

Python EDA Project- AirBnB Listing

Importing Libraries

```
In [2]: import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
```

Loading Dataset

```
In [3]: data = pd.read_csv("datasets.csv")
```

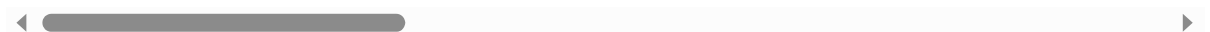
Initial Exploration

```
In [4]: data.head(5)
```

Out[4]:

| | id | name | host_id | host_name | neighbourhood_group | neighbourhood |
|---|--------------|--|-----------|--------------------|---------------------|--------------------|
| 0 | 1.312228e+06 | Rental unit in Brooklyn · ★5.0 · 1 bedroom | 7130382 | Walter | Brooklyn | Clinton Hill |
| 1 | 4.527754e+07 | Rental unit in New York · ★4.67 · 2 bedrooms · ... | 51501835 | Jeniffer | Manhattan | Hell's Kitchen |
| 2 | 9.710000e+17 | Rental unit in New York · ★4.17 · 1 bedroom · ... | 528871354 | Joshua | Manhattan | Chelsea |
| 3 | 3.857863e+06 | Rental unit in New York · ★4.64 · 1 bedroom · ... | 19902271 | John And Catherine | Manhattan | Washington Heights |
| 4 | 4.089661e+07 | Condo in New York · ★4.91 · Studio · 1 bed · 1... | 61391963 | Stay With Vibe | Manhattan | Murray Hill |

5 rows × 22 columns



In [5]: `data.shape`

Out[5]: `(20770, 22)`

In [6]: `data.describe()`

Out[6]:

| | id | host_id | latitude | longitude | price | minimum_r |
|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|---------------|-----------|
| count | 2.077000e+04 | 2.077000e+04 | 20763.000000 | 20763.000000 | 20736.000000 | 20763.00 |
| mean | 3.033858e+17 | 1.749049e+08 | 40.726821 | -73.939179 | 187.714940 | 28.5 |
| std | 3.901221e+17 | 1.725657e+08 | 0.060293 | 0.061403 | 1023.245124 | 33.5 |
| min | 2.595000e+03 | 1.678000e+03 | 40.500314 | -74.249840 | 10.000000 | 1.0 |
| 25% | 2.707260e+07 | 2.041184e+07 | 40.684159 | -73.980755 | 80.000000 | 30.0 |
| 50% | 4.992852e+07 | 1.086990e+08 | 40.722890 | -73.949597 | 125.000000 | 30.0 |
| 75% | 7.220000e+17 | 3.143997e+08 | 40.763106 | -73.917475 | 199.000000 | 30.0 |
| max | 1.050000e+18 | 5.504035e+08 | 40.911147 | -73.713650 | 100000.000000 | 1250.0 |

In [7]: `data.info()`

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 20770 entries, 0 to 20769
Data columns (total 22 columns):
#   Column                                Non-Null Count  Dtype
---  -
0   id                                     20770 non-null  float64
1   name                                  20770 non-null  object
2   host_id                               20770 non-null  int64
3   host_name                             20770 non-null  object
4   neighbourhood_group                   20770 non-null  object
5   neighbourhood                         20763 non-null  object
6   latitude                             20763 non-null  float64
7   longitude                             20763 non-null  float64
8   room_type                             20763 non-null  object
9   price                                 20736 non-null  float64
10  minimum_nights                       20763 non-null  float64
11  number_of_reviews                     20763 non-null  float64
12  last_review                           20763 non-null  object
13  reviews_per_month                     20763 non-null  float64
14  calculated_host_listings_count        20763 non-null  float64
15  availability_365                       20763 non-null  float64
16  number_of_reviews_ltm                 20763 non-null  float64
17  license                                20770 non-null  object
18  rating                                20770 non-null  object
19  bedrooms                              20770 non-null  object
20  beds                                  20770 non-null  int64
21  baths                                  20770 non-null  object
dtypes: float64(10), int64(2), object(10)
memory usage: 3.5+ MB
```

Data Cleaning

In [9]: `data.isnull().sum()`

```
Out[9]: id 0
        name 0
        host_id 0
        host_name 0
        neighbourhood_group 0
        neighbourhood 7
        latitude 7
        longitude 7
        room_type 7
        price 34
        minimum_nights 7
        number_of_reviews 7
        last_review 7
        reviews_per_month 7
        calculated_host_listings_count 7
        availability_365 7
        number_of_reviews_ltm 7
        license 0
        rating 0
        bedrooms 0
        beds 0
        baths 0
        dtype: int64
```

```
In [11]: #dropping all null values
        data.dropna(inplace= True)

        data.isnull().sum()
```

```
Out[11]: id 0
        name 0
        host_id 0
        host_name 0
        neighbourhood_group 0
        neighbourhood 0
        latitude 0
        longitude 0
        room_type 0
        price 0
        minimum_nights 0
        number_of_reviews 0
        last_review 0
        reviews_per_month 0
        calculated_host_listings_count 0
        availability_365 0
        number_of_reviews_ltm 0
        license 0
        rating 0
        bedrooms 0
        beds 0
        baths 0
        dtype: int64
```

