

## # Goal

The goal of this task is to write a function `grade()` that grades a student's answer and finds certain common mistakes. In particular, the program should figure out (1) if there is a typo in the student's answer, (2) if a word is missing or (3) if a word is wrong. If the program finds a common mistake it should highlight it.

## # Specification

Here is the specification in Python (you do not have to use python). Make sure to make the function available from the command line.

```
def grade(correct_answer, student_answer):
```

```
    """
```

- `correct_answer`: a unicode string, the correct answer
- `student_answer`: a unicode string, what the student typed

returns a tuple (`correct`, `blame`, `highlights`)

- `correct`: a boolean, True if and only if the `student_answer` should be considered a correct answer
- `blame`: one out of `{None, "typo", "missing", "wrong_word"}` depending on the cause of the mistake, if it can be detected
- `highlights`: a list of tuples, where each tuple is of type `((c1, c2), ((s1, s2)))` and `c1/s1` is the index of the first character of a blamed word in the correct/student's answer and `c2/s2` is the index of the last character of that same blamed word

Examples:

```
>>> grade("house", "house")
(True, None, [])
```

```
>>> grade("house", "house.")
(True, None, [])
```

```
>>> grade("A house", "a house.")
(True, None, [])
```

```
>>> grade("house", "hhouse")
(True, "typo", [(0,5), (0,6)])
```

```
>>> grade("This is my house.", "This is mi hhouse")
(True, "typo", [((8,10), (8,10)), ((11, 16),(11,17))])
```

```
>>> grade("This is my house.", "This my house!")
(False, "missing", [((5,7), (5,5))])
```

```
>>> grade("This is my house.", "This is your house!")
(False, "wrong_word", [((8,10), (8,12))])
```

""

## ## Punctuation

Punctuation (,?,!, etc.) should be ignored when grading.

## ## Typo detection

The student's answer can be at most edit distance 1 off from the correct answer for each word as long as the student's word is not a valid word in English. Swaps ("ae"/"ea") should count as edit distance 1.

For example:

```
# edit distance 1 for each word
>>> grade("The man eats the cheese.", "Thhe maan eatss thhe chheese")
(True, "typo", [...])
```

```
# "thhhe" is edit distance 2 from "the"
>>> grade("The man eats the cheese.", "Thhe maan eatss thhhe chheese")
(False, "wrong_word", [...])
```

```
# "housed" is edit distance 1 but is a valid English word
>>> grade("house", "housed")
(False, "wrong_word", [...])
```

## ## Missing word detection

If exactly one word is missing in the student's answer, grade() needs to highlight it.

```
# "is" is missing
>>> grade("This is my house.", "This my house!")
(False, "missing", [((5,7), (5,5))])
```

```
# 2 words missing
>>> grade("This is my house.", "This house!")
(False, None, [])
```

## ## Wrong word detection

If exactly one word is wrong in the student's answer that word should be highlighted.

```
>>> grade("This is my house.", "This is your house!")
(False, "wrong_word", (((8,10), (8,12))))
```

```
# 2 words wrong
>>> grade("That is my house.", "This is your house!")
(False, None, [])
```

## ## Unicode Support

Make sure your function understands unicode characters.

```
>>> grade(u"über is not an English word", u"über is an English word")
(False, "missing", (((8,11), (8,8))))
```

## # Hand-In

The source code (and installation instructions if necessary).

## # Evaluation

Your code is going to be evaluated by the following criteria:

1. Correctness:  
Does grade() work correctly for common inputs?
2. Completeness:  
Does grade() work for corner cases?
3. Cleanliness:  
Is the code well organized and is it easily readable?
4. Performance:  
Is the code fast?