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Sixth Semester B.Sc. Degree Examination, April 2022

First Degree Programme under CBCSS

**Mathematics** 

Core Course XI

# MM 1643 COMPLEX ANALYSIS II

(2014 & 2017 Admission)

Time: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 80

### SECTION - I

Answer all the ten questions are compulsory. Each question carries 1 mark.

- 1. Find the singular points of the function  $\frac{z+1}{z^2(z-i)}$ .
- 2. Find the power series expansion of  $\frac{1}{z-4}$  in a disk of radius 1 centred at z=5.
- 3. Find  $\int_{|z|=2} \frac{3}{z-3} dz$ .
- 4. Find the residue at z = 0 of the function  $\frac{1}{z+z^2}$ .
- 5. Find the essential singularity of  $e^{1/z}$ .
- 6. Find the order of zero of  $f(z) = z^3 8$ .

- 7. If  $z_0$  is a pole of a function f then what is the value of  $\lim_{z \to z_0} f(z)$ ?
- 8. Determine the type of singularity of  $f(z) = \sin z/z$ .
- 9. Define Isolated singular points of a complex function with an example.
- 10. Determine  $\int_{|z|<2} \frac{ze^z}{(z^2+9)^5} dz$ .

 $(10 \times 1 = 10 \text{ Marks})$ 

### SECTION - II

Answer any eight questions from this section. Each question carries 2 marks.

- 11. Find the power series expansion of  $\sin(1/z)$  around z = 1.
- 12. Determine the nature of all singularities of  $f(z) = \cos[1/z]$ .
- 13. Find the residue of the function  $f(z) = \tanh z/z^2$ .
- 14. Evaluate the integral  $\int_{|z|=2}^{\infty} \tan z \, dz$ .
- 15. Show that  $\operatorname{Re}_{z=\pi i} \frac{z-\sinh z}{z^2 \sinh z} = \frac{i}{\pi}$ .
- 16. State Jordan's lemma.
- 17. Show that  $\int_{|z|=1} \exp\left(\frac{1}{z^2}\right) dz = 0.$
- 18. Describe any two different types of singular points with example.
- 19. Show that 2 is a simple pole of  $f(z) = \frac{z^2 2z + 3}{z 2}$ .
- 20. Determine the order m of each pole, the corresponding residue B for  $f(z) = \left(\frac{z}{2z+1}\right)^{x^3}$ .

- 21. Find the Cauchy principal value of the integral  $\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{x \sin x \, dx}{x^2 + 2x + 2}$
- 22. Define reside of a function f(z) at infinity.

 $(8 \times 2 = 16 \text{ Marks})$ 

### SECTION - III

Answer any six questions from this section. Each question carries 4 marks.

- 23. Show that  $z = \pi i/2$  is a simple pole of  $f(z) = \tan z/z^2$ .
- 24. Find
  - (a)  $\int_{|z|=1} \sec z \, dz$
  - (b)  $\int_{|z|=1} \frac{dz}{z^2+4}.$
- 25. Evaluate
  - (a)  $\oint_{|z|=3} \frac{e^z}{z-2} dz$
  - (b)  $\oint_{|z|=3} \frac{dz}{z-3i} dz$
- 26. Using Cauchy Integral formula, evaluate  $\int \frac{e^z \cos z \, dz}{\left|z\right|=1} \left(z \frac{\pi}{4}\right)^3$
- 27. Let two functions p and q be analytic at a point  $z_0$ . If  $p(z_0) \neq 0$ ,  $q(z_0) = 0$ , and  $q'(z_0) \neq 0$ , then show that  $z_0$  is a simple pole of the quotient p(z)/q(z) and  $\operatorname{Re}_{z=z_0} \frac{p(z)}{q(z)} = \frac{p(z_0)}{q(z_0)}.$
- 28. Show that 1+i is an isolated singularity of  $\frac{z}{z^4+4}$ .

- 29. Find the poles and residues of  $f(z) = \frac{e^z}{z^2 + \pi^2}$ .
- 30. Evaluate  $\sum_{1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^2 + 1}$ .
- 31. Using Cauchy Residue theorem, evaluate  $\int_{|z|=2} \frac{\sin z}{z^6} dz$ .

 $(6 \times 4 = 24 \text{ Marks})$ 

#### SECTION - IV

Answer any two questions. Each question carries 15 marks.

- 32. (a) State and prove Cauchy Residue theorem.
  - (b) Using this, evaluate  $\int_{|z|=2} \frac{5z-2}{z(z-1)} dz$ .
- 33 Evaluate  $\int_{0}^{\infty} \frac{x^2}{x^6 + 1} dx$ .
- 34. (a) Find  $\int_{0}^{2\pi} \frac{d\theta}{5 + 4\sin\theta}$ 
  - (b) Find  $\int_{0}^{2\pi} \frac{d\theta}{1 + a\cos\theta}$
- 35. (a) State and prove Cauchy Integral formula.
  - (b) Evaluate  $\int_C \frac{3z^3 + 2}{(z-1)(z^2 + 9)} dz$  taken counter clockwise around the circle |z-2|=2 and |z|=4.

 $(2 \times 15 = 30 \text{ Marks})$