Reg. No. : Name



Campus: Vellore

Term End Lab Examination - November 2024

B.Tech - Computer Science Engineering - FFCS - V Semester

Course: BCSE308L - Computer Networks Lab

Time: 1 hour 30 minutes Max.Marks:50

Instructions:

1. Attempt the question number mentioned on your answer booklet.

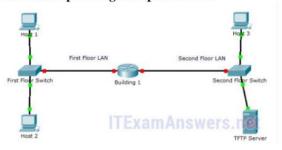
- 2. Mandatory Demonstrate any two lab assessments related to the question attempted with Viva-Voce
- 3. All the rough work should be done on answer booklet
- 4. Viva-Voce + Observation / Record:

- What is the Hamming distance for each of the following codes
 - a. d (10000, 00000)
 - b. d (10101, 10000)
 - c. d (11111,11111)
 - d. d (000, 000)

Using 5-bit sequence numbers, what is the maximum size of the send and receive windows for each of the following protocols?

- a. Stop-and-Wait ARQ
- b. Go-Back-N ARQ
- c. Selective-Repeat ARQ

Configure the following network as per the given specifications



Addressing Table

		Pv4 Address	Subnet Mask	Pv4 Defaul Gateway	
Device	Interface	wershi	Pv6 Default Gateway		
	G0.0	192 168 1.126	255 255 255 224	NA	
		2001 DB8 /	NA		
Building 1	G0/1	192 108 1 158	255 255 255 240	NA	
	G0/1	2001:0887	N/A		
	Link Local	FE	N/A		
Second Floor	Vian 1	192 168 1 157	255 255 255 240	192 168 1 158	
Switch		NA	NA	NA	
771114	NIC	192 168 1.97	255 255 255 224	197 168 1 126	
Host 1		2001:086	FE80:1		
Host 2	NIC	192.168.1.98	255 255 255 224	192 168 1 126	
Host 2		2001 DB8	FE80:1		
Host 3	NIC	192 108 1 145	255 255 255 240	192,168 1,158	
HOSE 3		2001 DB8	FE80-1		
TETP Server	NIC	192 168 1 146	255 255 255 240	192,168,1 158	
IF IP Server		2001 DB8	FE80 1		

Step 1: Determine the IP Addressing Scheme.

Dosign an IPv4 addressing scheme and complete the Addressing Table based on the following requirements. Use the table to help you organize your work.

Subnet Number	Hosts Available	Network Address	Beginning Address	Ending Address	Mask	Assignment
1.	30	192 168 1 0	192 168 1 1	197.168.1.30	255.255.255.224	
2	30	192 168 1.32	192 168 1 33	192,168,1,62	255.255.255.224	
3	30	192,168,1.64	192 168 1 65	192.168.1.94	255, 255, 255, 224	
4	30	192.168.1.96	197.168.1.97	192.168 1.126	255, 255, 255, 224	First Floor LAN Subnet
- 5	14	192,168,1,128	197 158 1 129	192,168.1.142	255, 255, 255, 240	
8	14	192,168,1.144	197.168.1.145	197.168.1.158	255, 255, 255, 240	Second Floor LAN Subnet

- a. Subnet the 192.168.1.0/24 network to provide 30 host addresses per subnet while wasting
- b. Assign the fourth subnet to the First Floor LAN.
- c. Assign the least network host address (the highest) in this subnet to the G0/0 interface on Building 1. (192.168.1.126)

- Building 1. (192.168.1.126)
 d. Starting with the fifth submet, submet the network again so that the new submets will provide
 14 host addresses per submet while wasting the fewest addresses.
 e. Assign the second of these new 14-host submets to the Second Floor LAN.
 f. Assign the sta network host oddress (the highest) in the Second Floor LAN submet to the
 G011 interface of the Building 1 router. (192.168.1.168)
- g. Assign the second to the last address (the second highest) in this subnet to the VLAN 1 interface of the Second Floor Switch (192.168.1.157)
 h. Configure addresses on the hosts using any of the remaining addresses in their respective.
- subnets

Step 2: Configure the Building 1 Router.

- a. Configure the Building 1 router with all initial configurations that you have learned in the course so far:
- Configure the router hostname: Middle
 Protect device configurations from unauthorized access with the encrypted privileged exec
- Secure all access lines into the router using methods covered in the course and labs.
- Require newly-entered passwords must have a minimum length of 10 characters.
- Prevent all passwords from being viewed in clear text in device configuration files . Configure the router to only accept in-band management connections over the protocol that
- is more secure than Telnet, as was done in the labs. Use the value 1024 for encryption key strength. . Configure local user authentication for in-band management connections. Create a user
- with the name netadmin and a secret password of Cisco_CCNA6 Give the user the highest administrative privileges. Your answer must match these values exactly.

 b. Configure the two Gigabit Ethernet interfaces using the IPv4 addressing values you
- calculated and the IPv6 values provided in the addressing table.
- · Reconfigure the link local addresses to the value shown in the table.