```
In [12]: #Dealing with duplicates
        data.duplicated().sum()
```

```
Out[12]: np.int64(12)
```

```
In [14]: #Deleting all duplicate values  
data.drop_duplicates(inplace=True)  
  
data.duplicated().sum()
```

```
Out[14]: np.int64(0)
```

```
In [16]: # type casting  
# changing data types  
  
data.dtypes  
  
data["id"] = data["id"].astype(object)  
data["host_id"] = data["host_id"].astype(object)
```

```
In [17]: data.dtypes
```

```
Out[17]: id                object  
name                object  
host_id             object  
host_name           object  
neighbourhood_group object  
neighbourhood       object  
latitude            float64  
longitude           float64  
room_type           object  
price              float64  
minimum_nights      float64  
number_of_reviews   float64  
last_review         object  
reviews_per_month   float64  
calculated_host_listings_count float64  
availability_365    float64  
number_of_reviews_ltm float64  
license            object  
rating             object  
bedrooms           object  
beds               int64  
baths              object  
dtype: object
```

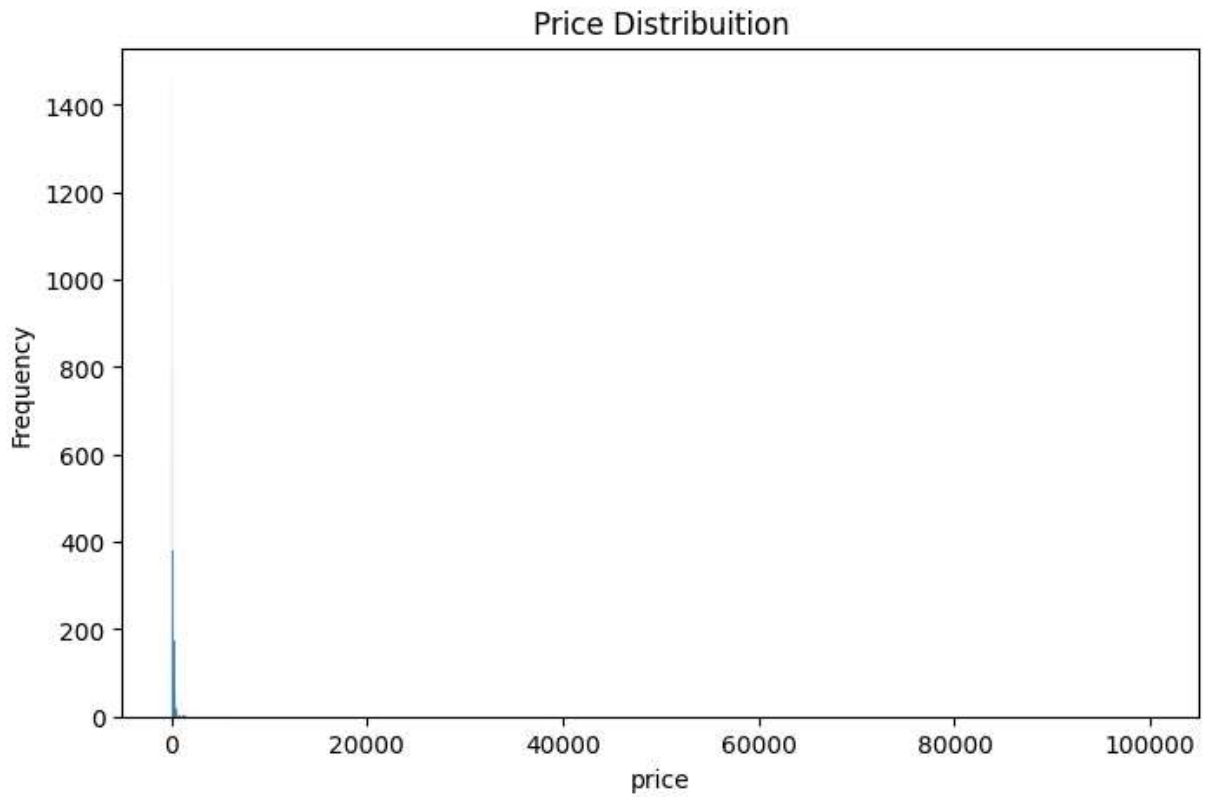
```
In [37]: data.columns
```

