# MA374 Financial Engineering Lab Assignment - 9

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#### Question - 1

I collected option price data of five stocks for the duration of 28-Feb-2023 to 30-Mar-2021 from the NIFTY50 index. The stocks considered are:-

- AsianPaint
- ICICI BANK
- Tech Mahindra (TECHM)
- Wipro
- *UPL*

#### Question - 2

#### Theory for Part - (b)

In order to find the implied volatility we note that the call option price according to the BSM formulae is given by the following relations:-

$$\begin{split} C(t,s) &= sN(d_1) - ke^{-r\,\tau}N(d_2) \\ d_1 &= \frac{1}{\sigma\sqrt{(\tau)}}(\log(\frac{s}{k}) + (r + \sigma^2/2)\,\tau) \\ d\,2 &= d\,1 - \sigma\sqrt{(\tau)} \\ \tau &= T - t \\ N(x) &= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\,\Pi}}\int_{-\infty}^x e^{-\frac{x^2}{2}} \end{split}$$

Now from the data collected, we know the value of C(t,s) lets say P hence we need to find the roots of the equation  $f(\sigma)=0$  where

$$f(\sigma) = sN(d_1) - ke^{-r\tau}N(d_2) - P$$

Now we use Newton method in order to estimate the value of sigma . We use:-

$$\sigma_{n+1} = \sigma_n - \frac{f(\sigma_n)}{f'(\sigma_n)} \quad \sigma_0 = 0.3$$

Note that f'(x) is the Vega of the call option and can be found to be equal to  $s\sqrt{\tau}\,N'(\,d\,1)$ 

#### Theory for Part - (c)

I estimated historical volitility using the following technique:-

We thus observe  $S(t_0), \ldots, S(t_n)$ , and in order to estimate  $\sigma$  we use the fact that S has a log-normal distribution. Let us therefore define  $\xi_1, \ldots, \xi_n$  by

$$\xi_i = \ln\left(\frac{S(t_i)}{S(t_{i-1})}\right).$$

From (5.15) we see that  $\xi_1, \ldots, \xi_n$  are independent, normally distributed random variables with

$$E[\xi_i] = \left(\alpha - \frac{1}{2}\sigma^2\right)\Delta t,$$
$$Var[\xi_i] = \sigma^2 \Delta t.$$

Using elementary statistical theory we see that an estimate of  $\sigma$  is given by

$$\sigma^{\star} = \frac{S_{\xi}}{\sqrt{\Delta t}},$$

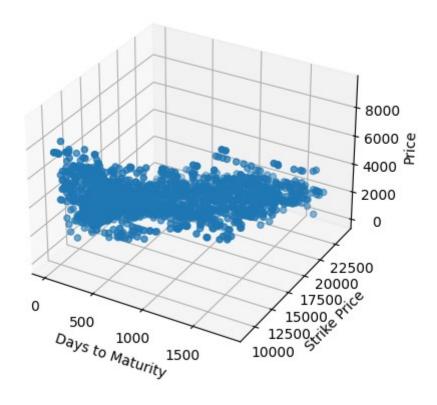
I am attaching the required results for part a,b and c of the 2nd problem for each stock from the next page:-

## $\underline{NOTE}$ - $\underline{OBSERVATIONS}$ FOR ALL THE PARTS ARE IN THE LAST PAGES

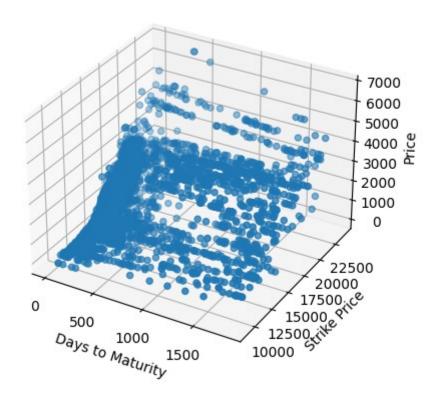
## **NIFTY**

<u>Part - (a)</u>

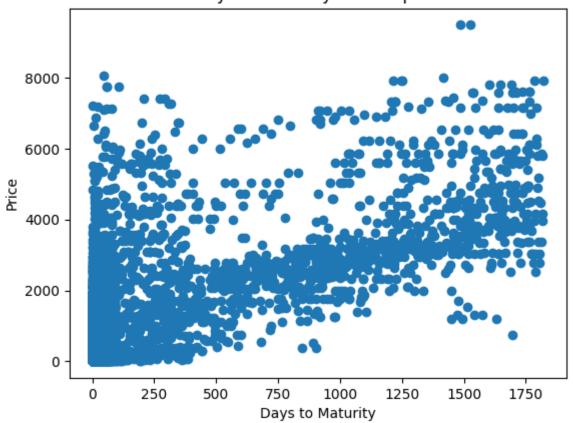
#### Price of European Call 3d for NSE

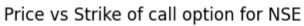


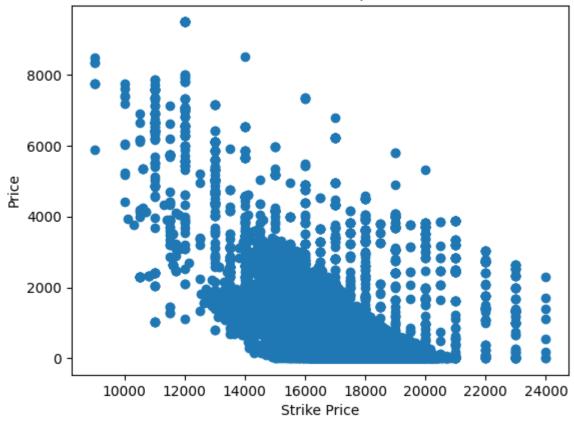
Price of European Put 3d for NSE



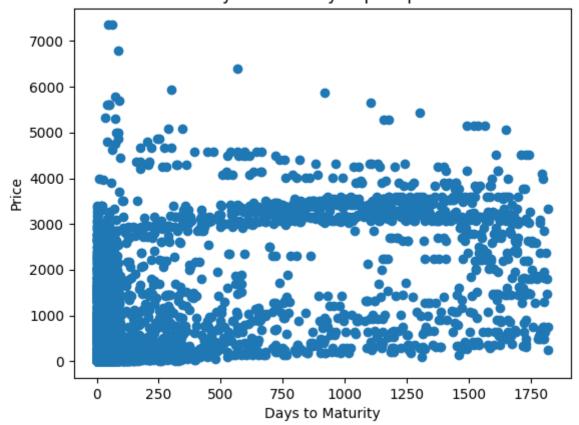
#### Price vs Days to Maturity of call option for NSE

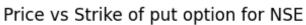


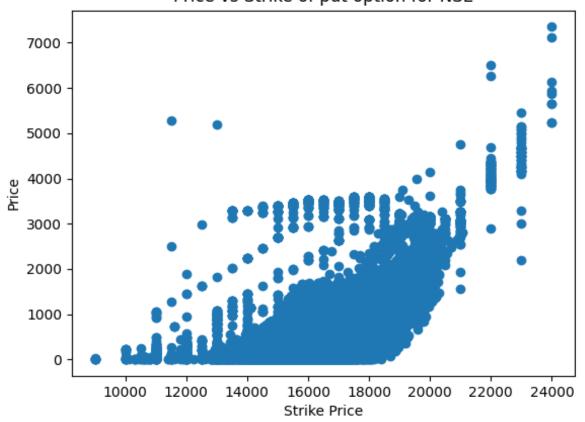




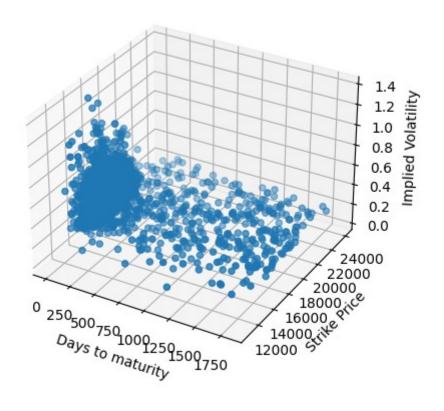
#### Price vs Days to Maturity of put option for NSE

