CANTEEN MANAGEMENT SYSTEM

A MINI PROJECT REPORT

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ABSTRACT

The Canteen Food Order System is an innovative solution designed to streamline and modernize the food ordering process within a canteen environment. This Python-based GUI application leverages PySimpleGUI for a user-friendly interface and MongoDB for a robust backend, providing an efficient and reliable platform for managing canteen operations. The system is composed of three primary modules: client, scanner, and admin.

The client module allows customers to conveniently place orders through a straightforward application interface, generating a unique QR code for each order. This QR code is then scanned by the scanner module, which is positioned within the canteen, to validate the order and ensure its authenticity before generating the final receipt. The admin module offers comprehensive management capabilities, empowering the canteen manager to efficiently handle recipes, update prices and quantities, and oversee orders with ease.

Key features of the system include token-based authentication to prevent fraudulent QR codes, tagging of special items for promotional offers, and options for take-away orders, all designed to enhance customer convenience and satisfaction. Additional functionalities such as user feedback mechanisms and payment integrations further enrich the user experience. The system is engineered to handle high order volumes effectively, ensuring optimal performance during peak times.

Security is a paramount concern, with robust measures in place to safeguard user data and transaction details. The system's scalability allows it to support multiple canteens and larger operations seamlessly. Furthermore, the intuitive user interface is designed with user-friendliness in mind, incorporating accessibility features to cater to a diverse user base.

Deployment of the Canteen Food Order System is straightforward, with support for integration with existing systems and services, making it a versatile addition to any canteen's technological infrastructure. This comprehensive solution not only enhances customer convenience but also optimizes overall canteen management, ensuring a smooth, secure, and efficient food ordering experience.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

1. INTRODUCTION

- 1.1 INTRODUCTION
- 1.2 OBJECTIVES
- 1.3 MODULES

2. SURVEY OF TECHNOLOGIES

- 2.1 SOFTWARE DESCRIPTION
- 2.2 LANGUAGES
 - 2.2.1 MONGODB
 - **2.2.2 PYTHON**

3. REQUIREMENTS AND ANALYSIS

- 3.1 REQUIREMENT SPECIFICATION
- 3.2 HARDWARE AND SOFTWARE REQUIREMENTS
- 3.3 ARCHITECTURE DIAGRAM
- 3.4 ER DIAGRAM
- 4. PROGRAM CODE
- 5. RESULTS AND DISCUSSION
- **6.CONCLUSION**
- 7. REFERENCES

1.1 INTRODUCTION

The Canteen Management System is an innovative solution designed to enhance and streamline the food ordering process within canteens. Utilizing a Python-based GUI developed with PySimpleGUI for the interface and MongoDB for the backend, this system ensures efficient and reliable canteen operations.

It includes three main components: a client application, a scanner component, and an admin portal. The client application allows customers to place orders and generate QR codes effortlessly. The scanner component validates these QR codes and generates receipts, ensuring a smooth transaction process. The admin portal empowers canteen managers to manage recipes, update prices and quantities, and oversee orders effectively.

Key features of the system include token-based authentication to prevent fake QR codes, special item tagging for promotional offers, and take-away options. These features significantly improve customer convenience and optimize canteen management. This system aims to provide a smooth, secure, and modernized food ordering experience, benefiting both customers and canteen administrators.

1.2 OBJECTIVES

The objective of the Canteen Management System is to revolutionize and enhance the operational efficiency of canteen services through a comprehensive, user-friendly platform. This innovative system aims to simplify the food ordering process for customers, offering a seamless and enjoyable experience from order placement to receipt generation. Utilizing a Python-based GUI developed with PySimpleGUI for the interface, alongside MongoDB for backend support, the system ensures robust performance, secure data handling, and high reliability.

Key objectives include enabling quick and easy order placement via an intuitive client application, which allows customers to generate QR codes for their orders effortlessly. The system ensures order authenticity through a sophisticated QR code validation process, minimizing the risk of fraudulent activities. Additionally, the scanner component efficiently validates these QR codes and generates accurate receipts, streamlining the transaction process within the canteen.