```
Out[37]: Index(['id', 'name', 'host_id', 'host_name', 'neighbourhood_group',  
               'neighbourhood', 'latitude', 'longitude', 'room_type', 'price',  
               'minimum_nights', 'number_of_reviews', 'last_review',  
               'reviews_per_month', 'calculated_host_listings_count',  
               'availability_365', 'number_of_reviews_ltm', 'license', 'rating',  
               'bedrooms', 'beds', 'baths'],  
              dtype='object')
```

EDA

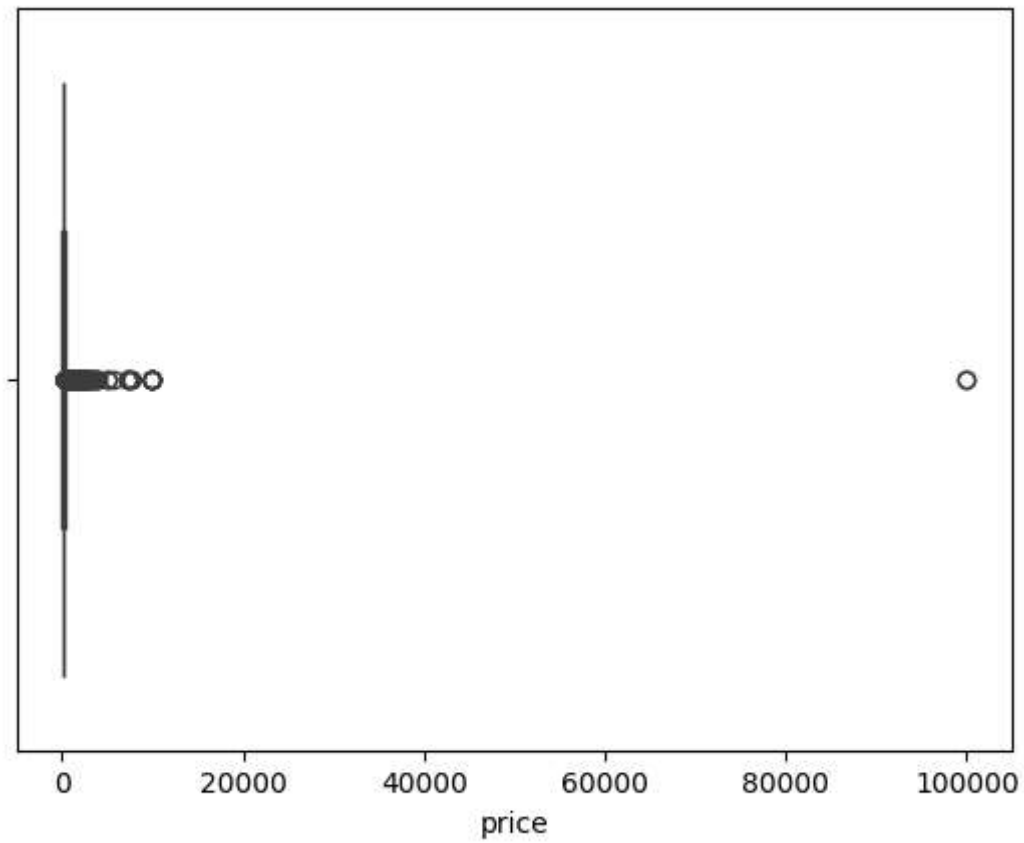
In [27]: *#Price distribuion*

```
plt.figure(figsize=(8, 5))
sns.histplot(data=data, x='price')
plt.title('Price Distribution')
plt.ylabel("Frequency")
plt.show()
```



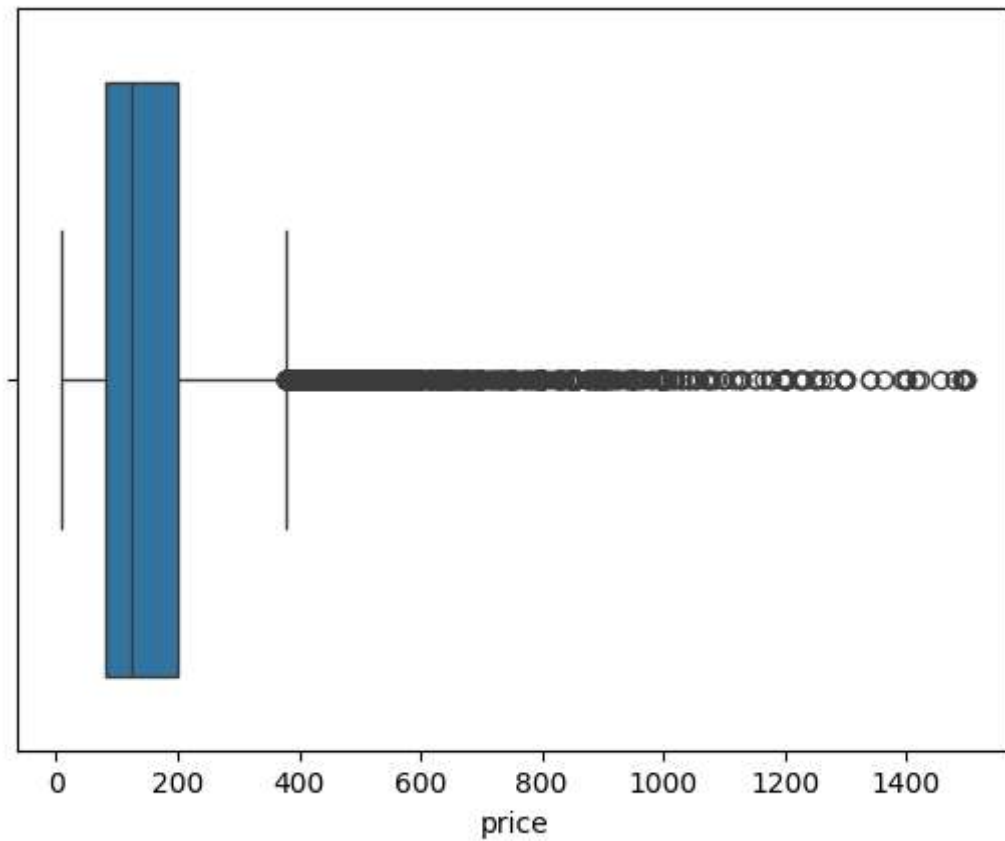
In [29]: *# idenfying outliers in price*

