OOP

Beautiful is better than ugly. Explicit is better than implicit. Simple s better than complex. Complex is better than complicated. Flat is better than nested. Sparse is better than dense. Readability counts. Special cases aren't special enough to break the rules.

Although practicality beats purity. Errors should never pass silently. Unless explicitly silenced. In the face of ambiguity, refuse the temptation to guess. There should be one - and preferably only one - obvious way to do it. Although that way may not be obvious at first unless you're Dutch. Now is better than never. Although never is often better than right now. If the implementation is hard to explain, it's a bad dea. If the implementation

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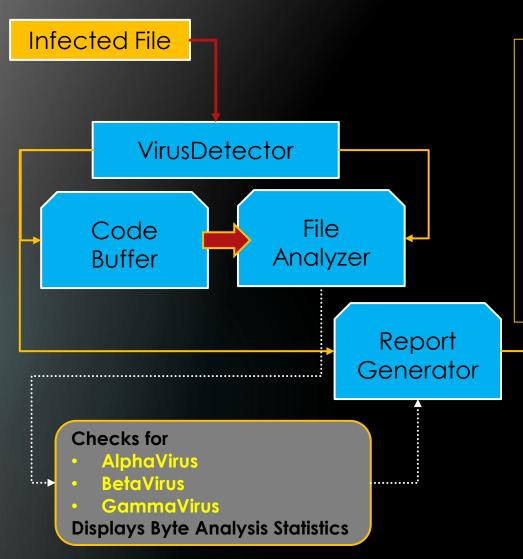
CEX 5 OOP AND FILE IO



Spring 2022

IS612 Introduction To Coding

General



- Our task is to create a VirusDetector object that can read binary files and determine if they contain a specified type(s) of computer virus.
- The VirusDetector object reads the binary file and transfers the file to the Code Buffer of the VirusDetector object.
- Once the file is in the Code Buffer, the VirusDetector object analyzes the binary code.
- The analysis creates a report about the binary code and whether the specified viruses have been detected.

```
VIRUS DETECTOR ID: Locklear-1
DETECTOR VERSION: Lock-A
 Current File in Buffer: C:\Users\msgth\Desktop\A Python PACE 2020\IFile1
Cotal Bytes: 1000
                                                                 False Bits: 3969
                     Total Bits: 7998
                                           True Bits: 4029
True Bytes: 342
                     False Bytes: 656
All True Bytes: 3
                     All False Bytes: 2
**************
Recurrent True Bytes: 5
                             Recurrent False Bytes: 5
                                                          Symmetric Bytes: 9
                             False Bit Percentage: 49.62%
                             False Byte Percentage: 65.60%
All True Byte Percentage: 0.30%
                                    All False Byte Percentage: 0.20%
Recurrent True Byte Percentage: 0.50% Recurrent False Byte Percentage: 0.50%
Symmetric Byte Percentage: 0.90%
Malformed Byte(s) are located at Code Buffer Index(es): [991, 994]
^^^^^^^^^^^^^^VIRUS DETECTION RESULTS^^^^^^^^^^^^
Alpha Virus: Alpha Virus HAS BEEN Detected
Beta Virus: Beta Virus NOT Detected
Gamma Virus: Gamma Virus HAS BEEN Detected
```

General

- The bit is a basic unit of information in computing.
 - A bit is either a '1' or a '0'
 - > A '1' bit is considered True and a '0' bit is considered False.
- The byte is a unit of digital information which consists of eight bits and is the smallest addressable unit of memory in computer architectures.
- A malformed byte is any byte that contains less than 8 bits...it is not considered to be a True or a False byte.
- A byte can be:
 - All True Byte: a byte in which all bits are True bits...11111111
 - All False Byte: a byte in which all bits are False bits ... 000000000
 - True Byte: any byte in which there are more True bits than False bits...10111010
 - False Byte: any byte in which there are the same number or more False bits than True bits... 00101100
 - Recurrent True Byte: any byte containing an alternating sequence of True then False bits ...10101010
 - Recurrent False Byte: any byte containing an alternating sequence of False then True bits...01010101
 - Symetric Byte: any byte containing 4 all True bits and 4 all False bits in consecutive order... 11110000 or 00001111
- > Bits and bytes are not numbers and therefore are represented as strings in programming ...'10101010'

Virus Identification

AlphaVirus



- A binary file <u>contains</u> the <u>Alpha Virus</u> if <u>any</u> of the following conditions are true:
 - C1: The are more than 6 Recurrent True Bytes in the file.
 - C2: There are no '0' bits in any single byte in the file.
 - C3: There are more than 4 All True Bytes in the file.
 - C4: The total number of bits in the file is evenly divisible by 6
- A binary file does not contain the Alpha Virus if it has no malformed bytes.

