## PRANAMIKA – Common Man Rates & Reviews

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ABSTRACT--We were tasked with developing a project that addresses a current societal issue using modern technology. After much consideration, we decided to create a platform called Pranamika, which aims to promote transparency and accountability in local governance by enabling citizens to rate and review government officials. This concept was inspired by the lack of direct, transparent channels where citizens can voice their opinions about their government officials' performance. We realized how crucial it is to bridge this gap, and this project seemed like a great way to contribute to a more participatory and accountable system.

## I. INTRODUCTION

In modern democratic societies, the effectiveness of governance is directly tied to the transparency and accountability of elected officials and civil servants. Unfortunately, citizens often lack accessible channels to provide feedback about the performance of local government officials. The Pranamika platform was conceived as a solution to this issue. It aims to foster greater transparency and accountability in the functioning of public services by enabling citizens to review and rate the actions of government officials at the local level. This initiative creates a digital platform where citizens can voice their opinions, share experiences, and ensure that public servants are held accountable for their actions.

The objective of the project was to design an interactive, transparent, and accessible feedback mechanism that empowers citizens to influence local governance positively. By allowing users to share reviews and ratings about government officials, Pranamika aims to address long-standing issues such as inefficiency, corruption, and a lack of responsiveness from public officials. This journal

provides an in-depth analysis of the development process, technical components, security measures, and future enhancements for the Pranamika platform.

#### II. Problem Statement and Domain Overview

The core challenge addressed by Pranamika lies at the intersection of e-governance and citizen feedback systems. E-governance refers to the use of digital platforms to improve the delivery of government services and promote transparency. The lack of systems that allow citizens to directly assess the performance of government officials is a critical gap in most governance structures. Without such feedback loops, officials can operate without meaningful checks on their actions, leading to inefficiency, corruption, and a lack of trust in the system.

The Pranamika platform provides a solution by offering a space where citizens can rate, review, and provide feedback about the behavior and performance of local government officials. This interaction creates a transparent system where government actions are constantly visible to the public, ensuring accountability. By leveraging mobile technologies and cloud computing, Pranamika helps bridge the gap between citizens and officials, empowering citizens to contribute to decision-making processes and holding government employees accountable.

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## III. OBJECTIVES

Pranamika's main objectives were clear from the beginning. First and foremost, we wanted to create a platform that could be accessed by a wide range of people, allowing them to share their experiences and provide feedback on local government officials. We understood that promoting transparency was critical, so the project aimed to not only provide feedback channels but also ensure that the feedback is visible and actionable. In addition, enhancing citizen engagement in governance was a priority, as many citizens feel disconnected from decision-making processes. The project also addresses issues like corruption, negligence, and inefficiency by offering an open, transparent system for feedback.

## Promoting Transparency in Governance

Transparency is the cornerstone of effective governance. By allowing citizens to rate and review government officials, Pranamika ensures that government actions are visible to the public. This transparency helps curb corruption and inefficiency by allowing citizens to have a clear view of how officials are performing their duties.

## **Enhancing Citizen Engagement**

Pranamika encourages citizens to become more engaged in the governance process by providing a direct platform to voice opinions, express concerns, and provide feedback. This engagement is crucial for making governance more inclusive and participatory, allowing citizens to become active contributors to the development of their communities.

#### Improving Public Service Delivery

A feedback system is only useful if it leads to actionable improvements. By allowing citizens to rate and review public officials, Pranamika helps identify areas for improvement in service delivery. This feedback can guide government officials in improving the quality, efficiency, and responsiveness of their services.

## Combating Corruption and Unethical Practices

Corruption is often difficult to address due to the lack of a feedback loop between citizens and government officials. Pranamika allows citizens to report unethical practices, such as bribery or negligence, directly through the platform. The visibility of these reports discourages such behavior, fostering a culture of accountability and integrity.

Leveraging Technology for Real-Time Feedback
The use of mobile and cloud-based technologies
allows Pranamika to collect, store, and analyze citizen
feedback in real time. This enables quick identification
of problems and the swift implementation of
corrective measures. The platform also ensures that
feedback can be continuously monitored and
responded to, enhancing the responsiveness of local
governments.