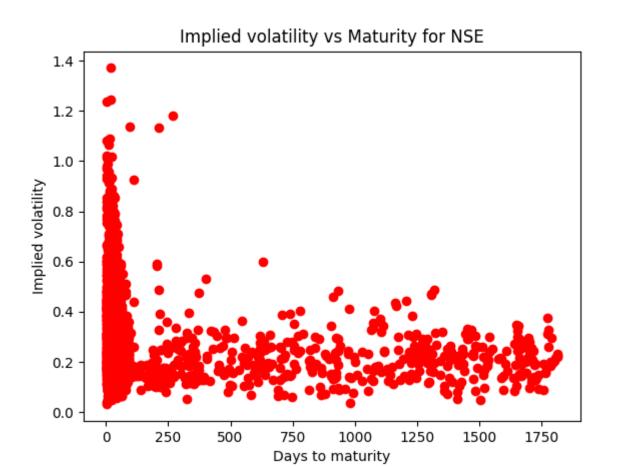




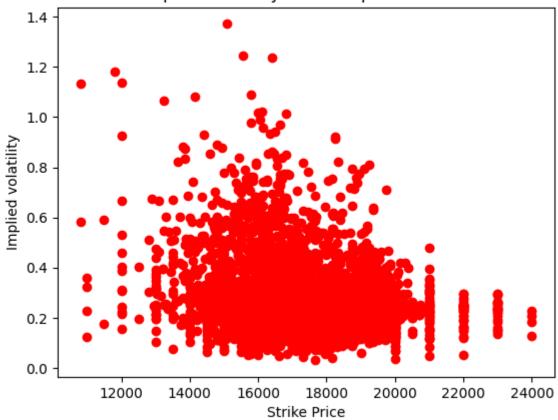


 ${
m \underline{Part}$  -  ${
m (b)}$  Implied volatility vs Maturity and Strike Price for NSE

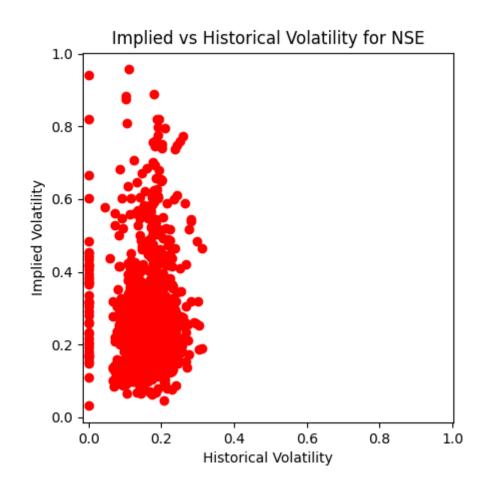


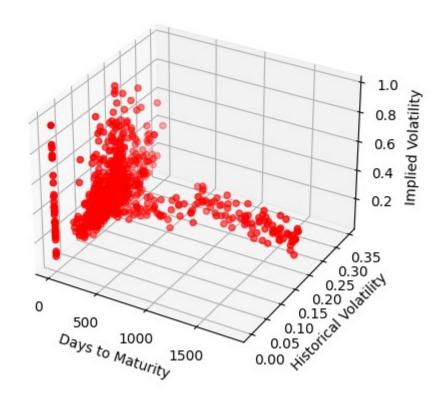






<u>Part - (c)</u>





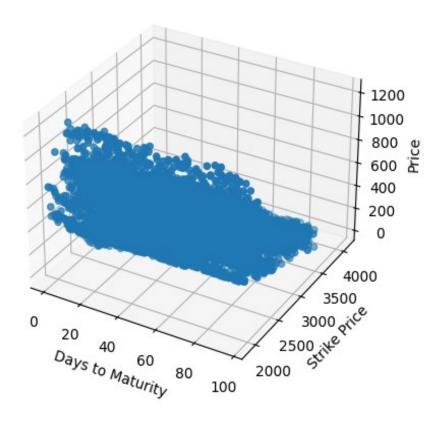
I am attaching the screenshot of tabulated values of implied and historical volatility of 15 randomly chosen points from my dataset for comparison

+   Days to Maturity	Implied Volatility	+   Historical Volatility
49   22   685   20   45   14   66   20   1477   31   20	0.31479 0.183026 0.313886 0.0684638 0.185711 0.707889 0.163289 0.130874 0.185332 0.284065 0.624073	0.241481 0.163722 0.173189 0.0808166 0.206274 0.169567 0.201515 0.151308 0.211289 0.188904 0.177512
40     28     1632     1080	0.111245 0.130062 0.222686 0.144066	0.126631   0.126892   0.206519   0.223667

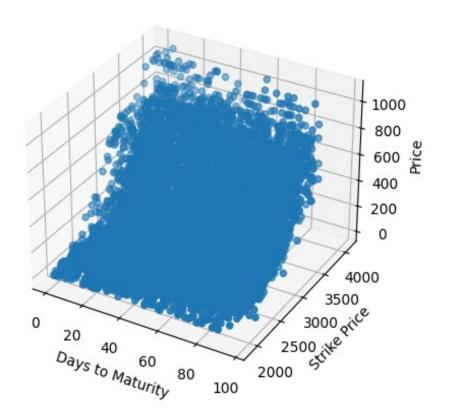
## **ASIANPAINT**

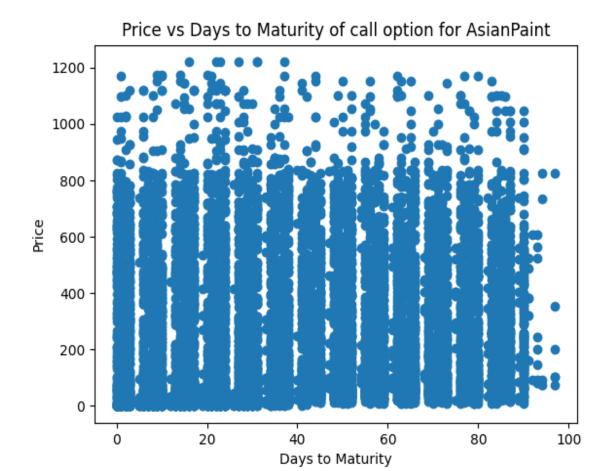
<u>Part - (a)</u>

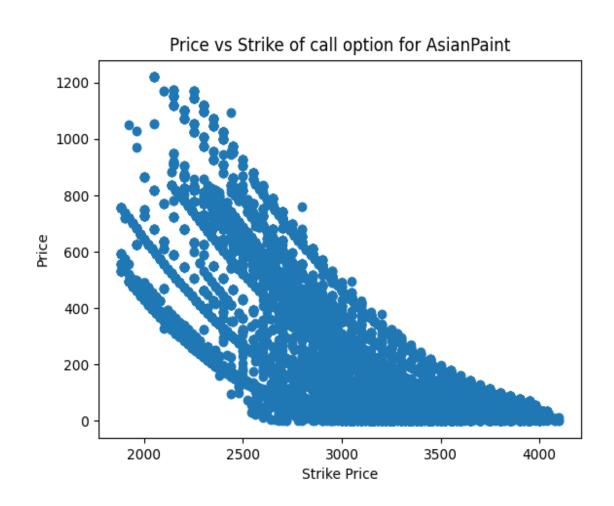
#### Price of European Call 3d for AsianPaint

