

Optimal Control of Unit Mass (New Norms)

ECE367 PS05 Problem 5.6 -- Aman Bhargava

We use the same setup from [last time](#), except with different norms regulating the 'fuel' consumption:

$$\|p\|_1 = \sum_i |p_i|, \text{ and } \|p\|_\infty = \max_i |p_i|$$

Part A

- Consider $\|p\|_1$ and find optimal solution using computer solver.
- Plot optimal force, position, and velocity.
- What do you observe, and how do they contrast to the l_2 solution?

Part A Answers

We observe a very sparse output vector. The 'engines' fire only once at the beginning and once at the end.

This is very expected from the l_1 norm bec

Part B

- Consider $\|p\|_\infty$ and find optimal solution using computer solver.
- Plot optimal force, position, and velocity.
- What do you observe, and how do they contrast to the l_2 and l_1 solution? Does it make sense?

Part C

See code below

```
In [1]: ### IMPORT BOX ###

using LinearAlgebra
using Plots
using JuMP
import GLPK
```

```
In [2]: #####
# GENERATING MATRIX M #
#####
ary_size = 10 # Resolution of our control system's control.
M = zeros(ary_size,ary_size)
```

```

row = zeros(1,ary_size)
row[1] = 0.5

for i = 1:ary_size
    M[i,:] = row
    for j = 1:ary_size-1
        row[ary_size-j+1] = row[ary_size-j]
    end
    row[1] += 1
end

M

```

```

Out[2]: 10×10 Array{Float64,2}:
 0.5  0.0  0.0  0.0  0.0  0.0  0.0  0.0  0.0  0.0
 1.5  0.5  0.0  0.0  0.0  0.0  0.0  0.0  0.0  0.0
 2.5  1.5  0.5  0.0  0.0  0.0  0.0  0.0  0.0  0.0
 3.5  2.5  1.5  0.5  0.0  0.0  0.0  0.0  0.0  0.0
 4.5  3.5  2.5  1.5  0.5  0.0  0.0  0.0  0.0  0.0
 5.5  4.5  3.5  2.5  1.5  0.5  0.0  0.0  0.0  0.0
 6.5  5.5  4.5  3.5  2.5  1.5  0.5  0.0  0.0  0.0
 7.5  6.5  5.5  4.5  3.5  2.5  1.5  0.5  0.0  0.0
 8.5  7.5  6.5  5.5  4.5  3.5  2.5  1.5  0.5  0.0
 9.5  8.5  7.5  6.5  5.5  4.5  3.5  2.5  1.5  0.5

```

```

In [3]: # Helper matrix to determine speed vector given control force vector #

B = zeros(ary_size,ary_size)

row = zeros(1,ary_size)
row[1] = 1

for i = 1:ary_size
    B[i,:] = row
    for j = 1:ary_size-1
        row[ary_size-j+1] = row[ary_size-j]
    end
end

B

```

```

Out[3]: 10×10 Array{Float64,2}:
 1.0  0.0  0.0  0.0  0.0  0.0  0.0  0.0  0.0  0.0
 1.0  1.0  0.0  0.0  0.0  0.0  0.0  0.0  0.0  0.0
 1.0  1.0  1.0  0.0  0.0  0.0  0.0  0.0  0.0  0.0
 1.0  1.0  1.0  1.0  0.0  0.0  0.0  0.0  0.0  0.0
 1.0  1.0  1.0  1.0  1.0  0.0  0.0  0.0  0.0  0.0
 1.0  1.0  1.0  1.0  1.0  1.0  0.0  0.0  0.0  0.0
 1.0  1.0  1.0  1.0  1.0  1.0  1.0  0.0  0.0  0.0
 1.0  1.0  1.0  1.0  1.0  1.0  1.0  1.0  0.0  0.0
 1.0  1.0  1.0  1.0  1.0  1.0  1.0  1.0  1.0  0.0
 1.0  1.0  1.0  1.0  1.0  1.0  1.0  1.0  1.0  1.0

```

```

In [4]: # Creating constraint matrix and running least squares to find smallest l2 norm

A = zeros(2,ary_size)
A[1,:] = M[10,:]
A[2,:] = ones(1,ary_size)

y = [1; 0]

A

