Reg.	No.	:	*****	***	***	 	
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Fifth Semester B.Sc. Degree Examination, December 2021 First Degree Programme Under CBCSS

Chemistry

Core Course VII

CH 1543 : PHYSICAL CHEMISTRY – II (2014 & 2016 Admission)

Time: 3 Hours Max. Marks: 80

SECTION - A

(Answer all guestions. Each question carries 1 mark).

1.	Collection of a large number of essentially independent systems having same energy, volume and number of particles is called
2.	State Hardy-Schulze law.
3.	The property of reversible sol-gel transformation of a colloid is called
4.	The angular momentum of an electron is an integral multiple of
5.	The acceptable wave functions are called
6.	For a linear n-atomic molecule has independent normal modes o vibration.

	SECTION - B	
10.	SEM is mainly used for the study of	(10 × 1 = 10 Marks)
9.	What is TMS?	
8.	The number of signals in NMR spectra gives	
1.	The essential requirement for a molecule to show rota	ational spectrum is

(Answer any eight questions. Each question carries 2 marks)

- 11. Explain residual entropy.
- 12. Why entropy is considered as a measure of disorder of a system.
- 13. What are the dispersed phases and dispersion media in foam and gel?
- 14. Write a note on elastic gels.
- 15. What are the significances of ψ and ψ^2 ?
- 16. Explain Linear operator and Laplacian operator?
- 17. Discuss about rotational constant.
- 18. What are stokes and antistokes lines?
- 19. Explain Franck-Condon Principle.
- 20. A compound shows a proton NMR peak at 120Hz dowfield from the TMS peak in a spectrometer operating at 60MHz. Calculate chemical shift in ppm relative to TMS.
- 21. Dipolemoment of ammonia is 1.47 D whereas dipolemoment of BF₃ is zero. Explain.
- 22. Write a note on ferromagnetism.

 $(8 \times 2 = 16 \text{ Marks})$

SECTION - C

(Answer any six questions. Each question carries 4 marks)

- 23. Derive expressions for enthalpy and Cv in terms of partition function.
- 24. Explain any four methods of preparation of colloids.
- 25. Discuss about the applications of adsorption.
- 26. Derive the Bohr angular momentum of the electron from de Broglie equation.
- 27. What are radial and angular wave functions?
- 28. Using radiation of wavelength 8×10^3 °A, the first stoke's line appears at a spacing of 400 cm⁻¹ from the Rayleigh line. Calculate the frequency of the first antistoke's line in wave number.
- 29. How will you calculate the bond length of a datomic molecule from its pure rotational spectrum?
- 30. Write a note on singlet and fritlet states.
- 31. Write a note on scanning electron microscopy.

 $(6 \times 4 = 24 \text{ Marks})$

SECTION - D

Answer any two questions. Each question carries 15 marks.

- 32. (a) Write a note on BET theory of multilayer adsorption and its adsorption isotherm. (6)
 - (b) Discuss any six applications of colloids. (9)
- 33. Solve the Schrodinger equation for a particle in one dimensional box.

- 34. (a) The force constant of CO is 1840 Nm^{-1} . Calculate the vibrational frequency in cm⁻¹ and the spacing between the vibrational energy levels in eV. Compare this spacing with the thermal energy at 25°C. Atomic masses are $^{12}\text{C} = 19.9 \times 10^{-27} \text{ Kg}$; $^{16}\text{O} = 26.6 \times 10^{$
 - (b) Compare IR spectra and Raman spectra. (7)
- 35. (a) Explain Gouy method of measurement of magnetic susceptibilty. (8)
 - (b) Explain the shielding and deshielding mechanism in NMR. (7) $(2 \times 15 = 30 \text{ Marks})$