For canteen administrators, the system provides powerful tools to manage recipes, update prices, adjust quantities, and oversee orders with ease. This comprehensive admin portal empowers managers to maintain optimal inventory levels and make informed decisions that enhance the overall efficiency of canteen operations.

The system also seeks to implement several advanced features to further enhance customer satisfaction and operational efficiency. These include token-based authentication to prevent the use of fake QR codes, promotional item tagging for easy identification and marketing of special offers, and take-away order options to cater to the diverse needs of customers. By integrating these features, the system aims to provide a flexible and versatile solution that addresses various customer preferences and operational requirements.

Ultimately, the Canteen Management System aspires to deliver a modernized, secure, and efficient canteen management experience for both customers and administrators. By leveraging cutting-edge technology and thoughtful design, this system aims to set a new standard for canteen services, ensuring a smooth, convenient, and enjoyable experience for all users.

1.3 MODULES

- Admin Management Module.
- Client Management Module.
- Scanner Module.

2.1 SOFTWARE DESCRIPTION

Visual studio Code:

Visual Studio Code combines the simplicity of a source code editor withpowerful developer tooling, like IntelliSense code completion and debugging.

2.2 LANGUAGES

1. Python:

- It is used for scripting the application's logic, managing database operations, and integrating different modules.

2. Streamlit:

- A powerful Python library for creating interactive web applications with simple Python scripts, enabling rapid prototyping and deployment of data-driven applications with ease..

3. MongoDB:

- A scalable NoSQL database solution, offering high performance, flexibility, and seamless integration with modern applications .

REQUIREMENT AND ANALYSIS

3.1 REQUIREMENT SPECIFICATION:

The canteen management system is designed to streamline the operations of a canteen by automating various processes and enhancing user experience. The primary functional requirements of the system include user management, which enables the creation, modification, and deletion of accounts for students, staff, and administrators. Menu management allows canteen staff to efficiently handle daily menus, including adding, updating, and removing items. The order management feature ensures that users can place, modify, and cancel orders seamlessly. The system also supports multiple payment options, including cash, credit/debit cards, and online payments, to facilitate easy and secure transactions. Inventory management is another critical feature, providing real-time tracking of stock levels and notifying staff when items are low. Additionally, the system generates comprehensive reports on sales, inventory, and user activity, aiding in data-driven decision-making. Notifications are integrated to inform users about order confirmations, order readiness, and stock alerts. Nonfunctional requirements emphasize performance, ensuring the system can handle high volumes of concurrent users efficiently. Usability is prioritized with an intuitive and user-friendly interface. Security measures are in place to protect data, including secure payment processing and safeguarding user information. Reliability is ensured with high system availability and minimal downtime, while scalability allows the system to grow and accommodate increasing numbers of users and expanding functionalities.

3.2 HARDWARE AND SOFTWARE REQUIREMENTS:

Hardware Requirements

- Processor: Intel Xeon Processor or equivalent.

- RAM: 16 GB or more

- Storage: At least 500 MB of available disk space

- Display: Minimum resolution of 1024x768

- Input Devices: Keyboard and mouse

Software Requirements:

- Operating System:

• Server: Linux (Ubuntu, CentOS) or Windows Server.

• Client: Windows, macOS, Android, iOS

- Python: Version 3.6 or higher

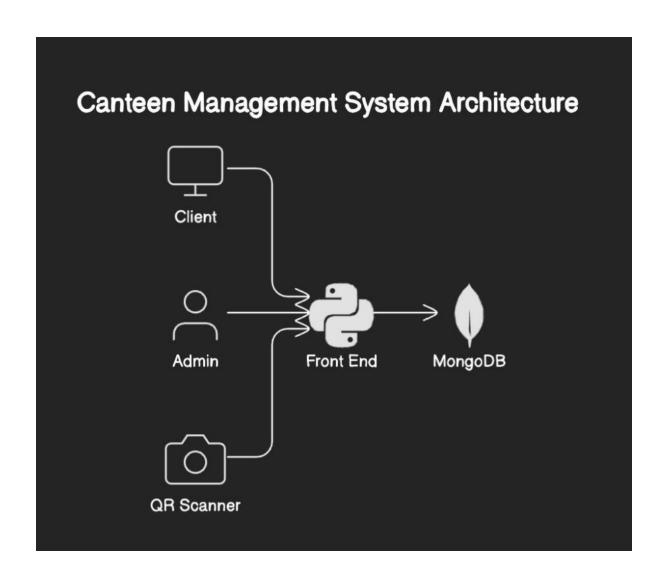
- SQLite: Version 3 or higher

- Python Libraries:

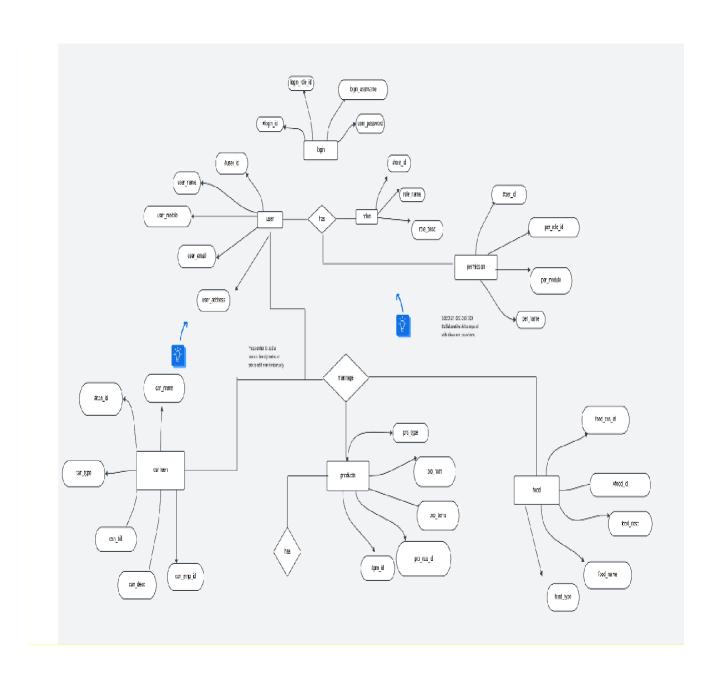
- 'pymongo' connecting to and interacting with MongoDB (use command pip install pymongo)

- 'Streamlit' building the web application interface (use command pip install streamlit)