```
sns.boxplot(data=data, x='price')
plt.show()
```



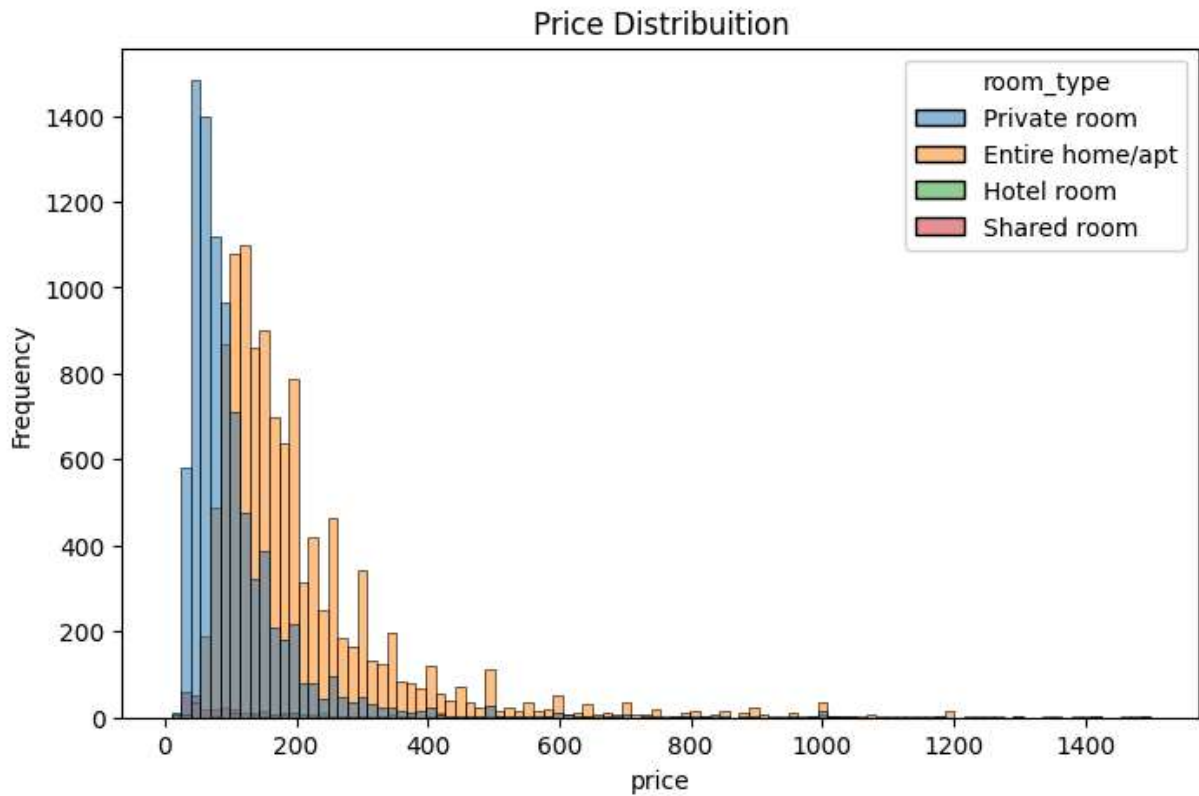
```
In [30]: df = data[data['price'] < 1500]
```

```
In [33]: sns.boxplot(data=df, x='price')  
plt.show()
```

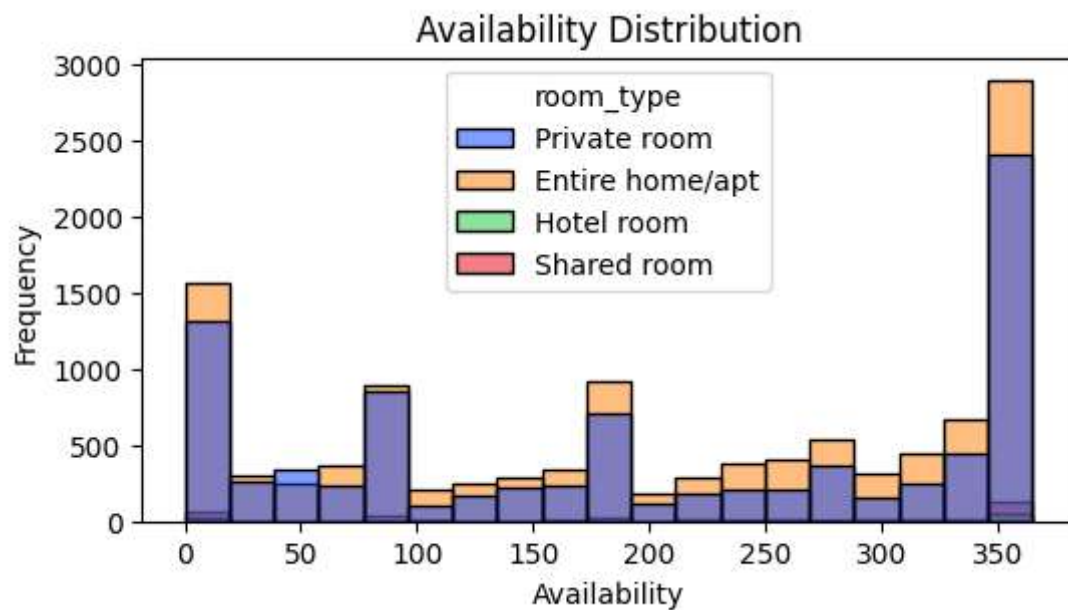


In [35]: *#Price distribuion*

```
plt.figure(figsize=(8, 5))
sns.histplot(data=df, x='price', bins=100, hue = "room_type")
plt.title('Price Distribution')
plt.ylabel("Frequency")
plt.show()
```

