#### **Course Title:** Microprocessors and Assembly Language Lab (CSE-4504)

# Department of Computer Science and Engineering (CSE) Islamic University of Technology (IUT), Gazipur

#### Lab # 01

Introduction to Assembly Language Programming using EMU8086 Assembler and Generate the Corresponding Hex (Machine Code) with Required Memory Locations.

#### **Objective:**

Getting familiar with Program Structure of Assembly Language Program and its assembler software EMU8086.

## **Installation of EMU8086 and Run for the First Time:**

**Step 1:** Run the setup.exe file to install the program.

**Step 2:** Launch the EMU8086 emulator. Choose "New" and specify "empty workspace" template.

**Step 3:** Using the assembler editor, get familiar with the example codes.

Step 4: Start emulation by clicking the "emulate" button on the toolbar. A new emulator window will appear.

Step 5: Debug the program codes by pressing the "single step" button on the toolbar of the emulator window.

**Step 6:** Each time after pressing the "single step" button, check and record down the contents of registers like AX (al & ah), BX (bl & bh), CX (cl & ch), DX (dl & dh) etc.

#### **Example for Assembly Language Program:**

MOV AX, 30; Move decimal 30 to AX register

ADD AX, 15; Add decimal 15 to the content of AX and store the result in AX

#### Tasks to do:

- 1. Write three appropriated assembly language code to accomplish the following tasks (use as many as possible arithmetic instructions with less number of registers):
  - (30+15)\*(575-225)+210
  - 0Bh \* (200 225) + 127
  - FFFh \* 10h + 1111b
- 2. Find the Machine Code of the corresponding Assembly Language Program using MASM (i.e., use \*.lst file).

#### • Arithmetic / Logic Instructions:

**Increment** the contents of BX register by 4

ADD BX, 4

Add the contents of AX register with the contents of CX register

ADD AX. CX

**Subtract** 1 from the contents of AL register

SUB AL, 1

**Subtract** the contents of CX register from the contents of DX register

SUB DX, CX

Multiply AL by BL, the result will be in AX

MUL BL

**Divide** the contents of AX register with the value of CL and store the result in AX

DIV CL

**Increase** or Decrease the contents of BX register by 1

INC BX; Increase DEC BX; Decrease

**Compare** (subtract and set flags of flag register but without storing result)

CMP AX, 0054H

**Clear** the contents of AX register

XOR AX. AX

Negation of a register value

**NEG AX** 

#### **Assembly Language Program Skeleton:**

ORG 0100h 📃

.DATA ; Data Segment Starts

A DB 11 B DB 4 SUM DB ? DIFFERENCE DB ?

MULTIPLICATION DB ?

DIVISION DB?

.CODE ; Code Segment Starts

MAIN PROC ; Initialize Data Segment

MOV AX, @DATA MOV DS, AX

. . .

# ; Write Your Code Here

...

MAIN ENDP ; End Procedure END MAIN ; End MAIN RET ; Return to DOS

### Tasks to do:

- 3. Write an appropriate assembly language code to accomplish the following tasks (use as many as possible arithmetic instructions with less number of registers):
  - a. Convert  $260^{\circ}$  C (Celsius) to F (Fahrenheit) using the following expression and store in a variable F:

$$^{\circ}F = ^{\circ}C \times 9/5 + 32 - 1$$

b. Convert 999 °F (Fahrenheit) to °C (Celsius) using the following expression and store in a variable C:

$$^{\circ}$$
C = ( $^{\circ}$ F - 32) x 5/9 + 1

- 4. After getting the result, derive the negative value of F and C.
- 5. Find the Machine Code of the corresponding Assembly Language Program using MASM (i.e., use \*.lst file).