```

```
Out[4]: 2×10 Array{Float64,2}:
  9.5  8.5  7.5  6.5  5.5  4.5  3.5  2.5  1.5  0.5
  1.0  1.0  1.0  1.0  1.0  1.0  1.0  1.0  1.0  1.0
```

l_1 Solution

```
In [5]: model = Model(GLPK.Optimizer)

clctr = ones(10)

@variable(model, p[1:10])
@variable(model, t[1:10]) # Helper variable

# @objective(model, Min, t[1]+t[2]+t[3]+t[4]+t[5]+t[6]+t[7]+t[8]+t[9]+t[10])
@objective(model, Min, sum(t))

@constraint(model, sum(p) == 0)

@constraint(model, 9.5p[1]+8.5p[2]+7.5p[3]+6.5p[4]+5.5p[5]+4.5p[6]+3.5p[7]+2.5p[8]+1.5p[9]+0.5p[10] = 1.0)

@constraint(model, p .<= t)
@constraint(model, p .>= -t)

@constraint(model, t .>= 0)

print(model)
```

Min $t[1] + t[2] + t[3] + t[4] + t[5] + t[6] + t[7] + t[8] + t[9] + t[10]$

Subject to

$p[1] + p[2] + p[3] + p[4] + p[5] + p[6] + p[7] + p[8] + p[9] + p[10] = 0.0$

$9.5 p[1] + 8.5 p[2] + 7.5 p[3] + 6.5 p[4] + 5.5 p[5] + 4.5 p[6] + 3.5 p[7] + 2.5 p[8] + 1.5 p[9] + 0.5 p[10] = 1.0$

$p[1] + t[1] \geq 0.0$

$p[2] + t[2] \geq 0.0$

$p[3] + t[3] \geq 0.0$

$p[4] + t[4] \geq 0.0$

$p[5] + t[5] \geq 0.0$

$p[6] + t[6] \geq 0.0$

$p[7] + t[7] \geq 0.0$

$p[8] + t[8] \geq 0.0$

$p[9] + t[9] \geq 0.0$

$p[10] + t[10] \geq 0.0$

$t[1] \geq 0.0$

$t[2] \geq 0.0$

$t[3] \geq 0.0$

$t[4] \geq 0.0$

$t[5] \geq 0.0$

$t[6] \geq 0.0$

$t[7] \geq 0.0$

$t[8] \geq 0.0$

$t[9] \geq 0.0$

$t[10] \geq 0.0$

$p[1] - t[1] \leq 0.0$

$p[2] - t[2] \leq 0.0$

$p[3] - t[3] \leq 0.0$

$p[4] - t[4] \leq 0.0$

$p[5] - t[5] \leq 0.0$

$p[6] - t[6] \leq 0.0$

$p[7] - t[7] \leq 0.0$

$p[8] - t[8] \leq 0.0$

```
p[9] - t[9] ≤ 0.0
p[10] - t[10] ≤ 0.0
```

```
In [6]: optimize!(model)
println("Termination status : ", termination_status(model))
println("Primal status      : ", primal_status(model))
```