BetaVirus



- A binary file contains the Beta Virus if any of the following conditions are true:
 - C1: The are no Recurrent True Bytes in the file.
 - C2: There are no '1' bits in any single byte in the file.
 - C3: There are more than 4 Symmetric Bytes in the file.
 - C4: The total number of bits in the file is evenly divisible by 3.
- A binary file <u>does not contain</u> the **Beta Virus** if has less than 6 malformed bytes.

GammaVirus



- A binary file contains the Gamma Virus if any of the following conditions are true:
 - C1: The are exactly 8 Recurrent False Bytes in the file.
 - C2: There is a Malformed Byte in the file.
 - C3: There are no Recurrent True or Symmetric Bytes in the file.
 - C4: The number or True bytes is more than 8% greater than the number of False Bytes

VirusDetector

```
-detectorID: String
-detectorVersion: String
-detectorPassword: String
-analyzedFile: String
-codeBuffer: List(String)
+static detectorCount: int
                                +countSymmetricBytes()
+displayDetectorInfo()
+readFileToCodeBuffer()
                                +checkForMalformedByte()
+flushCodeBuffer()
                                +checkBit (String b)
+analyzeCodeBuffer()
                                +detectAlphaVirus()
+countTotalBytes()
                                +detectBetaVirus()
+countTotalBits()
                                +detectGammaVirus()
+countFalseBits()
                                + static displayDetectorCodeBuffer (VirusDetector vd)
+countTrueBytes()
+countFalseBytes()
```

+countAllTrueBytes()
+countAllFalseBytes()

+countRecurrentTrueBytes()
+countRecurrentFalseBytes()

The **constructor** for the **VirusDetector** class **must have** the following signature:

def __init__(self,detectorID,detectorVersion,detectorPassword):

The constructor increments detectorCount by 1 after each object is created

Instance Method Specifications

Method	Method Type	Input	Processing	Output
displayDetectorInfo	Instance	None	prints the version and password of this VirusDetector object formatted as shown on slide 10	voidformatted output
readFileToCodeBuffer	Instance	None	reads a binary file into the codeBuffer of this VirusDetector object and sets the analyzedFile attribute to the filepath of the binary file	void
flushCodeBuffer	Instance	None	deletes the contents of the codeBuffer of this VirusDetector object	void
analyzeCodeBuffer	Instance	None	reads the codeBuffer of this VirusDetector object and displays the information as shown on slide 12	voidformatted output
countTotalBytes	Instance	None	counts the total number of bytes in the codeBuffer of this VirusDetector object	intbyte count
countTotalBits	Instance	None	counts the total number of bits in the codeBuffer of this VirusDetector object	intbit count
countTrueBits	Instance	None	counts the total number of True bits in the codeBuffer of this VirusDetector object	intTrue bit count
countFalseBits	Instance	None	counts the total number of False bits in the codeBuffer of this VirusDetector object	intFalse bit count
countTrueBytes	Instance	None	counts the total number of True bytes in the codeBuffer of this VirusDetector object	intTrue byte count
countFalseBytes	Instance	None	counts the total number of False bytes in the codeBuffer of this VirusDetector object	intFalse byte count
countAllTrueBytes	Instance	None	counts the total number of All True bytes in the codeBuffer of this VirusDetector object	intAll True byte count
countAllFalseBytes	Instance	None	counts the total number of All False bytes in the codeBuffer of this VirusDetector object	intAll False byte count