3.3 ARCHITECTURE DIAGRAM:



3.4 ER DIAGRAM:



PROGRAM CODE

Admin main program:

```
import secrets
import string
from database.func import
add_recipe,list_recipes,update_recipe_stock,update_recipe_price,remove_recipe,is_recipe,get_toke
ns
import PySimpleGUI as sg
sg.theme("DarkTeal10")
font = ("Helvetica", 13)
sg.set_options(font=font)
recipes={}
all = list_recipes()
for x in all:
        recipes[x.get("recipe")]={"stock":x.get("stock"),"price":x.get("price")}
tokens=get_tokens()
plain_receipes=[]
lst=[]
for x in recipes:
        plain_receipes.append(x)
        nme=x.ljust(24," ")
        nme1=recipes.get(x).get("price").strip().ljust(22," ")
        nme2=recipes.get(x).get("stock").strip().ljust(24," ")
        nme3="".ljust(17," ")
        lst.append([sg.Text(nme),sg.Text(nme2,key=f"-{x}_stock-"),sg.InputText("",size=(10),
key=f''\{x\}\_stock''\}, sg. Text(nme3), sg. Text(nme1, key=f''-\{x\}\_price-''), sg. InputText(size=(10), key=f''-\{x\}\_price-''-\{x\}\_price-''-\{x\}\_price-''-\{x\}\_price-''-\{x\}\_price-''-\{x\}\_price-''-\{x\}\_price-''-\{x\}\_price-''-\{x\}\_price-''-\{x\}\_price-''-\{x\}\_price-''-\{x\}\_price-''-\{x\}\_price-''-\{x\}\_price-''-\{x\}\_price-''-\{x\}\_price-''-\{x\}\_price-''-\{x\}\_price-''-\{x\}\_price-''-\{x\}\_price-''-\{x\}\_price-''-\{x\}\_price-''-\{x\}\_price-''-\{x\}\_price-''-\{x\}\_price-''-\{x\}\_price-''-\{x\}\_price-''-\{x\}\_price-''-\{x\}\_price-''-x\}
key=f''\{x\}_price'')])
layout = [
        [sg.Text('CANTEEN ADMIN PANEL', text_color="Cyan",justification="5")],
```

```
[sg.Text("Product\t\tQuantity\t\tNew Quantity\t\tPrice\t\tNew Price")]
1
for x in 1st:
  layout.append(x)
layout.append([sg.Button('UPDATE STOCK')])
layout.append([sg.Text(key='-update-', text_color="Lime")])
layout.append([sg.Text(key='-error-', text_color="Red")])
layout.append([sg.Text('Add/Remove Products', text_color="Cyan")])
layout.append([sg.Text("Product\t\tQuantity\t\tPrice")])
layout.append([sg.InputText(size=(10),key="prod_name"),sg.Text("\t"),sg.InputText(size=(10),key="prod_name")
="prod_quan"),sg.Text("\t"),sg.InputText(size=(10),key="prod_price"),sg.Checkbox('Is it special?',
default=False,key="is_special")])
layout.append([sg.Button('Add Product'),sg.Text(" "),sg.Button('Remove Product')])
layout.append([sg.Text(key='-msggg-', text_color="Lime")])
layout.append([sg.Button('View Orders')])
layout.append([sg.Cancel()])
window = sg.Window('CANTEEN ORDER SYSTEM',
layout,icon=r'C:\Users\chsai\Desktop\folder_locker\enc.ico', size=(1000, 700))
while True:
  event, values = window.read()
  if event is None or event == 'Cancel':
     break
  if event=="View Orders":
     tokens=get_tokens()
     1=0
     for z in tokens:
       1+=1
    my_order=f"Pending Orders Count: {1}\n"
    my_order+="Users Order List is: \n"
     num=1
    tokens=get_tokens()
     for x in tokens:
       my\_order+=f"\n\nOrder Number: {num}\n"
       my\_order+=f"key: {x.get('key')}\n"
```

```
for y in x.get("dict"):
         my\_order+=f''\{y\}
                              {x.get('dict').get(y)}\n''
       num+=1
    sg.popup_scrolled(my_order)
  if event=="Add Product":
    print(values)
    if values['prod_quan'].isdigit() ==False or values['prod_price'].isdigit() ==False:
       window[f"-error-"].update("Quantity and price should be a number")
    else:
       if values['prod_name'].capitalize() in plain_receipes:
         window[f"-error-"].update("Product with same name already exists")
       else:
         add_recipe(values['prod_name'].capitalize(), values['prod_quan'],
values['prod_price'],values['is_special'])
         plain_receipes.append(values['prod_name'].capitalize())
         window[f"-msggg-"].update("Product added successfully")
  if event=="Remove Product":
    if is_recipe(values['prod_name'].capitalize()):
       remove_recipe(values['prod_name'].capitalize())
       plain_receipes.remove(values['prod_name'].capitalize())
       window[f"-msggg-"].update("Product Removed successfully")
    else:
       window[f"-msggg-"].update("No such product exists")
  if event=="UPDATE STOCK":
    print(values)
    for x in plain_receipes:
       if values[f"{x}_stock"]!=" or values[f"{x}_price"]!=":
         if values[f"{x}_stock"]!=":
            if values[f"{x}_stock"].isdigit() ==False:
              window[f"-error-"].update("Quantity and price should be a number")
            else:
              nme2=values.get(f"{x}_stock").ljust(24," ")
               update recipe stock({x:values.get(f"{x} stock")})
```

```
window[f"-{x}_stock-"].update(nme2)
window["-update-"].update("Server updated successfully.")
if values[f"{x}_price"]!=":
    if values[f"{x}_price"].isdigit() ==False:
        window[f"-error-"].update("Quantity and price should be a number")
    else:
        nme1=values.get(f"{x}_price").ljust(22," ")
        update_recipe_price({x:values.get(f"{x}_price")})
        window[f"-{x}_price-"].update(nme1)
        window["-update-"].update("Server updated successfully.")
```