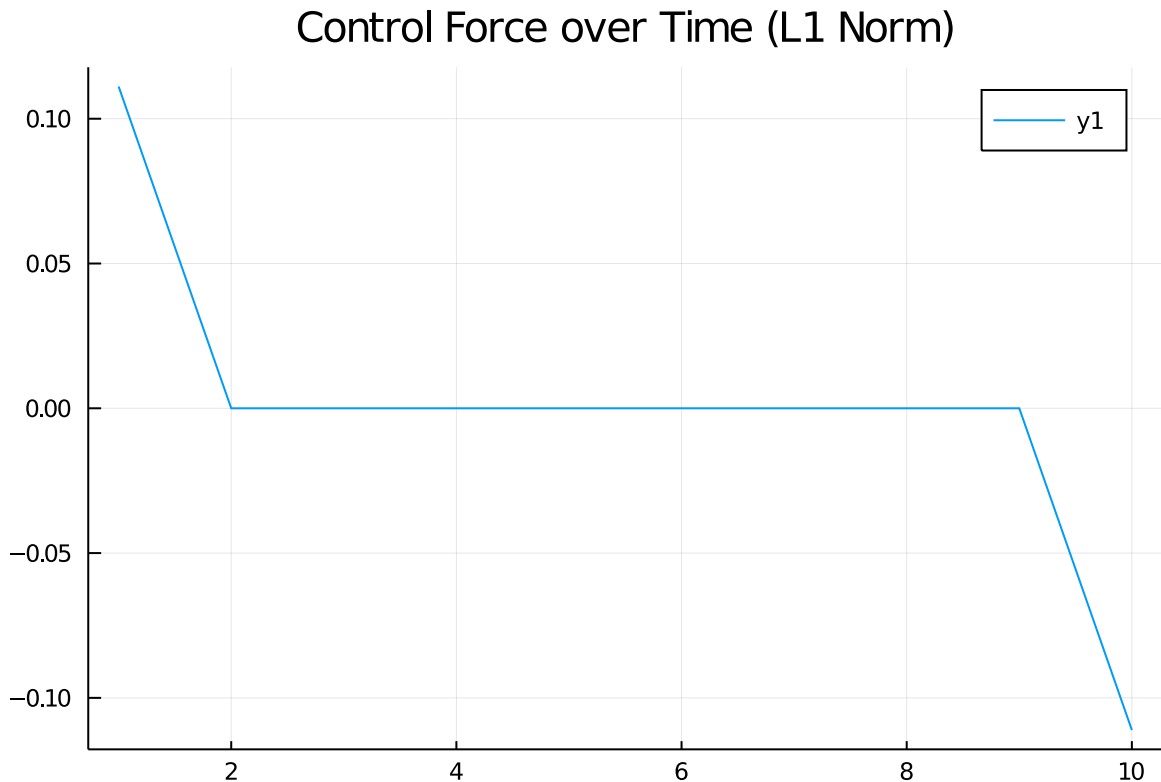
```
Termination status : OPTIMAL
Primal status      : FEASIBLE_POINT
```

```
In [7]: obj_value = objective_value(model)
p = value.(p)
x = M*p
```

```
Out[7]: 10-element Array{Float64,1}:
 0.05555555555555555
 0.16666666666666666
 0.27777777777777778
 0.38888888888888884
 0.5
 0.6111111111111111
 0.7222222222222222
 0.8333333333333333
 0.9444444444444444
 1.0
```

```
In [8]: Plots.plot(p)
Plots.title!("Control Force over Time (L1 Norm)")
```

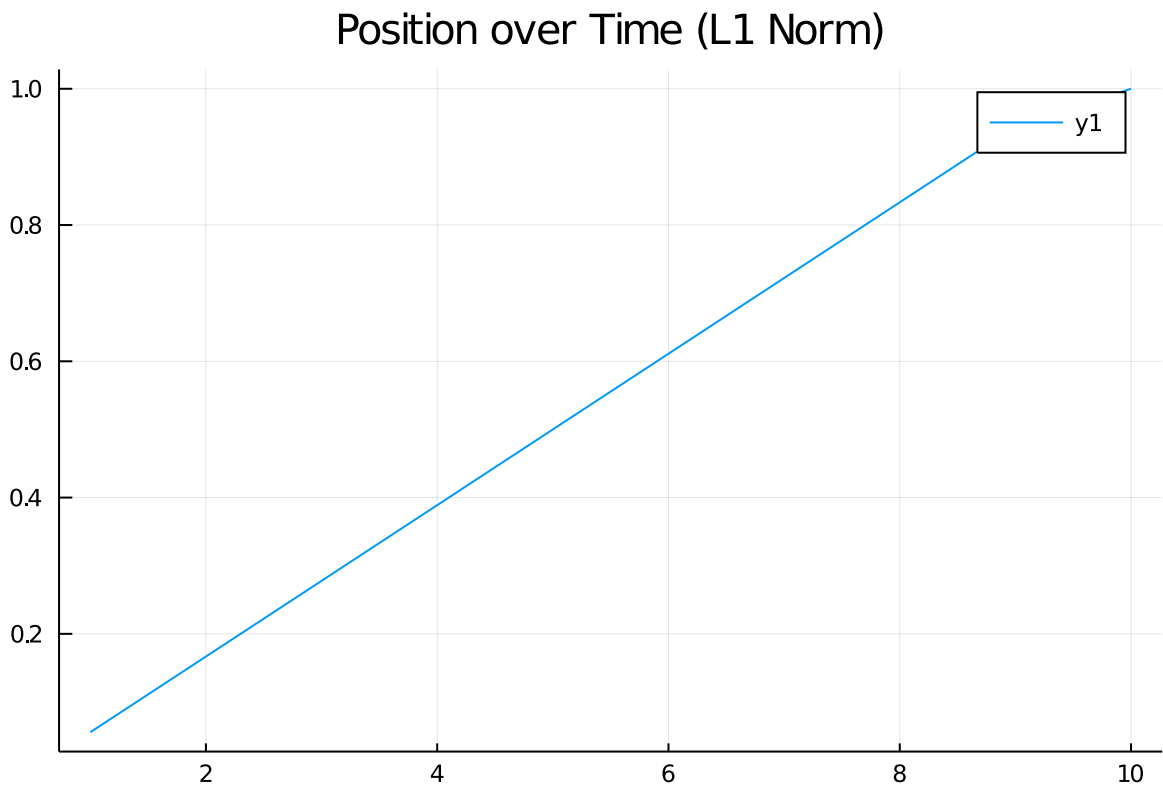
Out[8]:



```
In [9]: # Plotting position over time (A)

Plots.plot(x)
Plots.title!("Position over Time (L1 Norm)")
```