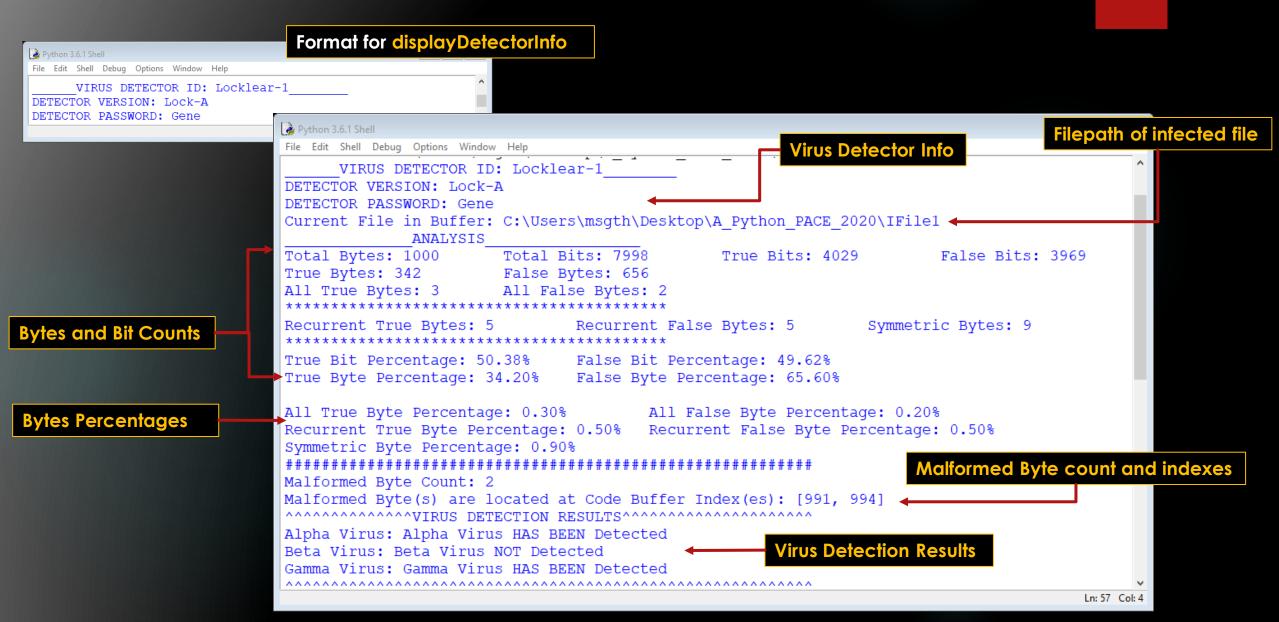
Instance Method Specifications

Method	Method Type	Input	Processing	Output
countRecurrentTrueBytes	Instance	None	counts the total number of Recurrent True bytes in the codeBuffer of this VirusDetector object	intRecurrent True byte count
countRecurrentFalseBytes	Instance	None	counts the total number of Recurrent False bytes in the codeBuffer of this VirusDetector object	intRecurrent False byte count
countSymmetricBytes	Instance	None	counts the total number of Symmetric bytes in the codeBuffer of this VirusDetector object	intSymmetric byte count
checkForMalformedByte	Instance	None	determines the number (count) of malformed bytes as well as the index in the codeBuffer of each malformed byte	tuple of length 2 0 Index contains the number of malformed bytes and the 1 index contains a list of the indexes of each malformed byte
checkTrueBit	Instance	Bit	determines if a bit is true	booleanTrue if a bit is a '1' and False otherwise
detectAlphaVirus	Instance	None	determines if the file in the codeBuffer of this VirusDetector object contains the Alpha Virus (see slide 5)	booleanTrue if the virus is present and False otherwise
detectBetaVirus	Instance	None	determines if the file in the codeBuffer of this VirusDetector object contains the Beta Virus (see slide 5)	booleanTrue if the virus is present and False otherwise
detectGammaVirus	Instance	None	determines if the file in the codeBuffer of this VirusDetector object contains the Gamma Virus (see slide 5)	booleanTrue if the virus is present and False otherwise

Static Method Specifications

Method	Method Type	Input	Processing	Output
displayDetectorCodeBuffer	Static	VirusDetector object	prints the contents of the codeBuffer of the specified VirusDetector object	voidcodeBuffer contents

Formatted Output



Testing and Expected Output

Define a main method in your script and include the code exactly as shown below.

```
- · X
PE2_SOLUTION.py - C:/Users/msqth/Desktop/Z_PythonCUNY/PE2_SOLUTION.py (3.6.1)
File Edit Format Run Options Window Help
                                 Replace with your filepaths
def main():
     F = 'your file path\\IFile1
     G = 'your file path\\IFile2
     V = VirusDetector('Locklear-1', 'Lock-A', 'Gene')
     V.readFileToCodeBuffer(F)
     V.analyzeCodeBuffer()
     V.flushCodeBuffer()
     V.readFileToCodeBuffer(G)
     V.analyzeCodeBuffer()
     V.flushCodeBuffer()
     print(VirusDetector.displayDetectorCodeBuffer(V))
main()
                                                                 Ln: 16 Col: 6
```

Testing and Expected Output Format