Building Trust Between Citizens and Government Public trust in government is often eroded due to a lack of accountability. By offering a platform where feedback is both visible and actionable, Pranamika helps build trust between citizens and their local governments. This transparency strengthens the relationship and fosters greater public confidence in governance.

# IV.TECHNICAL OVERVIEW & ARCHITECTURE

The technical journey was one that involved many lessons and challenges. We used a full-stack development approach and built the platform using technologies that we had learned throughout the semester, with a mix of React Native for the mobile interface, Node.js for the backend, and MongoDB for database management. Since this was our first project involving mobile app development and integrating a cloud-based backend, we had to learn many things on the go.

The Pranamika platform was developed using a full-stack architecture that includes both frontend and backend components, designed to work seamlessly together. The platform is mobile-first, ensuring accessibility and usability across both Android and iOS devices. Below is a breakdown of the architecture and technologies used.

The figure of the Architecture of the App is given below showcasing the Frontend and Backend Technologies used. It also shows the relationship between the Client, Service layer, Data layer and the External services.

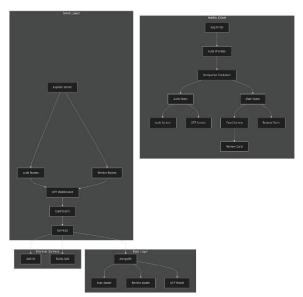


Figure 1 - App Architecture

## Frontend Development

For the frontend, we used React Native, which was both a challenge and a reward. Although we were familiar with React for web development, React Native had its own set of rules and constraints. One of the most interesting things we learned was how to ensure the app was responsive and could handle a range of device sizes, which involved quite a bit of experimentation with React Navigation and custom styling. The Pranamika platform was developed using a full-stack architecture that includes both frontend and backend components, designed to work seamlessly together. The platform is mobile-first, ensuring accessibility and usability across both Android and iOS devices. Below is a breakdown of the architecture and technologies used.

### • React Native (TypeScript):

- React Native is a cross-platform mobile development framework that allows developers to write code once and deploy it across multiple platforms (iOS and Android). It offers an efficient way to build mobile applications with a native-like experience.
- TypeScript was used to introduce type safety and improve code quality, making development

smoother and reducing runtime errors.

## • State Management with React Context API:

React Context API is used to manage the global state of the application, such user authentication and review data, across various screens and components. Custom hooks were created to encapsulate specific business logic, ensuring that the state is maintained and updated correctly.

## • Axios for HTTP Requests:

 Axios is used for making HTTP requests to the backend API. This allows the frontend to fetch and submit data, such as retrieving reviews or submitting a new review.

## • UI/UX Design:

 The frontend components are custom-built, following a responsive design to ensure the app provides a seamless user experience across different devices. Native platform-specific elements are used to optimize the performance on both Android and iOS.

Using TypeScript in combination with React Native also provided us with an opportunity to dive deeper into type safety and better coding practices. This made the development process smoother and helped us avoid potential bugs early on.

#### **Backend Development**

The backend was built using Node.js with Express, which was another technology we had been introduced to during the course. Our biggest learning curve was ensuring smooth communication between the mobile app and the server using RESTful APIs. We implemented JWT (JSON Web Tokens) for user authentication, which helped us understand the importance of secure user management. Below is a breakdown of the architecture and technologies used for Backend.

## • Node.js with Express:

- Node.js provides a scalable platform for building fast, data-intensive applications. It is ideal for handling numerous simultaneous requests, which is essential for a feedbackdriven platform like **Pranamika**.
- express is used to handle HTTP requests and route them to the appropriate functions. It follows the RESTful API architecture, ensuring that data can be accessed and manipulated via standard HTTP methods.

## • Database: MongoDB:

MongoDB is used as the database to store user reviews and related data. Its document-based structure allows flexibility in handling various types of data without rigid schemas, making it ideal for user-generated content like reviews and feedback.

#### • **JWT Authentication:**

O JWT (JSON Web Tokens) is used for stateless authentication, ensuring secure communication between the client and the server. After the user logs in and their credentials are verified, a token is issued and stored in the client's local storage.

