Lab Assignment :3 Name:Amaan Jamadar Mis:112103008

1] Reverse elements of array without using additional array. Code:

Output:

```
amaan@ubunx:~/Documents/DSA_Assign$ vim q1.c
amaan@ubunx:~/Documents/DSA_Assign$ gcc q1.c
amaan@ubunx:~/Documents/DSA_Assign$ ./a.out
Enter the number of elements:5
Enter the elements:
Enter 1 element: 20
Enter 2 element: 50
Enter 3 element: 80
Enter 4 element: 70
Enter 5 element: 10
10 70 80 50 20 amaan@ubunx:~/Documents/DSA_Assign$
```

2. C program to find nearest lesser and greater element in an array.

Code:

```
#include<stdio.h>
#define size 10
    int main(){
         int n;
printf("Enter the number of elements:");
scanf("%d",&n);
int array[size];
<u></u>
?
         //Taking the elements form user
printf("Enter the elements:\n");
for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
{</pre>
                printf("Enter %d element: ", i+1);
scanf("%d", &array[i]);
SSD
٥
          int target ;
printf("Enter the target elements:");
scanf("%d", &target);
          int lesser_target = -9999999 , greater_target = 9999999;
          for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)</pre>
                if (array[i] > target )
{
                       if (array[i] < greater_target)</pre>
                             greater_target = array[i];
                                                                                                                                                                              Тор
                                                                                                                                                        1,9
```

```
for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
              if (array[i] > target )
                   if (array[i] < greater_target)
{</pre>
0
greater_target = array[i];
Â
?
              }
else if (array[i] == target)
SSD
                   greater_target = target;
lesser_target = target;
SSD
                   break;
SSD
٥
                   if (array[i] > lesser_target)
{
                        lesser_target = array[i];
        printf("Lesser Number:%d \n", lesser_target);
printf("Greater Number: %d \n", greater_target);
                                                                                                                            57,1
                                                                                                                                              Bot
```

## Output:

```
amaan@ubunx:~/Documents/DSA_Assign$ gcc q2.c
amaan@ubunx:~/Documents/DSA_Assign$ ./a.out
Enter the number of elements:5
Enter the elements:
Enter 1 element: 10
Enter 2 element: 12
Enter 3 element: 9
Enter 4 element: 5
Enter 5 element: 7
Enter the target elements:11
Lesser Number:10
Greater Number: 12
amaan@ubunx:~/Documents/DSA_Assign$ S
```

3. Display elements of array in triangle pattern. Use formatting to get a uniform display.

## Code:

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<stdio.h

#include<std
```

## Output:

```
amaan@ubunx:~/Documents/DSA_Assign$ vim q3.c
amaan@ubunx:~/Documents/DSA_Assign$ gcc q3.c
amaan@ubunx:~/Documents/DSA_Assign$ ./a.out
Enter the number of elements:5
Enter the elements:
Enter 1 element:
20
Enter 2 element: 30
Enter 3 element: 40
<u>Enter 4 element: 100</u>
Enter 5 element: 500
20 30 40 100 500
20 30 40 100
20 30 40
20 30
20
amaan@ubunx:~/Documents/DSA_Assign$
```

4. Write a program that calculates the sum of even elements of an integer array of size 20

## Code:

```
#Include<stdio.h>
#Include<std
```

Output:

```
amaan@ubunx:~/Documents/DSA_Assign$ gcc q4.c
amaan@ubunx:~/Documents/DSA_Assign$ ./a.out
Enter the number of elements:5
Enter the elements:
Enter 1 element: 6
Enter 2 element: 3
Enter 3 element: 5
Enter 4 element: 4
Enter 5 element: 2
The sum of even elements is 13.amaan@ubunx:~/Documents/DSA
```