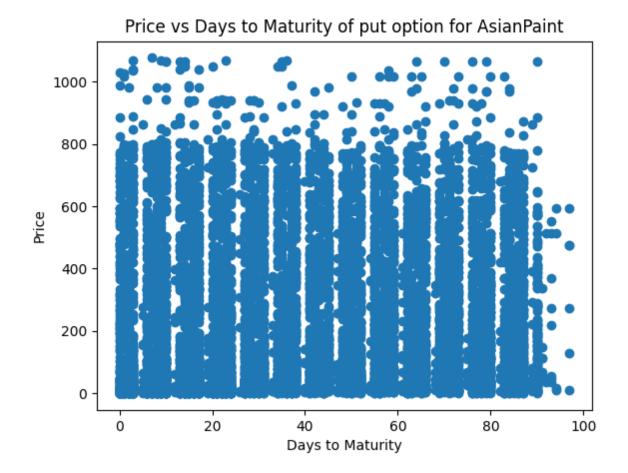


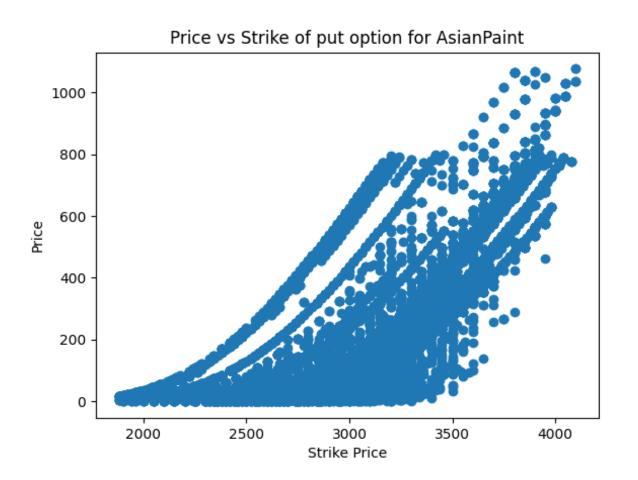
Price of European Put 3d for AsianPaint



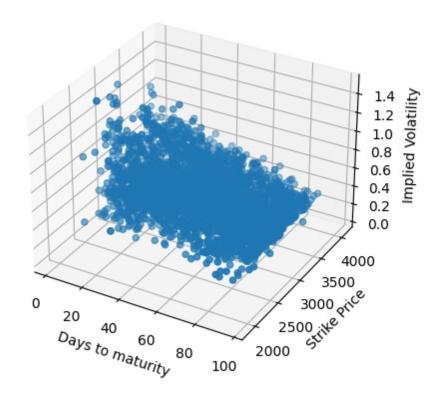


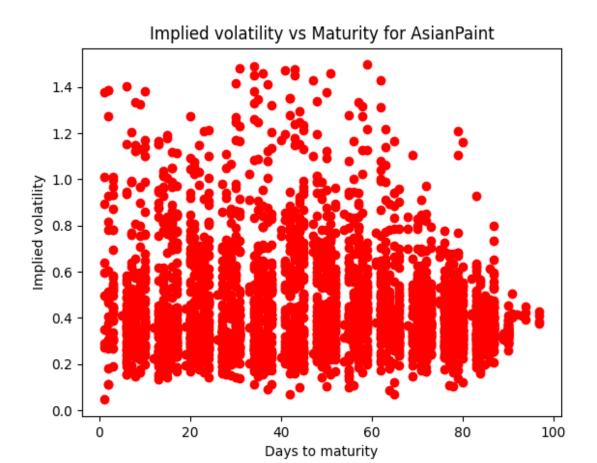




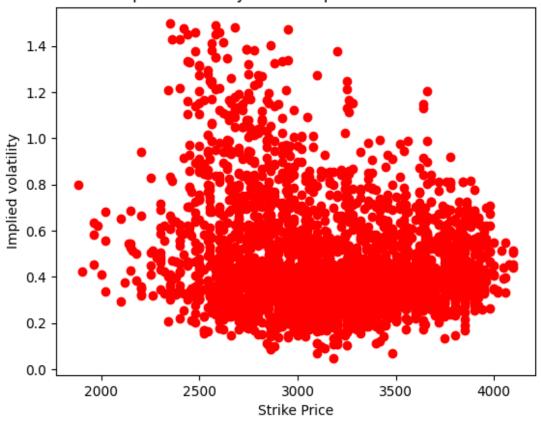


 $\underline{\mathbf{Part} \, - \, (\mathbf{b})}$  Implied volatility vs Maturity and Strike Price for AsianPaint

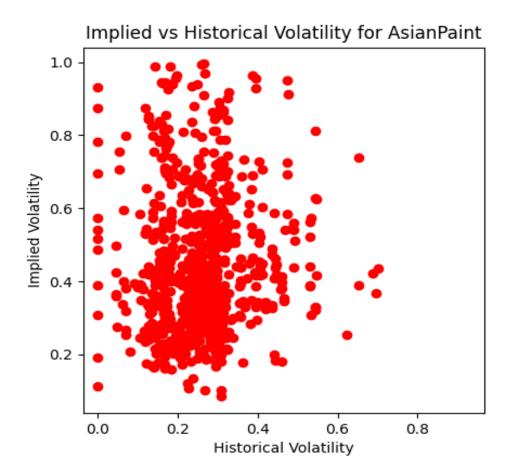


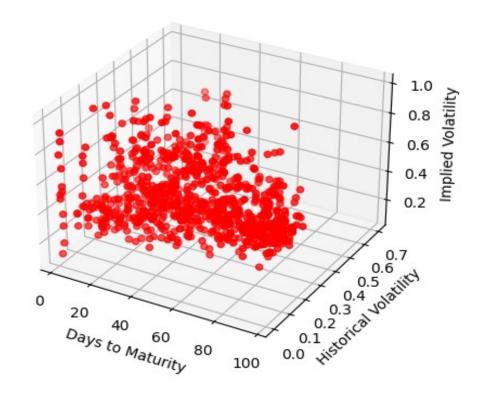






<u>Part - (c)</u>





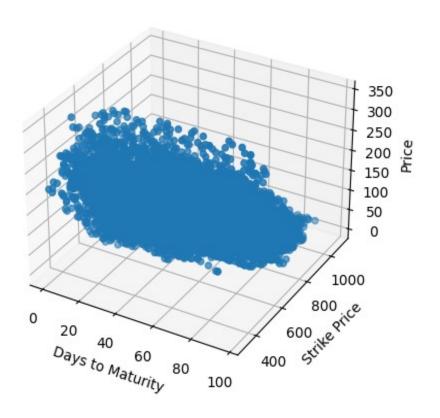
I am attaching the screenshot of tabulated values of implied and historical volatility of 15 randomly chosen points from my dataset for comparison

+		+
Days to Maturity	Implied Volatility	Historical Volatility
10	0.274481	0.23789
9	0.26427	0.116551
71	0.363259	0.284244
50	0.304293	0.303694
36	0.443901	0.253476
] 37	0.283395	0.251273
73	0.382945	0.229682
45	0.182955	0.445291
10	0.528045	0.253519
72	0.348765	0.256945
86	0.384529	0.247126
23	0.282801	0.22978
j 77 j	0.302678	0.250189
13	0.94362	0.167518
79	0.350486	0.248919

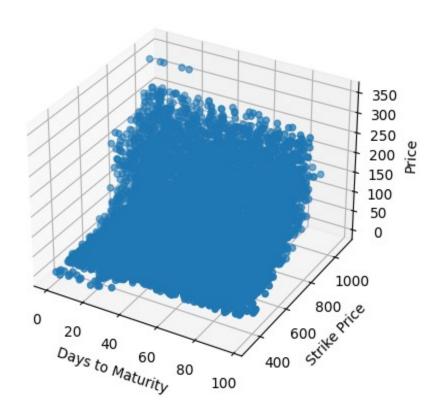
## **ICICIBANK**

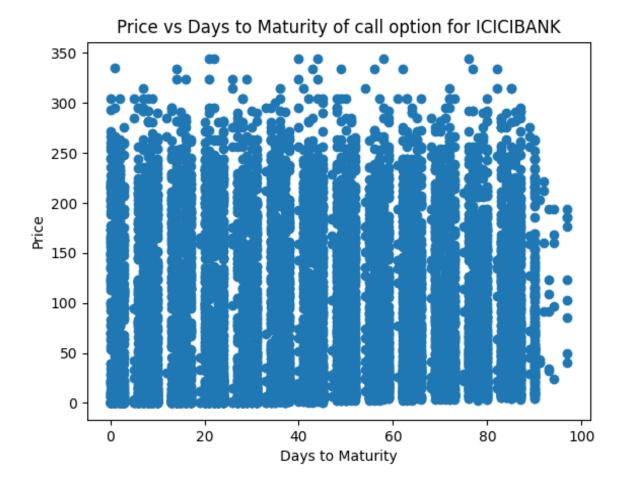
Part - (a)