## AWS Cloud Services:

 AWS S3 is used for image storage, allowing users to upload photos along with their reviews. AWS IAM helps manage access to various cloud resources securely.

## User Experience and Interface Design

As a team, we realized that while the backend was important, the user experience (UX) and user interface (UI) design were just as crucial to the success of Pranamika. Given that the target audience would range from tech-savvy users to those with limited access to technology, we worked hard to make the interface intuitive and user-friendly. We used custom components and paid attention to responsive design principles to ensure that the platform could be accessed easily on various mobile devices.

#### V. DATA FLOW AND PROCESS

- Authentication Flow: Users enter their phone number, receive an OTP (One-Time Password), and verify it. If successful, they are authenticated and granted a JWT token, allowing them to interact with the platform.
- Review Creation Flow: Users can capture images and write reviews about government officials. The images are uploaded to AWS S3, and the review data is sent to the backend API, where it is stored in MongoDB.
- Feed Retrieval Flow: Users can view a list
  of reviews for specific officials. The
  frontend sends a request to the backend,
  which queries the database and returns the
  relevant reviews.

The MongoDB database played a crucial role in storing user and review data, and we had to learn how to structure the data efficiently. We realized that good schema design was key to improving the platform's performance and scalability.

## Cloud Integration and Security

We faced several challenges while integrating AWS cloud services, particularly when dealing with S3 storage for images. At first, setting up proper access controls and CORS configurations seemed daunting, but after some trial and error, we were able to integrate the image upload feature successfully.

We also ensured that security was a top priority by implementing OTP-based authentication and using JWT for secure access. Learning how to handle sensitive data in a secure way was an invaluable lesson.

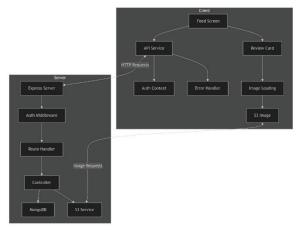


Figure 2 - Data Fetching Architecture

#### VI. SECURITY CONSIDERATIONS

Security is a cornerstone of the Pranamika platform, given its role in handling sensitive user data and public feedback. Robust measures have been implemented to ensure data security, privacy, and platform reliability. Below are the detailed security considerations:

- 1. Authentication and Authorization:
- JWT Tokens: Used for stateless and secure user sessions. Tokens are time-bound to ensure automatic logout after a defined duration of inactivity.
- Role-Based Access Control (RBAC): Implemented to restrict access to specific features based on user roles (e.g., admins, reviewers, general users).
- 2. Secure Communication:
- HTTPS Protocol: All data exchanges between the client and the server are encrypted using the HTTPS protocol to prevent man-in-the-middle (MITM) attacks.
- End-to-End Encryption: Sensitive data, such as user credentials, are encrypted before transmission to ensure maximum security.
- 3. Data Validation and Sanitization:
- Backend Validation: Input data is rigorously validated using Mongoose schema validation to ensure that only clean and accurate data is processed.
- Sanitization Libraries: Tools like DOMPurify are used to sanitize user inputs, mitigating the risk of Cross-Site Scripting (XSS) attacks.

- 4. Secure Data Storage:
- Encryption at Rest: Sensitive data stored in the database is encrypted, ensuring that even if data is compromised, it remains unreadable.
- Secure Cloud Storage: User-uploaded images and documents are stored securely in AWS S3, with restricted access via AWS IAM policies.
- 5. Protection Against Common Attacks:
- SQL Injection Prevention: By using MongoDB, which is NoSQL, the platform inherently reduces the risk of SQL injection attacks.
- Rate Limiting: Implemented to prevent brute force attacks on login and registration endpoints.
- CORS Configuration: Configured to allow only specific origins to access the API, mitigating unauthorized cross-origin requests.
- 6. Regular Security Audits:
- Penetration Testing: Periodic penetration testing is conducted to identify and mitigate vulnerabilities.
- Automated Vulnerability Scans: Tools like OWASP ZAP are used to scan for vulnerabilities regularly.