```
In [79]: # Availability distribution
plt.figure(figsize=(6,3))
sns.histplot(x='availability_365', data = df, hue = 'room_type', palette = "bright")
plt.xlabel('Availability')
plt.ylabel('Frequency')
plt.title('Availability Distribution')
plt.show()
```



```
In [72]: #df.groupby(['neighbourhood_group', 'room_type'])['price'].mean()
df.groupby(['neighbourhood_group', 'room_type'])['price'].mean().sort_values(ascend)
```

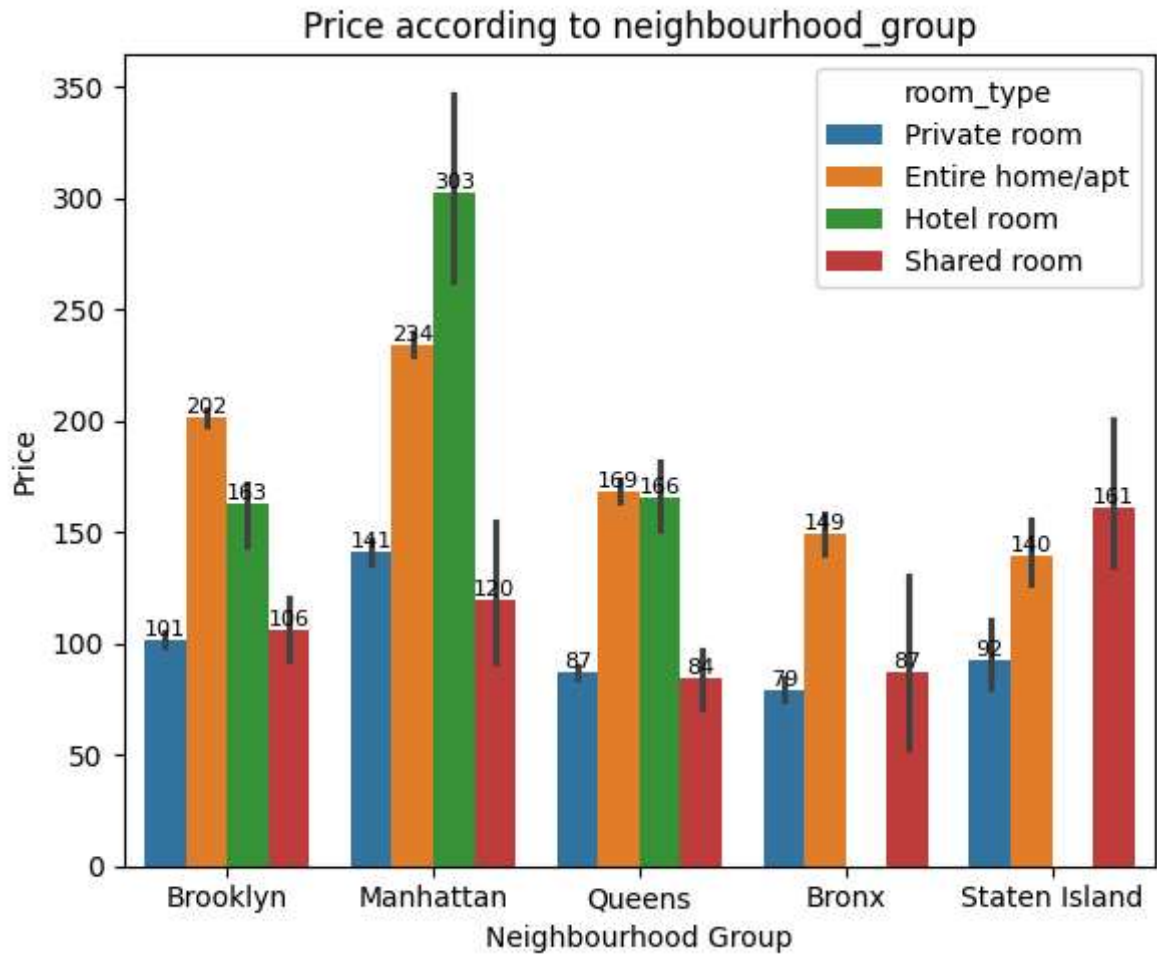
```
Out[72]:
```

| neighbourhood_group | room_type | price |
|---------------------|-----------------|------------|
| Bronx | Private room | 79.075506 |
| Queens | Shared room | 84.053333 |
| Bronx | Shared room | 87.333333 |
| Queens | Private room | 87.404591 |
| Staten Island | Private room | 92.389313 |
| Brooklyn | Private room | 101.478992 |
| | Shared room | 106.075000 |
| Manhattan | Shared room | 120.000000 |
| Staten Island | Entire home/apt | 139.852564 |
| Manhattan | Private room | 140.857590 |
| Bronx | Entire home/apt | 149.043590 |
| Staten Island | Shared room | 161.250000 |
| Brooklyn | Hotel room | 162.750000 |
| Queens | Hotel room | 165.714286 |
| | Entire home/apt | 168.606578 |
| Brooklyn | Entire home/apt | 201.698270 |
| Manhattan | Entire home/apt | 234.357197 |
| | Hotel room | 302.734694 |

Name: price, dtype: float64

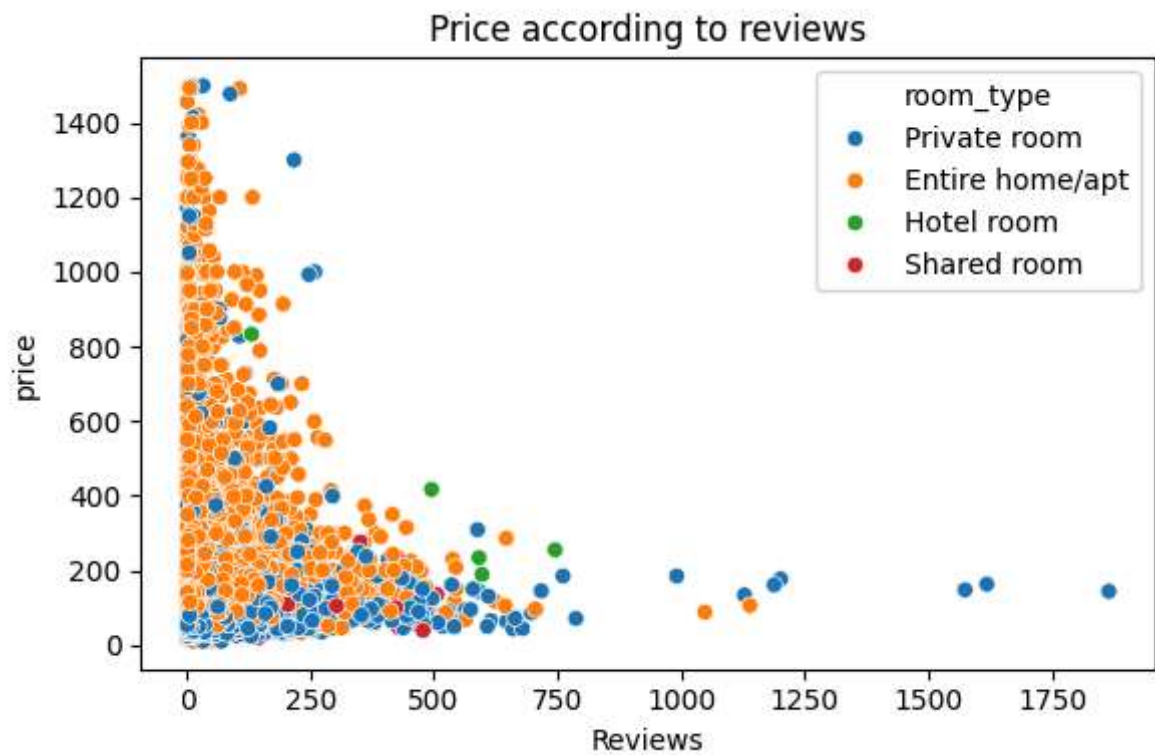
```
In [75]: # price dependency on neighbourhood
plt.figure(figsize=(6,5))
ax = sns.barplot(x='neighbourhood_group', y='price', data=df, hue = 'room_type')
plt.xlabel('Neighbourhood Group')
plt.ylabel('Price')
plt.title('Price according to neighbourhood_group')

# Add callout values
for container in ax.containers:
    for bar in container:
        height = bar.get_height()
        if not pd.isna(height): # In case of NaN bars
            ax.text(
                bar.get_x() + bar.get_width() / 2,
                height,
                f'{height:.0f}',      # format without decimal
                ha='center',
                va='bottom',
                fontsize=8
            )
plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()
```



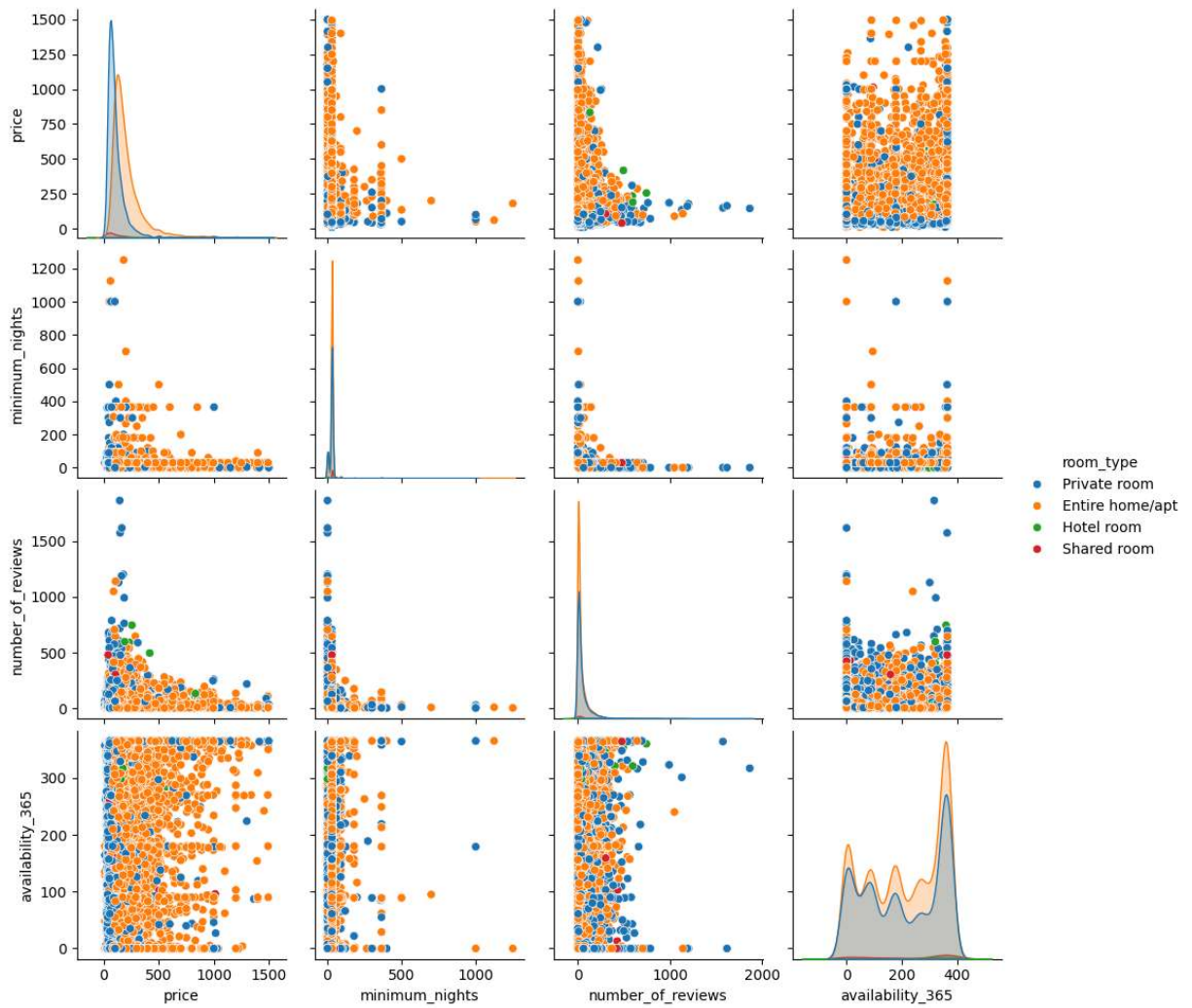
```
In [80]: # price dependency on reviews

