## NAME

```
archive_entry_acl_add_entry,
                                                archive_entry_acl_add_entry_w,
archive_entry_acl_clear, archive_entry_acl_count, archive_entry_acl_next,
archive entry acl next w, archive entry acl reset, archive entry acl text w
— functions for manipulating Access Control Lists in archive entry descriptions
```

## **LIBRARY**

Streaming Archive Library (libarchive, -larchive)

#### SYNOPSIS

```
#include <archive_entry.h>
archive_entry_acl_add_entry(struct archive_entry *a, int type, int permset,
    int tag, int qualifier, const char *name);
archive_entry_acl_add_entry_w(struct archive_entry *a, int type,
    int permset,int tag,int qualifier,const wchar_t *name);
archive entry acl clear(struct archive entry *a);
int
archive_entry_acl_count(struct archive_entry *a, int type);
archive_entry_acl_next(struct archive_entry *a, int type, int *ret_type,
    int *ret_permset, int *ret_tag, int *ret_qual, const char **ret_name);
archive_entry_acl_next_w(struct archive_entry *a, int type, int *ret_type,
    int *ret_permset, int *ret_tag, int *ret_qual, const wchar_t **ret_name);
archive_entry_acl_reset(struct archive_entry *a, int type);
const wchar_t *
archive_entry_acl_text_w(struct archive_entry *a, int flags);
```

# DESCRIPTION

An "Access Control List" is a generalisation of the classic Unix permission system. The ACL interface of libarchive is derived from the POSIX.1e draft, but restricted to simplify dealing with practical implementations in various Operating Systems and archive formats.

An ACL consists of a number of independent entries. Each entry specifies the permission set as bitmask of basic permissions. Valid permissions are:

```
ARCHIVE_ENTRY_ACL_EXECUTE
ARCHIVE ENTRY ACL WRITE
ARCHIVE_ENTRY_ACL_READ
```

The permissions correspond to the normal Unix permissions.

The tag specifies the principal to which the permission applies. Valid values are:

```
ARCHIVE_ENTRY_ACL_USER
                                The user specified by the name field.
```

ARCHIVE\_ENTRY\_ACL\_USER\_OBJ The owner of the file.

ARCHIVE\_ENTRY\_ACL\_GROUP The group specied by the name field.

ARCHIVE\_ENTRY\_ACL\_GROUP\_OBJ The group who owns the file.

ARCHIVE\_ENTRY\_ACL\_MASK The maximum permissions to be obtained via group permissions

ARCHIVE\_ENTRY\_ACL\_OTHER Any principal who doesn't have a user or group entry.

The principals ARCHIVE\_ENTRY\_ACL\_USER\_OBJ, ARCHIVE\_ENTRY\_ACL\_GROUP\_OBJ and ARCHIVE\_ENTRY\_ACL\_OTHER are equivalent to user, group and other in the classic Unix permission model and specify non-extended ACL entries.

All files have an access ACL (ARCHIVE\_ENTRY\_ACL\_TYPE\_ACCESS). This specifies the permissions required for access to the file itself. Directories have an additional ACL (ARCHIVE\_ENTRY\_ACL\_TYPE\_DEFAULT), which controls the initial access ACL for newly created directory entries.

archive\_entry\_acl\_add\_entry() and archive\_entry\_acl\_add\_entry\_w() add a single ACL entry. For the access ACL and non-extended principals, the classic Unix permissions are updated.

archive\_entry\_acl\_clear() removes all ACL entries and resets the enumeration pointer.

**archive\_entry\_acl\_count**() counts the ACL entries that have the given type mask. *type* can be the bitwise-or of ARCHIVE\_ENTRY\_ACL\_TYPE\_ACCESS and ARCHIVE\_ENTRY\_ACL\_TYPE\_DEFAULT. If ARCHIVE\_ENTRY\_ACL\_TYPE\_ACCESS is included and at least one extended ACL entry is found, the three non-extened ACLs are added.

archive\_entry\_acl\_next() and archive\_entry\_acl\_next\_w() return the next entry of the ACL list. This functions may only be called after archive\_entry\_acl\_reset() has indicated the presence of extended ACL entries.

archive\_entry\_acl\_reset() prepare reading the list of ACL entries with
archive\_entry\_acl\_next() or archive\_entry\_acl\_next\_w(). The function returns either 0, if
no non-extended ACLs are found. In this case, the access permissions should be obtained by
archive\_entry\_mode(3) or set using chmod(2). Otherwise, the function returns the same value as
archive\_entry\_acl\_count().

archive\_entry\_acl\_text\_w() converts the ACL entries for the given type mask into a wide string. In addition to the normal type flags, ARCHIVE\_ENTRY\_ACL\_STYLE\_EXTRA\_ID and ARCHIVE\_ENTRY\_ACL\_STYLE\_MARK\_DEFAULT can be specified to further customize the result. The returned long string is valid until the next call to archive\_entry\_acl\_clear(), archive\_entry\_acl\_add\_entry(), archive\_entry\_acl\_add\_entry\_w() or archive\_entry\_acl\_text\_w().

## RETURN VALUES

archive\_entry\_acl\_count() and archive\_entry\_acl\_reset() returns the number of ACL
entries that match the given type mask. If the type mask includes
ARCHIVE\_ENTRY\_ACL\_TYPE\_ACCESS and at least one extended ACL entry exists, the three classic
Unix permissions are counted.

archive\_entry\_acl\_next() and archive\_entry\_acl\_next\_w() return ARCHIVE\_OK on success, ARCHIVE\_EOF if no more ACL entries exist and ARCHIVE\_WARN if
archive\_entry\_acl\_reset() has not been called first.

archive\_entry\_text\_w() returns a wide string representation of the ACL entrise matching the given type mask. The returned long string is valid until the next call to archive\_entry\_acl\_clear(), archive\_entry\_acl\_add\_entry(), archive\_entry\_acl\_add\_entry\_w() or archive\_entry\_acl\_text\_w().

# **SEE ALSO**

archive(3), archive\_entry(3)

# **BUGS**

 $\label{lem:archive_entry_acl_style_extra_id} and \ \ archive\_entry\_acl\_style\_mark\_default \\ are not documented.$