

Final Project Submission

Please fill out:

- Student name: Amanda Gaeta
- Student pace: part time
- Scheduled project review date/time: December 2nd, 2020 at 3pm CST
- Instructor name: Lindsey Berlin
- Blog post URL: <https://medium.com/@amandabgaeta/why-data-science-d8c6e4645fa5>

Introduction

Microsoft wants to start their own movie production studio, but they do not have the movie knowledge that they need to start. This workbook walks through the data analysis used to provide movie landscape knowledge, movie production recommendations, and possible next steps of analysis.

The below uses IMDB and The Numbers data on movies from the 2010s (2010-2019) to answer the following:

- Question 1: What were the top movie genres made in the 2010s?
- Question 2: What is the best month to release a movie for highest worldwide gross?
- Question 3: Of movies that breakeven (ROI ≥ 1), what genres are most represented?
- Question 4: Based on production budget and average ratings, what genres are the best investments?
- Question 5: For these breakeven movies that fall into these genres, what is the recommended runtime and who are the highest rated directors?

In [1]:

```
#import packages for file import, cleansing and plotting
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
%matplotlib inline
import seaborn as sns
sns.set_style(style="whitegrid")
```

Data Source Decisions

Data sources available included:

- IMDB (Internet movie database) - information related to films, television programs, home videos, video games, and streaming content online
- Box Office Mojo - tracks box office revenue
- Rotten Tomatoes – movie reviews from critics and everyday watchers alike, freshness score
- The Numbers – box office data

IMDB was selected because it was the largest data set with greatest breadth of data. This breadth came in multiple files (in the rawData folder) and was easy to match as all movies have unique ids for most accurate merging. Part of these IMDB files was one specifically on ratings, which made Rotten Tomatoes unnecessary especially with less specific ways of matching due to different ids than IMDB. Finally, both The Numbers and Box Office Mojo focus on box office data, but Numbers had more data on more movies including budgets versus gross. Box Office Mojo only provided gross.

Import, join and merge relevant data tables

Start with IMDB files including Title Basics and Title Ratings.

In [2]:

```
# Import Title Basics
imdb_tb_df = pd.read_csv('rawData/zippedData/imdb.title.basics.csv.gz')
imdb_tb_df.head()
```

Out[2]:

	tconst	primary_title	original_title	start_year	runtime_minutes	genres
0	tt0063540	Sunghursh	Sunghursh	2013	175.0	Action,Crime,Drama
1	tt0066787	One Day Before the Rainy Season	Ashad Ka Ek Din	2019	114.0	Biography,Drama
2	tt0069049	The Other Side of the Wind	The Other Side of the Wind	2018	122.0	Drama
3	tt0069204	Sabse Bada Sukh	Sabse Bada Sukh	2018	NaN	Comedy,Drama
4	tt0100275	The Wandering Soap Opera	La Telenovela Errante	2017	80.0	Comedy,Drama,Fantasy

In [3]:

```
# Import Title Ratings
imdb_tr_df = pd.read_csv('rawData/zippedData/imdb.title.ratings.csv.gz')
imdb_tr_df.head()
```

Out[3]:

	tconst	averagerating	numvotes
0	tt10356526	8.3	31
1	tt10384606	8.9	559
2	tt1042974	6.4	20
3	tt1043726	4.2	50352
4	tt1060240	6.5	21

In [4]:

```
# They are from the same source and have the 'tconst' id to use as a joining reference
# Merging versus joining because ratings is required for the bulk of the analysis
imdb_tb_tr = imdb_tb_df.merge(imdb_tr_df, on='tconst')
```

In [5]:

```
# Check new table, still more than enough data for analysis with 73k
imdb_tb_tr.info()
# Runtime_minutes has many nulls, be aware in further analysis
```

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
Int64Index: 73856 entries, 0 to 73855
Data columns (total 8 columns):
#   Column                Non-Null Count  Dtype
---  -
0   tconst                 73856 non-null  object
1   primary_title          73856 non-null  object
2   original_title         73856 non-null  object
3   start_year             73856 non-null  int64
4   runtime_minutes        66236 non-null  float64
5   genres                 73052 non-null  object
6   averagerating          73856 non-null  float64
7   numvotes               73856 non-null  int64
dtypes: float64(2), int64(2), object(4)
memory usage: 5.1+ MB
```

In [6]:

```
# I see genres has some missing values, fill with Unknown for now
imdb_tb_tr['genres'] = imdb_tb_tr['genres'].fillna('Unknown')
```

In [7]:

```
# Preview runtime_minutes values to fill nulls
imdb_tb_tr['runtime_minutes']
```

Out[7]:

```
0      175.0
1      114.0
2      122.0
3         NaN
4       80.0
...
73851    75.0
73852    98.0
73853     NaN
73854     NaN
73855    72.0
Name: runtime_minutes, Length: 73856, dtype: float64
```

In [8]:

```
# Fill nulls with 0.0. If doing runtime_mins analysis can easily make table that excludes these
imdb_tb_tr['runtime_minutes'] = imdb_tb_tr['runtime_minutes'].fillna(0.0)
```

In [9]:

```
# Check edited table info, nulls populated
imdb_tb_tr.info()
```

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
Int64Index: 73856 entries, 0 to 73855
Data columns (total 8 columns):
 #   Column                Non-Null Count  Dtype
---  -
 0   tconst                73856 non-null  object
 1   primary_title         73856 non-null  object
 2   original_title        73856 non-null  object
 3   start_year            73856 non-null  int64
 4   runtime_minutes       73856 non-null  float64
 5   genres                73856 non-null  object
 6   averagerating         73856 non-null  float64
 7   numvotes              73856 non-null  int64
dtypes: float64(2), int64(2), object(4)
memory usage: 5.1+ MB
```

We are also interested in writer and director analysis for our last question, so import and join IMDB Title Crew to new dataset from above

In [10]:

```
# Import IMDB Title Crew file
imdb_tc_df = pd.read_csv('rawData/zippedData/imdb.title.crew.csv.gz')
# Preview file
imdb_tc_df.head()
```

Out[10]:

	tconst	directors	writers
0	tt0285252	nm0899854	nm0899854
1	tt0438973	NaN	nm0175726,nm1802864
2	tt0462036	nm1940585	nm1940585
3	tt0835418	nm0151540	nm0310087,nm0841532
4	tt0878654	nm0089502,nm2291498,nm2292011	nm0284943

In [11]:

```
# Use join as writers and directors will be nice to have
imdb_tb_tr_tc = imdb_tb_tr.set_index('tconst').join(imdb_tc_df.set_index('tconst'))
```

In [12]:

```
# Check info on new table to confirm join, good rate of matches especially at director level
imdb_tb_tr_tc.info()
```

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
Index: 73856 entries, tt0063540 to tt9916160
Data columns (total 9 columns):
#   Column                Non-Null Count  Dtype
---  -
0   primary_title          73856 non-null  object
1   original_title         73856 non-null  object
2   start_year             73856 non-null  int64
3   runtime_minutes        73856 non-null  float64
4   genres                  73856 non-null  object
5   averagerating          73856 non-null  float64
6   numvotes                73856 non-null  int64
7   directors              73104 non-null  object
8   writers                 63295 non-null  object
dtypes: float64(2), int64(2), object(5)
memory usage: 8.1+ MB
```

In [13]:

```
# Post join reset the index
imdb_tb_tr_tc = imdb_tb_tr_tc.reset_index()
```

In [14]:

```
# Parse out genres into boolean columns for analysis
imdb_tb_tr_tc['genres']
```

Out[14]:

```
0      Action, Crime, Drama
1      Biography, Drama
2      Drama
3      Comedy, Drama
4      Comedy, Drama, Fantasy
...
73851      Documentary
73852      Drama, Family
73853      Documentary
73854      Unknown
73855      Documentary
Name: genres, Length: 73856, dtype: object
```

In [15]:

```
# Check type
type(imdb_tb_tr_tc['genres'][0])
```

Out[15]:

```
str
```

In [16]:

```
# Currently strings, need to convert to lists
imdb_tb_tr_tc['genres'] = imdb_tb_tr_tc['genres'].str.split(',')
```

In [17]:

```
# Establish variable for Series
imdb_genres = imdb_tb_tr_tc['genres']
```

In [18]:

```

# Establish empty list to collect all possible genres. These will be made into columns
imdb_genres_list = []

# Start with rows in index
for row in imdb_genres.index:
    # Access the list data type in each row, it will change with every row in the index
    for item in imdb_genres[row]:
        # append the genre that is taken as an item from the list within the row and add
        it to the genres_list
        imdb_genres_list.append(item)

# Define a set of the genres_list from the above for loop; reassign the genres_list variable name to this set
imdb_genres_list = set(imdb_genres_list)

```

In [19]:

```

# Check list
imdb_genres_list

```

Out[19]:

```

{'Action',
 'Adult',
 'Adventure',
 'Animation',
 'Biography',
 'Comedy',
 'Crime',
 'Documentary',
 'Drama',
 'Family',
 'Fantasy',
 'Game-Show',
 'History',
 'Horror',
 'Music',
 'Musical',
 'Mystery',
 'News',
 'Reality-TV',
 'Romance',
 'Sci-Fi',
 'Short',
 'Sport',
 'Thriller',
 'Unknown',
 'War',
 'Western'}

```

In [20]:

```

# Define a new DataFrame for genres to add Boolean columns to
imdb_genres = pd.DataFrame(imdb_tb_tr_tc['genres'])

```

In [21]:

```

# Preview new DataFrame
imdb_genres

```

Out[21]:

	genres
0	[Action, Crime, Drama]
1	[Biography, Drama]
2	[Drama]
3	[Comedy, Drama]
4	[Comedy, Drama, Fantasy]

4	[Comedy, Drama, Fantasy]
genres	
...	
73851	[Documentary]
73852	[Drama, Family]
73853	[Documentary]
73854	[Unknown]
73855	[Documentary]

73856 rows × 1 columns

In [22]:

```
# Use for loop to create columns for each genre in the deduplicated set of genres for the genres_list
for genre in imdb_genres_list:
    #create a new column in our new DataFrame
    imdb_genres[genre] = 0
```

In [23]:

```
# View DataFrame. Each genre now has its own column
imdb_genres
```

Out[23]:

	genres	Music	War	Reality-TV	Sport	Drama	Adventure	Game-Show	Animation	History	...	Horror	Crime	Family
0	[Action, Crime, Drama]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	...	0	0	0
1	[Biography, Drama]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	...	0	0	0
2	[Drama]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	...	0	0	0
3	[Comedy, Drama]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	...	0	0	0
4	[Comedy, Drama, Fantasy]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	...	0	0	0
...
73851	[Documentary]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	...	0	0	0
73852	[Drama, Family]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	...	0	0	0
73853	[Documentary]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	...	0	0	0
73854	[Unknown]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	...	0	0	0
73855	[Documentary]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	...	0	0	0

73856 rows × 28 columns



In [24]:

```
for row in imdb_genres.index:
    # Using previous for loop, edit it to access our new DF's column 'genres' THEN the row
    # This will get us to the list of genres in the given row
    for item in imdb_genres['genres'][row]:
        # Then say access the column that matches single genre in that list of genres (item) in that row (row)
        imdb_genres[item][row] = 1
```

<ipython-input-24-e66ac367fcb4>:6: SettingWithCopyWarning:
A value is trying to be set on a copy of a slice from a DataFrame

See the caveats in the documentation: https://pandas.pydata.org/pandas-docs/stable/user_guide/indexing.html#returning-a-view-versus-a-copy

```
imdb_genres[item][row] = 1
```

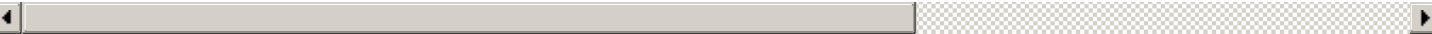
In [25]:

```
# Review table and check work
imdb_genres
```

Out[25]:

	genres	Music	War	Reality-TV	Sport	Drama	Adventure	Game-Show	Animation	History	...	Horror	Crime	Family
0	[Action, Crime, Drama]	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	...	0	1	0
1	[Biography, Drama]	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	...	0	0	0
2	[Drama]	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	...	0	0	0
3	[Comedy, Drama]	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	...	0	0	0
4	[Comedy, Drama, Fantasy]	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	...	0	0	0
...
73851	[Documentary]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	...	0	0	0
73852	[Drama, Family]	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	...	0	0	1
73853	[Documentary]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	...	0	0	0
73854	[Unknown]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	...	0	0	0
73855	[Documentary]	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	...	0	0	0

73856 rows x 28 columns



Merge previous IMDB dataset with new genres table

In [26]:

```
# Same DataFrame length, merge on indices
imdb_with_genre_cols = imdb_tb_tr_tc.merge(imdb_genres, left_index=True, right_index=True)
```

In [27]:

```
# Check new table
imdb_with_genre_cols.info()
```

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 73856 entries, 0 to 73855
Data columns (total 38 columns):
#   Column                Non-Null Count  Dtype
---  -
0   tconst                73856 non-null  object
1   primary_title         73856 non-null  object
2   original_title       73856 non-null  object
3   start_year           73856 non-null  int64
4   runtime_minutes      73856 non-null  float64
5   genres_x             73856 non-null  object
6   averagerating        73856 non-null  float64
7   numvotes             73856 non-null  int64
8   directors            73104 non-null  object
9   writers              63295 non-null  object
10  genres_y             73856 non-null  object
```

```

10 genres_y 73856 non-null object
11 Music 73856 non-null int64
12 War 73856 non-null int64
13 Reality-TV 73856 non-null int64
14 Sport 73856 non-null int64
15 Drama 73856 non-null int64
16 Adventure 73856 non-null int64
17 Game-Show 73856 non-null int64
18 Animation 73856 non-null int64
19 History 73856 non-null int64
20 Romance 73856 non-null int64
21 Musical 73856 non-null int64
22 News 73856 non-null int64
23 Mystery 73856 non-null int64
24 Comedy 73856 non-null int64
25 Documentary 73856 non-null int64
26 Fantasy 73856 non-null int64
27 Adult 73856 non-null int64
28 Horror 73856 non-null int64
29 Crime 73856 non-null int64
30 Family 73856 non-null int64
31 Unknown 73856 non-null int64
32 Thriller 73856 non-null int64
33 Western 73856 non-null int64
34 Action 73856 non-null int64
35 Short 73856 non-null int64
36 Sci-Fi 73856 non-null int64
37 Biography 73856 non-null int64

```

dtypes: float64(2), int64(29), object(7)

memory usage: 21.4+ MB

Additionally we need financial data where relevant for ROI analysis

Prep The Numbers gross data for merge with IMDB. It has more records than Rotten Tomatoes data and ability to get budget vesus gross for ROI calculation.

Cleaning includes: converting gross data to millions, calculating domestic and foreign gross in mill and percentages, and calculating production ROI

In [28]:

```

#import file tn.movie_budgets.csv.gz
tn_mb_df = pd.read_csv('rawData/zipppedData/tn.movie_budgets.csv.gz')
tn_mb_df.head()

```

Out[28]:

	id	release_date	movie	production_budget	domestic_gross	worldwide_gross
0	1	Dec 18, 2009	Avatar	\$425,000,000	\$760,507,625	\$2,776,345,279
1	2	May 20, 2011	Pirates of the Caribbean: On Stranger Tides	\$410,600,000	\$241,063,875	\$1,045,663,875
2	3	Jun 7, 2019	Dark Phoenix	\$350,000,000	\$42,762,350	\$149,762,350
3	4	May 1, 2015	Avengers: Age of Ultron	\$330,600,000	\$459,005,868	\$1,403,013,963
4	5	Dec 15, 2017	Star Wars Ep. VIII: The Last Jedi	\$317,000,000	\$620,181,382	\$1,316,721,747

In [29]:

```

# Since no way to match via ID, create DIY unique ID via title and year to match on for future join
# First do it for main table that will be joined with imdb_with_genre_cols
imdb_with_genre_cols['title_year'] = imdb_with_genre_cols['primary_title'] + ' ' + imdb_with_genre_cols['start_year'].astype(str)

```

In [30]:

```

# The Numbers table doesn't have year, so will need to parse out year from release_date;

```



```
test first
tn_mb_df['release_date'][0].split(", ")[1]
```

Out[30]:

'2009'

In [31]:

```
tn_mb_df['release_year'] = tn_mb_df['release_date'].map(lambda x: x.split(", ")[1])
```

In [32]:

```
# Check work
tn_mb_df['release_year']
```

Out[32]:

```
0      2009
1      2011
2      2019
3      2015
4      2017
...
5777   2018
5778   1999
5779   2005
5780   2015
5781   2005
Name: release_year, Length: 5782, dtype: object
```

In [33]:

```
# Now can create title and year ID in The Numbers file
tn_mb_df['title_year'] = tn_mb_df['movie'] + ' ' + tn_mb_df['release_year'].astype(str)
```

In [34]:

```
# Check work
tn_mb_df['title_year']
```

Out[34]:

```
0      Avatar 2009
1  Pirates of the Caribbean: On Stranger Tides 2011
2      Dark Phoenix 2019
3  Avengers: Age of Ultron 2015
4  Star Wars Ep. VIII: The Last Jedi 2017
...
5777      Red 11 2018
5778      Following 1999
5779  Return to the Land of Wonders 2005
5780      A Plague So Pleasant 2015
5781      My Date With Drew 2005
Name: title_year, Length: 5782, dtype: object
```

In [35]:

```
# Review The Numbers table info
tn_mb_df.info()
```

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 5782 entries, 0 to 5781
Data columns (total 8 columns):
#   Column                Non-Null Count  Dtype
---  -
0   id                    5782 non-null   int64
1   release_date          5782 non-null   object
2   movie                 5782 non-null   object
3   production_budget     5782 non-null   object
4   domestic_gross        5782 non-null   object
5   worldwide_gross       5782 non-null   object
6   release_year          5782 non-null   object
```

```
7 title_year 5782 non-null object
dtypes: int64(1), object(7)
memory usage: 361.5+ KB
```

In [36]:

```
# Convert worldwide_gross to float
tn_mb_df['worldwide_gross'] = tn_mb_df['worldwide_gross'].str.replace(',', '')
tn_mb_df['worldwide_gross'] = tn_mb_df['worldwide_gross'].str.replace('$', '').astype(float)
```

In [37]:

```
# Create column that converts worldwide_gross to millions
tn_mb_df['worldwide_gross_in_mil'] = round((tn_mb_df['worldwide_gross']/1000000), 2)
```

In [38]:

```
# Check work
tn_mb_df.head()
```

Out[38]:

	id	release_date	movie	production_budget	domestic_gross	worldwide_gross	release_year	title_year	worldwide_gross_in_mil
0	1	Dec 18, 2009	Avatar	\$425,000,000	\$760,507,625	2.776345e+09	2009	Avatar 2009	2776.345
1	2	May 20, 2011	Pirates of the Caribbean: On Stranger Tides	\$410,600,000	\$241,063,875	1.045664e+09	2011	Pirates of the Caribbean: On Stranger Tides 2011	1045.664
2	3	Jun 7, 2019	Dark Phoenix	\$350,000,000	\$42,762,350	1.497624e+08	2019	Dark Phoenix 2019	149.7624
3	4	May 1, 2015	Avengers: Age of Ultron	\$330,600,000	\$459,005,868	1.403014e+09	2015	Avengers: Age of Ultron 2015	1403.014
4	5	Dec 15, 2017	Star Wars Ep. VIII: The Last Jedi	\$317,000,000	\$620,181,382	1.316722e+09	2017	Star Wars Ep. VIII: The Last Jedi 2017	1316.722

In [39]:

```
# worldwide_gross_in_mil is added and float type
tn_mb_df.info()
```

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 5782 entries, 0 to 5781
Data columns (total 9 columns):
#   Column                                Non-Null Count  Dtype
---  -
0   id                                     5782 non-null   int64
1   release_date                          5782 non-null   object
2   movie                                 5782 non-null   object
3   production_budget                     5782 non-null   object
4   domestic_gross                        5782 non-null   object
5   worldwide_gross                       5782 non-null   float64
6   release_year                          5782 non-null   object
7   title_year                            5782 non-null   object
8   worldwide_gross_in_mil                5782 non-null   float64
dtypes: float64(2), int64(1), object(6)
memory usage: 406.7+ KB
```

In [40]:

```
# Convert production_budget to float
tn_mb_df['production_budget'] = tn_mb_df['production_budget'].str.replace(',', '')
tn_mb_df['production_budget'] = tn_mb_df['production_budget'].str.replace('$', '').astype(
float)
```

In [41]:

```
# Create column that converts production_budget to millions
tn_mb_df['production_budget_in_mil'] = round((tn_mb_df['production_budget']/1000000), 2)
tn_mb_df.head()
```

Out[41]:

	id	release_date	movie	production_budget	domestic_gross	worldwide_gross	release_year	title_year	worldwide_gross
0	1	Dec 18, 2009	Avatar	425000000.0	\$760,507,625	2.776345e+09	2009	Avatar 2009	
1	2	May 20, 2011	Pirates of the Caribbean: On Stranger Tides	410600000.0	\$241,063,875	1.045664e+09	2011	Pirates of the Caribbean: On Stranger Tides 2011	
2	3	Jun 7, 2019	Dark Phoenix	350000000.0	\$42,762,350	1.497624e+08	2019	Dark Phoenix 2019	
3	4	May 1, 2015	Avengers: Age of Ultron	330600000.0	\$459,005,868	1.403014e+09	2015	Avengers: Age of Ultron 2015	
4	5	Dec 15, 2017	Star Wars Ep. VIII: The Last Jedi	317000000.0	\$620,181,382	1.316722e+09	2017	Star Wars Ep. VIII: The Last Jedi 2017	

In [42]:

```
# Create column in The Numbers that calculates ROI of prod budget to worldwide gross (worldwide_gross/production_budget)?
tn_mb_df['prod_budget_ROI'] = tn_mb_df['worldwide_gross_in_mil']/tn_mb_df['production_budget_in_mil']
tn_mb_df.head()
```

Out[42]:

	id	release_date	movie	production_budget	domestic_gross	worldwide_gross	release_year	title_year	worldwide_gross
0	1	Dec 18, 2009	Avatar	425000000.0	\$760,507,625	2.776345e+09	2009	Avatar 2009	
1	2	May 20, 2011	Pirates of the Caribbean: On Stranger Tides	410600000.0	\$241,063,875	1.045664e+09	2011	Pirates of the Caribbean: On Stranger Tides 2011	
2	3	Jun 7, 2019	Dark Phoenix	350000000.0	\$42,762,350	1.497624e+08	2019	Dark Phoenix 2019	
3	4	May 1, 2015	Avengers: Age of Ultron	330600000.0	\$459,005,868	1.403014e+09	2015	Avengers: Age of Ultron 2015	
4	5	Dec 15, 2017	Star Wars Ep. VIII: The Last Jedi	317000000.0	\$620,181,382	1.316722e+09	2017	Star Wars Ep. VIII: The Last Jedi 2017	

In [43]:

```
# Check new prod_budget_ROI numbers
tn_mb_df['prod_budget_ROI'].describe()
```

Out[43]:

```
count      5780.000000
mean                inf
std                NaN
min              0.000000
25%             0.492245
50%             1.709144
75%             3.760000
max                inf
Name: prod_budget_ROI, dtype: float64
```

In [44]:

```
# Found resolution to rid of infs on stackoverflow using np
tn_mb_df['prod_budget_ROI'] = tn_mb_df['prod_budget_ROI'].replace([np.inf, -np.inf], np.nan)
```

In [45]:

```
# Check solution, no more NaN or inf
tn_mb_df['prod_budget_ROI'].describe()
```

Out[45]:

```
count      5779.000000
mean         4.838506
std        34.340229
min          0.000000
25%         0.492183
50%         1.708889
75%         3.757857
max        2250.000000
Name: prod_budget_ROI, dtype: float64
```

In [46]:

```
# Check back on prod_budget for nulls
tn_mb_df.info()
```

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 5782 entries, 0 to 5781
Data columns (total 11 columns):
 #   Column                Non-Null Count  Dtype
---  -
 0   id                    5782 non-null   int64
 1   release_date          5782 non-null   object
 2   movie                 5782 non-null   object
 3   production_budget     5782 non-null   float64
 4   domestic_gross        5782 non-null   object
 5   worldwide_gross       5782 non-null   float64
 6   release_year          5782 non-null   object
 7   title_year            5782 non-null   object
 8   worldwide_gross_in_mil 5782 non-null   float64
 9   production_budget_in_mil 5782 non-null   float64
10   prod_budget_ROI       5779 non-null   float64
dtypes: float64(5), int64(1), object(5)
memory usage: 497.0+ KB
```

In [47]:

```
# Fill with median for analysis
tn_mb_df['prod_budget_ROI'] = tn_mb_df['prod_budget_ROI'].fillna(1.71)
```

In [48]:

```
# Check that nulls are filled
tn_mb_df.info()
```

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 5782 entries, 0 to 5781
Data columns (total 11 columns):
#   Column                                Non-Null Count  Dtype
---  -
0   id                                     5782 non-null   int64
1   release_date                          5782 non-null   object
2   movie                                 5782 non-null   object
3   production_budget                     5782 non-null   float64
4   domestic_gross                        5782 non-null   object
5   worldwide_gross                       5782 non-null   float64
6   release_year                          5782 non-null   object
7   title_year                            5782 non-null   object
8   worldwide_gross_in_mil                5782 non-null   float64
9   production_budget_in_mil              5782 non-null   float64
10  prod_budget_ROI                       5782 non-null   float64
dtypes: float64(5), int64(1), object(5)
memory usage: 497.0+ KB
```

In [49]:

```
# Convert domestic_gross to float
tn_mb_df['domestic_gross'] = tn_mb_df['domestic_gross'].str.replace(',','')
tn_mb_df['domestic_gross'] = tn_mb_df['domestic_gross'].str.replace('$','').astype(float)
)
```

In [50]:

```
# Create column that converts domestic_gross to millions
tn_mb_df['domestic_gross_in_mil'] = round((tn_mb_df['domestic_gross']/1000000),2)
tn_mb_df.head()
```

Out[50]:

	id	release_date	movie	production_budget	domestic_gross	worldwide_gross	release_year	title_year	worldwide_gross
0	1	Dec 18, 2009	Avatar	425000000.0	760507625.0	2.776345e+09	2009	Avatar 2009	
1	2	May 20, 2011	Pirates of the Caribbean: On Stranger Tides	410600000.0	241063875.0	1.045664e+09	2011	Pirates of the Caribbean: On Stranger Tides 2011	
2	3	Jun 7, 2019	Dark Phoenix	350000000.0	42762350.0	1.497624e+08	2019	Dark Phoenix 2019	
3	4	May 1, 2015	Avengers: Age of Ultron	330600000.0	459005868.0	1.403014e+09	2015	Avengers: Age of Ultron 2015	
4	5	Dec 15, 2017	Star Wars Ep. VIII: The Last Jedi	317000000.0	620181382.0	1.316722e+09	2017	Star Wars Ep. VIII: The Last Jedi 2017	

In [51]:

```
# Create column for foreign_gross_in_mil
tn_mb_df['foreign_gross_in_mil'] = tn_mb_df['worldwide_gross_in_mil'] - tn_mb_df['domestic_gross_in_mil']
tn_mb_df.head()
```

Out[51]:

	id	release_date	movie	production_budget	domestic_gross	worldwide_gross	release_year	title_year	worldwide_gn
0	1	Dec 18, 2009	Avatar	425000000.0	760507625.0	2.776345e+09	2009	Avatar 2009	
1	2	May 20, 2011	Pirates of the Caribbean: On Stranger Tides	410600000.0	241063875.0	1.045664e+09	2011	Pirates of the Caribbean: On Stranger Tides 2011	
2	3	Jun 7, 2019	Dark Phoenix	350000000.0	42762350.0	1.497624e+08	2019	Dark Phoenix 2019	
3	4	May 1, 2015	Avengers: Age of Ultron	330600000.0	459005868.0	1.403014e+09	2015	Avengers: Age of Ultron 2015	
4	5	Dec 15, 2017	Star Wars Ep. VIII: The Last Jedi	317000000.0	620181382.0	1.316722e+09	2017	Star Wars Ep. VIII: The Last Jedi 2017	

In [52]:

```
# Create column for domestic_gross_p and foreign_gross_p
tn_mb_df['domestic_gross_p'] = round((tn_mb_df['domestic_gross_in_mil']/tn_mb_df['worldwide_gross_in_mil']), 2)
tn_mb_df['foreign_gross_p'] = round((tn_mb_df['foreign_gross_in_mil']/tn_mb_df['worldwide_gross_in_mil']), 2)
tn_mb_df.head()
```

Out[52]:

	id	release_date	movie	production_budget	domestic_gross	worldwide_gross	release_year	title_year	worldwide_gn
0	1	Dec 18, 2009	Avatar	425000000.0	760507625.0	2.776345e+09	2009	Avatar 2009	
1	2	May 20, 2011	Pirates of the Caribbean: On Stranger Tides	410600000.0	241063875.0	1.045664e+09	2011	Pirates of the Caribbean: On Stranger Tides 2011	
2	3	Jun 7, 2019	Dark Phoenix	350000000.0	42762350.0	1.497624e+08	2019	Dark Phoenix 2019	
3	4	May 1, 2015	Avengers: Age of Ultron	330600000.0	459005868.0	1.403014e+09	2015	Avengers: Age of Ultron 2015	
4	5	Dec 15, 2017	Star Wars Ep. VIII: The Last Jedi	317000000.0	620181382.0	1.316722e+09	2017	Star Wars Ep. VIII: The Last Jedi 2017	

In [53]:

```
tn_mb_df.info()

<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 5782 entries, 0 to 5781
Data columns (total 15 columns):
#   Column              Non-Null Count  Dtype
---  -
0   id                   5782 non-null   int64
1   release_date         5782 non-null   object
~   .                     ~~~~
```

```

2  movie 5782 non-null object
3  production_budget 5782 non-null float64
4  domestic_gross 5782 non-null float64
5  worldwide_gross 5782 non-null float64
6  release_year 5782 non-null object
7  title_year 5782 non-null object
8  worldwide_gross_in_mil 5782 non-null float64
9  production_budget_in_mil 5782 non-null float64
10 prod_budget_ROI 5782 non-null float64
11 domestic_gross_in_mil 5782 non-null float64
12 foreign_gross_in_mil 5782 non-null float64
13 domestic_gross_p 5362 non-null float64
14 foreign_gross_p 5362 non-null float64

```

```
dtypes: float64(10), int64(1), object(4)
```

```
memory usage: 677.7+ KB
```

In [54]:

```

# Domestic and foreign gross % columns have nulls. Fill with median
tn_mb_df['domestic_gross_p'].median()

```

Out[54]:

```
0.6
```

In [55]:

```
tn_mb_df['foreign_gross_p'].median()
```

Out[55]:

```
0.4
```

In [56]:

```

tn_mb_df['domestic_gross_p'] = tn_mb_df['domestic_gross_p'].fillna(0.6)
tn_mb_df['foreign_gross_p'] = tn_mb_df['foreign_gross_p'].fillna(0.4)

```

In [57]:

```

# Parse out release_month
tn_mb_df['release_month'] = tn_mb_df['release_date'].map(lambda x: x.split(" ")[0])

```

In [58]:

```

# Check table, nulls are filled
tn_mb_df.info()

```

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
```

```
RangeIndex: 5782 entries, 0 to 5781
```

```
Data columns (total 16 columns):
```

#	Column	Non-Null Count	Dtype
0	id	5782 non-null	int64
1	release_date	5782 non-null	object
2	movie	5782 non-null	object
3	production_budget	5782 non-null	float64
4	domestic_gross	5782 non-null	float64
5	worldwide_gross	5782 non-null	float64
6	release_year	5782 non-null	object
7	title_year	5782 non-null	object
8	worldwide_gross_in_mil	5782 non-null	float64
9	production_budget_in_mil	5782 non-null	float64
10	prod_budget_ROI	5782 non-null	float64
11	domestic_gross_in_mil	5782 non-null	float64
12	foreign_gross_in_mil	5782 non-null	float64
13	domestic_gross_p	5782 non-null	float64
14	foreign_gross_p	5782 non-null	float64
15	release_month	5782 non-null	object

```
dtypes: float64(10), int64(1), object(5)
```

```
memory usage: 722.9+ KB
```

In [59]:

```
tn_mb_df.head()
```

Out[59]:

	id	release_date	movie	production_budget	domestic_gross	worldwide_gross	release_year	title_year	worldwide_gross
0	1	Dec 18, 2009	Avatar	425000000.0	760507625.0	2.776345e+09	2009	Avatar 2009	
1	2	May 20, 2011	Pirates of the Caribbean: On Stranger Tides	410600000.0	241063875.0	1.045664e+09	2011	Pirates of the Caribbean: On Stranger Tides 2011	
2	3	Jun 7, 2019	Dark Phoenix	350000000.0	42762350.0	1.497624e+08	2019	Dark Phoenix 2019	
3	4	May 1, 2015	Avengers: Age of Ultron	330600000.0	459005868.0	1.403014e+09	2015	Avengers: Age of Ultron 2015	
4	5	Dec 15, 2017	Star Wars Ep. VIII: The Last Jedi	317000000.0	620181382.0	1.316722e+09	2017	Star Wars Ep. VIII: The Last Jedi 2017	

Merge The Numbers and imdb_with_genre_cols using title and year concatenation as unique id

In [60]:

```
# Merge on title_year by using it as index and joining
imdb_with_genre_cols = imdb_with_genre_cols.set_index('title_year').join(tn_mb_df.set_index('title_year'))
```

In [61]:

```
# Check new table
imdb_with_genre_cols.info()
```

<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
Index: 73856 entries, !Women Art Revolution 2010 to Šiška Deluxe 2015
Data columns (total 53 columns):

#	Column	Non-Null Count	Dtype
0	tconst	73856 non-null	object
1	primary_title	73856 non-null	object
2	original_title	73856 non-null	object
3	start_year	73856 non-null	int64
4	runtime_minutes	73856 non-null	float64
5	genres_x	73856 non-null	object
6	averagerating	73856 non-null	float64
7	numvotes	73856 non-null	int64
8	directors	73104 non-null	object
9	writers	63295 non-null	object
10	genres_y	73856 non-null	object
11	Music	73856 non-null	int64
12	War	73856 non-null	int64
13	Reality-TV	73856 non-null	int64
14	Sport	73856 non-null	int64
15	Drama	73856 non-null	int64
16	Adventure	73856 non-null	int64
17	Game-Show	73856 non-null	int64
18	Animation	73856 non-null	int64
19	History	73856 non-null	int64
20	Documentary	73856 non-null	int64


```

20 Romance 73856 non-null int64
21 Musical 73856 non-null int64
22 News 73856 non-null int64
23 Mystery 73856 non-null int64
24 Comedy 73856 non-null int64
25 Documentary 73856 non-null int64
26 Fantasy 73856 non-null int64
27 Adult 73856 non-null int64
28 Horror 73856 non-null int64
29 Crime 73856 non-null int64
30 Family 73856 non-null int64
31 Unknown 73856 non-null int64
32 Thriller 73856 non-null int64
33 Western 73856 non-null int64
34 Action 73856 non-null int64
35 Short 73856 non-null int64
36 Sci-Fi 73856 non-null int64
37 Biography 73856 non-null int64
38 id 1498 non-null float64
39 release_date 1498 non-null object
40 movie 1498 non-null object
41 production_budget 1498 non-null float64
42 domestic_gross 1498 non-null float64
43 worldwide_gross 1498 non-null float64
44 release_year 1498 non-null object
45 worldwide_gross_in_mil 1498 non-null float64
46 production_budget_in_mil 1498 non-null float64
47 prod_budget_ROI 1498 non-null float64
48 domestic_gross_in_mil 1498 non-null float64
49 foreign_gross_in_mil 1498 non-null float64
50 domestic_gross_p 1498 non-null float64
51 foreign_gross_p 1498 non-null float64
52 release_month 1498 non-null object
dtypes: float64(13), int64(29), object(11)
memory usage: 30.4+ MB

```

In [62]:

```

# Look at what years are represented in table using IMDB start year (more data available)
; 2010-2019 covered
imdb_with_genre_cols['start_year'].astype('int').describe()

```

Out[62]:

```

count    73856.000000
mean      2014.276132
std        2.614807
min       2010.000000
25%       2012.000000
50%       2014.000000
75%       2016.000000
max       2019.000000
Name: start_year, dtype: float64

```

Question 1: What were the top movie genres made in the 2010s?

In [63]:

```

# Reset the index post merge
imdb_with_genre_cols = imdb_with_genre_cols.reset_index()

```

In [64]:

```

imdb_with_genre_cols = imdb_with_genre_cols.drop(labels='Unknown', axis=1)

```

In [65]:

```

# Get list of genre names to create dictionary with count per genre
genre_name_list = list(imdb_with_genre_cols.columns[12:38])

```

In [66]:

```
# Create dictionary using for loop to grab column name as the dict key and sum of each column as dict value
genre_total_dict = {}

for genre in genre_name_list:
    genre_total_dict[genre] = imdb_with_genre_cols[genre].sum()

genre_total_dict
```

Out[66]:

```
{'Music': 1968,
 'War': 853,
 'Reality-TV': 17,
 'Sport': 1179,
 'Drama': 30788,
 'Adventure': 3817,
 'Game-Show': 2,
 'Animation': 1743,
 'History': 2825,
 'Romance': 6589,
 'Musical': 721,
 'News': 579,
 'Mystery': 3039,
 'Comedy': 17290,
 'Documentary': 17753,
 'Fantasy': 2126,
 'Adult': 3,
 'Horror': 7674,
 'Crime': 4611,
 'Family': 3412,
 'Thriller': 8217,
 'Western': 280,
 'Action': 6988,
 'Short': 1,
 'Sci-Fi': 2206,
 'Biography': 3809}
```

In [67]:

```
# Sort the dictionary
import operator
sorted_genre_count_dict = dict(sorted(genre_total_dict.items(), key=operator.itemgetter(1), reverse=True))
sorted_genre_count_dict
```

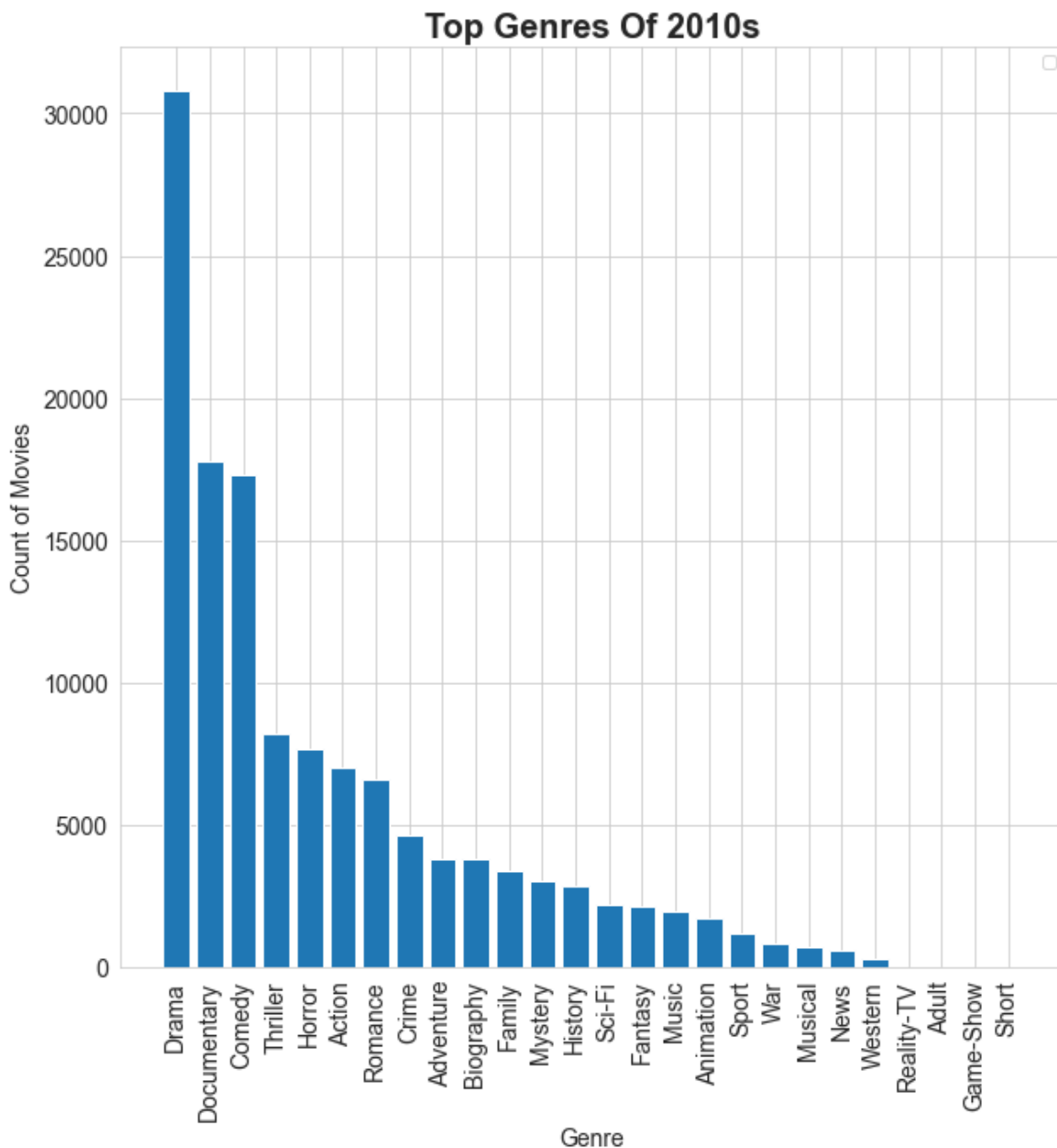
Out[67]:

```
{'Drama': 30788,
 'Documentary': 17753,
 'Comedy': 17290,
 'Thriller': 8217,
 'Horror': 7674,
 'Action': 6988,
 'Romance': 6589,
 'Crime': 4611,
 'Adventure': 3817,
 'Biography': 3809,
 'Family': 3412,
 'Mystery': 3039,
 'History': 2825,
 'Sci-Fi': 2206,
 'Fantasy': 2126,
 'Music': 1968,
 'Animation': 1743,
 'Sport': 1179,
 'War': 853,
 'Musical': 721,
 'News': 579,
 'Western': 280,
 'Reality-TV': 17,
```

```
'Adult': 3,
'Game-Show': 2,
'Short': 1}
```

In [68]:

```
#Plot, note movies with multiple genres counted once for each genre
plt.figure(figsize=(10,10))
plt.bar(sorted_genre_count_dict.keys(), sorted_genre_count_dict.values())
plt.title('Top Genres Of 2010s', fontsize=20, fontweight="bold")
plt.xlabel('Genre', fontsize=14)
plt.xticks(rotation=90, fontsize=14)
plt.ylabel('Count of Movies', fontsize=14)
plt.yticks(fontsize=14)
plt.legend('')
plt.show()
```



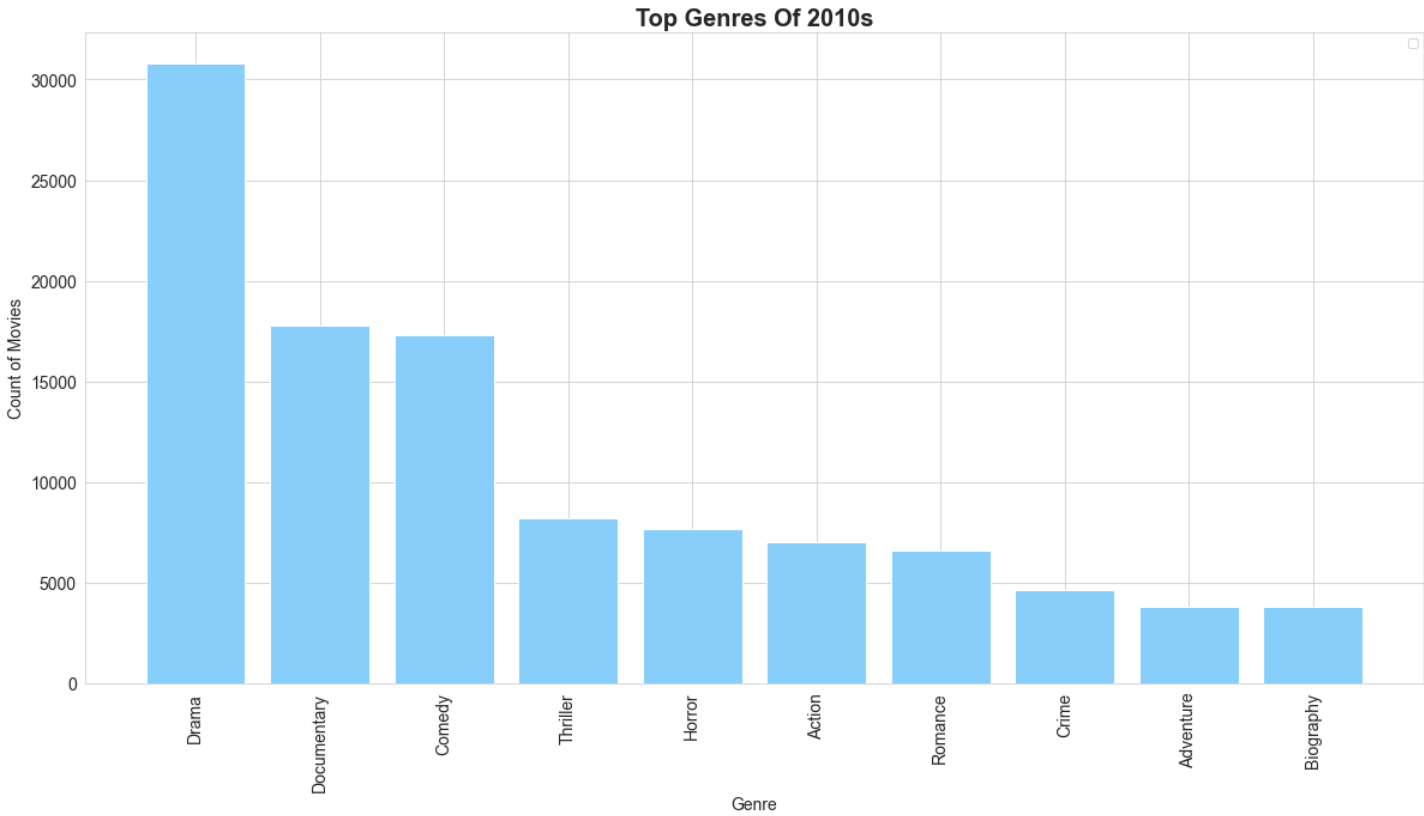
In [69]:

```
# Zoom in on top 10 for presentation
genre_count_dict_zoom = {k: sorted_genre_count_dict[k] for k in list(sorted_genre_count_dict)[:10]}
```

In [70]:

```
# Replot
plt.figure(figsize=(20,10))
plt.bar(genre_count_dict_zoom.keys(), genre_count_dict_zoom.values(), color='lightskyblue')
plt.show()
```

```
plt.title('Top Genres Of 2010s', fontsize=20, fontweight="bold")
plt.xlabel('Genre', fontsize=14)
plt.xticks(rotation=90, fontsize=14)
plt.ylabel('Count of Movies', fontsize=14)
plt.yticks(fontsize=14)
plt.legend('')
plt.savefig("images/1_bar_top_10_genres_2010s_lsb_wide.png")
plt.show()
```



Of movies with financial data, look into production budget versus worldwide gross

In [71]:

```
# Create DataFrame with records that have production budget ROI data
imdb_all_prod_roi_genres = imdb_with_genre_cols[imdb_with_genre_cols['prod_budget_ROI'].notnull()]
```

In [72]:

```
imdb_all_prod_roi_genres.info()
```

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
Int64Index: 1498 entries, 18 to 73700
Data columns (total 53 columns):
#   Column              Non-Null Count  Dtype
---  -
0   title_year          1498 non-null   object
1   tconst              1498 non-null   object
2   primary_title       1498 non-null   object
3   original_title      1498 non-null   object
4   start_year          1498 non-null   int64
5   runtime_minutes     1498 non-null   float64
6   genres_x            1498 non-null   object
7   averagerating       1498 non-null   float64
8   numvotes            1498 non-null   int64
9   directors           1497 non-null   object
10  writers             1480 non-null   object
11  genres_y            1498 non-null   object
12  Music               1498 non-null   int64
13  War                 1498 non-null   int64
14  Reality-TV          1498 non-null   int64
15  Sport              1498 non-null   int64
```

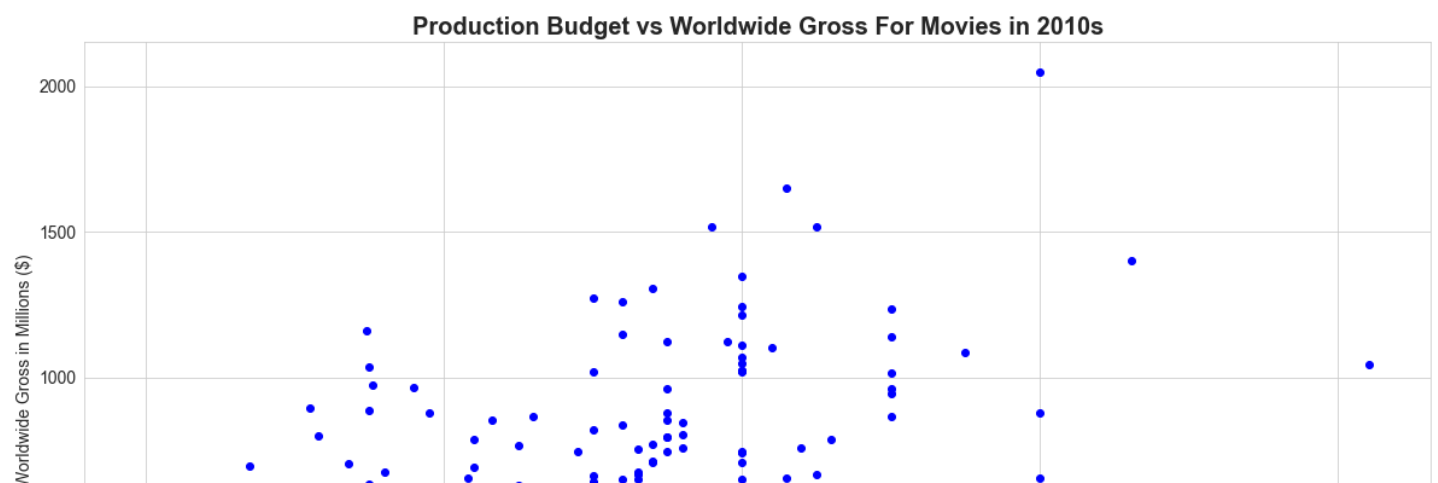
15	Sport	1498	non-null	int64
16	Drama	1498	non-null	int64
17	Adventure	1498	non-null	int64
18	Game-Show	1498	non-null	int64
19	Animation	1498	non-null	int64
20	History	1498	non-null	int64
21	Romance	1498	non-null	int64
22	Musical	1498	non-null	int64
23	News	1498	non-null	int64
24	Mystery	1498	non-null	int64
25	Comedy	1498	non-null	int64
26	Documentary	1498	non-null	int64
27	Fantasy	1498	non-null	int64
28	Adult	1498	non-null	int64
29	Horror	1498	non-null	int64
30	Crime	1498	non-null	int64
31	Family	1498	non-null	int64
32	Thriller	1498	non-null	int64
33	Western	1498	non-null	int64
34	Action	1498	non-null	int64
35	Short	1498	non-null	int64
36	Sci-Fi	1498	non-null	int64
37	Biography	1498	non-null	int64
38	id	1498	non-null	float64
39	release_date	1498	non-null	object
40	movie	1498	non-null	object
41	production_budget	1498	non-null	float64
42	domestic_gross	1498	non-null	float64
43	worldwide_gross	1498	non-null	float64
44	release_year	1498	non-null	object
45	worldwide_gross_in_mil	1498	non-null	float64
46	production_budget_in_mil	1498	non-null	float64
47	prod_budget_ROI	1498	non-null	float64
48	domestic_gross_in_mil	1498	non-null	float64
49	foreign_gross_in_mil	1498	non-null	float64
50	domestic_gross_p	1498	non-null	float64
51	foreign_gross_p	1498	non-null	float64
52	release_month	1498	non-null	object

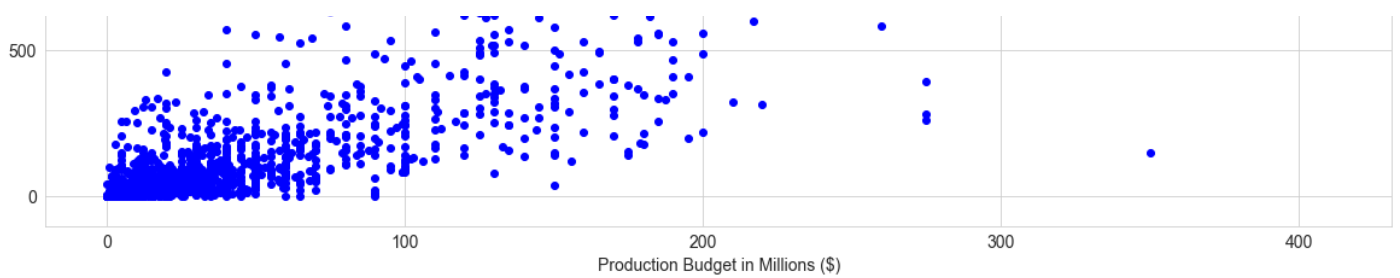
dtypes: float64(13), int64(28), object(12)

memory usage: 632.0+ KB

In [73]:

```
# Plot chart prod vs gross for all 2010 movies with financial data from table above
x = imdb_all_prod_roi_genres['production_budget_in_mil']
y = imdb_all_prod_roi_genres['worldwide_gross_in_mil']
plt.figure(figsize=(20,10))
plt.scatter(x, y, color='blue')
plt.title('Production Budget vs Worldwide Gross For Movies in 2010s', fontsize=20, fontweight="bold")
plt.xlabel('Production Budget in Millions ($)', fontsize=14)
plt.xticks(fontsize=14)
plt.ylabel('Worldwide Gross in Millions ($)', fontsize=14)
plt.yticks(fontsize=14)
plt.savefig("images/additionalViz/scatter_prodbudg_vs_wwgross_2010s_all_fg_wide.png")
plt.show()
```





In [74]:

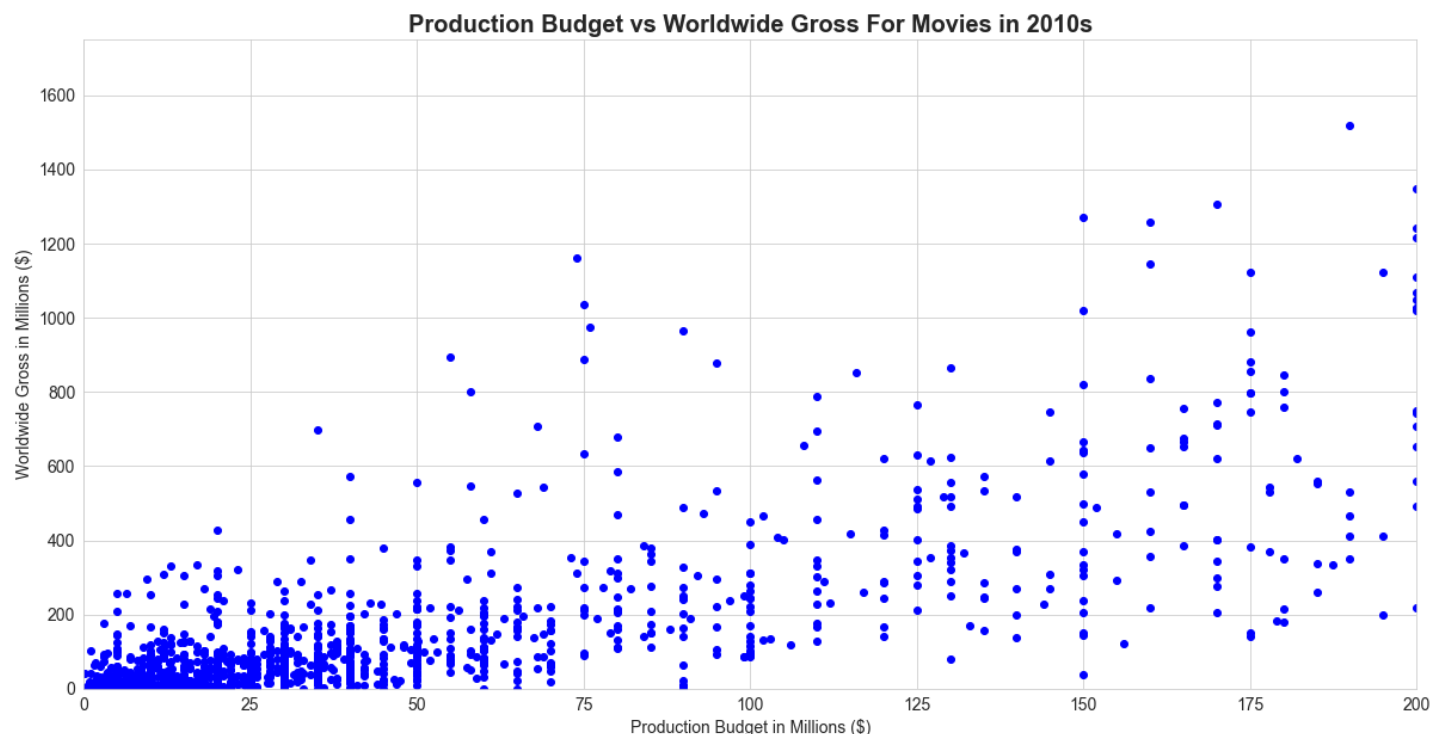
```
len(imdb_all_prod_roi_genres[imdb_all_prod_roi_genres['production_budget_in_mil'] <= 200])
```

Out[74]:

1471

In [75]:

```
# Replot with zoom into production budget up to 200 mil
x = imdb_all_prod_roi_genres['production_budget_in_mil']
y = imdb_all_prod_roi_genres['worldwide_gross_in_mil']
plt.figure(figsize=(20,10))
plt.scatter(x, y, color='blue')
plt.title('Production Budget vs Worldwide Gross For Movies in 2010s', fontsize=20, fontweight="bold")
plt.xlabel('Production Budget in Millions ($)', fontsize=14)
plt.xticks(fontsize=14)
plt.xlim(0,200)
plt.ylabel('Worldwide Gross in Millions ($)', fontsize=14)
plt.yticks(fontsize=14)
plt.ylim(0,1750)
plt.savefig("images/additionalViz/scatter_prodbudg_vs_wwgross_2010s_200M_fg_wide.png")
plt.show()
```



In [76]:

```
# Get list of genre columns
imdb_all_prod_roi_genres.columns[12:38]
```

Out[76]:

```
Index(['Music', 'War', 'Reality-TV', 'Sport', 'Drama', 'Adventure',
      'Game-Show', 'Animation', 'History', 'Romance', 'Musical', 'News',
      'Mystery', 'Comedy', 'Documentary', 'Fantasy', 'Adult', 'Horror',
      'Crime', 'Family', 'Thriller', 'Western', 'Action', 'Short', 'Sci-Fi',
```

```
'Biography'],  
dtype='object')
```

In [77]:

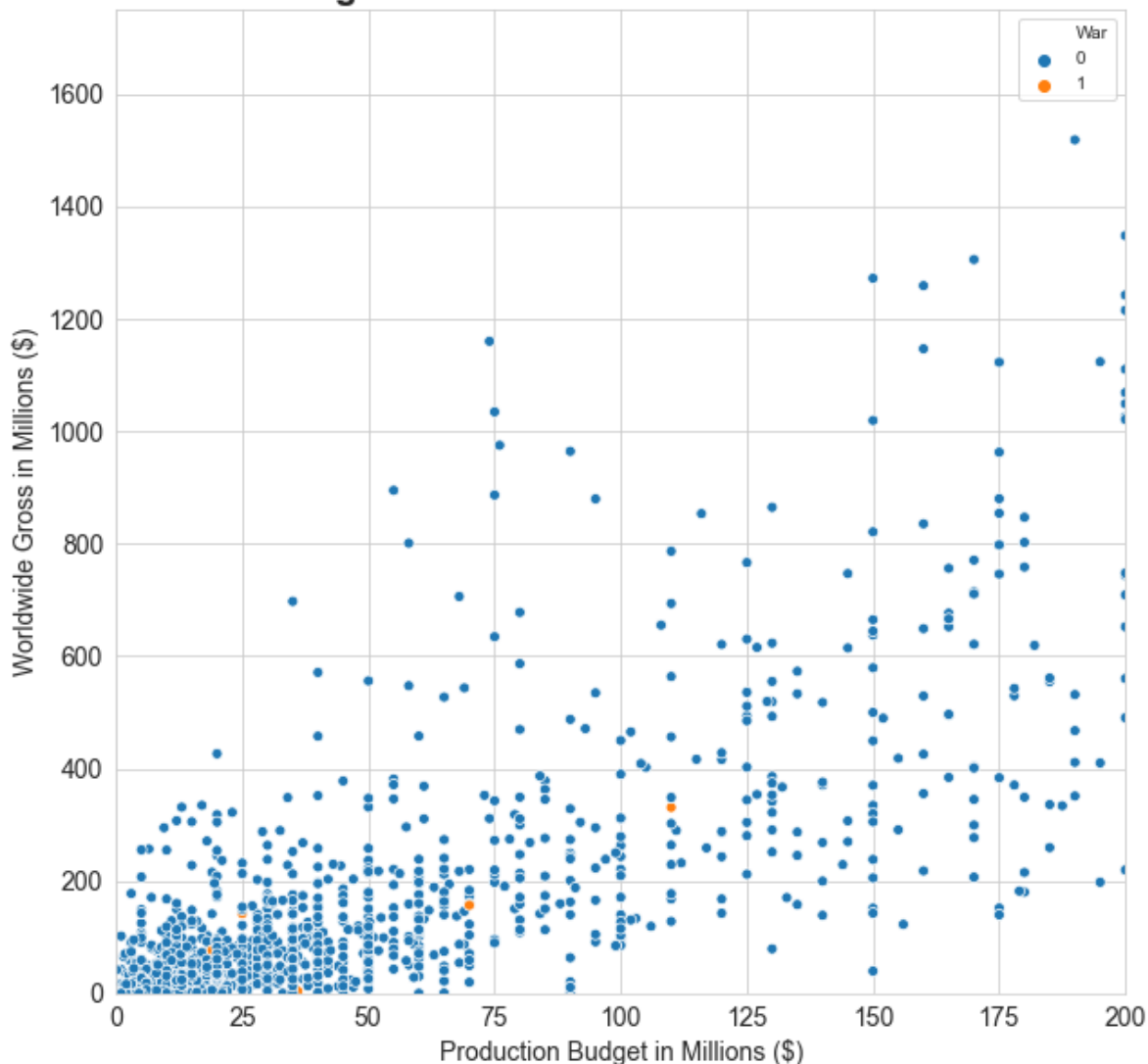
```
# Create list and assign variable name  
genre_columns = list(imdb_all_prod_roi_genres.columns[13:38])
```

In [78]:

```
# Use for loop to chart prod budget vs worldwide gross per genre  
for genre in genre_columns:  
    print(genre)  
    x = imdb_all_prod_roi_genres['production_budget_in_mil']  
    y = imdb_all_prod_roi_genres['worldwide_gross_in_mil']  
    plt.figure(figsize=(10,10))  
    sns.scatterplot(x, y, hue=imdb_all_prod_roi_genres[genre])  
    plt.title(f'Production Budget vs Worldwide Gross For {genre} Movies in 2010s', fontsize=20, fontweight="bold")  
    plt.xlabel('Production Budget in Millions ($)', fontsize=14)  
    plt.xlim(0,200)  
    plt.xticks(fontsize=14)  
    plt.ylabel('Worldwide Gross in Millions ($)', fontsize=14)  
    plt.ylim(0,1750)  
    plt.yticks(fontsize=14)  
    plt.show()  
    plt.savefig(f"images/additionalViz/prod_budg_by_gross_genre/scatter_{genre}_prodbudg_vs_wvgross_2010s_200M_fg.png")
```

War

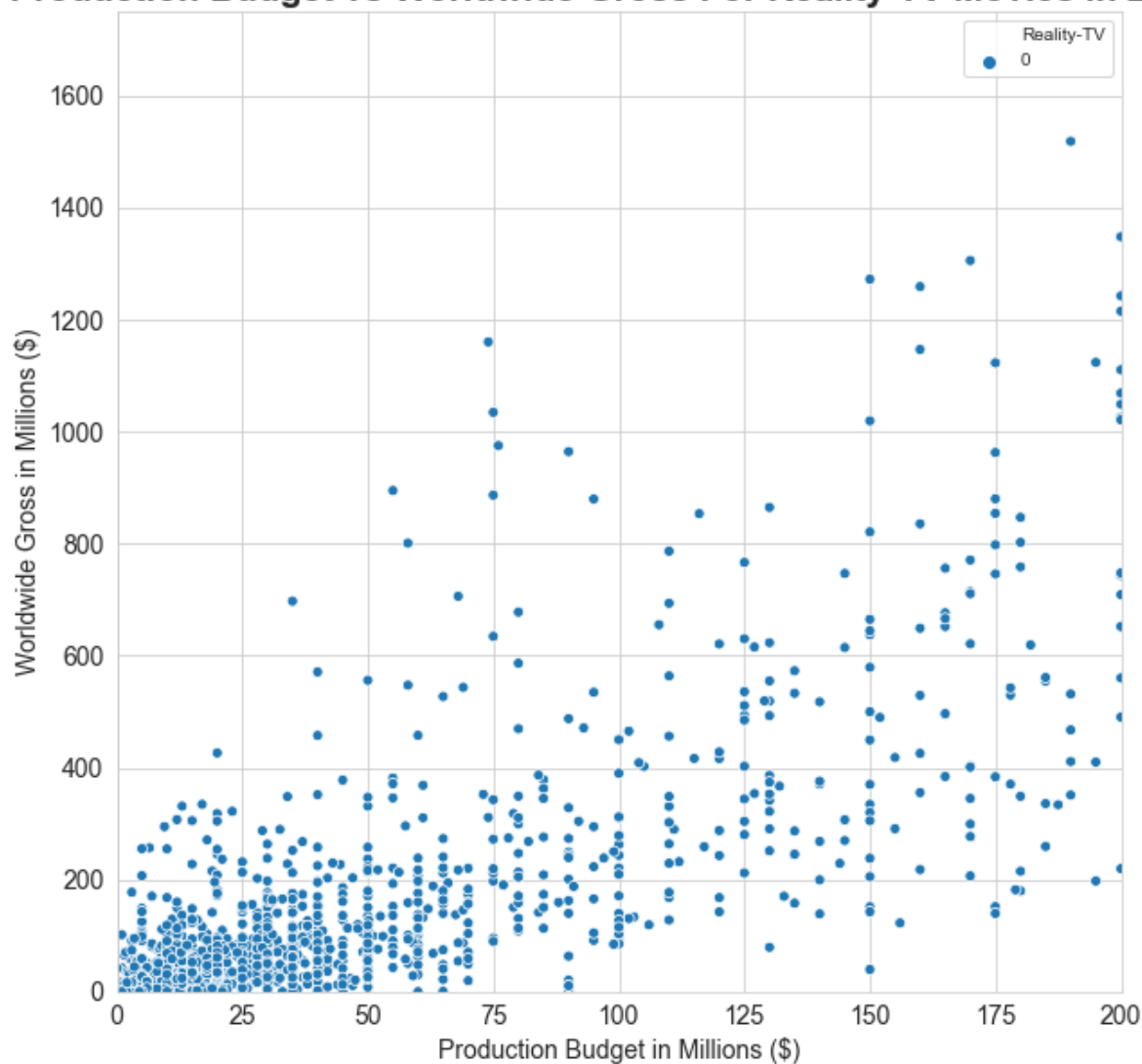
Production Budget vs Worldwide Gross For War Movies in 2010s



Reality-TV

<Figure size 432x288 with 0 Axes>

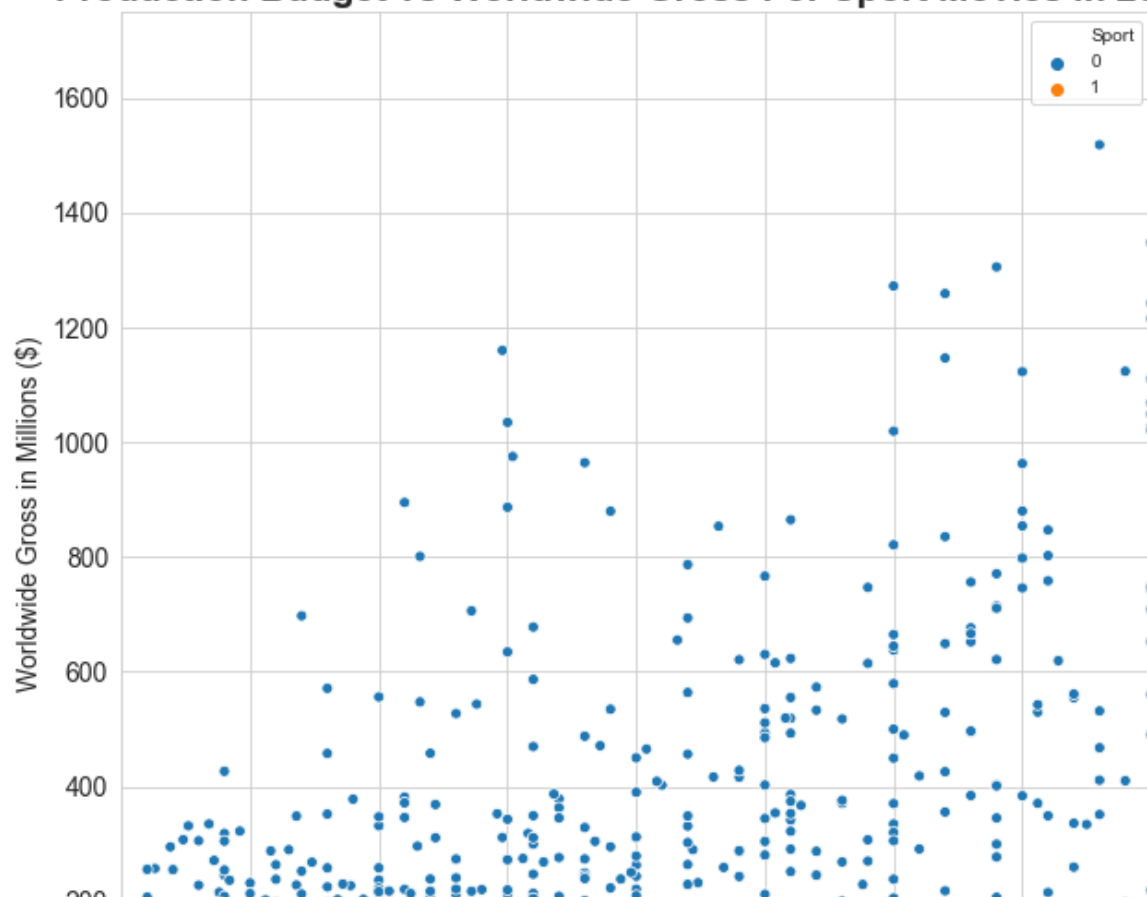
Production Budget vs Worldwide Gross For Reality-TV Movies in 2010s

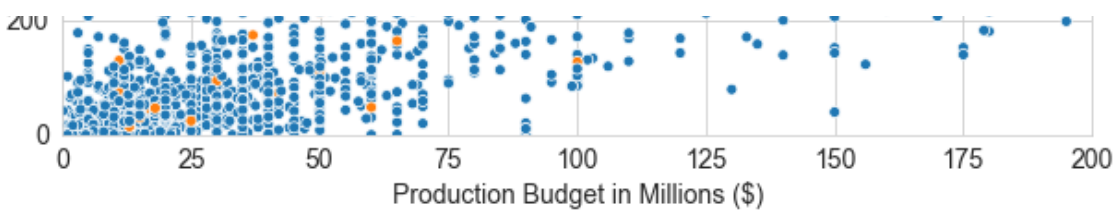


Sport

<Figure size 432x288 with 0 Axes>

Production Budget vs Worldwide Gross For Sport Movies in 2010s

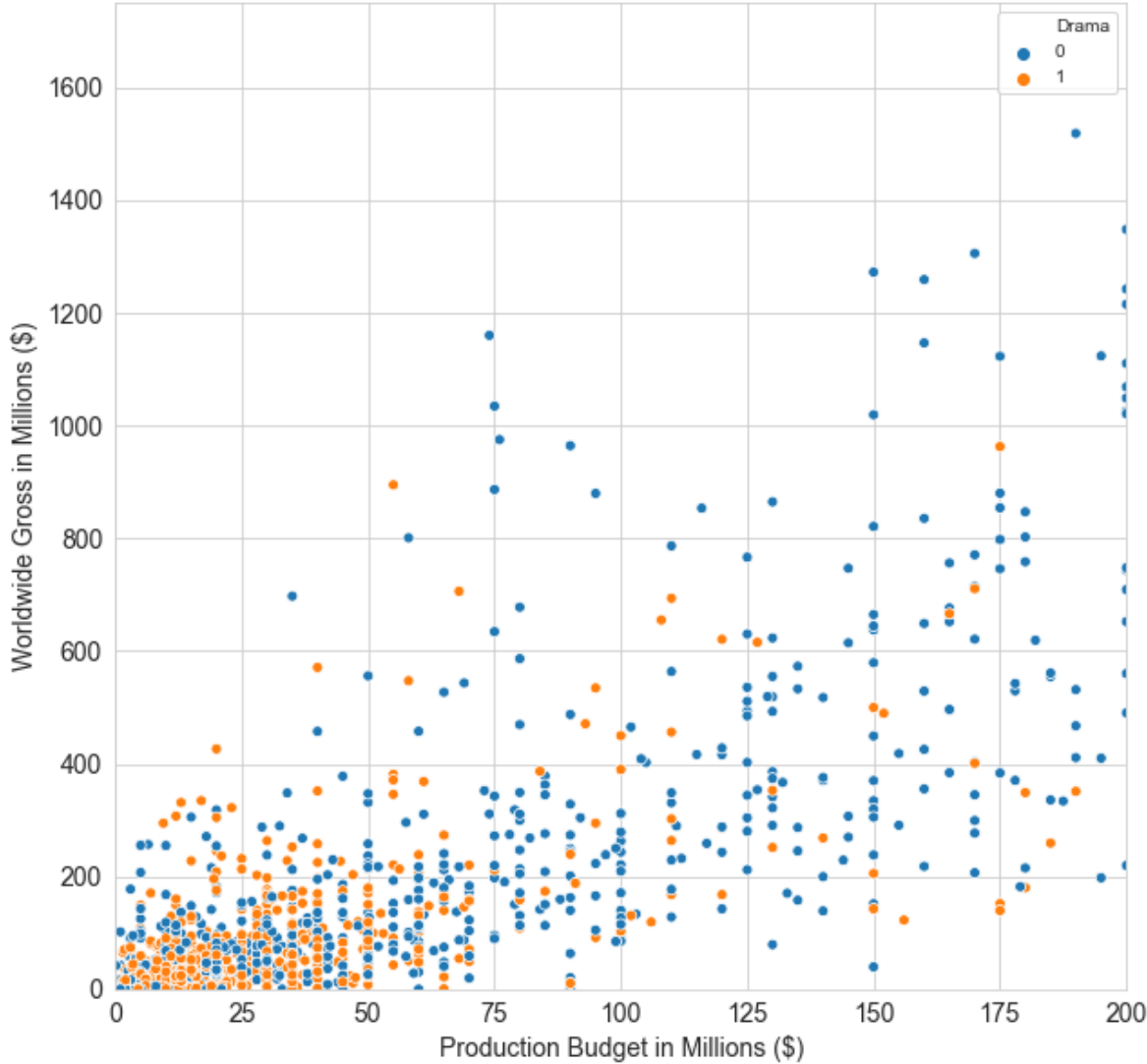




Drama

<Figure size 432x288 with 0 Axes>

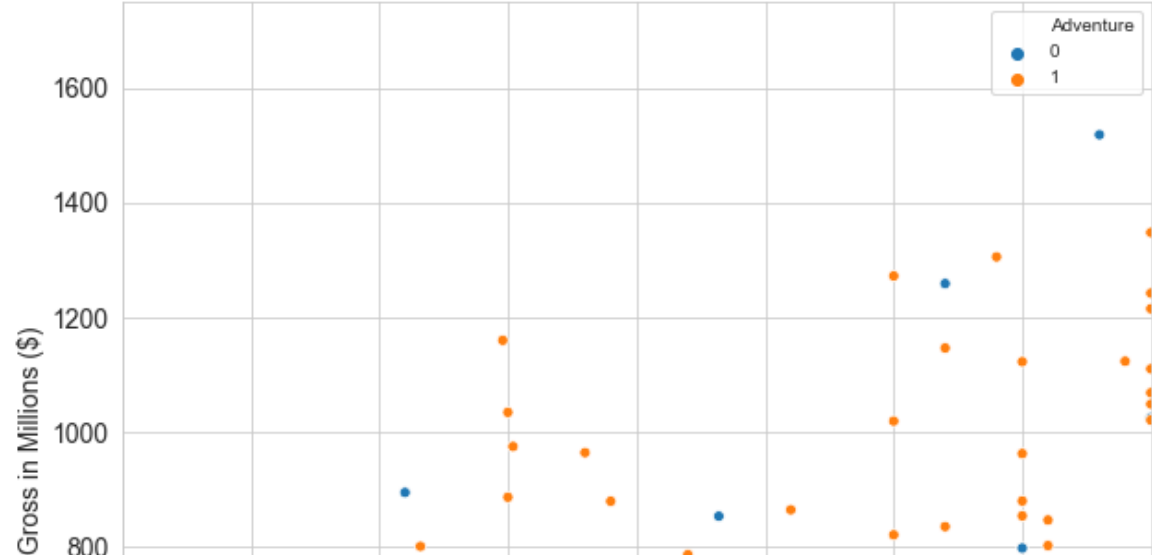
Production Budget vs Worldwide Gross For Drama Movies in 2010s

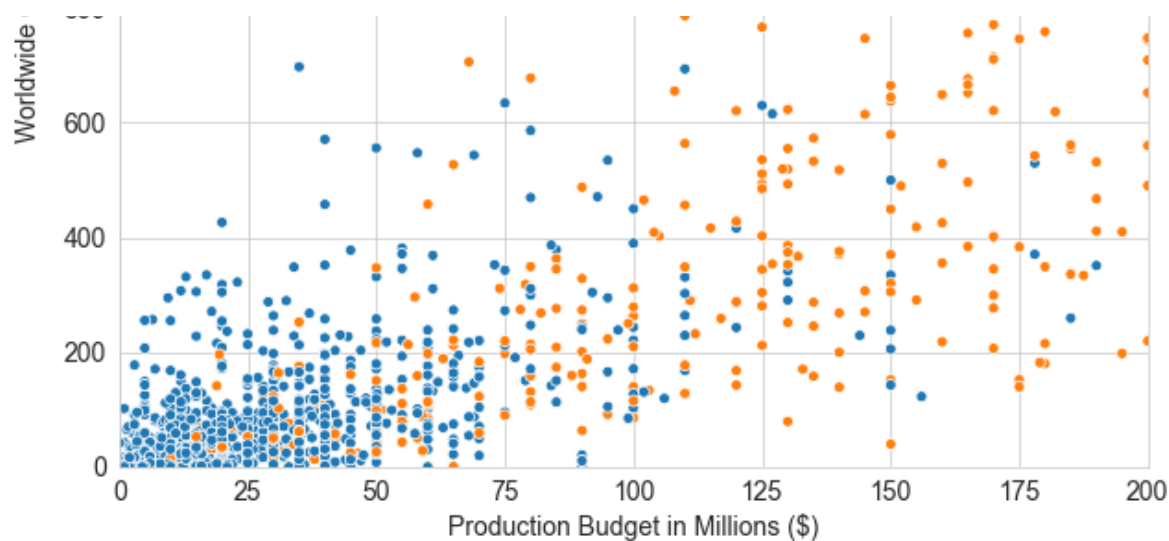


Adventure

<Figure size 432x288 with 0 Axes>

Production Budget vs Worldwide Gross For Adventure Movies in 2010s

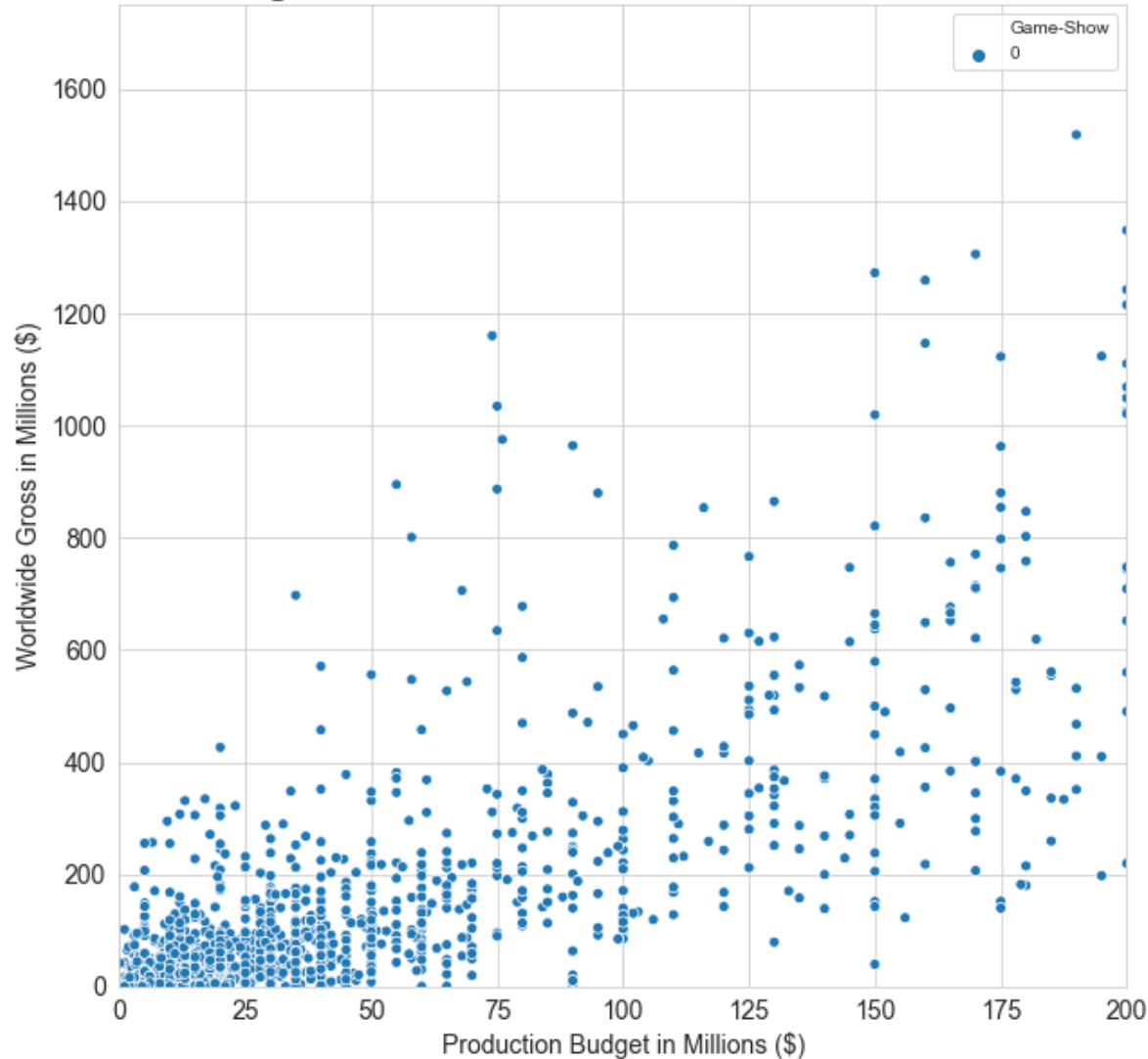




Game-Show

<Figure size 432x288 with 0 Axes>

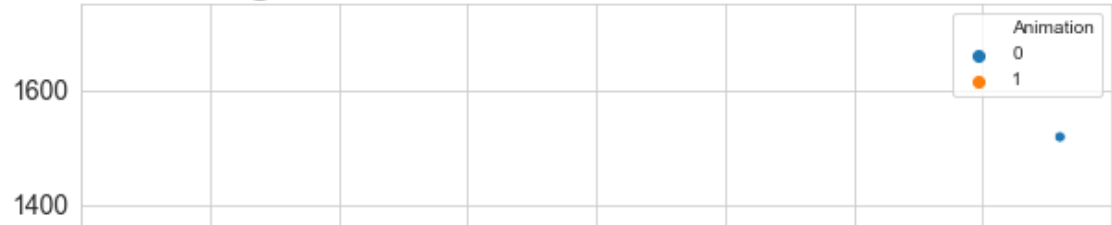
Production Budget vs Worldwide Gross For Game-Show Movies in 2010s

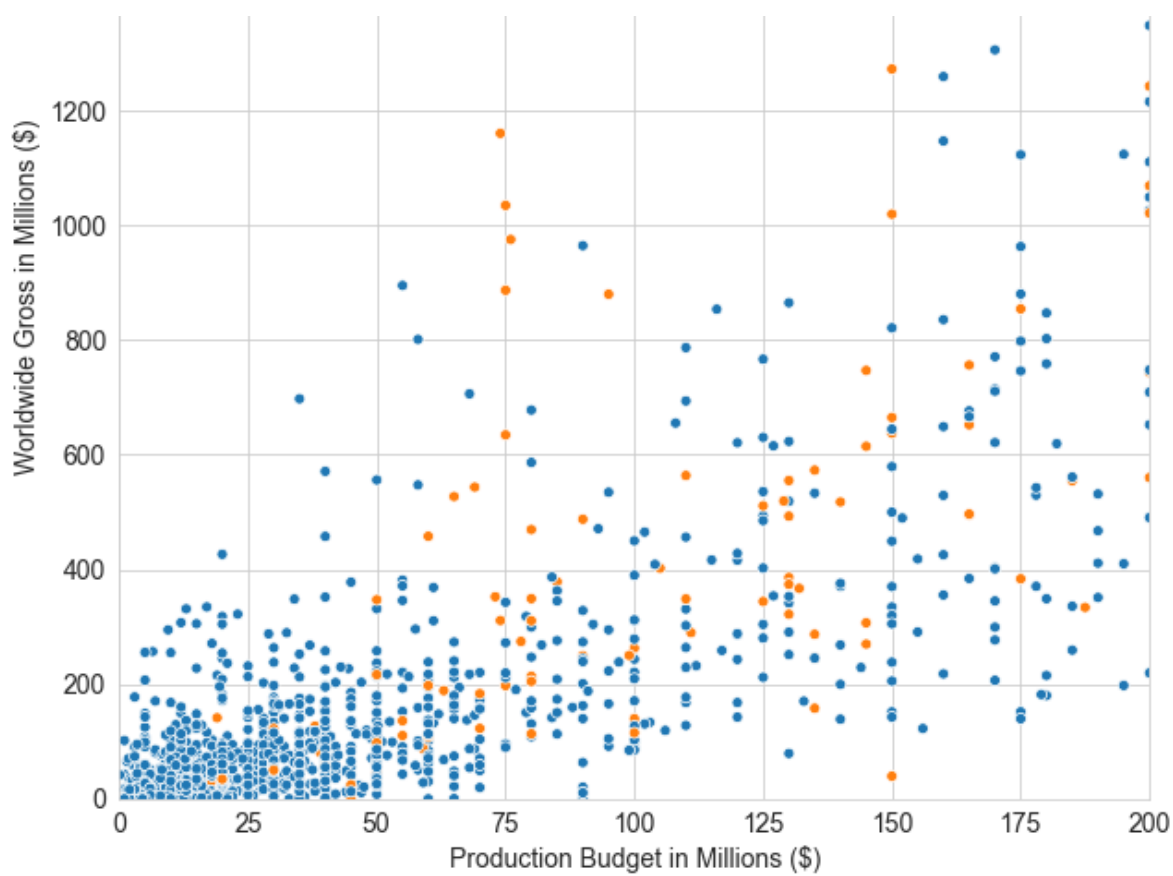


Animation

<Figure size 432x288 with 0 Axes>

Production Budget vs Worldwide Gross For Animation Movies in 2010s

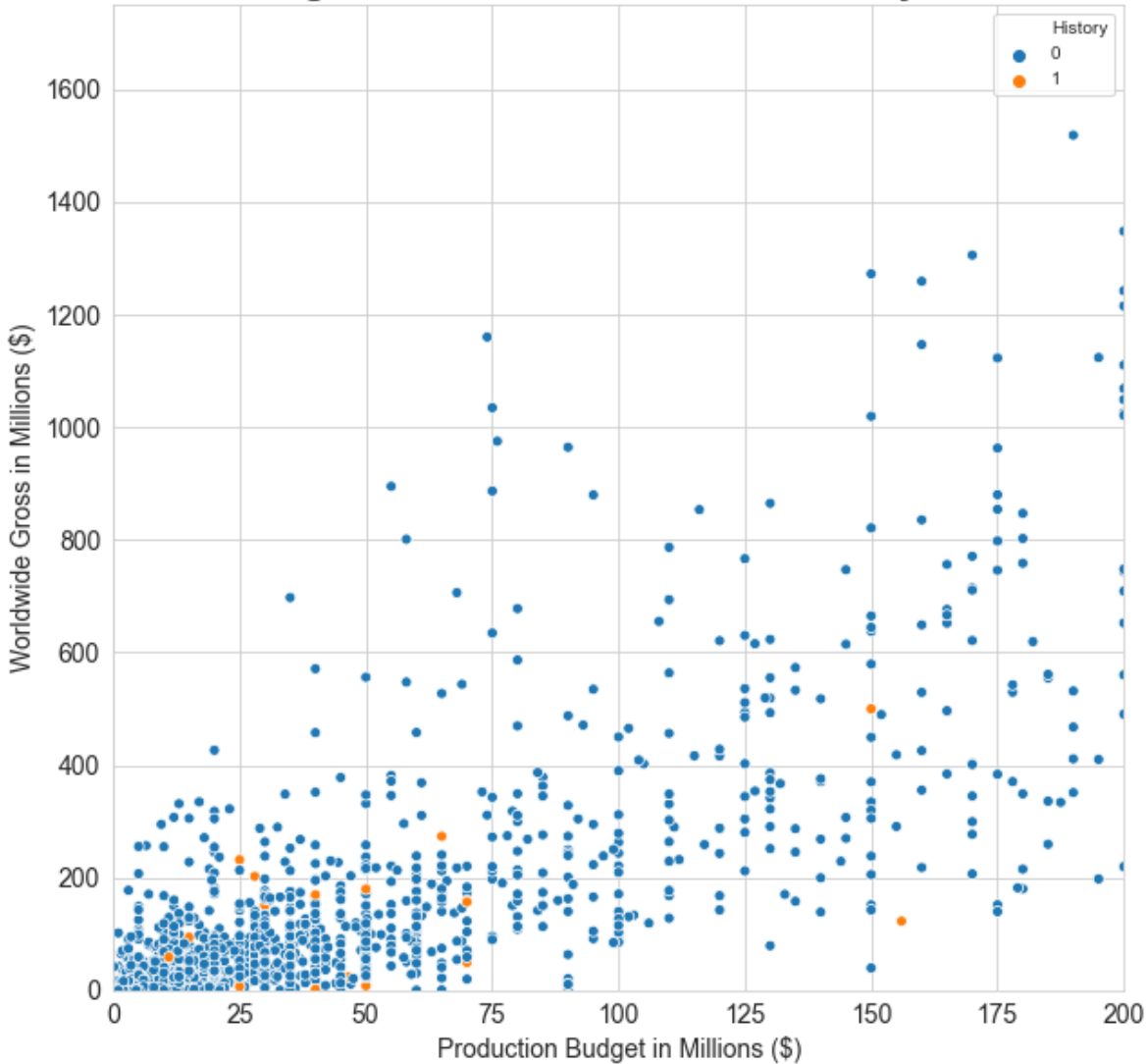




History

<Figure size 432x288 with 0 Axes>

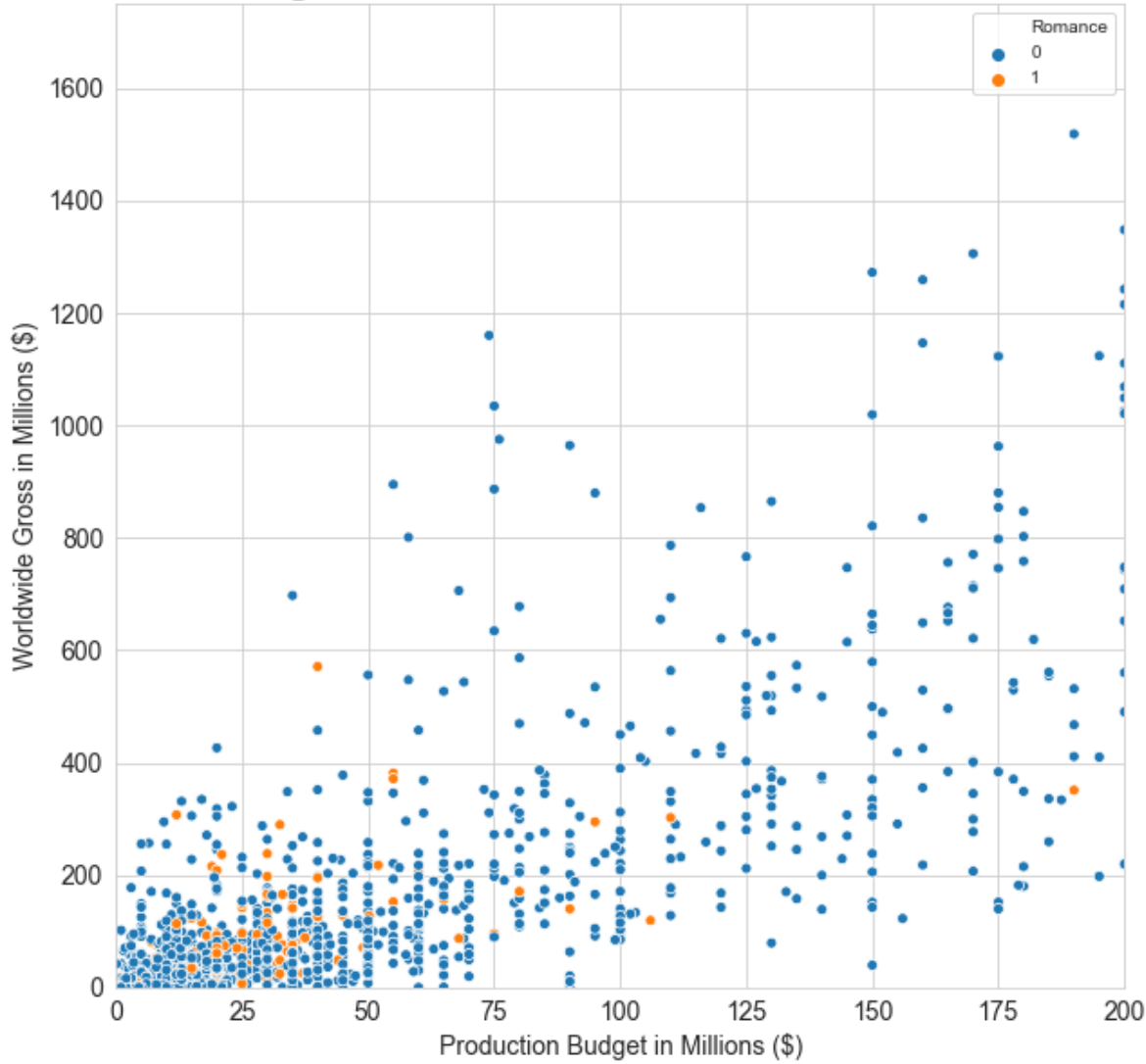
Production Budget vs Worldwide Gross For History Movies in 2010s



Romance

<Figure size 432x288 with 0 Axes>

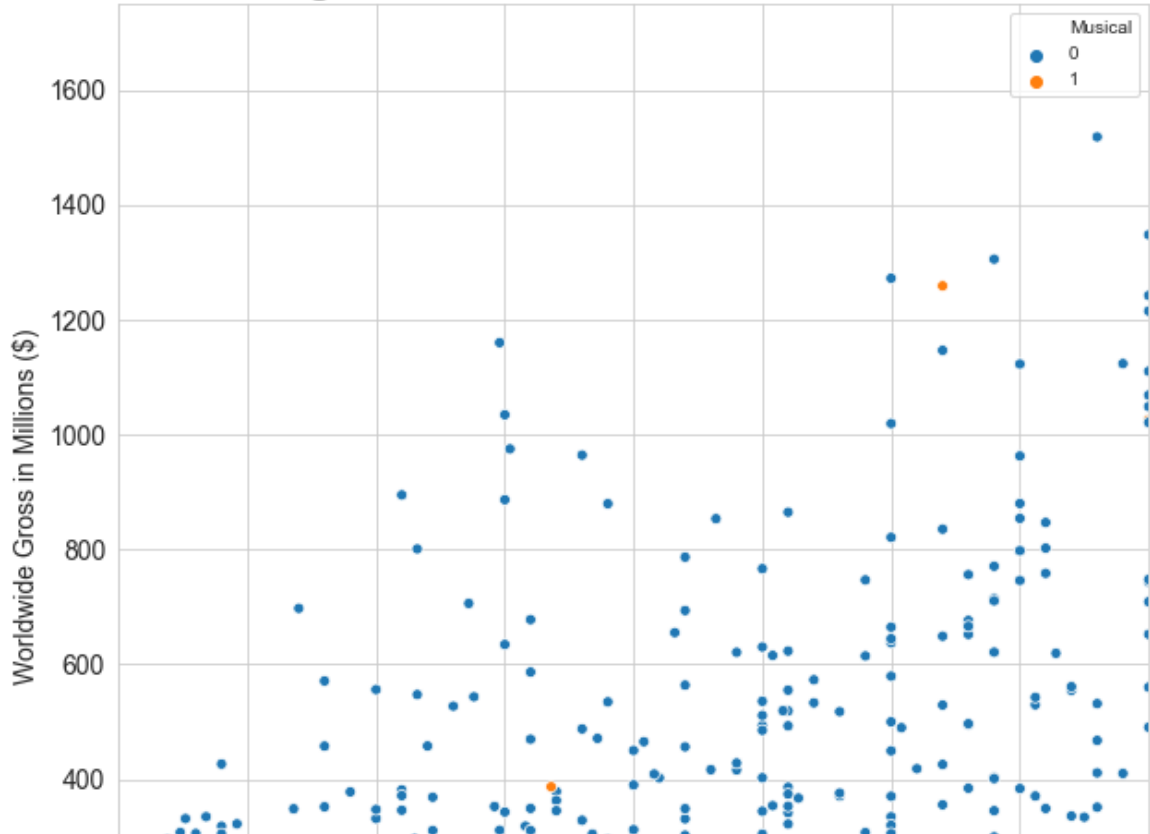
Production Budget vs Worldwide Gross For Romance Movies in 2010s

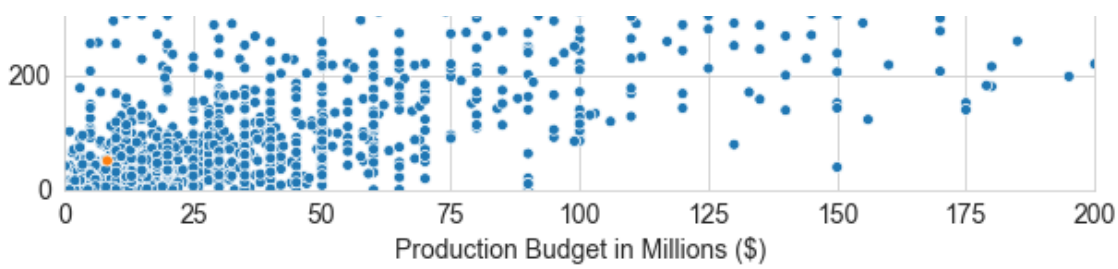


Musical

<Figure size 432x288 with 0 Axes>

Production Budget vs Worldwide Gross For Musical Movies in 2010s

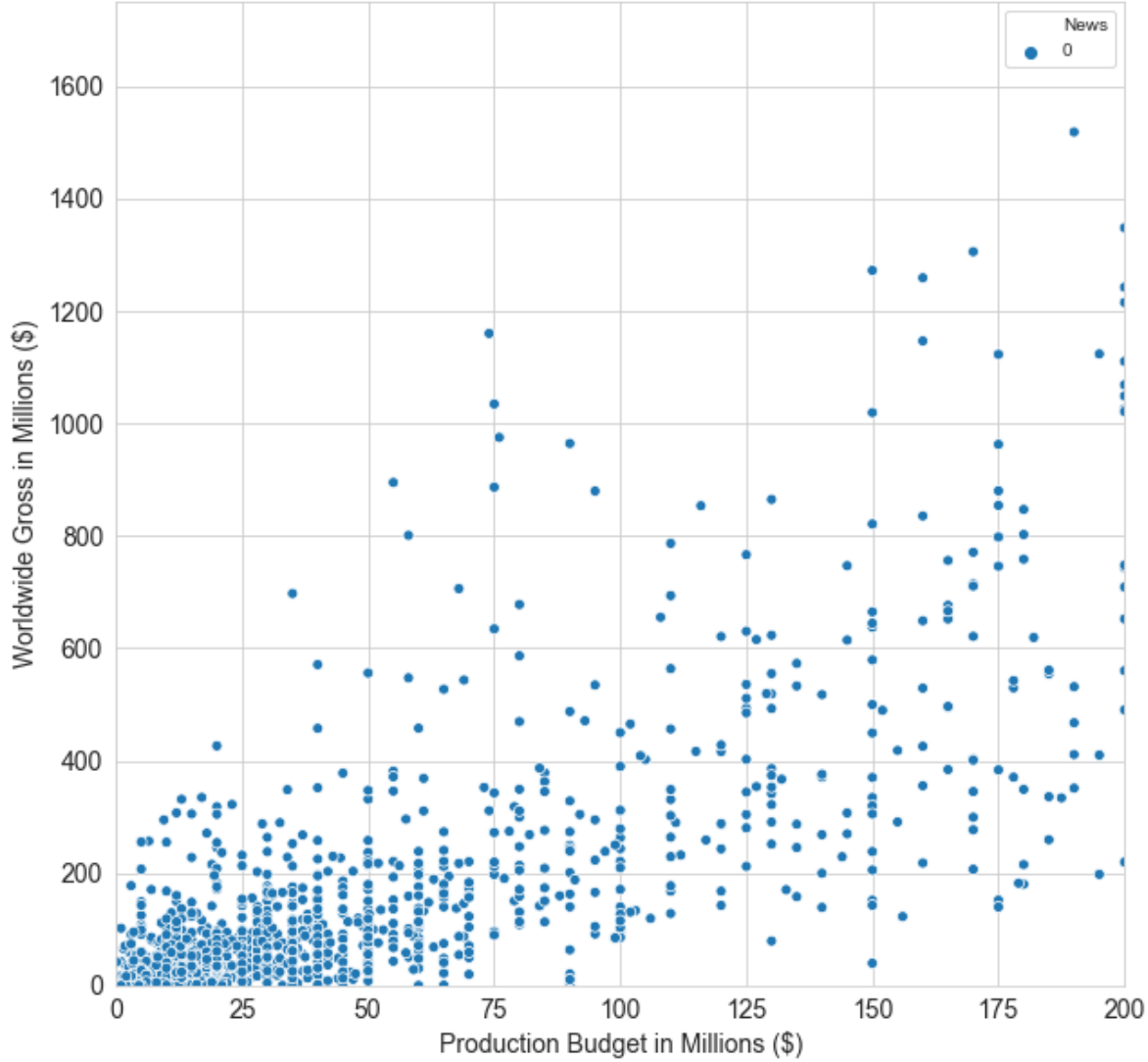




News

<Figure size 432x288 with 0 Axes>

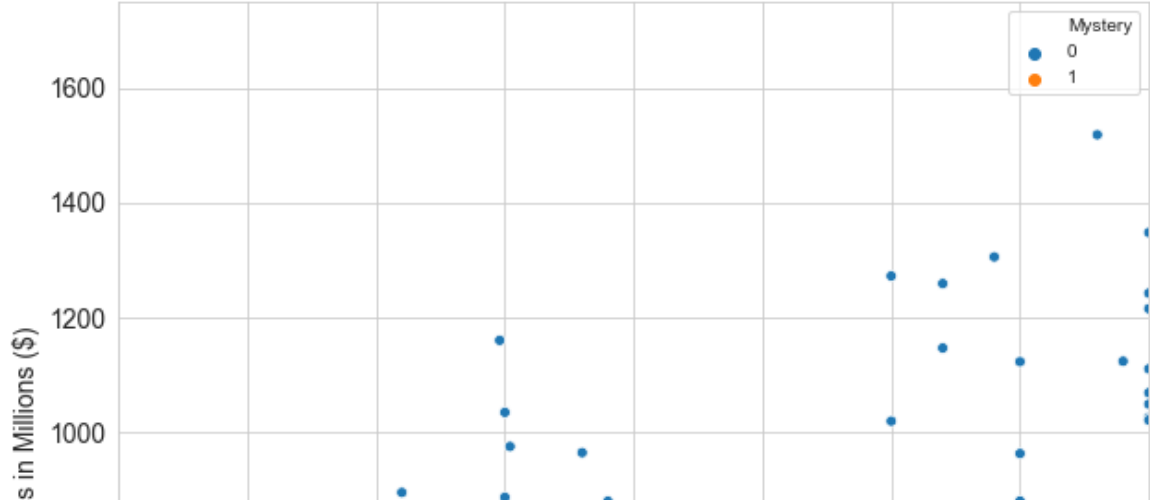
Production Budget vs Worldwide Gross For News Movies in 2010s

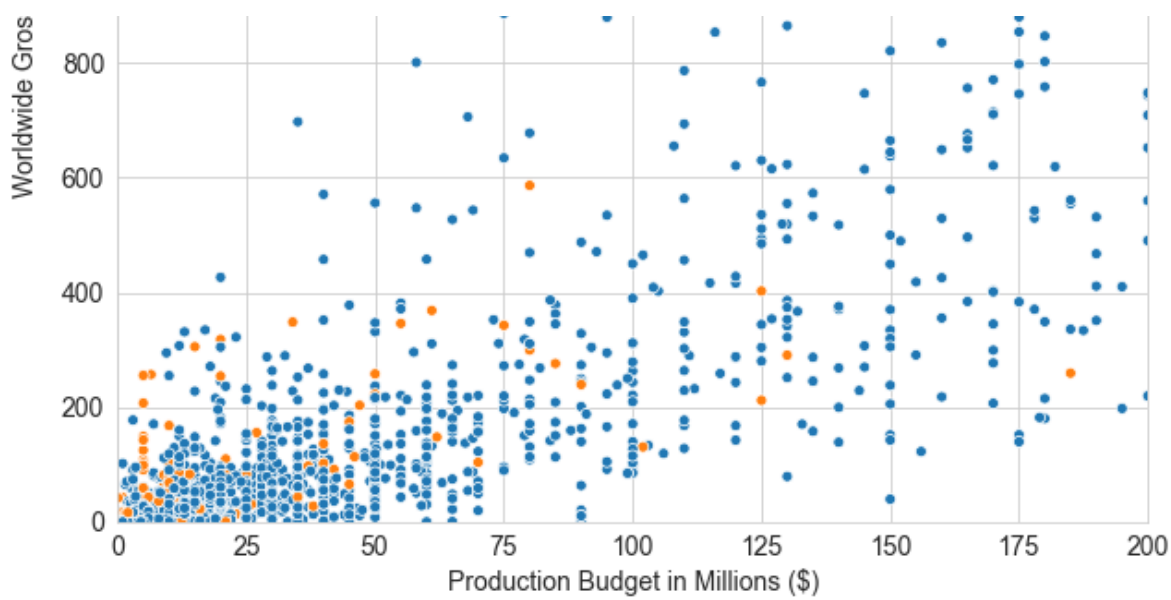


Mystery

<Figure size 432x288 with 0 Axes>

Production Budget vs Worldwide Gross For Mystery Movies in 2010s

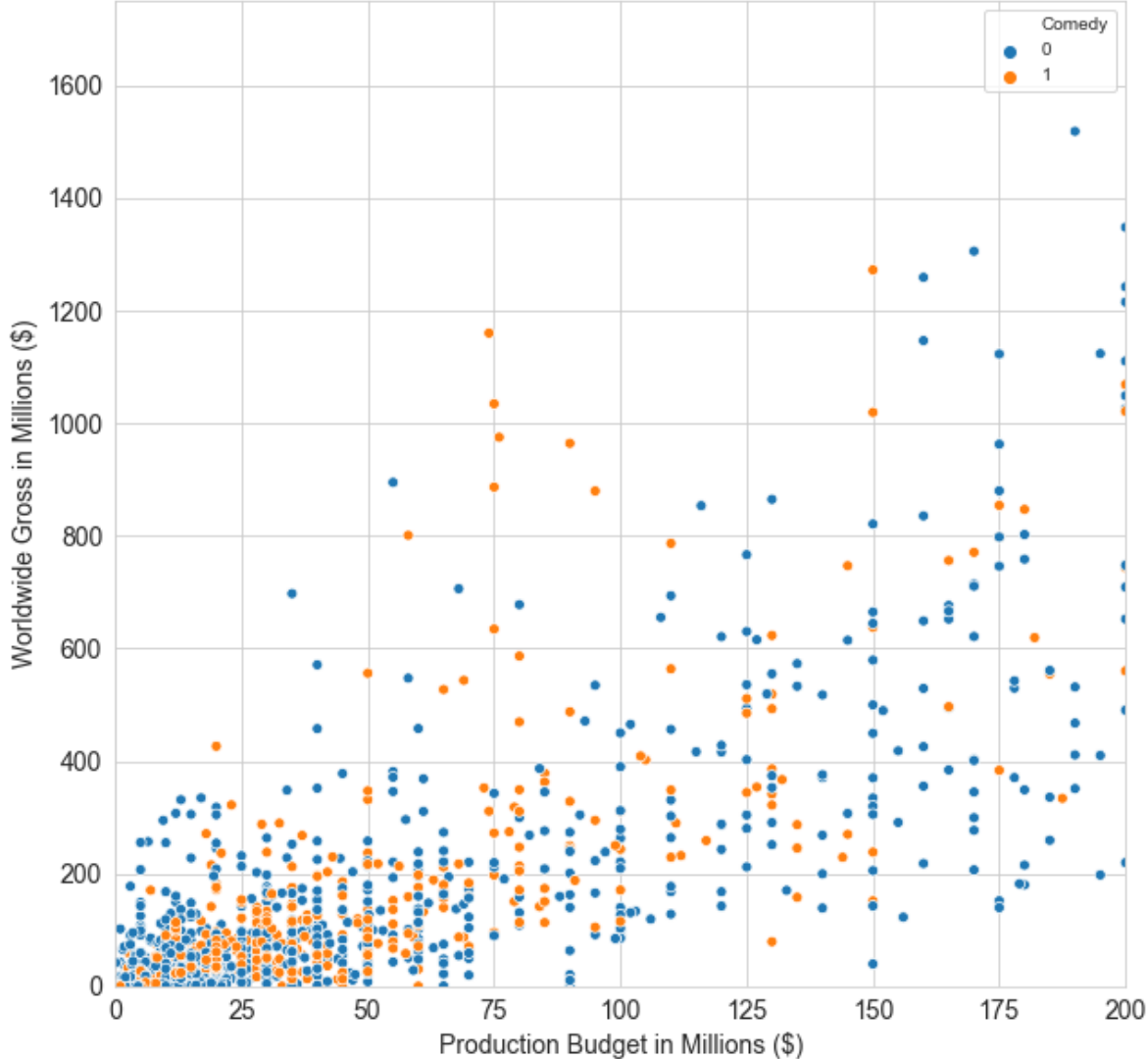




Comedy

<Figure size 432x288 with 0 Axes>

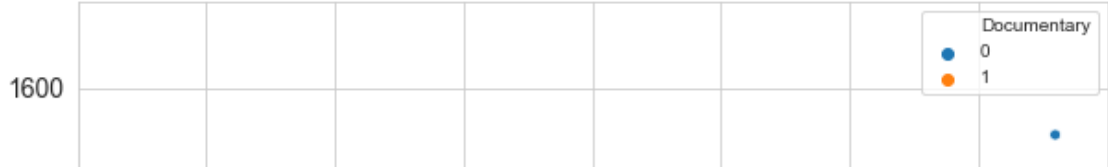
Production Budget vs Worldwide Gross For Comedy Movies in 2010s