Client main program:

```
import secrets
import string
from database.func import add,list_recipes,key_info,update_recipe_stock
import PySimpleGUI as sg
import grcode
from PIL import Image
from tinydb import TinyDB, Query
db = TinyDB('db.json')
def passgen():
  alphabet = string.ascii_letters + string.digits + string.punctuation
  password = ".join(secrets.choice(alphabet) for i in range(60))
  password = password.replace(""", """)
  return password.replace("","*")
sg.theme("DarkTeal10")
font = ("Helvetica", 13)
sg.set_options(font=font)
recipes={}
all = list_recipes()
for x in all:
```

```
recipes[x.get("recipe")]={"stock":x.get("stock"),"price":x.get("price"),
"is_special":x.get("is_special")}
# print(recipes)
lst=[]
lst_spcl=[]
def_space=15
plain_receipes=[]
for x in recipes:
  plain_receipes.append(x)
  space=len(x)-def_space
  space=abs(space)
  if recipes.get(x).get("is_special")==True:
     nme=x.ljust(24," ")
     nme1=recipes.get(x).get("price").strip().ljust(28," ")
     nme2=recipes.get(x).get("stock").strip().ljust(35," ")
     lol = nme + nme1 + nme2
     lst_spcl.append([sg.Text(lol,text_color="white"),sg.InputText(size=(10), key=x,)])
  else:
     nme=x.ljust(24," ")
     nme1=recipes.get(x).get("price").strip().ljust(28," ")
     nme2=recipes.get(x).get("stock").strip().ljust(35," ")
     lol = nme + nme1 + nme2
     lst.append([sg.Text(lol,text_color="white"),sg.InputText(size=(10), key=x,)])
layout = [
  [sg.Text('FOOD COURT', text_color="cyan", justification="5")],
  [sg.Text('Regular Items',text_color="pink")],
  [sg.Text("Product\t\tPrice\t\tQuantity Avaiable\t\tQuantity Ordering", text_color="yellow")]
]
for x in lst:
  layout.append(x)
layout.append([sg.Text('Special Items', text_color="pink")])
```

```
layout.append([sg.Text("Product\t\tPrice\t\tQuantity Avaiable\t\tQuantity Ordering",
text_color="yellow")])
for x in lst_spcl:
  layout.append(x)
layout.append([sg.Button('BILL IT',button_color="green")])
layout.append([sg.Button('ANALYSE BILL', button_color="green")])
layout.append([sg.Text(key='-bill-', text_color="yellow")])
layout.append([sg.Text('TOTAL: ', text_color="yellow"), sg.Input("", key='-ORDER-')])
layout.append([sg.Checkbox('take away?', default=False,key="is_parcel")])
layout.append([sg.Button('ORDER',button_color="green")])
layout.append([sg.Text(key='-ttt-', text_color="white")])
layout.append([sg.Button('My Orders')])
layout.append([sg.Cancel(button_color="green")])
window = sg.Window('CANTEEN ORDER SYSTEM',
layout,icon=r'C:\Users\chsai\Desktop\folder_locker\enc.ico', size=(1000, 900))
while True:
  event, values = window.read()
  if event is None or event == 'Cancel':
    break
  if event=="My Orders":
    my order="Your Order List is: \n"
    num=1
    for item in db:
       p = key_info(item.get("key"))
       if p:
         if num<1:
            my_order+=f"Order Number: {num}\n"
         else:
            my\_order+=f"\n\nOrder Number: {num}\n"
         num+=1
         for x in p.get("dict"):
            my\_order+=f''\{x\} {p.get('dict').get(x)}\n"
         my_order+=f"Key: {p.get('key')}"
    sg.popup_scrolled(my_order)
```

```
if event=="BILL IT":
                vle=0
                 for x in plain_receipes:
                         if (values[x])!=":
                                  vle+=int(values[x])*int(recipes.get(x).get("price"))
                window['-ORDER-'].update(vle)
        if event=="ANALYSE BILL":
                vle=0
                 for x in plain_receipes:
                         if (values[x])!=":
                                  vle+=int(values[x])
                 if vle==0:
                         window["-bill-"].update("NOTHING TO ANALYSE, CART IS EMPTY.")
                 else:
                         txet = "BILL\ ANALYSIS \setminus nPRODUCT\ NAME \setminus t \setminus tRATE \setminus t \setminus tQUANTITY \setminus t \setminus tPRICE"
                         for x in plain_receipes:
                                  if (values[x])!=":
txet += f' \{x.upper()\} \ t' \{int(recipes.get(x).get("price"))\} \ t' \{int(values[x])\} \
t(recipes.get(x).get("price"))}'
                         window["-bill-"].update(txet)
        if event=="ORDER":
                 overflow=False
                lst={}
                 stock_update={}
                 for x in plain_receipes:
                         if (values[x])!=":
                                  if int(values[x])>int(recipes.get(x).get("stock")):
                                           window["-ttt-"].update(f"{x}'s entered stock is more than avaiable")
                                           overflow=True
                                           break
                                  else:
                                           lst[x]=int(values[x])
```

```
stock_update[x]=int(recipes.get(x).get("stock"))-int(values[x])
       overflow=False
if not overflow:
  key = passgen()
  if len(lst) == 0:
    window["-ttt-"].update("Cart is empty")
  else:
    window["-ttt-"].update("Cart is empty")
    add(lst,key,values['is_parcel'])
    order = {"key":key, "dict":lst, "is_parcel":str(values['is_parcel'])}
    db.insert({"key":key})
    # print(order)
    print(stock_update)
    update_recipe_stock(stock_update)
    qr_img = qrcode.make(str(order))
    qr_img.save("qr-img.jpg")
    im = Image.open(r"qr-img.jpg")
    im.show()
```

