Code Covention

Code convention is done to be easily understandable by other programmer or the one who have a knowledge of code written in a particular programming language. Code convention is helpful in writing a code in a good way and in such a manner that it is easily understandable and readable. The code convention in java is as given below:-

- 1. <u>File Organisation:</u> A file consist of a number of sections and each section should be separated by blank lines and comments if required.
 - Java Source File:- It should be in the following order :
 - o Beginning Comments.
 - Package and import statement
 - Class and interface declaration
- 2. <u>Indentation :-</u> The unit of indentation is four spaces. The description of indentation is given below:-
 - Line Length: The length of a line while writing any java code must be lesser than 80.So during its documentation one can easily understand it.
 - Wrapping Lines: Wrapping of line is done when a code is not able to fit in a single line. So wrapping is done as follows:
 - o Break after a comma.
 - Break before an operator.
 - o Break in such a manner that the next line must be easily understandable.
- 3. <u>Comments</u>:- Comments must be done to make the code easily relatable and understandable. Java supports two kind of comments:
 - Implementation comments:- In this if a developer is using the code to implement a particular thing then he/she use implementation comments.Its syntax is:-

• Documentation comments :- This comment is used to provide document comments consist of Html data or files.Its syntax is:-/**....*/

4. Declaration:

• Number Per Line :- One declaration per line is recommended. Example:- Int level; //indentation level.

Algorithm

Program1:-

Step1: Get the input as a digit from the user

Step2: Store it in any variable.

<u>Step3</u>: Declare a variable(Sum) to store the addition of numbers and set it to zero.

Step4: Repeat step5 and step6 till the digit does not equal zero.

<u>Step5</u>: Get the rightmost digit of a given number by using modulo operator(%) and divide it by 10 and then add it to _variable(sum).

<u>Step6</u>: Divide the number by 10 using operator(/)

Step7: Print the sum and that will be exit door.

Program 2:-

<u>Step1</u>: Take the input from the user of a particular date.

<u>Step2</u>: Store it in any variable.

<u>Step3</u>: Check date is between 1 to 31 or not.if not then goto step4 else goto step goto step5.

Step4 : Print "Invalid Input"

<u>Step5</u>: If the date % 2 equals to zero.Goto step 6 else goto step7.

Step6: Print "Cars with Even registration number are permitted today"

Step7: Print "Cars with Odd registration number are permitted today"

Program 3:-

Step1: Take the input for the weight of three horses.

Step2: Store it in three different variables.

<u>Step3</u>: If horse1 > horse2 goto step4 else goto Step7

Step4: If horse1 > horse3 goto step5 else goto step6

Step5: Print "Horse1 is the best horse"

Step6: Print "Horse3 is the best horse"

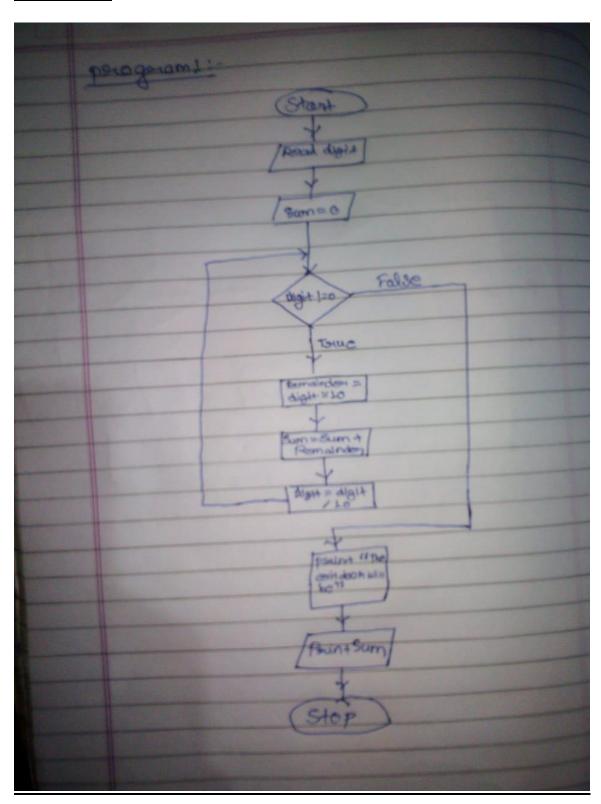
<u>Step7</u>: If horse2 > horse3 goto step8 else goto step9.

Step8 : Print "Horse2 is the best horse"

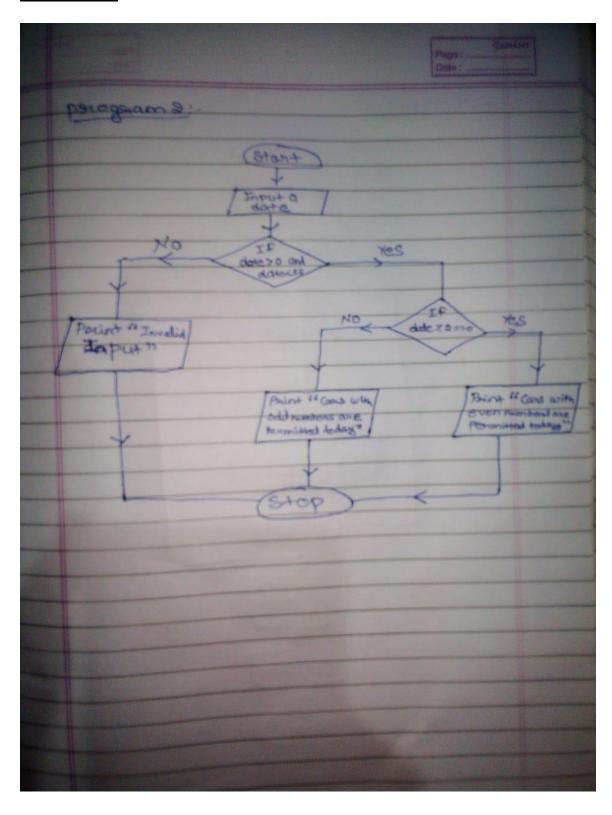
Step9: Print "Horse3 is the best horse"

Flow Chart

Program 1:-



Program 2:-



Program 3:-