plt.figure(figsize=(6,4))
sns.scatterplot(x='number_of_reviews', y='price', data = df, hue = 'room_type')
plt.xlabel('Reviews')
plt.ylabel('price')
plt.title('Price according to reviews')
plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()
```

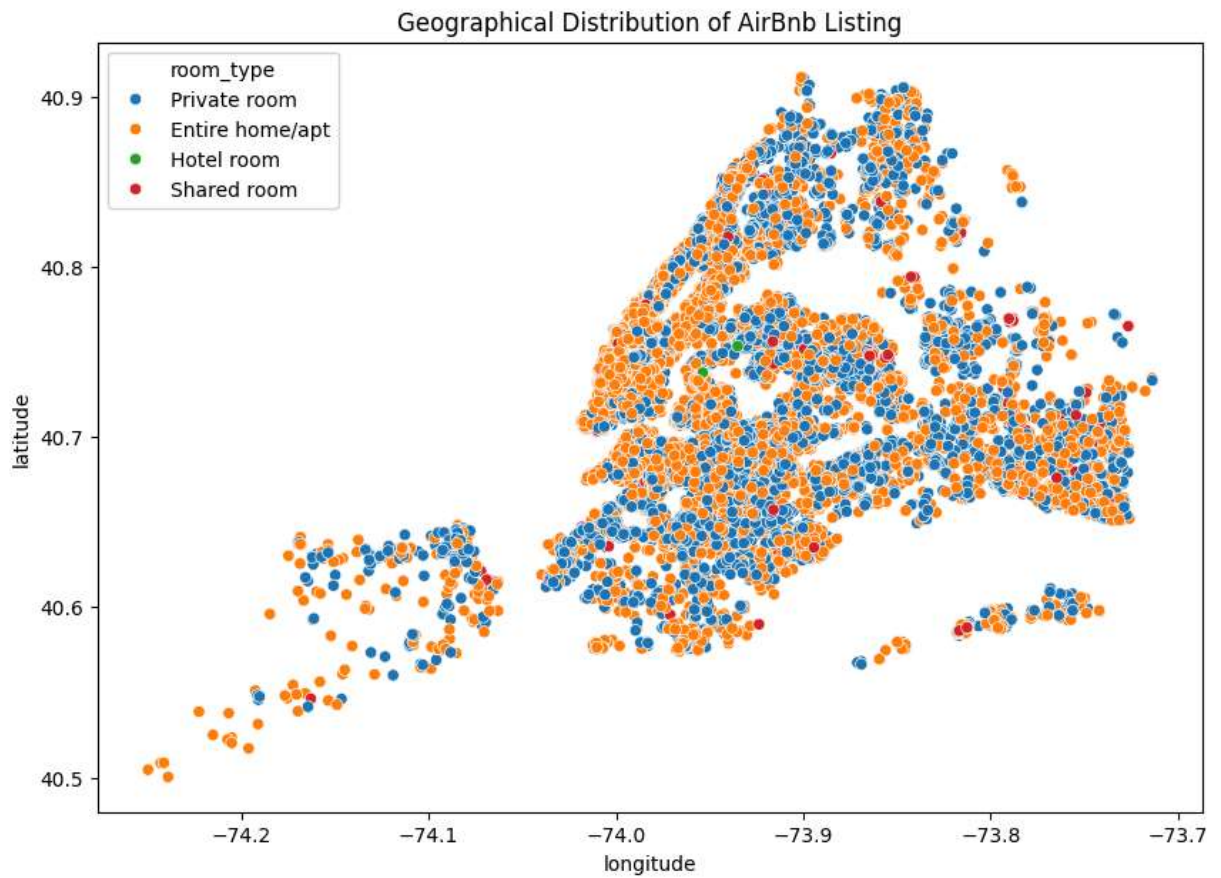