Out[9]:



l_2 Solution

```
In [10]: # Running least squares to solve for p

p = transpose(A)*inv(A*transpose(A))*y
# Calculating corresponding position vector

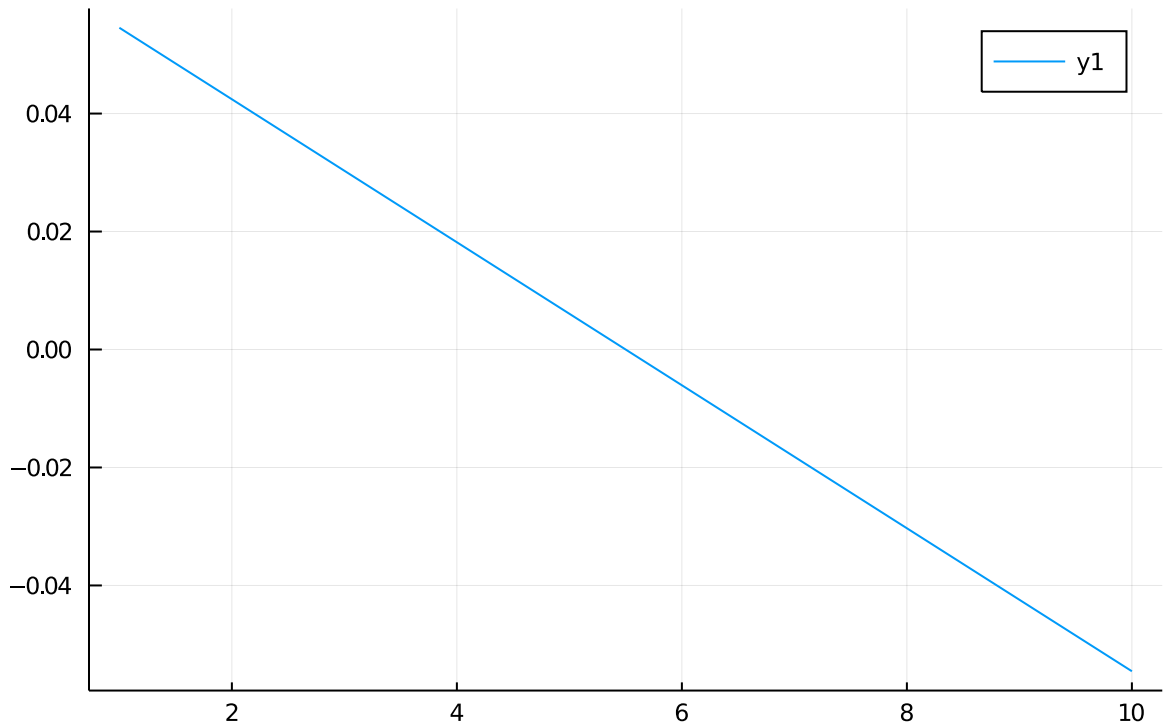
x = M*p

# Plotting control force vector over time

Plots.plot(p)
Plots.title!("Control Force over Time (L2 Norm)")
```

