854 \cdot 10^{-12} \frac{As}{Vm}$ $\epsilon_r = \frac{\epsilon}{\epsilon_0}$ $F = \frac{Q_1 Q_2}{4\pi\epsilon d^2} \quad \vec{E} = \frac{\vec{F}}{Q}$ $E_1 = \frac{\sigma}{2\epsilon} \quad E = \frac{Q}{4\pi\epsilon r^2}$ $\varphi_A = \frac{W_p}{Q}$ $\varphi(x) = -E \cdot x + \varphi_0$ $U_{AB} = \varphi_A - \varphi_B$ $A_{12} = W_1 - W_2 = QU_{12}$ $C = \frac{Q}{U} \quad C = \epsilon \frac{S}{d} \quad U = E \cdot d$ $W_C = \frac{QU}{2} = \frac{Q^2}{2C} = \frac{CU^2}{2}$ <hr/> $I = \frac{Q}{t}$ $J = NQv \quad J = \kappa E = \frac{I}{S}$ $R = \frac{U}{I} = \frac{1}{G} \quad R = \rho \frac{l}{S} \quad G = \kappa \frac{S}{l}$ $R_\vartheta = R_{20}[1 + \alpha(\vartheta - 20)]$ $W = I^2 R t$ $P = UI = I^2 R = \frac{U^2}{R}$ <hr/> $R_{uk} = R_1 + R_2 + \dots + R_n \quad (\text{ser.})$ $\frac{1}{R_{uk}} = \frac{1}{R_1} + \frac{1}{R_2} + \dots + \frac{1}{R_n} \quad (\text{par.})$	$\frac{1}{C_{uk}} = \frac{1}{C_1} + \frac{1}{C_2} + \dots + \frac{1}{C_n} \quad (\text{ser.})$ $C_{uk} = C_1 + C_2 + \dots + C_n \quad (\text{par.})$ $\sum I_{ul} = \sum I_{iz} \quad \sum_{j=1}^n I_j = 0 \quad (\text{čvor})$ $\sum_{j=1}^n U_j = 0 \quad \sum_{j=1}^{n_{iz}} U_{iz} = \sum_{k=1}^{n_R} R_k \cdot I_k \quad (\text{petlja})$ <hr/> $U_{p.h.} = I_{k.s.} R_i$ $\eta_{strujni} = \frac{R_i}{R_t + R_i} \quad \eta_{naponski} = \frac{R_t}{R_t + R_i}$ <hr/> $R_1 \cdot R_3 = R_2 \cdot R_4$ <p>(mosni spoj)</p> <hr/> <p>transformacija: trokut \longrightarrow zvijezda</p> $R_1 = \frac{R_{12}R_{31}}{(R_{12} + R_{23} + R_{31})}$ $R_2 = \frac{R_{23}R_{12}}{(R_{12} + R_{23} + R_{31})}$ $R_3 = \frac{R_{31}R_{23}}{(R_{12} + R_{23} + R_{31})}$ <hr/> <p>transformacija: zvijezda \longrightarrow trokut</p> $R_{12} = R_1 + R_2 + \frac{R_1 R_2}{R_3}$ $R_{23} = R_2 + R_3 + \frac{R_2 R_3}{R_1}$ $R_{31} = R_3 + R_1 + \frac{R_3 R_1}{R_2}$ <hr/>	$\mu_0 = 4\pi \cdot 10^{-7} \frac{Vs}{Am}$ $\vec{F} = Q(\vec{v} \times \vec{B}) \quad \vec{F} = QvB \sin(\alpha)$ $\vec{F} = I(\vec{l} \times \vec{B}) \quad \vec{F} = IlB \sin(\alpha)$ $B = \mu_0 \frac{I}{2\pi r} \quad \Phi = \vec{B} \vec{S} = BS \cos(\alpha)$ $ \vec{F}_1 = \mu_0 \frac{I_2 \cdot I_1 \cdot l}{2\pi d}$ $u_i = Blv \quad e_{ind} = -N \frac{d\Phi}{dt} = -L \frac{di}{dt}$ $L = N \frac{\Phi}{I} \quad M_{12} = N_2 \frac{\Phi_{12}}{I_1} \quad k = \frac{\Phi_{12}}{\Phi_1}$ $M = k\sqrt{L_1 L_2} \quad e_{M_{ind}} = -M \frac{di}{dt}$ $u_L(t) = L \frac{di(t)}{dt} \quad u_M(t) = M \frac{di(t)}{dt}$ $W_L = \frac{LI^2}{2}$ <hr/> $I_{ef} = \frac{I_m}{\sqrt{2}} \quad U_{ef} = \frac{U_m}{\sqrt{2}}$ $f = \frac{1}{T} \quad \omega = 2\pi f$ $\underline{a} = b + jc = Ae^{j\alpha} = A \angle \alpha$ $b = \Re\{\underline{a}\} = A \cos \alpha$ $c = \Im\{\underline{a}\} = A \sin \alpha$ $A = \sqrt{b^2 + c^2}$ $u(t) = U_m \sin(\omega t + \alpha)$ $\underline{u} = U_m e^{j(\omega t + \alpha)}$ $\underline{U_m} = U_m e^{j\alpha} \quad \underline{U} = U e^{j\alpha} = \dot{U}$ $u(t) = \Im\{\underline{u}\}$ <hr/>	$X_L = \omega L \quad B_L = \frac{1}{\omega L}$ $X_C = \frac{1}{\omega C} \quad B_C = \omega C$ $\underline{Z} = R \pm jX \quad \varphi = \arctan\left(\frac{X}{R}\right)$ $\underline{Y} = G \mp jB \quad \psi = \arctan\left(\frac{B}{G}\right)$ $\varphi = -\psi$ <hr/> <p>Frekvencijske karakteristike:</p> $\Im\{\underline{Z}\} = 0 \quad \Im\{\underline{Y}\} = 0$ $\omega_0 = \frac{1}{\sqrt{LC}}$ <hr/> <p>serija RLC:</p> $Z(\omega) = \sqrt{R^2 + (\omega L - \frac{1}{\omega C})^2}$ $\varphi(\omega) = \arctan \frac{\omega L - \frac{1}{\omega C}}{R}$ <hr/> <p>paralela RLC:</p> $Y(\omega) = \sqrt{(\frac{1}{R})^2 + (\omega C - \frac{1}{\omega L})^2}$ $\psi(\omega) = \arctan \frac{\omega C - \frac{1}{\omega L}}{\frac{1}{R}}$ <hr/> <p>paralela RL i RC:</p> $\omega_0 = \frac{1}{\sqrt{LC}} \sqrt{\frac{R_L^2 - \frac{L}{C}}{R_C^2 - \frac{L}{C}}}$ <hr/> $\rho = \frac{1}{\gamma} = \sqrt{\frac{L}{C}} \quad B = \frac{\rho}{R}$ <hr/>
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