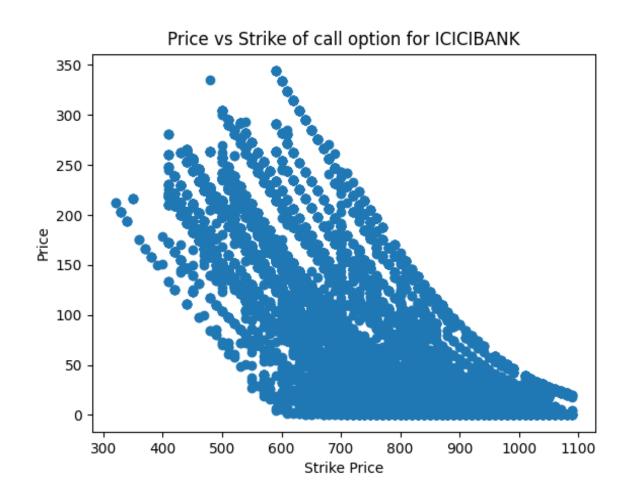
Price of European Call 3d for ICICIBANK

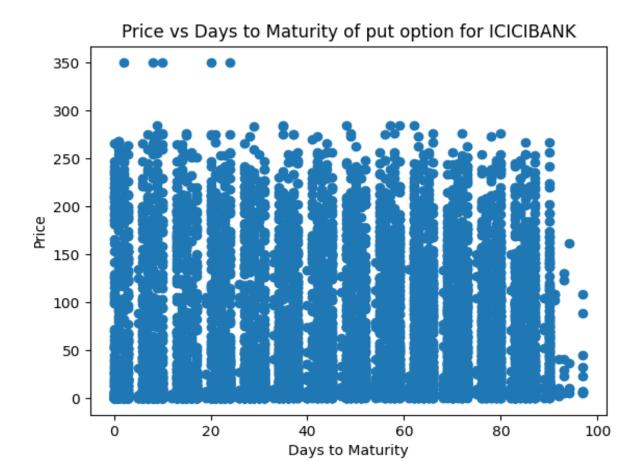


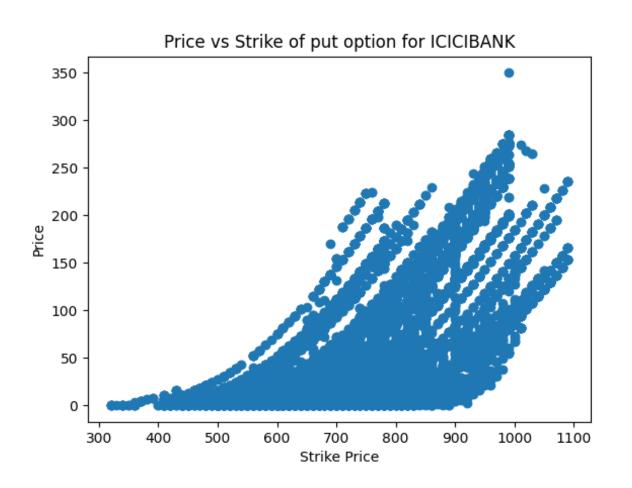
Price of European Put 3d for ICICIBANK



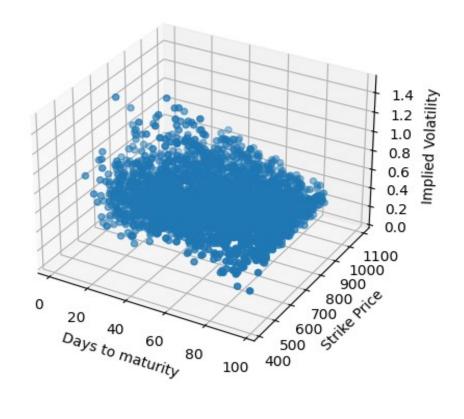


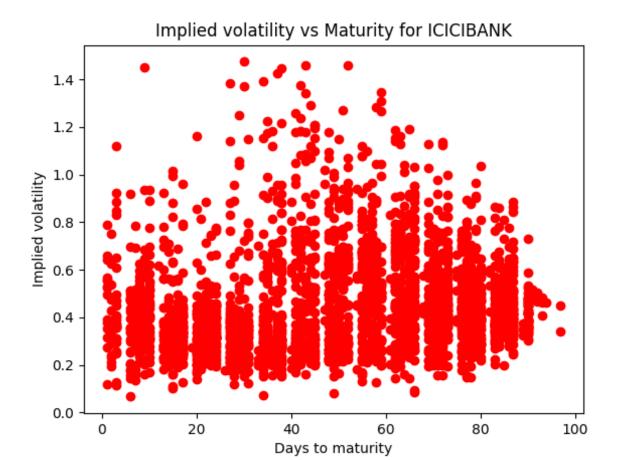




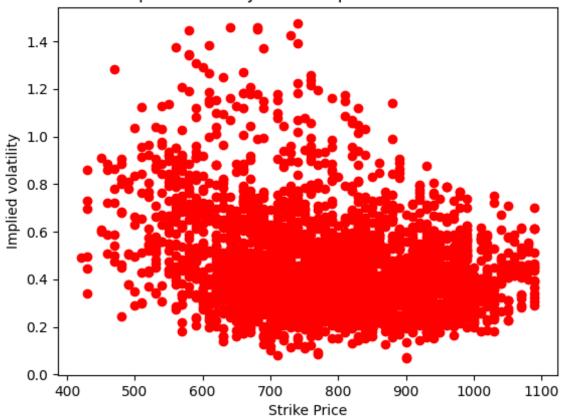


 $\underline{\mathbf{Part} \, - \, (\mathbf{b})}$  Implied volatility vs Maturity and Strike Price for ICICIBANK

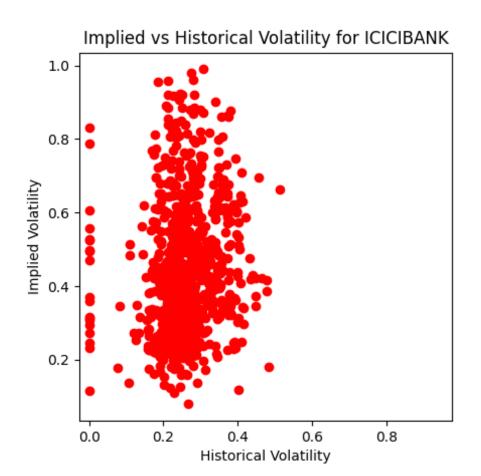


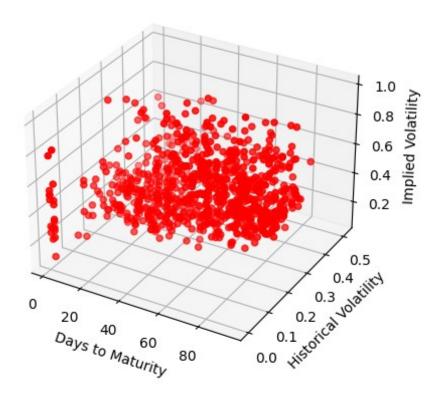






<u>Part - (c)</u>





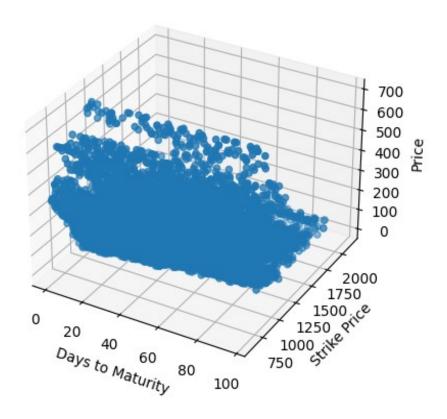
I am attaching the screenshot of tabulated values of implied and historical volatility of 15 randomly chosen points from my dataset for comparison