Scanner main program:

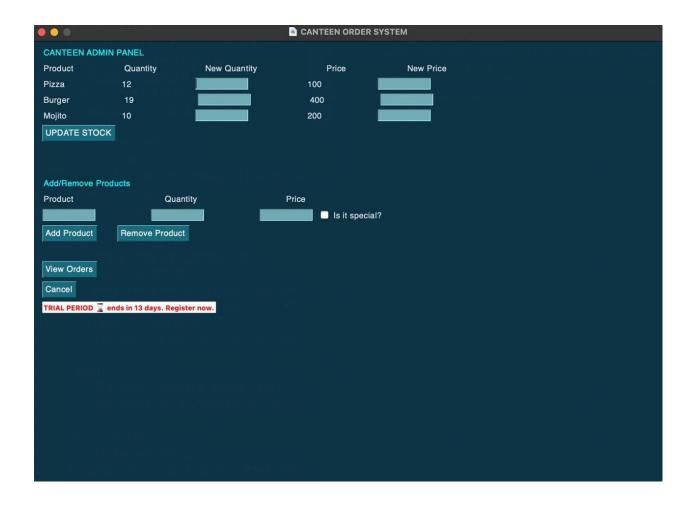
```
import secrets
import string
from database.func import add,checker,update_valid,is_valid
import PySimpleGUI as sg
import cv2
import numpy as np
from pyzbar.pyzbar import decode
import json
def decoder(image):
  gray_img = cv2.cvtColor(image,0)
  barcode = decode(gray_img)
  for obj in barcode:
     points = obj.polygon
     (x,y,w,h) = obj.rect
     pts = np.array(points, np.int32)
     pts = pts.reshape((-1, 1, 2))
     cv2.polylines(image, [pts], True, (0, 255, 0), 3)
     barcodeData = obj.data.decode("utf-8")
     barcodeType = obj.type
     return barcodeData
sg.theme("DarkGreen")
layout = [
  [sg.Text('CANTTEN SCANNER', text_color="Red")],
  [sg.Button('SCAN QR')],
  [sg.Text(key='-TXT-', text_color="Red")],
  [sg.Cancel()],
1
```

```
window = sg.Window('CANTEEN ORDER SYSTEM',
layout,icon=r'C:\Users\chsai\Desktop\folder_locker\enc.ico', size=(500, 500))
while True:
  event, values = window.read()
  if event is None or event == 'Cancel':
    break
  if event == "SCAN QR":
    cap = cv2.VideoCapture(0)
    while True:
       ret, frame = cap.read()
       lol = decoder(frame)
       cv2.imshow('Image', frame)
       code = cv2.waitKey(10)
      if lol:
         cv2.destroyWindow('Image')
         break
    lol=lol.replace("", "")
    print(lol)
    lol = json.loads(lol)
    key=lol.get("key")
    res=lol["dict"]
    is_parcel=lol.get("is_parcel")
    if checker(key) and is_valid(key).get("isvalid")==True:
      for x in res:
         txt+=f''\{x\}\t\{res.get(x)\}\n''
       if is_parcel=="True":
         txt+="\nOrder Type: Take Away"
       else:
         txt+=f"\nOrder Type: Dine-IN"
       print(txt)
       update_valid(key)
    else:
       print("OR is used or invalid")
```

RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

5.1 USER DOCUMENTATION:

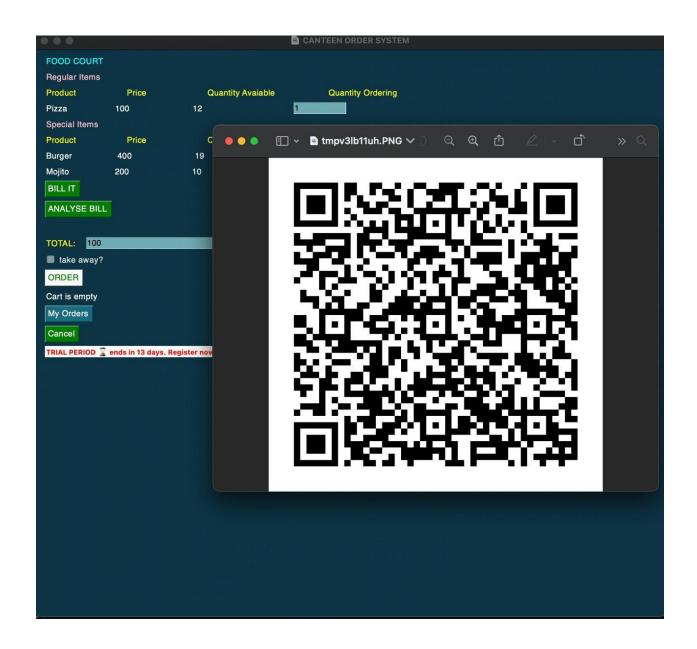
ADMIN MANAGEMENT MODULE:



CLIENT MANAGEMENT MODULE:

• •	= 1115/11	ary sixty × 1)	CANTEEN ORDER SYSTEM		
FOOD COURT					
Regular Items					
Product	Price	Quantity Avaiable	Quantity Ordering		
Pizza	100	12	and a dopy of the typula by		
Special Items					
Product	Price	Quantity Avaiable	Quantity Ordering		
Burger	400	19			
Mojito	200	10	_		
BILL IT					
ANALYSE BILL					
TOTAL:					
■ take away?					
ORDER					
My Orders					
Cancel					
TRIAL PERIOD 🖫 ends in 13 days. Register now.					
TRIAL PERIOD	enus in 13 days. Reg	ister now.			
10					

SCANNER MODULE:



6.1 CONCLUSION:

In conclusion, the Canteen Management System exemplifies the transformative impact of automation and modern technology on traditional canteen operations. This system successfully offers a modernized, secure, and efficient management experience that significantly benefits both customers and administrators. By reducing human errors and automating routine tasks, the system enhances operational efficiency and accuracy. Customers benefit from an easy-to-use client application that generates QR codes for order retrieval, while the scanner component ensures the authenticity of orders and generates final receipts, streamlining the entire transaction process.

Administrators gain powerful tools to manage recipes, update prices, and oversee orders, allowing them to focus on more strategic activities rather than routine tasks. The integration of token-based authentication prevents fraudulent activities, ensuring a secure transaction environment. Promotional item tagging and take-away order options further enhance customer satisfaction by catering to diverse needs and preferences.

Moreover, the system's robust performance, ensured by the use of PySimpleGUI for the interface and MongoDB for backend support, demonstrates the practical application of database management systems (DBMS) in solving real-world challenges. The secure data handling and consistent high performance of the system highlight the effectiveness of these modern technologies in creating a reliable and efficient solution.

This project underscores the value of leveraging advanced software solutions to address practical problems and improve service delivery in canteen settings. By modernizing the food ordering and management processes, the Canteen Management System sets a new standard for canteen services, ensuring a smooth, convenient, and enjoyable experience for all users.

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