Out[10]:

Control Force over Time (L2 Norm)

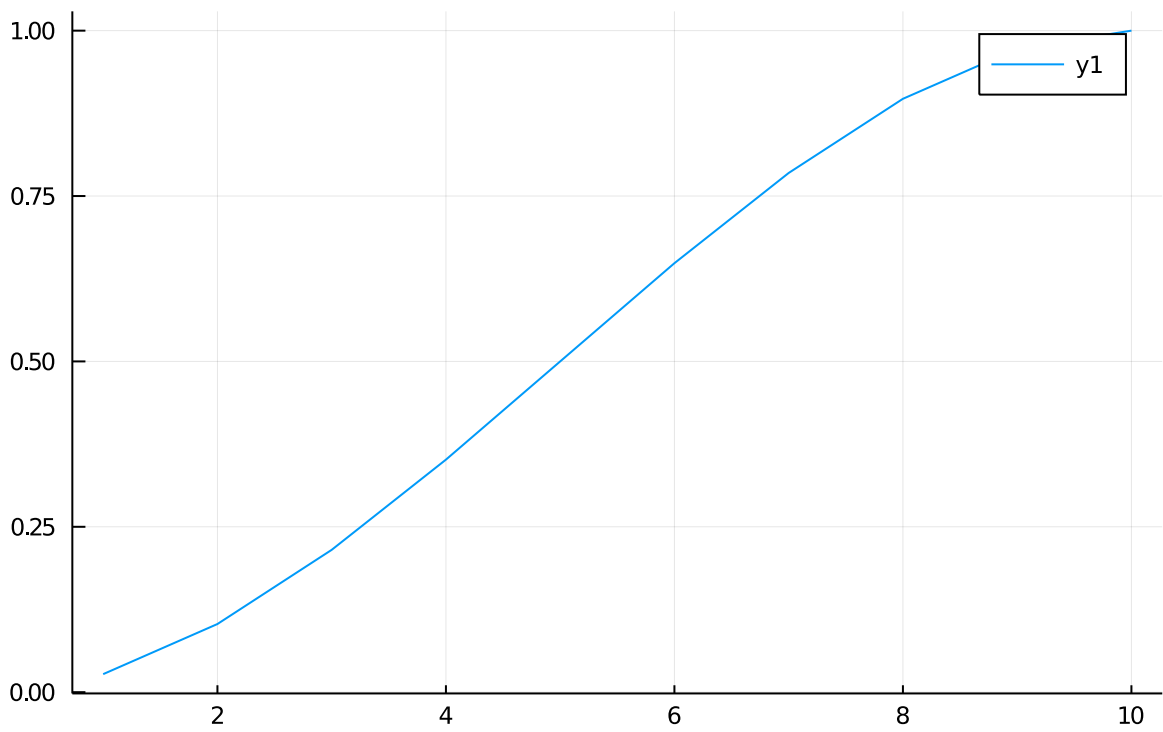


```
In [11]: # Plotting position over time (A)

Plots.plot(x)
Plots.title!("Position over Time (L2 Norm)")
```

Out[11]:

Position over Time (L2 Norm)



l_{∞} Solution

```
In [12]: model = Model(GLPK.Optimizer)

         clctr = ones(10)

         @variable(model, p[1:10])
         @variable(model, t) # Helper variable

         @objective(model, Min, t)

         @constraint(model, sum(p) == 0)

         @constraint(model, 9.5p[1]+8.5p[2]+7.5p[3]+6.5p[4]+5.5p[5]+4.5p[6]+3.5p[7]+2.5p[8]+1.5p[9]+0.5p[10] = 1.0)

         @constraint(model, p .<= t)
         @constraint(model, p .>= -t)

         @constraint(model, t .>= 0)

         print(model)
```

```
Min t
Subject to
  p[1] + p[2] + p[3] + p[4] + p[5] + p[6] + p[7] + p[8] + p[9] + p[10] = 0.0
  9.5 p[1] + 8.5 p[2] + 7.5 p[3] + 6.5 p[4] + 5.5 p[5] + 4.5 p[6] + 3.5 p[7] + 2.5 p[8] + 1.5 p[9] + 0.5 p[10] = 1.0
  p[1] + t ≥ 0.0
  p[2] + t ≥ 0.0
  p[3] + t ≥ 0.0
  p[4] + t ≥ 0.0
  p[5] + t ≥ 0.0
  p[6] + t ≥ 0.0
  p[7] + t ≥ 0.0
  p[8] + t ≥ 0.0
  p[9] + t ≥ 0.0
  p[10] + t ≥ 0.0
  t ≥ 0.0
  p[1] - t ≤ 0.0
  p[2] - t ≤ 0.0
  p[3] - t ≤ 0.0
  p[4] - t ≤ 0.0
  p[5] - t ≤ 0.0
  p[6] - t ≤ 0.0
  p[7] - t ≤ 0.0
  p[8] - t ≤ 0.0
  p[9] - t ≤ 0.0
  p[10] - t ≤ 0.0
```

```
In [13]: optimize!(model)
println("Termination status : ", termination_status(model))
println("Primal status      : ", primal_status(model))
```

```
Termination status : OPTIMAL
Primal status      : FEASIBLE_POINT
```

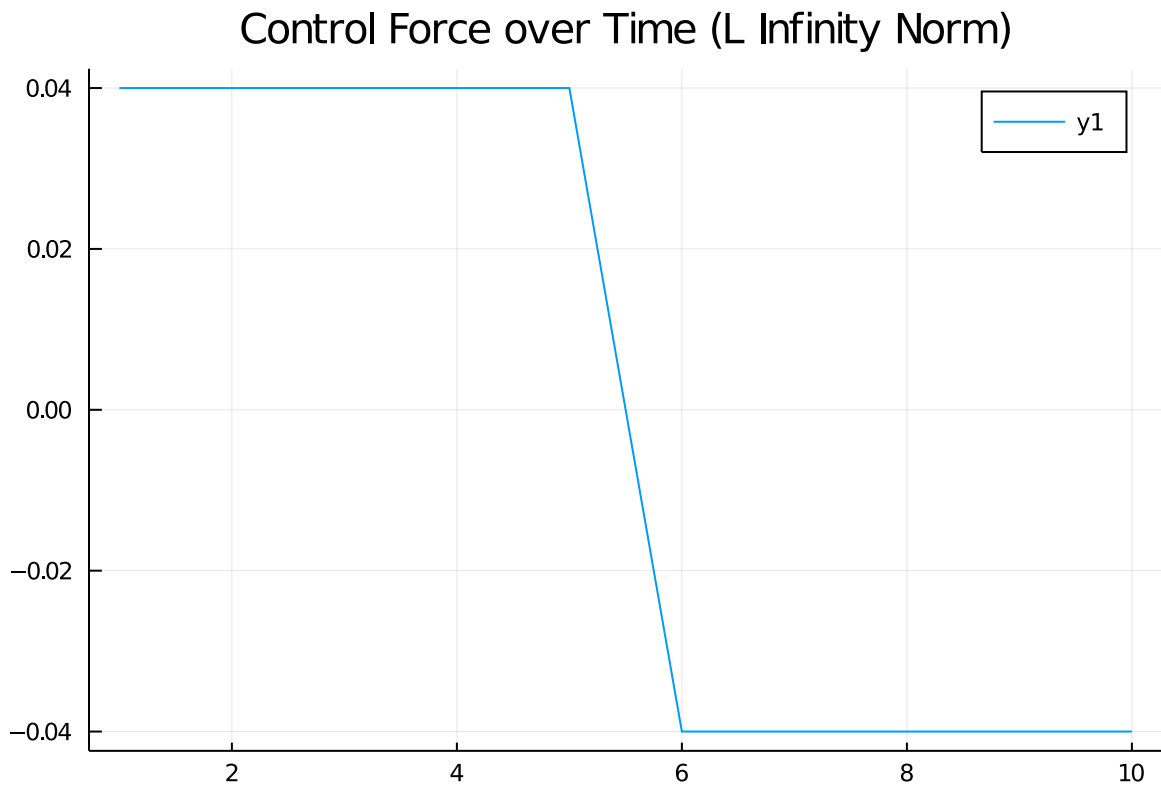
```
In [14]: obj_value = objective_value(model)
         p = value.(p)
         x = M*p
```

```
Out[14]: 10-element Array{Float64,1}:
 0.019999999999999997
 0.07999999999999999
 0.17999999999999997
```

```
0.31999999999999995
0.5
0.6799999999999999
0.82
0.9199999999999998
0.9799999999999995
1.0
```

```
In [15]: Plots.plot(p)
Plots.title!("Control Force over Time (L Infinity Norm)")
```

