

Assignment 01

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Course: Practical Aspects of Modern Cryptography

Deadline: September 29

(1) Which one is a primitive root of 7?

- a) 3
- b) 5
- c) 2

(2) Find an inverse of "23" modulo "120". Also solve $23x \equiv 3 \pmod{120}$ for "x".

(Hint: Use Euclid's Algorithm & Extended Euclid's Algorithm)

(3) Use the Fermat's little theorem to find: $3^{52} \pmod{11}$

(4) What are the prime factorizations of "48" and "60"? Also, find $\gcd(48, 60)$ and $\text{lcm}(48, 60)$.

(5) What is the decimal expansion of $(1B6)_{16}$? What is the Hexadecimal expansion of "485"?

(6) What sequences of pseudorandom numbers is generated using the linear congruential generator $x_{n+1} = (4x_n + 1) \pmod{7}$ with seed $x_0 = 3$?

(7) Encrypt the message STOP POLLUTION by translating the letters into numbers, applying the given encryption function, and then translating the numbers back into letters:

$$f(x) = (17x + 22) \pmod{26}$$

(8) Decrypt the following message that were encrypted using the Caesar shift:

EOXH MHDQV

(9) Encrypt the message GRIZZLY BEARS using blocks of five letters and the transposition cipher based on the permutation of $\{1, 2, 3, 4, 5\}$ with $\sigma(1) = 3, \sigma(2) = 5, \sigma(3) = 1, \sigma(4) = 2$ and $\sigma(5) = 4$. For this exercise, use the letter X as many times as necessary to fill out the final block of fewer than five letters.

Assignment 1

2/5

① Primitive Root of 7

- a) $3^1 = 3, 3^2 = 2, 3^3 = 6, 3^4 = 4, 3^5 = 5, 3^6 = 1$ $\{3, 2, 6, 4, 5, 1\}$ yes
 b) $5^1 = 5, 5^2 = 4, 5^3 = 6, 5^4 = 2, 5^5 = 3, 5^6 = 1$ $\{5, 4, 6, 2, 3, 1\}$ yes
 c) $2^1 = 2, 2^2 = 4, 2^3 = 1$ $\{2, 4, 1\}$ no

② $23 \pmod{120}$ solve $23x \equiv 1 \pmod{120}$

Check to see if 23, 120 relatively prime

$$120 = 23 \times 5 + 5$$

$$23 = 5 \times 4 + 3$$

$$5 = 3 \times 1 + 2$$

$$3 = 2 \times 1 + 1$$

$$2 = 1 \times 2 + 0$$

Now

$$\begin{aligned} 1 &= 3 - 2 = 3 - (5 - 3 \times 1) = 3 + 5 + 3 \times 1 = -5 + 3 \times 2 \\ &= -5 + 3 \times 2 = -5 + 2(23 - 5 \times 4) = -5 + 2 \times 23 - 5 \times 8 \\ &= 2 \times 23 - 9 \times 5 = 2 \times 23 - 9(120 - 23 \times 5) = 2 \times 23 - 9 \times 120 + 23 \times 45 \\ &= 47 \times 23 - 9 \times 120 \end{aligned}$$

$$\therefore 1 \equiv 47 \times 23 \pmod{120}$$

$$23x \equiv 3 \pmod{120}$$

$$47 \times 23x \equiv 47 \times 3 \pmod{120}$$

$$x \equiv 141 \pmod{120}$$

$$x \equiv 21 \pmod{120}$$

③ $3^{52} \pmod{11}$

We know $3^{10} \equiv 1 \pmod{11}$ therefore

$$3^{52} = (3^{10})^5 \cdot 3^2$$

$$3^2 \pmod{11} = 9$$

④ $48 = 2^4 \cdot 3 = 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 3$

$$60 = 2^2 \cdot 3 \cdot 5 = 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 3 \cdot 5$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 2 | 48 \quad 60 \\ 2 | 24 \quad 30 \\ 3 | 12 \quad 15 \\ \hline 4 \quad 5 \end{array} \quad \text{gcd}(48, 60) = 2^2 \cdot 3 = 12$$

$$\text{lcm}(48, 60) = 2^2 \cdot 3 \cdot 4 \cdot 5 = 240$$

5) $1B6_{16} = 256 + 11 \times 16 + 6 = 256 + 176 + 6 = 438$

$$\begin{array}{r} 485_{10} \\ 2242_{10} \\ 1211 \\ 600 \\ 300 \\ 151 \\ 71 \\ 31 \\ 11 \\ 0 \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{r} 485_{10} = 1E9_{16} \\ 2242_{10} = C4A5_{16} \\ 1211_{10} = 301_{16} \\ 600_{10} = C0_{16} \\ 300_{10} = C0_{16} \\ 151_{10} = 9B_{16} \\ 71_{10} = 4B_{16} \\ 31_{10} = 1F_{16} \\ 11_{10} = B_{16} \\ 0_{10} = 0_{16} \end{array}$$

6) $x_n = (4x_n + 1) \bmod 7 \quad x_0 = 3$
 $\{3, 6, 4\}$

7) Encode "STOP POLLUTION" Let A=00 B=01
 To Numbers: 18 19 14 15 15 14 11 11 20 19 08 14 13
 $f(x) = (17x + 22) \bmod 26 = 17x \bmod 26 + 22 \bmod 26$
 $= 76 07 00 17 17 00 01 01 24 07 02 00 09$
 To Letters: "QHARRABBYHC AJ"

See Appendix A for inverse
 Inverse Function: $f^{-1}(x) = (23x - 12) \bmod 26$
 18 19 14 15 15 14 11 11 20 19 08 14 13
 Checks

8) Caesar Shift: E OXH MHDQV

Looking at Letters we need to determine the shift

45 4F 58 48 -

Guess of $x+3$ to encase $x-3$ to decode
Since that was used in class we get

BLUE JEANS

otherwise we would try different values of
 $(x-n) \bmod 26$ to get plaintext

9) GRIZZLYBEARSXXX

$$\sigma(1)=3 \quad \sigma(2)=5 \quad \sigma(3)=1 \quad \sigma(4)=2 \quad \sigma(5)=4$$

becomes

I Z G Z R B E L A Y X X R X S

APPENDIX A

Find inverse of $f(x) = 17x + 22 \pmod{26}$

$$y = 17x + 22$$

$$x = 17y + 22$$

$$17y = x - 22$$

$$y = \overline{17}(x-22)$$

Find inverse of $17 \pmod{26}$

$$26 = 17 \times 1 + 9$$

$$17 = 9 \times 1 + 8$$

$$9 = 8 \times 1 + 1$$

$$8 = 8 \times 1 + 0$$

$$1 = 9 - 8 = 9 - (17 - 9 \times 1) = 9 \times 2 - 17$$

$$= -17 + 9 \times 2 = -17 + 2(26 - 17 \times 1)$$

$$= -17 + 26 \times 2 - 17 \times 2 = 26 \times 2 - 17 \times 3$$

$$= -3 \times 17 = 23 \times 17$$

Therefore

$$\begin{aligned} f^{-1}(x) &= 23(x-22) \pmod{26} \\ &= (23x - 12) \pmod{26} \end{aligned}$$