Days to Maturity	Implied Volatility	Historical Volatility
45	0.470872	0.2785
58	0.468119	0.224011
73	0.361824	0.238577
52	0.600145	0.246222
72	0.645183	0.352548
77	0.430063	0.266562
90	0.378527	0.270779
84	0.495415	0.344458
42	0.214641	0.288461
43	0.245449	0.192463
72	0.406273	0.218255
83	0.355435	0.208854
50	0.681007	0.223067
57	0.42564	0.233021
72	0.367191	0.237319

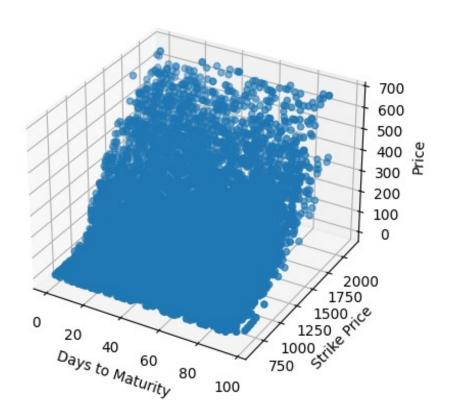
## **TECHM**

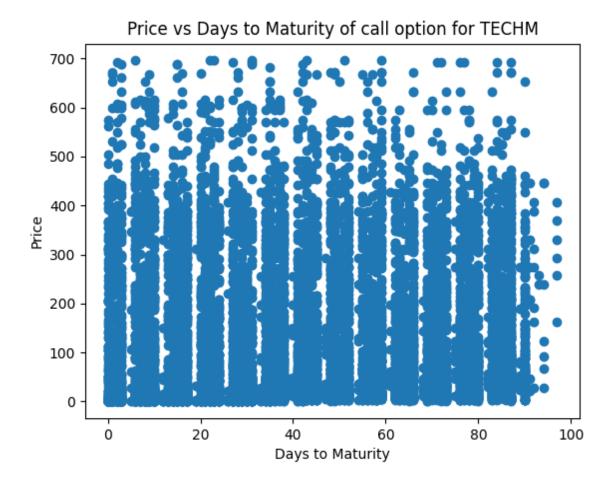
<u>Part - (a)</u>

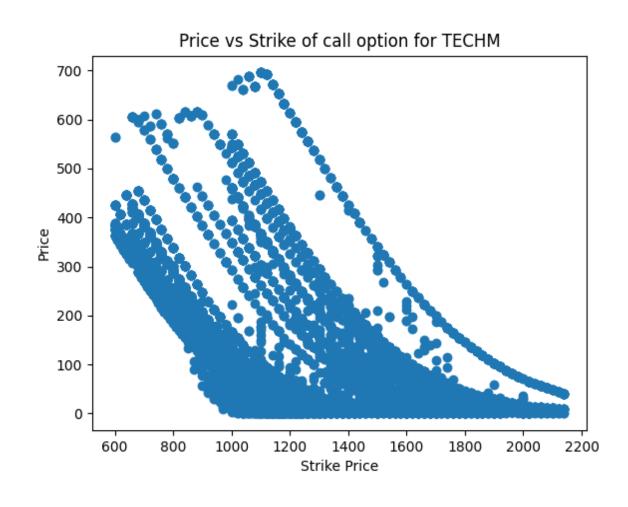
#### Price of European Call 3d for TECHM

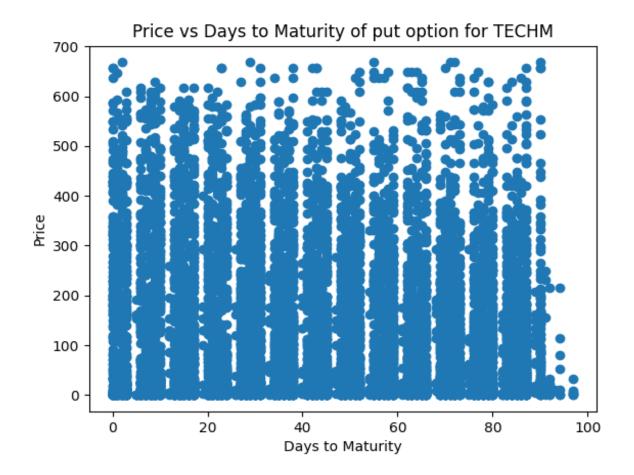


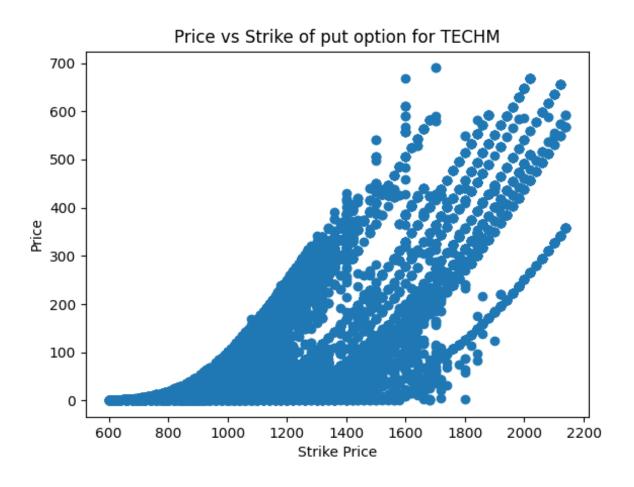
Price of European Put 3d for TECHM



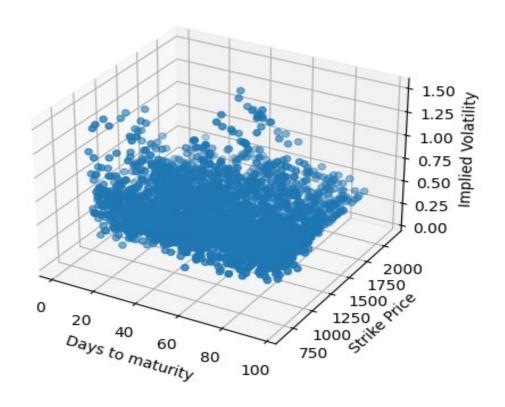


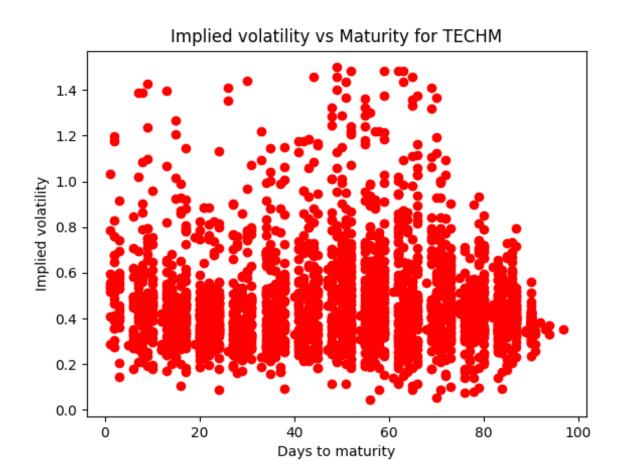


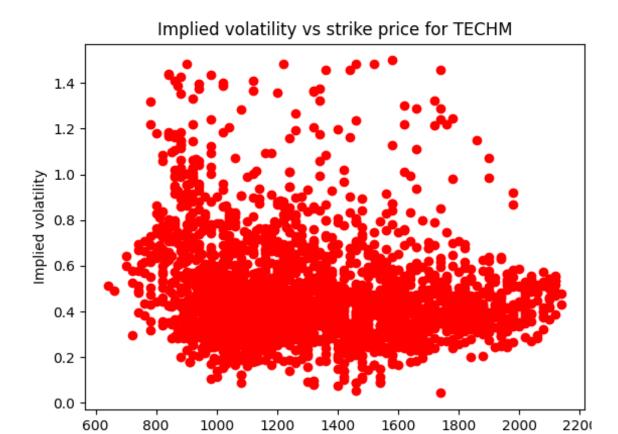




 $\frac{Part - (b)}{Implied \ volatility \ vs \ Maturity \ and \ Strike \ Price \ for \ TECHM}$ 