```
In [81]: sns.pairplot(data=df, vars=['price', 'minimum_nights', 'number_of_reviews', 'availa
```

```
Out[81]: <seaborn.axisgrid.PairGrid at 0x22074892660>
```



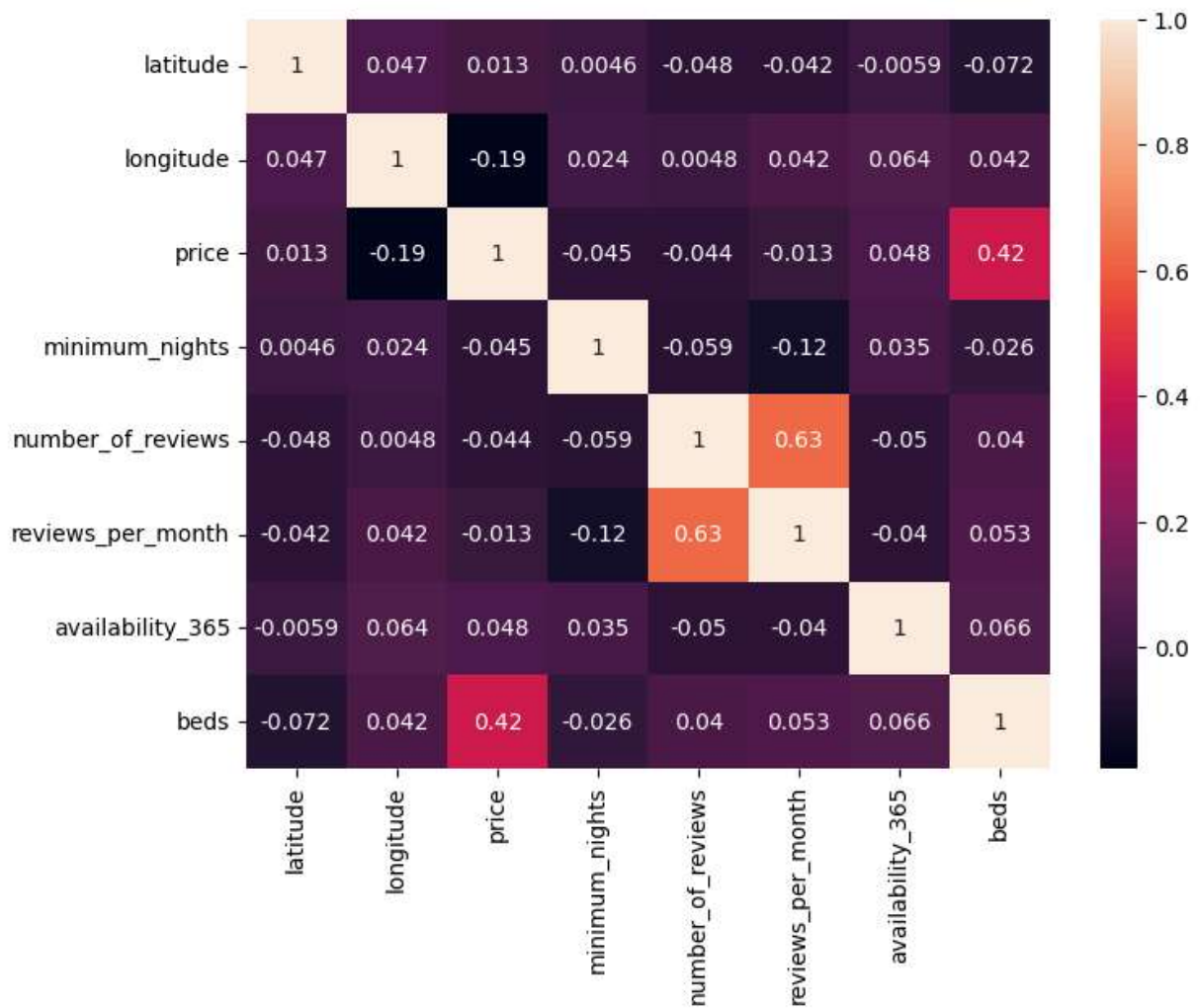
```
In [82]: #Geographical Distribution of Airbnb Listing
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 7))
sns.scatterplot(data=df, x='longitude', y='latitude', hue='room_type')
plt.title("Geographical Distribution of Airbnb Listing")
plt.show()
```



```
In [84]: # heat map - correlation of one variable with others for numerical column

corr = df[['latitude', 'longitude', 'price', 'minimum_nights', 'number_of_reviews',
corr

plt.figure(figsize=(8, 6))
sns.heatmap(data=corr, annot=True)
plt.show()
```



Insights from Visualization

Room Type vs Price (by Neighbourhood Group)

Private rooms tend to have lower average prices compared to entire homes/apartments across all neighbourhood groups.

Manhattan shows the highest price levels, especially for entire homes.

Bronx and Staten Island generally have the lowest prices for all room types.

Neighbourhood Group Distribution

Brooklyn and Manhattan dominate the listings in terms of count.

Queens, Bronx, and Staten Island have relatively fewer listings, but can be strategic for budget travelers.

Price Distribution Patterns

There's a positive skew in price distributions—most listings are priced at the lower end, but a few high-priced listings pull up the average.

Outliers exist particularly in Manhattan, suggesting the presence of premium accommodations.