## VII. TESTING & DEPLOYMENT

Testing Ensuring the reliability, security, and userfriendliness of the Pranamika platform required extensive testing at every stage of development. A combination of manual and automated testing strategies was employed, covering all components of the application:

- 1. Unit Testing:
- Focused on individual modules and components, such as form validation, review submission logic, and API endpoints.
- Tools Used: Jest and Mocha.
- 2. Integration Testing:
- Ensured seamless communication between the frontend and backend systems.
- API endpoints were tested using tools like Postman to validate data flow and responses.
- 3. Functional Testing:

- Verified that the platform's features work as intended, including user authentication, review submission, and image uploads.
- Conducted through manual testing for edge cases and scenarios.
- 4. Performance Testing:
- Simulated high user traffic to assess the platform's response times, load-handling capacity, and stability.
- Tools Used: Apache JMeter.
- 5. Security Testing:
- Conducted penetration tests to identify vulnerabilities and ensure compliance with security standards.
- Tested against common vulnerabilities, including XSS, CSRF, and injection attacks.
- 6. End-to-End Testing:
- Real-world scenarios were simulated to validate the user journey, from logging in to submitting and retrieving reviews.
- Tools Used: Cypress.

## Deployment

Deployment of the Pranamika platform followed industry best practices to ensure a smooth and error-free rollout:

- 1. Continuous Integration and Continuous Deployment (CI/CD):
- Automated pipelines were set up using tools like Jenkins and GitHub Actions to ensure that every code commit was thoroughly tested before being deployed to production.
- 2. Containerization:
- Docker was used to containerize the application, ensuring consistency across development, staging, and production environments.
- 3. Hosting and Scalability:
- The backend was deployed on AWS EC2 instances, configured for auto-scaling to handle fluctuating user traffic.
- AWS CloudFront was integrated to deliver content efficiently through a global content delivery network (CDN).
- 4. Monitoring and Logging:
- Monitoring Tools: AWS CloudWatch and New Relic were used to monitor application

- performance, detect anomalies, and ensure uptime.
- **Error Logging**: Integrated tools like Sentry to capture and resolve errors in real-time.
- 5. Rollback Mechanisms:
- Implemented a blue-green deployment strategy to minimize downtime during updates. This allowed quick rollbacks if any issues were detected in the new deployment.
- 6. Regular Updates:
- The platform's deployment cycle includes regular updates to incorporate new features, security patches, and performance improvements.

#### VIII. CHALLENGES & SOLUTIONS

Throughout the project, we encountered several challenges. One major hurdle was ensuring that the app functioned seamlessly across different devices. Initially, the app had issues with performance on lower-end devices, and we had to optimize the code, especially image loading and list rendering. Here is a detailed account of the challenges faced and the corresponding solutions implemented:

**1. Ensuring Seamless Performance Across Devices Challenge:** The app initially faced significant performance issues on lower-end devices. Features like image loading and list rendering caused noticeable lags, making the user experience less satisfactory.

**Solution:** To address this, the team optimized the app's codebase, focusing on key areas:

- Lazy Loading Images: Implemented lazy loading to only load images when they are visible on the screen, reducing memory consumption and improving app responsiveness.
- Efficient List Rendering: Replaced standard list components with virtualized lists like React Native's FlatList and SectionList, which render only the visible items, minimizing processing overhead.
- Reducing Bundle Size: Compressed assets and minimized dependencies to ensure the app loads faster.
- Profiling and Debugging: Utilized performance profiling tools like React

Native's Debugger and Flipper to identify bottlenecks and optimize rendering times.

These measures collectively improved performance, ensuring the app worked seamlessly on both high-end and lower-end devices.

## 2. Real-Time Feedback Synchronization

**Challenge:** Integrating a real-time feedback feature posed difficulties in maintaining smooth data synchronization between the app and the backend. The challenge included ensuring timely updates to users without overwhelming the server with frequent polling requests.