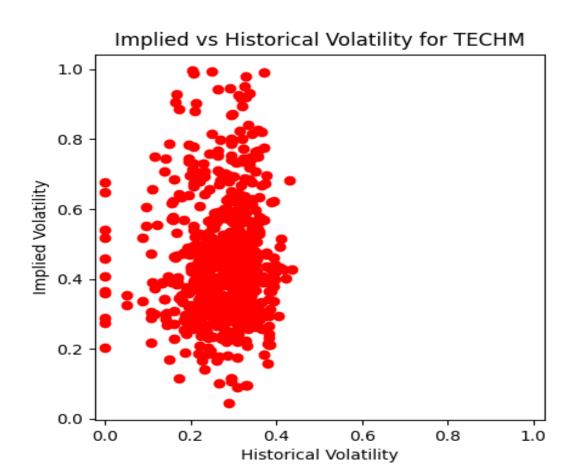


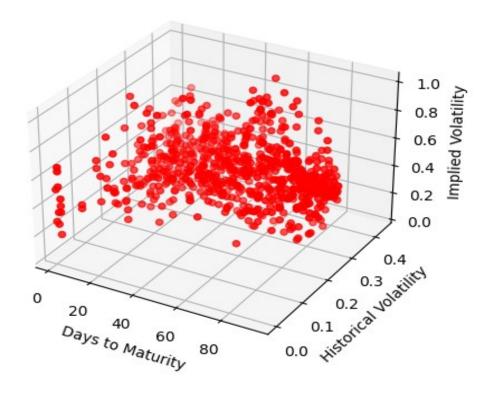




<u>Part - (c)</u>

Strike Price





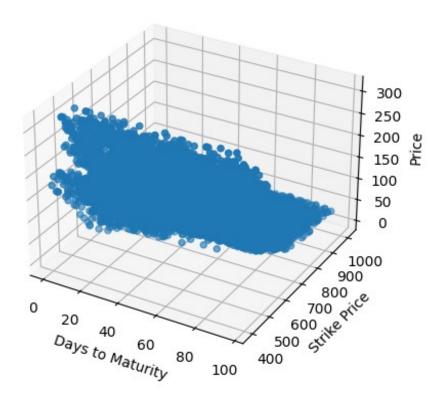
I am attaching the screenshot of tabulated values of implied and historical volatility of 15 randomly chosen points from my dataset for comparison

Days to Maturity	Implied Volatility	Historical Volatility
22	0.319486	0.333773
34	0.289979	0.364248
83	0.359387	0.324488
75	0.467421	0.317117
48	0.475013	0.377968
62	0.183427	0.371214
69	0.302145	0.208366
83	0.45204	0.271975
55	0.46983	0.257616
55	0.436723 0.203922	0.215882 0.000
86	0.392496	0.242984
10	0.518777	0.087616
43	0.243869	0.382347
8	0.269105	0.240378   +

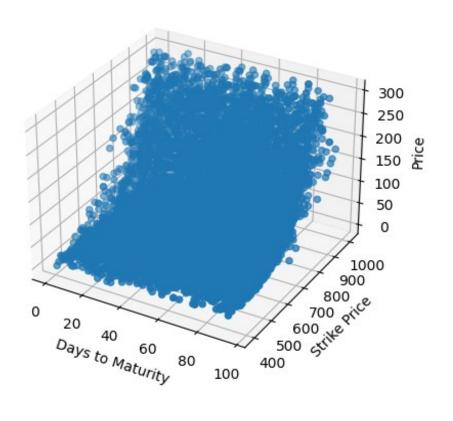
## **WIPRO**

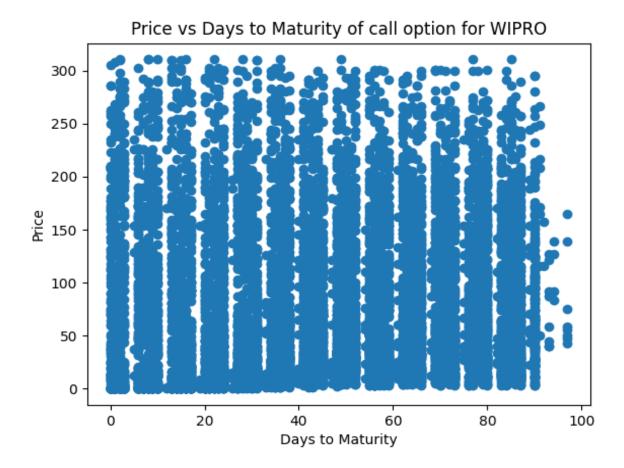
<u>Part - (a)</u>

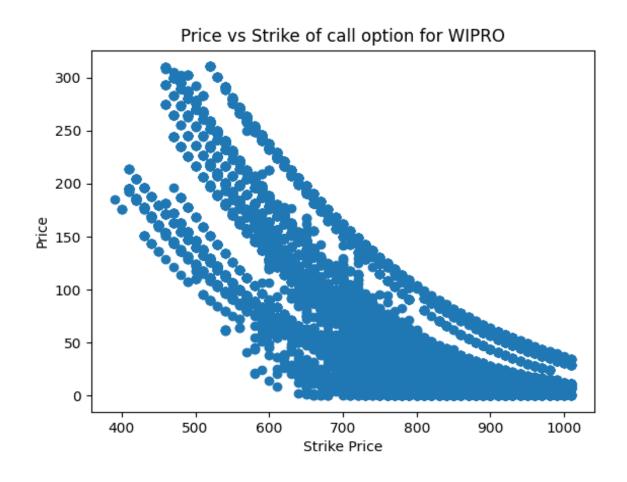
#### Price of European Call 3d for WIPRO

