DS230 SQL for Data Analysis

Final Project Amanda Doty



Introduction

Purpose

Problem: A business is wondering about their recent advertising campaigns and their product line. They ask the following questions:

Which campaigns were the most successful at creating orders and generating revenue?

Which products sell the most often?

Which products are the most expensive? Does the price of a product relate to the rate at which it sells?

Data

The business gave me access to their customer list, but that ultimately did not provide any insight to their questions.

However, their order lines, orders, and products data were able to be used to create queries that could provide insight into their questions.

Each table had 10000 entries.

Business Query 1 - Which campaign was the most successful?

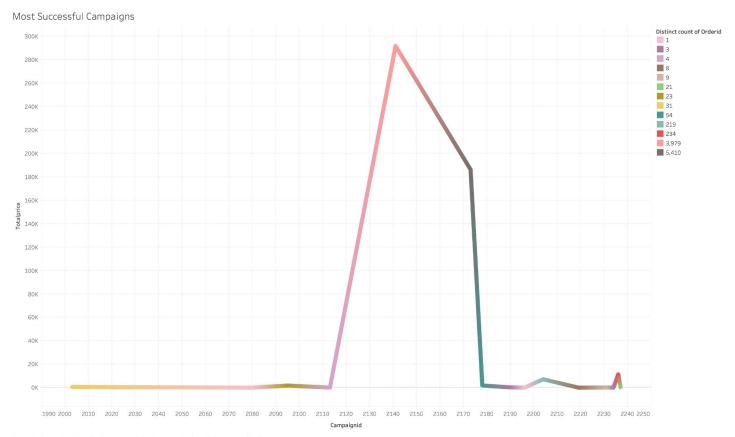
SQL

SELECT DISTINCT orderid, totalprice, campaignid

FROM orders

WHERE campaignid IS NOT NULL

ORDER BY totalprice **DESC**;



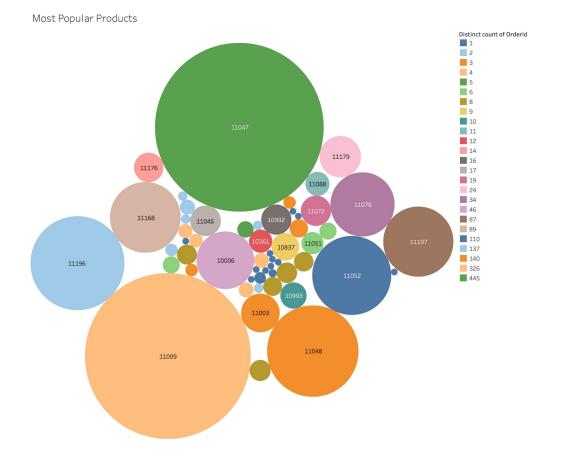
 $\underline{ \ \ \, } The \, trend \, \underline{of} \, sum \, of \, Total price \, for \, Campaignid. \,\, Color \, shows \, details \, about \, distinct \, count \, of \, Orderid. \,\,$

Color indicates number of orders, line designates total amount sold. This graph indicates that campaign 2141 was the most successful, with 3979 orders, selling \$291,864 worth of products.

Business Query 2 - Which products sell the most?

SQL

```
SELECT A.productid, B.totalprice, B.orderid, sum(B.numunits) as units
FROM products A JOIN
  order_lines B
  ON
   A.productid = B.productid
WHERE b.totalprice > 1
group by a.productid, b.totalprice, b.orderid
HAVING sum(B.numunits) > 1
ORDER BY units DESC;
```



 $Productid. \ \ Color shows \ details \ about \ distinct \ count \ of \ Orderid. \ Size shows \ sum \ of \ Units. \ The \ marks \ are \ labeled \ by \ Productid.$

This shows that product 11047 is the most popular based on distinct orders and number of units sold, with 11009 a close second.

Business Query 3 - Which products (by price) are the most popular?

SQL

```
SELECT A.productid, B.totalprice, B.orderid, sum(B.numunits) as units
FROM products A JOIN
    order_lines B
    ON
        A.productid = B.productid
WHERE b.totalprice > 1
group by rollup (b.orderid, a.productid, b.totalprice);
```

Most popular products by price



Productid. Color shows details about sum of Units. Size shows sum of Totalprice. The marks are labeled by Productid.

The most expensive product is 10361, but the most popular product is 11009. Whereas 10361 has sold less than 20% of the units of 11009

298 308 320 428 516 **596 608 758** 862 1,186 1.322 1.366 1,996 2,128 3,800 4,096 25,896

222

Recommendations

Advertising

I would recommend a similar campaign as 2141. However, it would be a good idea to collect qualitative data about target audience before launching the campaign.

Products

Ensure secure stocking of product 11047 and 11009. I also recommend lowering the price of product 10361. It is almost 5 times as expensive as the most popular product, but sells at less than 1/5th the rate. I would recommend running some regression tests to find a more appropriate price, if one exists, that could increase the number of units sold while maintaining the revenue.