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Reg. No.	
Name :	

Second Semester M.Sc. Degree Examination, September 2022

Physics

PH 222 : THERMODYNAMICS, STATISTICAL PHYSICS AND BASIC QUANTUM MECHANICS

(2020 Admission Onwards)

Time: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 75

SECTION - A

Answer any five questions. Each question carries 3 marks.

- 1. What do you meant by partition function?
- Explain is Nernst's Theorem and explain its importance.
- 3. What do you meant by statistical equilibrium?
- What is Gibbs function and prove that Gibbs function decrease during isothermal isobaric process and is equal to the net work obtained.
- 5. Write the most probable distributions in Maxwell Boltzman statistics, Bose Einstein Statistics and Fermi dirac Statistics.
- 6. Explain quantum mechanical tunneling.
- 7. Write a short note on Dirac notation.
- 8. Briefly explain Schrödinger representation or Schrödinger picture.

 $(5 \times 3 = 15 \text{ Marks})$



SECTION - B

Answer any three questions. Each question carries 15 marks.

 Derive Maxwell's thermodynamic relations and hence derive Clausius Clapeyron equation.

OR

- Derive an expression for the distribution of speeds of particles in a classical gas.
- 11. Explain Fermi dirac statistics and distribution law.

OR

- Discuss Bose Einstein Condensation.
- 13. Solve linear harmonic oscillator problem using Schrödinger method.

OR

14. Discuss particle moving in a spherically symmetrical potential.

 $(3 \times 15 = 45 \text{ Marks})$

SECTION - C

Answer any three of the following questions. Each question carries 5 marks.

- 15. With the help of Maxwell's relations, show that $TdS = C_v dT + T \left(\frac{\partial p}{\partial T} \right)_v dV$ And $TdS = C_p dT T \left(\frac{\partial V}{\partial T} \right)_p dP$
- 16. Derive the co-relation of partition function Z with entropy S for ideal gas obeying classical statistics.
- 17. Prove that for Maxwell Boltzman statistics, the total energy E = (3/2) RT.
- 18. Derive Richardson Dushman equation of thermionic emission.
- 19. Show that the zero point energy of $\frac{1}{2}$ $\hbar \omega$ of a linear harmonic oscillator is a manifestation of the uncertainty principle.
- 20. Show that operator can be expressed in matrix form.

 $(3 \times 5 = 15 \text{ Marks})$