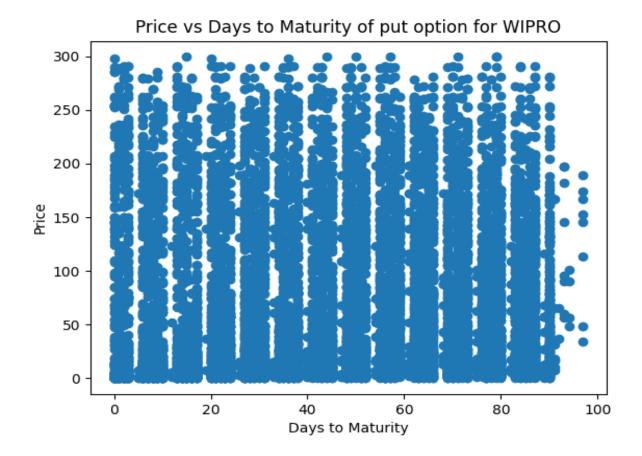


Price of European Put 3d for WIPRO





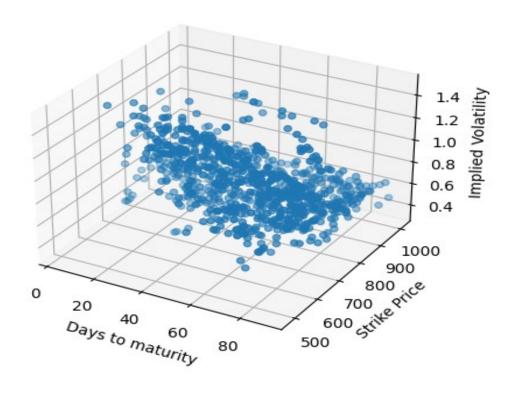


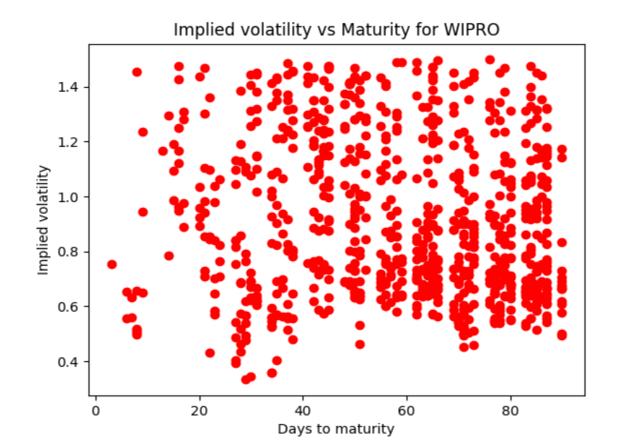


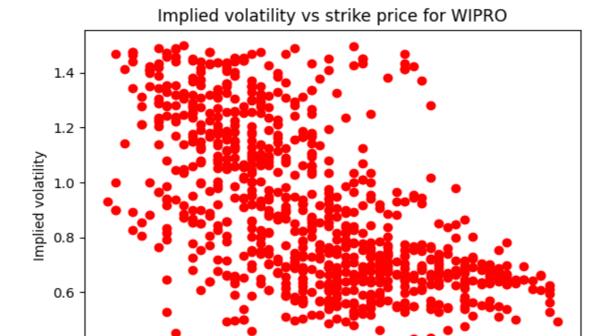


<u>Part - (b)</u>

## Implied volatility vs Maturity and Strike Price for WIPRO



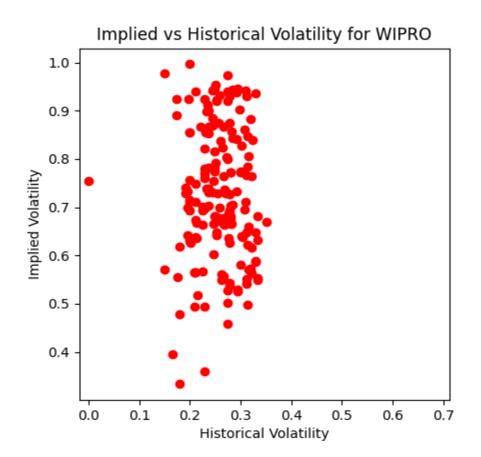


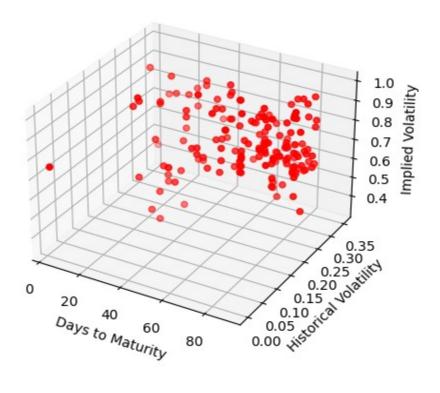


0.4

<u>Part - (c)</u>

Strike Price



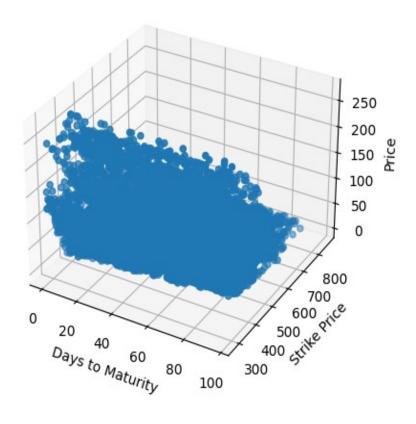


I am attaching the screenshot of tabulated values of implied and historical volatility of 15 randomly chosen points from my dataset for comparison

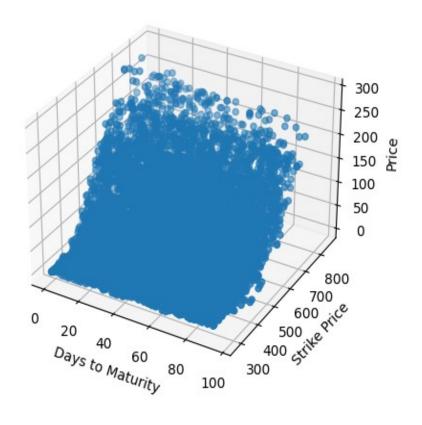
+   Days to Maturity	Implied Volatility	+   Historical Volatility
64	0.711515	0.211015
85	0.664432	0.269213
76	0.92391	0.228765
] 36	0.668793	0.351533
70	0.632869	0.332992
37	0.555074	0.175512
85	0.727479	0.278195
90	0.493661	0.228104
34	0.52876	0.294071
70	0.553727	0.332992
73	0.665423	0.279991
8	0.496968	0.314719
80	0.711881	0.309707
83	0.861767	0.306976
50	0.730381	0.245435
+		++

 $\underline{\mathbf{UPL}}$ 

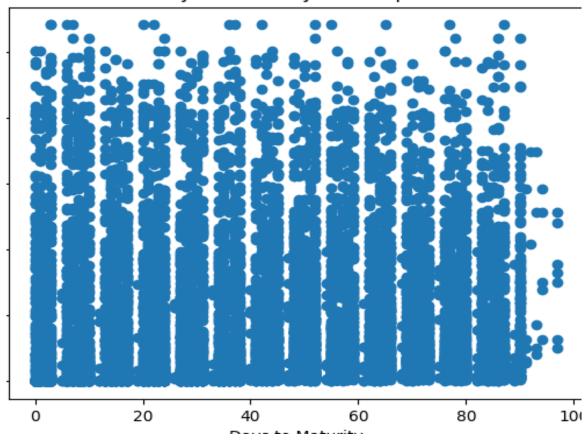
 $rac{Part\ -\ (a)}{Price\ of\ European\ Call\ 3d\ for\ UPL}$ 

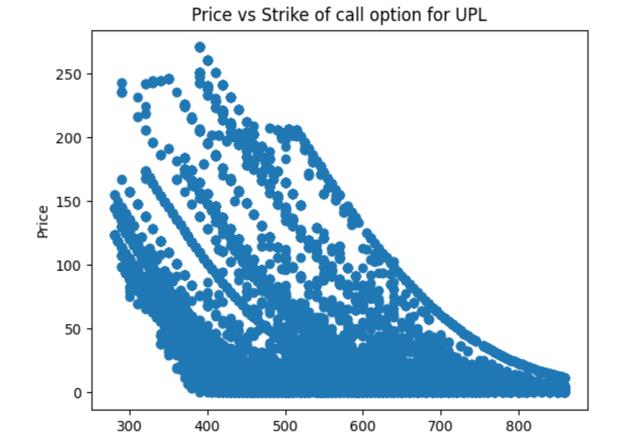


Price of European Put 3d for UPL

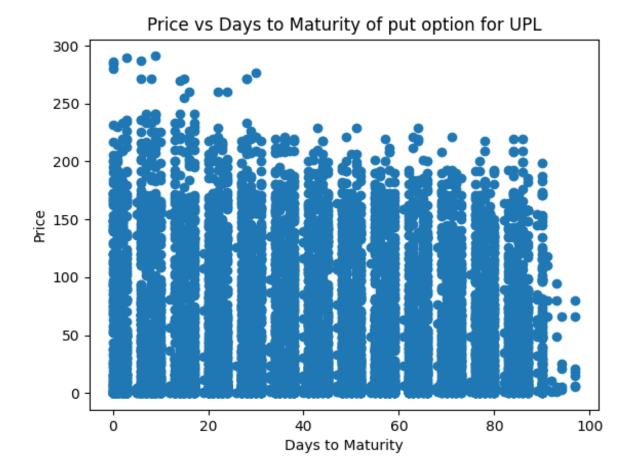


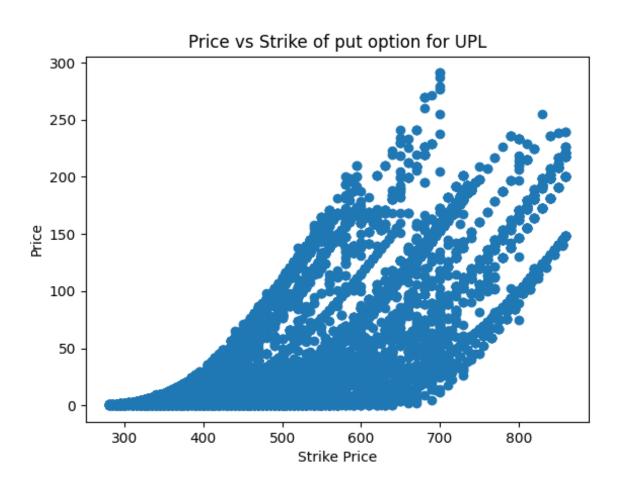
Price vs Days to Maturity of call option for UPL



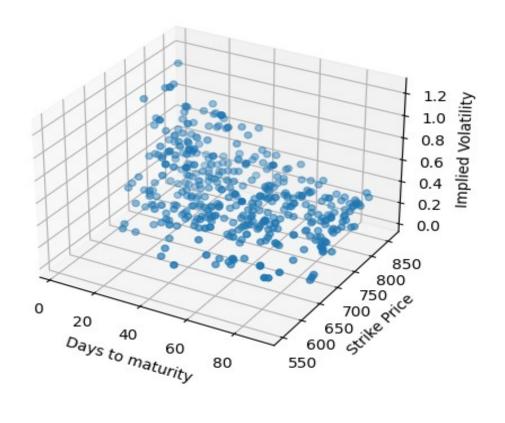


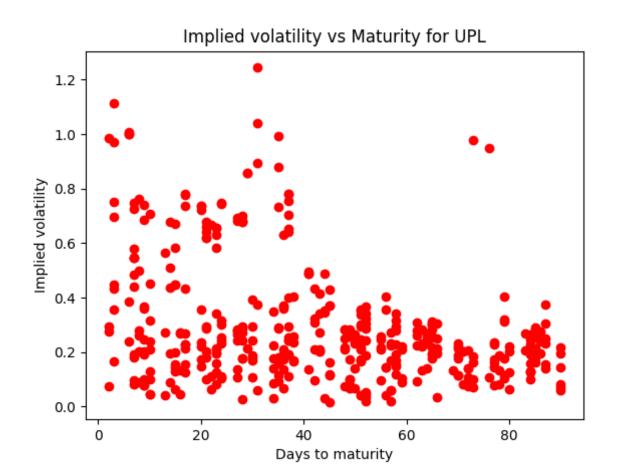
Strike Price



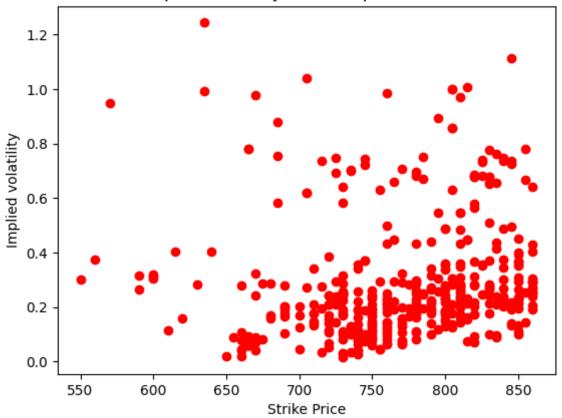


 $\underline{\mathrm{Part}\ \textbf{-}\ (b)}$  Implied volatility vs Maturity and Strike Price for UPL

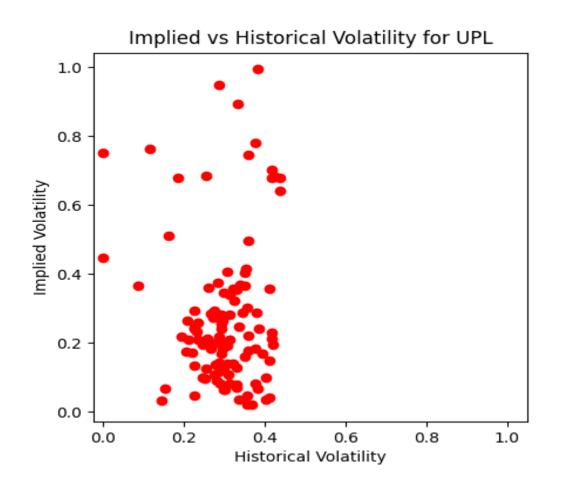


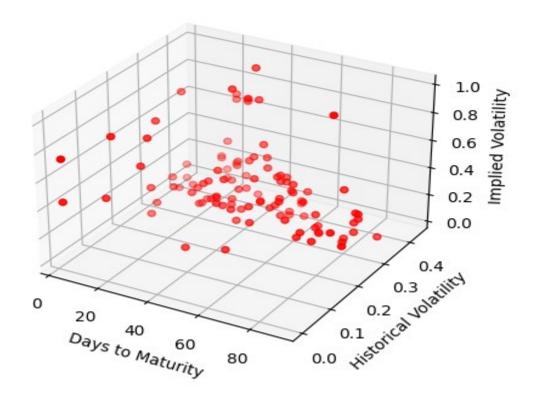






<u>Part - (c)</u>





I am attaching the screenshot of tabulated values of implied and historical volatility of 15 randomly chosen points from my dataset for comparison

++		
Days to Maturity	Implied Volatility	Historical Volatility
41	0.496075	0.360069
37	0.24284	0.22702
10	0.239619	0.22725
51	0.302407	0.356029
90	0.0710777	0.331322
45	0.369818	0.339566
48	0.209381	0.286679
85	0.281847	0.293822
3	0.751566	0
71	0.0825181	0.290985
27	0.10653	0.312332
84	0.264617	0.210079
90	0.218469	0.19542
15	0.128776	0.331092
35	0.993704	0.384296
++		

#### $\underline{Observations}$

#### Some important points

- → Since the number of data points is extremely large I have used random sampoling to sample about 10000 data points for plotting and about 5000 points for volatility analysis
- → The code for implied volatility takes about 1 minute to run
- → The data shown for implied vs historical volatility on output only comprises of about 15 points but the complete data is saved in the historical volatility folder for each stock as a csv file
- → On running the code there might be some runtime warnings which correspond to the divergence of Newton's method at certain points casuing overflow or underflow. I have rejected these data points in this experiment.

#### Observations for part(a)

- → We can clearly observe that the price of call option decreases with the strike price whereas for put option it increases. This is consistent with the pricing formulae of the classical Black Scholes model.
- → But the plot for call option and put option with maturity doesn't exactly match with our expectations. The general trend is that the price of call option tends to increase while that of put option tends to decrease with an increase in maturity period.
- → This may be due to the fact that that the market is affected due to many other factors and also that we are considering options of varying strike prices hence the general trend is disturbed.

#### Observations for part(b)

- → Theoretically, the implied volatility is generally a convex function of strike price, and the curve so formed is known as the Volatility Smile. This behaviour is prominent in stocks such as
  - ASIANPAINT,ICICIBANK,TECHM whereas for the other stock we do not see evidence of such behaviour
- → The volatility generally tends to decrease for larger maturity values, but for some of the above plots this nature is not observed.

#### Observations for part(c)

- → On observing the scatter plot of implied and historical volatility we can see that they are somewhat positively correlated and the values are quite similar to each other in most of the cases
- $\rightarrow$  However the implied volatility in general reaches higher values as compared to the historical volatility which is mostly in the range (0,0.3). The implied volatility on the other hand as certain outliers which take value of about 1.5.
- → The plot for historical vs implied volatility very well captures this relation. Other plots show the dependence of different types of volatility with varying strike price and maturity.