Practical 3

Write a program to implement k-Nearest Neighbor algorithm using a set of training data samples.

```
In [58]:
```

```
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
%matplotlib inline
```

In [59]:

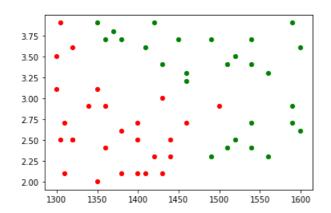
```
X = [[1590, 2.9], [1540, 2.7], [1600, 2.6], [1590, 2.7], [1520, 2.5], [1540, 2.4], [1560, 2.3], [1490, 2.3]
                    [1510,2.4],
                                                       [1350,3.9], [1360,3.7], [1370,3.8], [1380,3.7], [1410,3.6], [1420,3.9], [1430,3.4], [1450,3.7]
                      [1460,3.2],
                                                       [1590,3.9], [1540,3.7], [1600,3.6], [1490,3.7], [1520,3.5], [1540,3.4], [1560,3.3], [1460,3.3]
               [1510,3.4],
                                                       [1340,2.9], [1360,2.4], [1320,2.5], [1380,2.6], [1400,2.1], [1320,2.5], [1310,2.7], [1410,2.1]
                    [1305,2.5],
                                                       [1460,2.7], [1500,2.9], [1300,3.5], [1320,3.6], [1400,2.7], [1300,3.1], [1350,3.1], [1360,2.9]
                   [1305,3.9],
                                                       [1430,3.0], [1440,2.3], [1440,2.5], [1380,2.1], [1430,2.1], [1400,2.5], [1420,2.3], [1310,2.1]
 , [1350,2.0]]
 Y = ['accepted', 'accepted', '
                                                         'accepted', 'accep
                                                       'accepted', 'accep
                                                       'rejected', 'rejec
                                                       'rejected', 'rejec
 ted',
                                                         'rejected', 'rejec
 ted'1
 4
```

In [60]:

```
for i in range(len(X)):
    if Y[i] == 'accepted':
        plt.scatter(X[i][0], X[i][1], s=10, marker='P', linewidths=2, color='green')
    else:
        plt.scatter(X[i][0], X[i][1], s=10, marker='P', linewidths=2, color='red')
plt.plot()
```

Out[60]:

[]



```
In [61]:
```

```
def most found(array):
    list of words = []
    for i in range (len (array)):
        if array[i] not in list of words:
            list of words.append(array[i])
    most counted = ''
    n of most counted = None
    for i in range(len(list of words)):
        counted = array.count(list_of_words[i])
        if n of most counted == None:
            most_counted = list_of_words[i]
            n of most counted = counted
        elif n of most counted < counted:</pre>
            most_counted = list_of_words[i]
            n_of_most_counted = counted
        elif n of most counted == counted:
            most counted = None
    return most counted
```

In [62]:

```
def find neighbors(point, data, labels, k=3):
   n of dimensions = len(point)
    neighbors = []
    neighbor_labels = []
    for i in range (0, k):
        nearest neighbor id = None
        smallest distance = None
        for i in range(0, len(data)):
            eucledian dist = 0
            for d in range(0, n of dimensions):
                dist = abs(point[d] - data[i][d])
                eucledian dist += dist
            eucledian_dist = np.sqrt(eucledian_dist)
            if smallest_distance == None:
                smallest distance = eucledian dist
                nearest_neighbor_id = i
            elif smallest_distance > eucledian_dist:
                smallest distance = eucledian dist
                nearest neighbor id = i
        neighbors.append(data[nearest neighbor id])
        neighbor labels.append(labels[nearest neighbor id])
        data.remove(data[nearest neighbor id])
        labels.remove(labels[nearest neighbor id])
    return neighbor labels
def k_nearest_neighbor(point, data, labels, k=3):
    while True:
        neighbor_labels = find_neighbors(point, data, labels, k=k)
        label = most found(neighbor labels)
        if label != None:
           break
        k += 1
        if k \ge len(data):
            break
    return label
```

In [63]:

```
point = [1500, 2.3]
k nearest neighbor(point, X, Y, k=3)
```

Out[63]:

'accepted'