## CSC 370 Assignment 5 Amaan Makhani

Below the output of the table schemas, the creation of the stored procedure, and the implementation of the trigger is shown. Furthermore, the whole .sql file used to run the commands is shown below the trigger creation. All text in red is the output of the postgresql command.

```
db107=> \d parts
db107=> \d partshistory
CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION track_parts_history() RETURNS TRIGGER AS $keep_part_history$
    BEGIN
        IF (TG_OP = 'DELETE') THEN
            INSERT INTO partshistory SELECT OLD.*, 'D', now(), user;
        ELSIF (TG_OP = 'UPDATE') THEN
            INSERT INTO partshistory SELECT OLD.*, 'U', now(), user;
        ELSIF (TG_OP = 'INSERT') THEN
            INSERT INTO partshistory SELECT NEW.*, 'I', now(), user;
        END IF;
        RETURN NULL;
$keep_part_history$ LANGUAGE plpgsql;
CREATE TRIGGER keep_part_history
AFTER INSERT OR UPDATE OR DELETE ON parts
    FOR EACH ROW EXECUTE PROCEDURE track_parts_history();
```

```
amaanmakhani@linux6c:~$ psql -h studentdb.csc.uvic.ca -d db107 -U amaanmakhani
Password for user amaanmakhani:
psql (10.14 (Ubuntu 10.14-0ubuntu0.18.04.1))
SSL connection (protocol: TLSv1.3, cipher: TLS_AES_256_GCM_SHA384, bits: 256, compression: off)
Type "help" for help.
db107=> \i A5.sal
db107=> CREATE TABLE parts(
   pid
   pname
              varchar(40)
               varchar(20)
                               NOT NULL
                                           CHECK (color ~ '^[a-zA-Z]+[-][0-9]+'),
   color
   PRIMARY KEY(pid),
   check ((LENGTH(pname) % 2) = (LENGTH(color) % 2))
);
--Check if pid can be null
db107=> INSERT INTO parts(pname, color) VALUES ('test', 'abc-123');
--Check if pname can be null
db107=> INSERT INTO parts(pid, color) VALUES (2, 'abc-123');
--Check if color can be null
db107=> INSERT INTO parts(pid, pname) VALUES (2, 'test');
--Check incorrect color format
db107=>INSERT INTO parts(pid, pname, color) VALUES (2, 'test', '123-ab');
--Check incorrect color format
db107=>INSERT INTO parts(pid, pname, color) VALUES (2, 'test', 'ab');
```

```
--Check incorrect color format
db107=> INSERT INTO parts(pid, pname, color) VALUES (2, 'test', '1');
--Check incorrect color format
db107=>INSERT INTO parts(pid, pname, color) VALUES (2, 'test', '');
--Check incorrect color format
db107=> INSERT INTO parts(pid, pname, color) VALUES (2, 'test', 'a2bc-123');
--Check if pname and color can be of different odd and even classes
db107=>INSERT INTO parts(pid, pname, color)    VALUES (2, 'test', 'abc-123');
--Insert even pname and color length
db107=> INSERT INTO parts(pid, pname, color) VALUES (1, 'Nail', 'N-11');
-- Insert odd pname and color length
db107=> INSERT INTO parts(pid, pname, color) VALUES (2, 'Hammer', 'H-11');
-- Insert correct rows
db107=>INSERT INTO parts(pid, pname, color) VALUES (3, 'Screw', 'S-1');
db107=>INSERT INTO parts(pid, pname, color) VALUES (4, 'Drill', 'D-1');
db107=> INSERT INTO parts(pid, pname, color) VALUES (5, 'Knife', 'K-1');
db107=> INSERT INTO parts(pid, pname, color) VALUES (6, 'Bracket', 'B-1');
```

```
db107=> INSERT INTO parts(pid, pname, color) VALUES (7, 'Glue', 'G-11');
db107=> SELECT * FROM parts;
db107=> CREATE TABLE partshistory(
   pid
                                    NOT NULL,
                    varchar(40)
                                    NOT NULL,
   pname
   color
                    varchar(20)
                                    NOT NULL
                                                    CHECK (color \sim '^[a-zA-Z]+[-][0-9]+'),
                    CHAR(1)
   operation
                                    NOT NULL,
                    TIMESTAMP
   opwhen
                                    NOT NULL,
   opuser
                    CHAR(20)
                                    NOT NULL,
   PRIMARY KEY(pid),
   check ((LENGTH(pname) % 2) = (LENGTH(color) % 2))
);
db107=> CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION track_parts_history() RETURNS TRIGGER AS $keep_part_history$
   BEGIN
       IF (TG_OP = 'DELETE') THEN
            INSERT INTO partshistory SELECT OLD.*, 'D', now(), user;
       ELSIF (TG_OP = 'UPDATE') THEN
            INSERT INTO partshistory SELECT OLD.*, 'U', now(), user;
        ELSIF (TG_OP = 'INSERT') THEN
            INSERT INTO partshistory SELECT NEW.*, 'I', now(), user;
        END IF;
        RETURN NULL;
$keep_part_history$ LANGUAGE plpgsql;
db107=> CREATE TRIGGER keep_part_history
AFTER INSERT OR UPDATE OR DELETE ON parts
```

```
FOR EACH ROW EXECUTE PROCEDURE track_parts_history();
db107=> SELECT * FROM partshistory;
db107=> DELETE FROM parts WHERE pid = 1;
db107=> SELECT * FROM parts;
db107=> SELECT * FROM partshistory;
db107=> UPDATE parts SET pid = pid * 2 WHERE pid = 7;
db107=> SELECT * FROM parts;
db107=> SELECT * FROM partshistory;
```

```
db107=> INSERT INTO parts(pid, pname, color) VALUES (8, 'Nail', 'N-11');
db107=> SELECT * FROM parts;
db107=> SELECT * FROM partshistory;
```