Step 3: Configure the Second Floor Switch.

Configure Second Floor Switch for remote management over Telnet

Step 4: Configure and Verify Host Addressing.

- a. Use the IPv4 addressing from Step 1 and the IPv6 addressing values provided in the addressing table to configure all host PCs with the correct addressing.

 b. Use the router interface link-local address as the IPv6 default gateways on the hosts.
- Step 5: Backup the Configuration of the Building 1 Router to TFTP.
- a. Complete the configuration of the TFTP server using the IPv4 addressing values from Step 1 and the values in the addressing table.
 b. Backup the running configuration of **Building 1** to the **TFTP Server**. Use the default file
- name

Ans.

Code:

```
def find_min_hamming_distance(codes):
```

Output:

```
"D:\newlatestchar\CN NETWORKS PROJECT\.venv\Scripts\python.exe" "D:\newlatestchar\CN NETWORKS PROJECT\finding min hamming dis.py"

Enter number of codes: 2

Enter code 1: 11111

Enter code 2: 11111

Minimum Hamming distance between given codes is: 0

Process finished with exit code 0
```

```
"D:\newlatestchar\CN NETWORKS PROJECT\.venv\Scripts\python.exe" "D:\newlatestchar\CN NETWORKS PROJECT\finding min hamming dis.py"

Enter number of codes: 2

Enter code 1: 10101

Enter code 2: 10000

Minimum Hamming distance between given codes is: 2

Process finished with exit code 0
```

```
"D:\newlatestchar\CN NETWORKS PROJECT\.venv\Scripts\python.exe" "D:\newlatestchar\CN NETWORKS PROJECT\finding min hamming dis.py"

Enter number of codes: 2

Enter code 1: 00000

Enter code 2: 00000

Minimum Hamming distance between given codes is: 0
```

3.

Ans SIMULATION:

5. Configure End Devices:

HOST 1 (First Floor):

• IP: 192.168.1.2

• Subnet Mask: 255.255.255.224

• Default Gateway: 192.168.1.1

HOST 2 (First Floor):

• IP: 192.168.1.3

Subnet Mask: 255.255.254

Default Gateway: 192.168.1.1

HOST 3 (Second Floor):

• IP: 192.168.1.34

Subnet Mask: 255.255.254

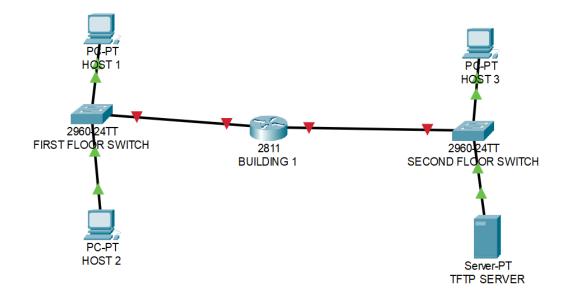
Default Gateway: 192.168.1.33

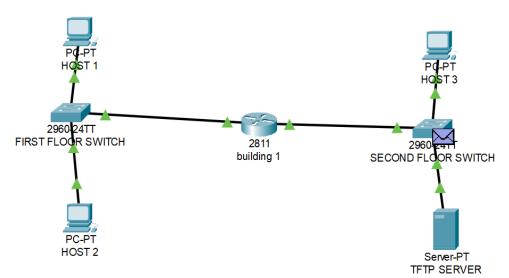
TFTP Server (Second Floor):

