#### **SUPPLY CHAIN MANAGEMENT**

(ELECTRONIC GOODS)

### USING HYPERLEDGER FABRIC



- Global supply chains are often fragmented, with multiple parties (manufacturers, suppliers, distributors, retailers) involved.
- Lack of transparency leads to counterfeit products, fraud, inefficiencies, and trust issues.
- Manual tracking of products is time-consuming and prone to errors.



- A blockchain-based solution where product information is securely stored and shared between all supply chain stakeholders.
- Ensures transparent tracking of products from manufacturing to retail, enabling real-time updates and tamper-proof records.





#### Decentralized ledger & Permissioned network:

Allows all stakeholders to maintain and update the product journey on the blockchain Ensures only authorized participants can access or modify records.



#### Smart contracts (Chaincode)

Automates product status updates, ownership transfer, and certification validation.



#### **Immutable records**

All transactions are recorded in a tamper-proof way to ensure transparency and trust.



## WHY HYPERLEDGER FABRIC

Hyperledger Fabric offers a permissioned environment, ensuring only trusted participants (manufacturers, suppliers, etc.) have access to the supply chain data.



#### Scalability and Performance:

Hyperledger Fabric can handle complex supply chain networks with high transaction volumes while maintaining fast processing times.



#### **Smart Contracts for Automation:**

Automate key processes like product tracking, ownership changes, and certification checks using chaincode (smart contracts).



#### Security and Privacy:

Ensures that data is encrypted and only accessible to authorized participants, protecting sensitive information.

#### **WORKFLOW**

- 1. Manufacturer:
  - o Produces goods, records details (e.g., batch number, production date) on the blockchain.
  - Registers products with unique IDs for traceability.
- 2. Supplier:
  - Supplies raw material to manufacturer.
- 3. Distributor:
  - Verifies product information from blockchain when receiving products.
  - Updates shipment status as products move further down the chain.

#### **ASSETS AND PARTICIPANTS**

- Asset 1: Product (Electronic Goods) Details
  - This asset represents the finished electronic products as they move through the supply chain. It includes important product details such as:
  - o ProductID: Unique identifier for the product.
  - ProductType: Type of electronic product (e.g., smartphone, tablet, etc.).
  - ManufacturingDate: Date the product was manufactured.
  - QualityCertification: Certification verifying the product meets specific quality standards.
  - Location: Current location of the product (e.g., warehouse, retailer).
  - **Visibility**: This product asset is public and accessible to all participants in the network: Supplier, Manufacturer, and Distributor. This ensures that each participant can track the movement and status of the product throughout the supply chain.
- Asset 2: Raw Material Details
  - This asset contains information about the raw materials provided by the Supplier and used by the Manufacturer to create the finished products. It includes:
  - o RawMaterialID: Unique identifier for the raw material.
  - MaterialType: Type of material (e.g., metal, plastic, etc.).
  - Quantity: Amount of raw material provided.
  - SupplierID: Identifier of the supplier providing the raw material.
  - o ManufacturingDate: Date when the raw material is expected to be processed into finished products.
  - Visibility: The Raw Material Details asset is stored in a Private Data Collection (PDC) between the Supplier and Manufacturer, ensuring that sensitive information such as pricing, quantity, and other contractual details are not shared with the Distributor

#### **TRANSACTIONS**

- Product (Electronic Goods) Details
  - Transaction 1: Product Registration (Initial Creation)
  - Transaction 2: Read Products, Read product by Id.
  - Rich Queries to access the public data.
- Raw Material Supply Update
  - Action: Supplier updates raw material details.
  - Manufacturer can read private details about raw materials
  - Raw Materials location update. (when shipment reaches manufacturer's location)

#### **FURTHER ENHANCEMENTS**

- Order Assest can be added as a private data between distributer and manufacturer
- More details about asset can be added, like certification details that adds a trust on the product.
- For certification, other participants needs to be added to the network.
- Vendor/retailers can be added.

# THANK YOU