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Fourth Semester B.Sc. Degree Examination, July 2024 First Degree Programme under CBCSS Physics

Core Course III

PY 1441 : CLASSICAL AND RELATIVISTIC MECHANICS

(2018 Admission Onwards)

Time: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 80

SECTION - A

Answer all questions in one or two sentences. Each question carries 1 mark.

- 1. What is meant by constrained motion? Give two examples.
- 2. Write down the Hamiltonian function.
- 3. Give an example of a holonomic system.
- 4. Give the equation of motion of a simple pendulum in generalised coordinates.
- 5. Does the centre of mass of a body always lie in the centre of the object?
- 6. How does a charged particle move in a crossed electric and magnetic field?
- 7. What is conserved, if we assume linear uniformity of space?
- 8. Give an expression for conservation of energy in inelastic scattering of particles in a lab system.

- Draw a labeled diagram showing elastic scattering of two particles of masses m and M.
- 10. What does Einstein's mass energy relation imply?

 $(10 \times 1 = 10 \text{ Marks})$

SECTION - B

Answer any eight questions, not to exceed a paragraph. Each question carries 2 marks.

- .11. What are Kepler's laws?
- 12.
- Discuss the results of Michelson-Morley experiment.

 Consider a ship moving 13. Consider a ship moving with a uniform velocity 18 m/s relative to the earth. Let a ball be rolled along the direction of motion of the ship at 2 m/s. What is the speed of the ball relative to the earth?
- 14. What are the postulates of the special theory of relativity?
- 15. What does the term 'rotational invariance' imply?
- 16. What is the significance of virtual work?
- Give the Lagrange's equation. What are the parameters involved?
- 18. What is the core concept of using Thomson parabolas.
- How will the orbiting earth appear, along its diameter, to a stationary observer 19. relative to sun?
- Briefly describe elastic scattering. 20.
- Give an expression for differential cross-section. 21.
- Distinguish laboratory and centre-of-mass systems, while studying scattering. 22.

 $(8 \times 2 = 16 \text{ Marks})$

SECTION - C

Answer any six questions. Each question carries 4 marks.

- 23. A bead slides on a smooth rod, which is rotating about and end in a vertical plane with uniform angular velocity ω . Find the equation of motion via Lagrangian equation.
- 24 Show that an accelerated frame of reference is non-inertial.
- 25. Describe the outcome from Michelson Morley experiment.
- 26. Deduce Newton's law of gravitation from Kepler's laws
- 27. The potential energy of interaction between two particles at x_1 and x_2 on the x axis is given by $U = A(x_2 x_1)^2 + B/(x_2 x_1)^2$. Show that it satisfies linear uniformity of space and the particles obey Newton's third law.
- 28. A car driver claims that the signal light appeared green to him instead of red. Given the wavelengths of red and green lights, 6300 A° and 5400 A°, respectively, calculate the speed of the car.
- 29. Write a note on Lorentz-Fitzgerald contraction.
- 30. Rob goes to pole star (40 light years away from earth) and returns, leaving his twin brother. Tony, on earth. His velocity of travel is 4/5 c. Will Tony be younger or older than Rob? What will be the difference in age between Rob and Tony after the space travel?
- 31. A mass m_1 moving with a velocity u_1 is elastically scattered from another mass m_2 at rest Find the mass of the target in terms of the incident one, if both the masses travel at the same speed in opposite directions.

 $(6 \times 4 = 24 \text{ Marks})$

SECTION - D

Answer any two questions. Each question carries 15 marks.

- Discuss how the law of conservation of energy follows from homogeneity of time and Newton's second law of motion. Mother Theresa College Library (2 x 15 = 30 Marks)
- Obtain Lorentz transformation equations.
- 34. Arrive at Hamilton's canonical equations of motion.
- 35. How will you explain slowing of moving clocks?