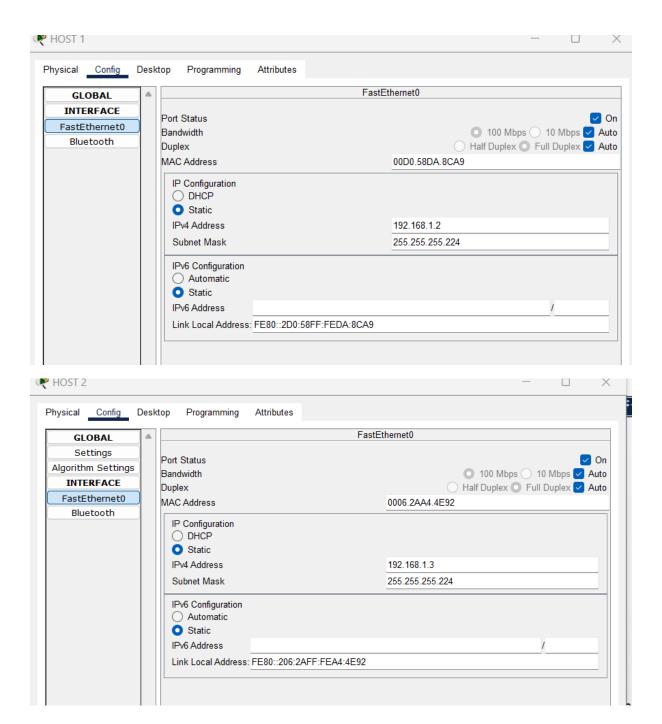
• IP: 192.168.1.35

• Subnet Mask: 255.255.254

• Default Gateway: 192.168.1.33







```
Router>enable
Router#configure terminal
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
Router(config) #hostname middle
middle(config) #enable secret middadmin
middle(config) #line console 0
middle(config-line) #password Cisco_CCNA5
middle(config-line)#login
middle(config-line)#exit
middle(config)#interface fa0/0
middle(config-if) #ip address 192.168.1.1 255.255.255.224
middle(config-if) #no shutdown
middle(config-if)#
%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface FastEthernet0/0, changed state to up
%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface FastEthernet0/0, changed state to up
middle(config)#interface fa0/1
middle(config-if) #ip address 192.168.1.33 255.255.255.224
middle(config-if)#noshutdown
% Invalid input detected at '^' marker.
middle(config-if) #no shutdown
middle(config-if)#
%LINK-5-CHANGED: Interface FastEthernet0/1, changed state to up
%LINEPROTO-5-UPDOWN: Line protocol on Interface FastEthernet0/1, changed state to up
```

Router>enable

Router#configure terminal

Router(config)#hostname Middle

2. Configure Security:

Middle(config)#enable secret middadmin

Middle(config)#line console 0

Middle(config-line)#password Cisco_CCNA5

Middle(config-line)#login

Middle(config-line)#exit

Middle(config)#line vty 0 15

Middle(config-line)#password Cisco_CCNA5

Middle(config-line)#login

Middle(config-line)#exit

Middle(config)#service password-encryption

3. First Floor Interface Configuration:

Middle(config)#interface Fa0/0

Middle(config-if)#ip address 192.168.1.1 255.255.255.224

Middle(config-if)#description First Floor LAN

Middle(config-if)#no shutdown

Middle(config-if)#exit

4. Second Floor Interface Configuration:

Middle(config)#interface Fa0/1

Middle(config-if)#ip address 192.168.1.33 255.255.255.224

Middle(config-if)#description Second Floor LAN

Middle(config-if)#no shutdown

Middle(config-if)#exit

```
Cisco Packet Tracer PC Command Line 1.0
C:\>ping 192.168.1.35

Pinging 192.168.1.35 with 32 bytes of data:

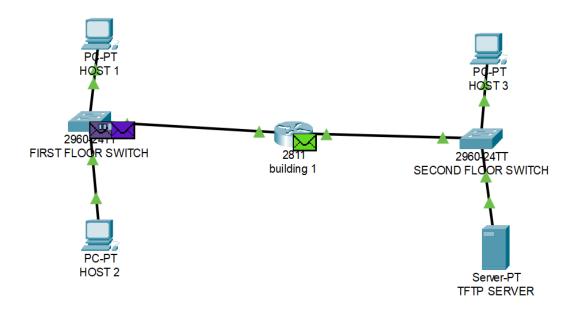
Request timed out.
Reply from 192.168.1.35: bytes=32 time=12ms TTL=127
Reply from 192.168.1.35: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=127
Reply from 192.168.1.35: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=127

Ping statistics for 192.168.1.35:

Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 3, Lost = 1 (25% loss),
Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:

Minimum = 0ms, Maximum = 12ms, Average = 4ms

C:\>
```



Event List							
Vis.		Time(sec)	Last Device	At Device			
		0.004	SECOND FLOOR SWITCH	HOST 3			
		0.005	building 1	SECOND FLOOR SWITCH			
		0.005	SECOND FLOOR SWITCH	HOST 3			
		0.005	HOST 3	SECOND FLOOR SWITCH			
		0.006	SECOND FLOOR SWITCH	HOST 3			
		0.006	HOST 3	SECOND FLOOR SWITCH			
		0.006	SECOND FLOOR SWITCH	building 1			
	0.007 SE 0.007 bui 0.008 SE 0.008 bui		HOST 3	SECOND FLOOR SWITCH			
			SECOND FLOOR SWITCH	building 1			
			building 1	FIRST FLOOR SWITCH			
			SECOND FLOOR SWITCH	building 1			
			building 1	FIRST FLOOR SWITCH			
			FIRST FLOOR SWITCH	HOST 1			
	9	0.009	building 1	FIRST FLOOR SWITCH			
	9	0.009	FIRST FLOOR SWITCH	HOST 2			

Fire	Last Status	Source	Destination	Туре	Color	Time(sec)	Periodic	Num	Edit	Delete
	Successful	HOST 1	HOST 3	ICMP		0.000	N	0	(edit)	(delete)
•	Successful	HOST 1	HOST 3	ICMP		0.000	N	1	(edit)	(delete)
•	Successful	HOST 2	HOST 3	ICMP		0.000	N	2	(edit)	(delete)
_					_					