Out[15]:

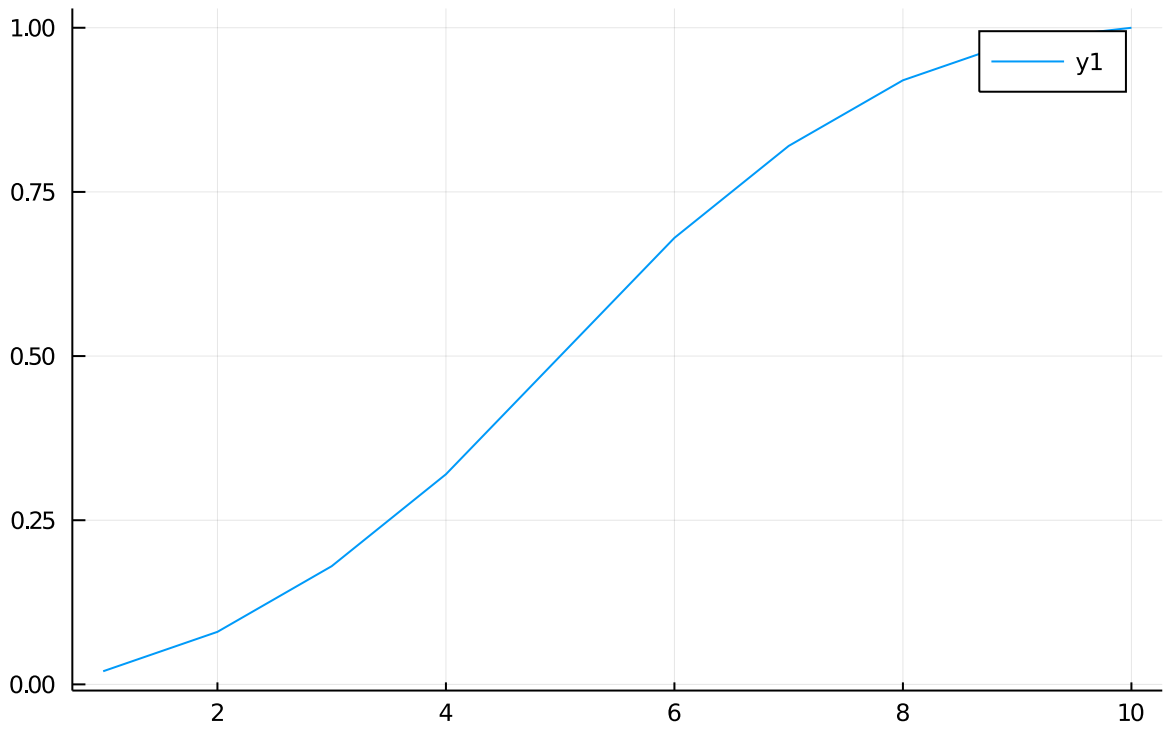


```
In [16]: # Plotting position over time (A)

Plots.plot(x)
Plots.title!("Position over Time (L Infinity Norm)")
```

Out[16]:

Position over Time (L Infinity Norm)



In []:

In []:

In []:

In []:

In []: