Data Analytics II

- 1. Implement logistic regression using Python/R to perform classification on Social_Network_Ads.csv dataset.
- 2. Compute Confusion matrix to find TP, FP, TN, FN, Accuracy, Error rate, Precision, Recall on the given dataset

import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as mtp

df=pd.read_csv("/content/Social_Network_Ads.csv")

df.head()

	User ID	Gender	Age	EstimatedSalary	Purchased
0	15624510	Male	19	19000	0
1	15810944	Male	35	20000	0
2	15668575	Female	26	43000	0
3	15603246	Female	27	57000	0
4	15804002	Male	19	76000	0

df.describe()

	User ID	Age	EstimatedSalary	Purchased	
count	4.000000e+02	400.000000	400.000000	400.000000	
mean	1.569154e+07	37.655000	69742.500000	0.357500	
std	7.165832e+04	10.482877	34096.960282	0.479864	
min	1.556669e+07	18.000000	15000.000000	0.000000	
25%	1.562676e+07	29.750000	43000.000000	0.000000	
50%	1.569434e+07	37.000000	70000.000000	0.000000	
75%	1.575036e+07	46.000000	88000.000000	1.000000	
max	1.581524e+07	60.000000	150000.000000	1.000000	

df.isnull().sum()

User ID 0
Gender 0
Age 0

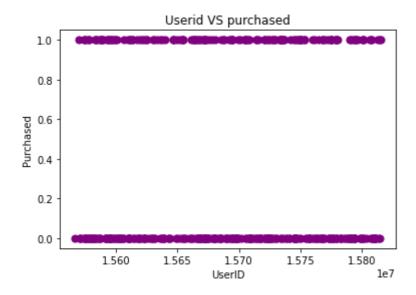
```
EstimatedSalary
                        0
    Purchased
     dtype: int64
df.shape
     (400, 5)
df.info()
     <class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
     RangeIndex: 400 entries, 0 to 399
     Data columns (total 5 columns):
         Column
                          Non-Null Count Dtype
     ---
                          -----
      0
        User ID
                         400 non-null
                                           int64
                          400 non-null object
      1
        Gender
      2
                          400 non-null int64
        Age
         EstimatedSalary 400 non-null int64
Purchased 400 non-null int64
      3
      4
     dtypes: int64(4), object(1)
    memory usage: 15.8+ KB
x = df.iloc[:,2:4]
y = df.iloc[:,4]
print(x)
          Age EstimatedSalary
     0
          19
                         19000
     1
           35
                         20000
     2
           26
                         43000
     3
           27
                         57000
     4
           19
                         76000
     . .
                          . . .
     395
          46
                         41000
     396
           51
                         23000
     397
           50
                         20000
     398
                         33000
           36
     399
           49
                         36000
     [400 rows x 2 columns]
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
x_train, x_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(x, y, test_size=0.25, random_state=42)
from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
from sklearn.linear_model import LogisticRegression
from sklearn.metrics import confusion_matrix,ConfusionMatrixDisplay,classification_report,
```

scale = StandardScaler()

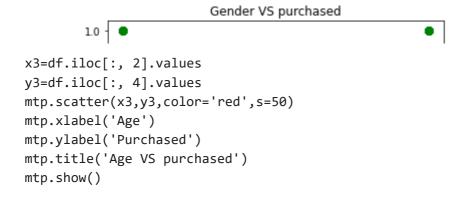
```
x_train = scale.fit_transform(x_train)
x_test = scale.transform(x_test)

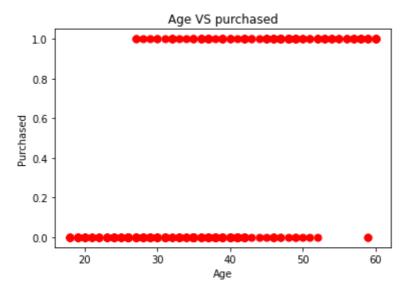
lr = LogisticRegression(random_state=0, solver='lbfgs')
lr.fit(x_train, y_train)
pred = lr.predict(x_test)

x1=df.iloc[:, 0].values
y1=df.iloc[:, 4].values
mtp.scatter(x1,y1,color='purple',s=50)
mtp.xlabel('UserID')
mtp.ylabel('Purchased')
mtp.title('Userid VS purchased')
mtp.show()
```

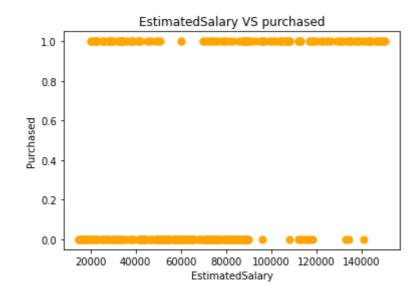


```
x2=df.iloc[:, 1].values
y2=df.iloc[:, 4].values
mtp.scatter(x2,y2,color='green',s=50)
mtp.xlabel('Gender')
mtp.ylabel('Purchased')
mtp.title('Gender VS purchased')
mtp.show()
```





```
x4=df.iloc[:, 3].values
y4=df.iloc[:, 4].values
mtp.scatter(x4,y4,color='orange',s=50)
mtp.xlabel('EstimatedSalary')
mtp.ylabel('Purchased')
mtp.title('EstimatedSalary VS purchased')
mtp.show()
```



import seaborn as sns
mtp.figure(figsize=(7,4))

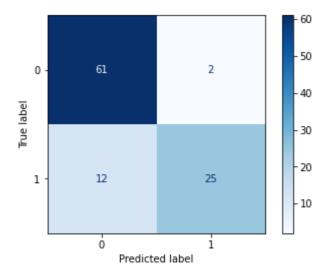
sns.heatmap(df.corr(),annot=True,cmap='cubehelix_r')
mtp.show()



matrix = confusion_matrix(y_test, pred, labels= lr.classes_)

conf_matrix = ConfusionMatrixDisplay(confusion_matrix=matrix,display_labels=lr.classes_)

conf_matrix.plot(cmap=mtp.cm.Blues)
mtp.show()



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