**Solution:** The team adopted a systematic approach to resolve this:

- Breaking Down the Problem: The synchronization process was divided into smaller, manageable tasks. This modular approach helped identify and address specific issues in isolation.
- Webhooks Implementation: Webhooks were set up to notify the app when new reviews or updates were added. This allowed the backend to push changes proactively rather than relying on frequent polling.
- Integration of WebSockets: WebSockets
  were used to establish a persistent connection
  between the app and the server. This enabled
  real-time communication and updates with
  minimal latency.
- Queue Management: Added a message queue (using RabbitMQ) to manage the delivery of real-time updates, ensuring no data was lost or duplicated even under high loads.

The combination of these solutions ensured that users received real-time feedback updates without compromising the app's performance.

#### 3. Securing User Data

**Challenge:** The platform's reliance on user-generated content necessitated robust security measures to protect sensitive data like user credentials and reviews from unauthorized access.

**Solution:** To mitigate security risks:

- End-to-End Encryption: All data exchanges between the client and server were encrypted using HTTPS with TLS.
- Authentication and Authorization: Implemented multi-layered security

- protocols, including OTP-based authentication and role-based access control.
- Regular Audits: Conducted regular security audits and employed tools like OWASP ZAP to identify and address vulnerabilities proactively.
- Secure Cloud Storage: Used AWS IAM roles to restrict access to S3 buckets, ensuring that only authenticated users could upload or view images.

## 4. Handling Scalability

**Challenge:** As user adoption increased, scalability became a concern, with the app experiencing slow response times during peak usage.

**Solution:** The architecture was redesigned to handle higher traffic efficiently:

- Load Balancing: Configured AWS Elastic Load Balancing to distribute incoming traffic evenly across multiple server instances.
- Database Optimization: Indexed key database fields to speed up query execution and reduced the payload size for API responses.
- Serverless Functions: Migrated some backend functionalities to AWS Lambda to handle spikes in demand without additional infrastructure costs.

By addressing these challenges with targeted solutions, Pranamika evolved into a robust, user-friendly platform that scales efficiently and delivers real-time, secure functionality.

#### IX. FUTURE ENHANCEMENTS

Looking forward, we have many ideas to improve Pranamika. One of the key enhancements we plan to implement is a real-time feedback system using WebSockets to allow users to receive instant notifications when new reviews or updates are posted. Additionally, we aim to introduce more search and filtering options to allow users to find specific reviews based on the department or official being reviewed.

We also plan to integrate a moderation system to ensure that the platform remains a safe space for constructive feedback. This will involve adding reporting tools for inappropriate content and implementing an admin panel for review moderation. Pranamika is designed with flexibility and scalability in mind. Several future enhancements are planned to improve the user experience and expand functionality. Real-Time Updates: Integrating WebSockets to allow users to receive real-time updates when new reviews are posted or when feedback is given.

Offline Support: Allowing users to interact with the platform even without an active internet connection, and syncing their data once they are online.

Advanced Search and Filtering: Introducing powerful search capabilities to help users quickly find reviews related to specific government officials or departments. Moderation Tools: Implementing mechanisms to filter inappropriate or false reviews, ensuring that the platform remains respectful and professional.

#### X. CONCLUSION

Creating Pranamika was an exciting journey that taught us a lot about both the technical and non-technical aspects of software development. From dealing with complex backend systems to designing a smooth user interface, we gained valuable experience throughout the process. More importantly, this project gave us a deeper understanding of the importance of citizen engagement and transparency in governance. Conclusion

The Pranamika platform represents a significant step forward in empowering citizens to participate in governance. By offering a space for citizens to rate and review government officials, Pranamika fosters transparency, accountability, and trust in local governance. The platform's design, which combines modern technologies like React Native, Node.js, and MongoDB, ensures that it is scalable, secure, and userfriendly. With plans for further enhancements, Pranamika has the potential to revolutionize how citizens engage with their local governments, promoting a culture of responsibility and ethical governance.

The successful development of this platform not only addresses the pressing need for accountability in government but also serves as a model for future egovernance initiatives. Through continuous improvements, Pranamika will continue to evolve into an essential tool for fostering a more transparent and participatory democratic society.

As we continue to enhance Pranamika, we hope it will serve as a valuable tool for citizens to hold their government officials accountable and contribute to the creation of a more participatory democracy.

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