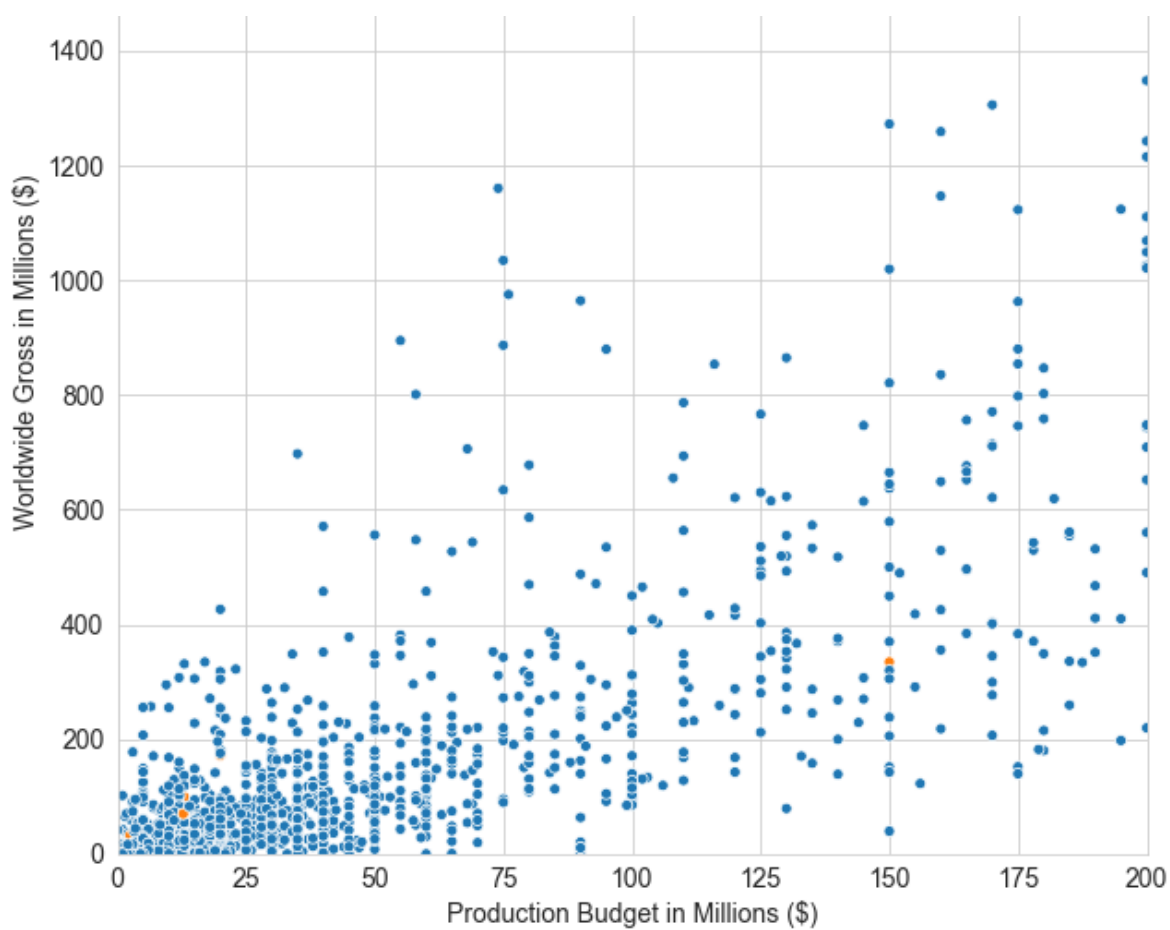


Documentary

<Figure size 432x288 with 0 Axes>

Production Budget vs Worldwide Gross For Documentary Movies in 2010s

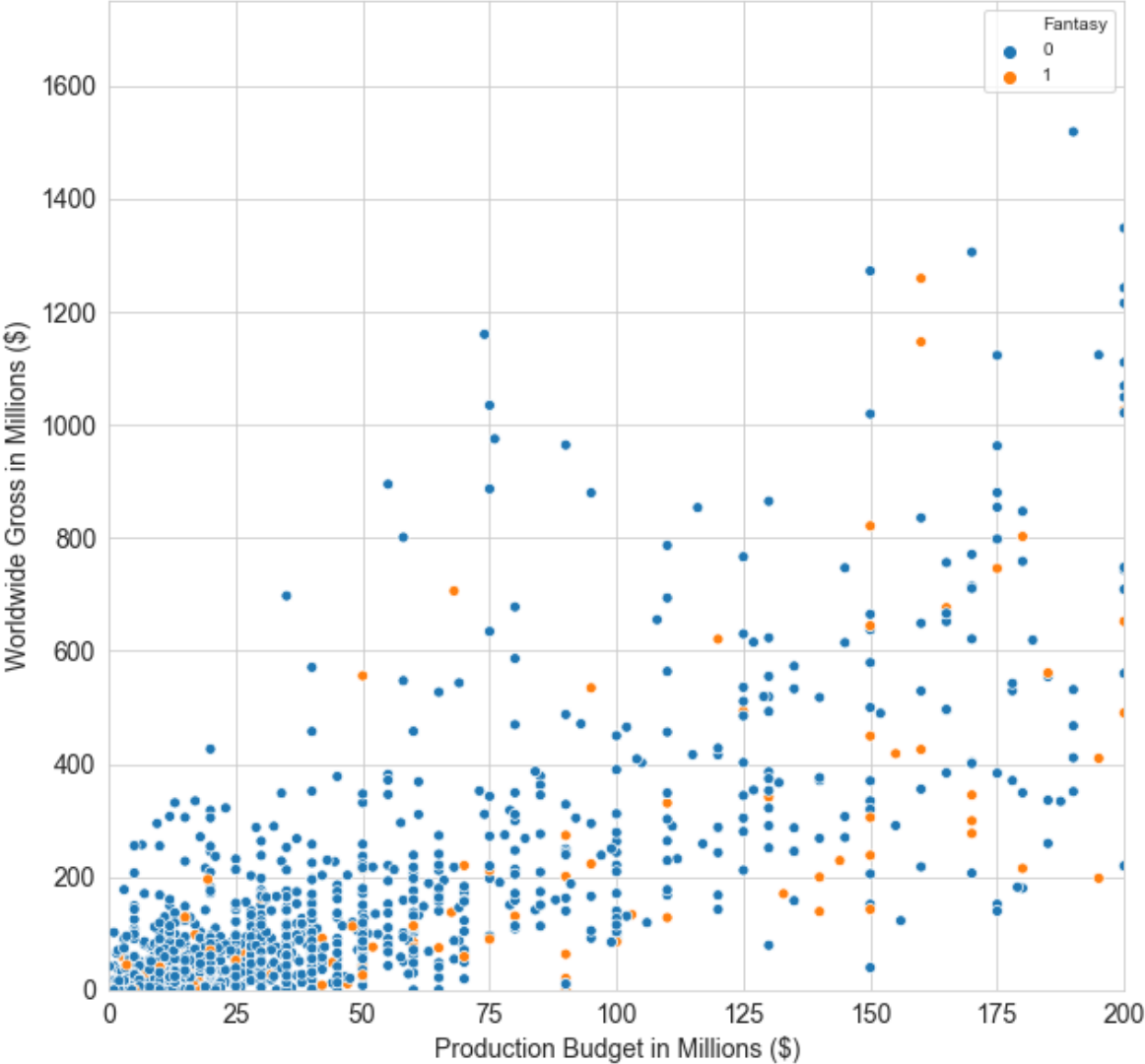




Fantasy

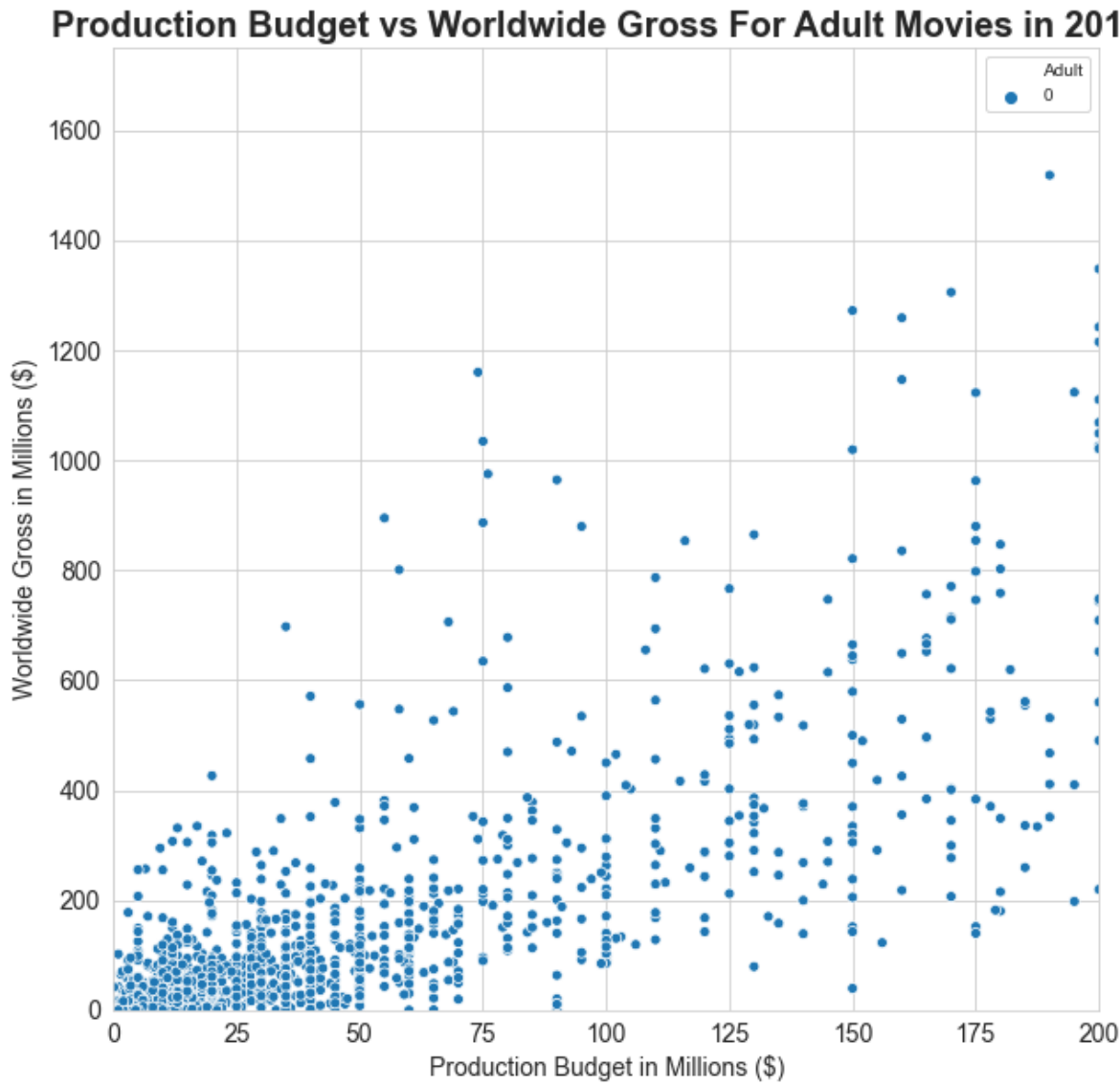
<Figure size 432x288 with 0 Axes>

Production Budget vs Worldwide Gross For Fantasy Movies in 2010s



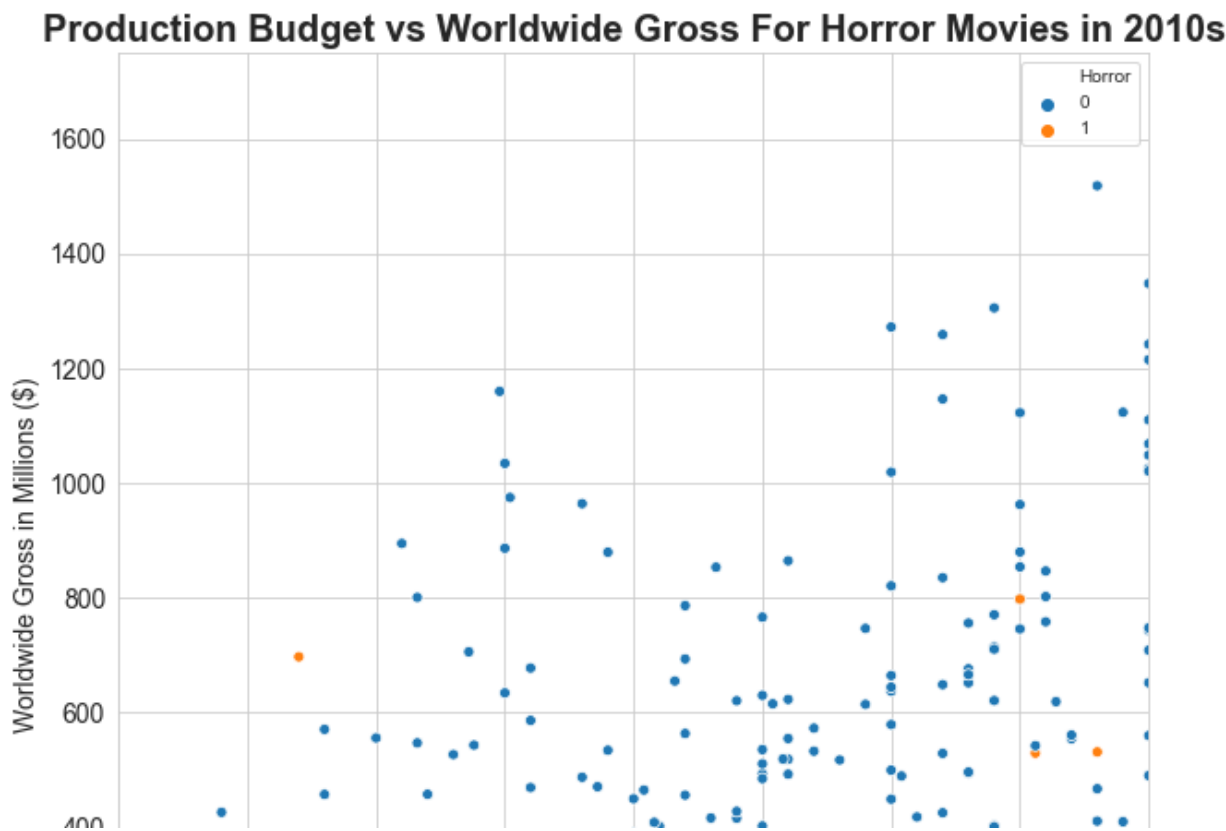
Adult

<Figure size 432x288 with 0 Axes>



Horror

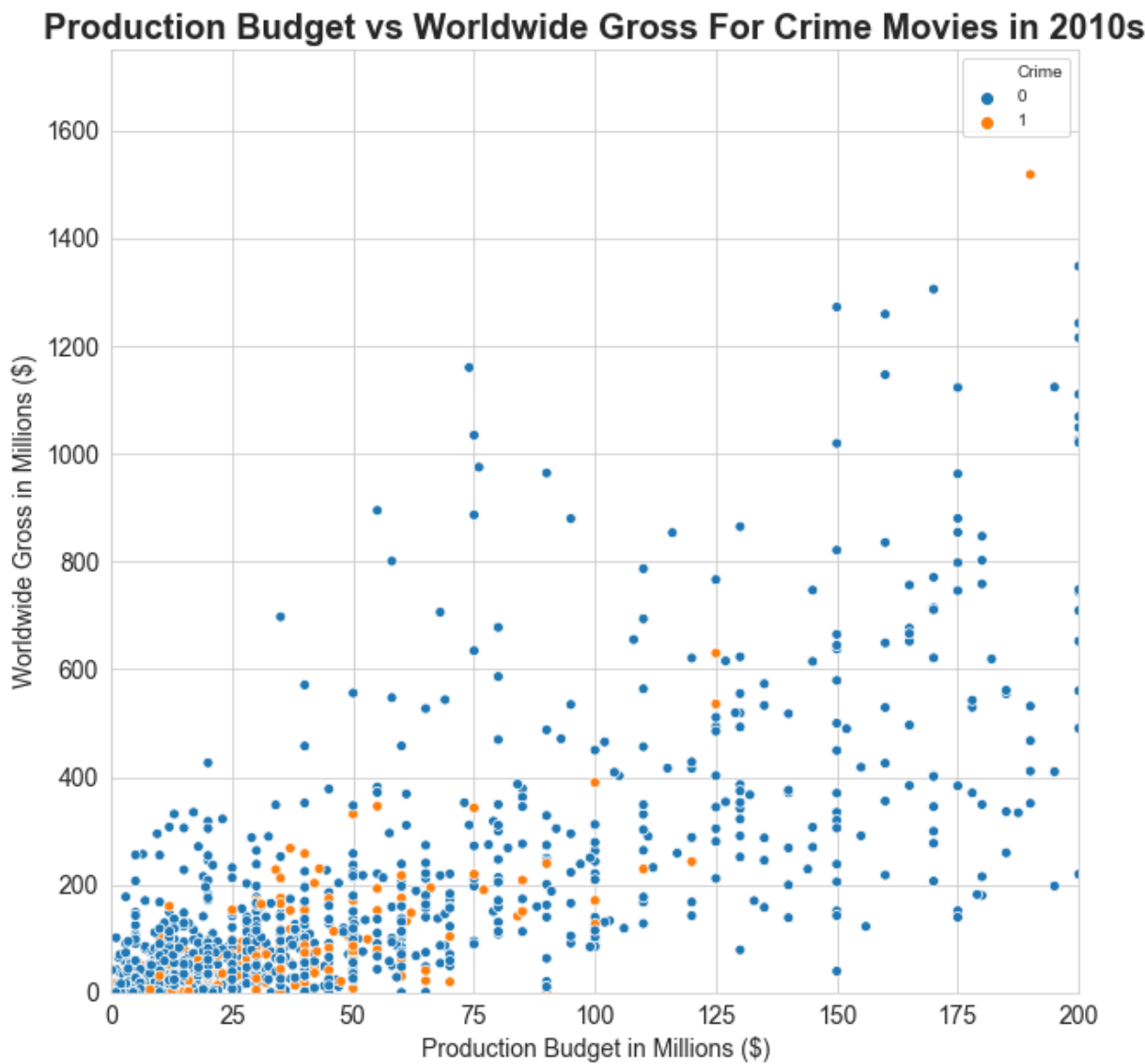
<Figure size 432x288 with 0 Axes>





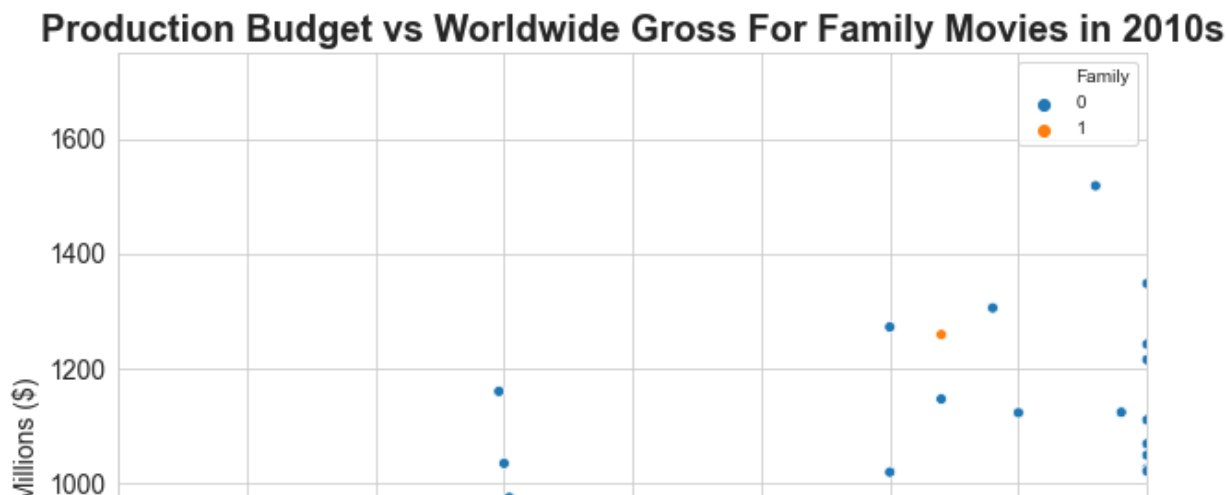
Crime

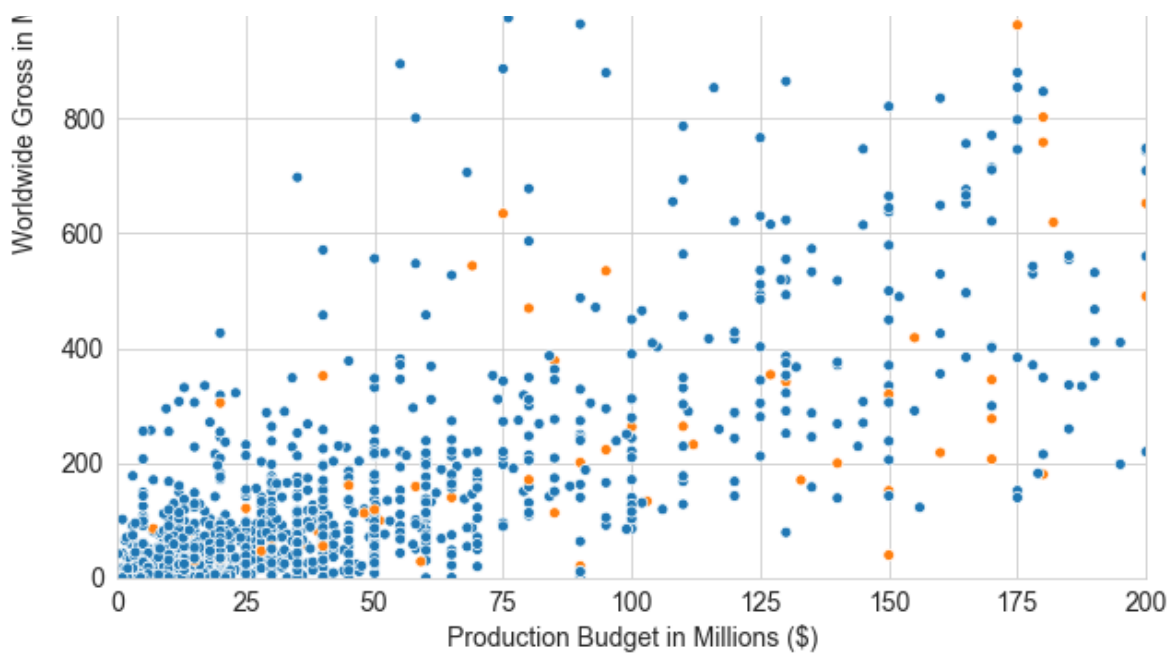
<Figure size 432x288 with 0 Axes>



Family

<Figure size 432x288 with 0 Axes>

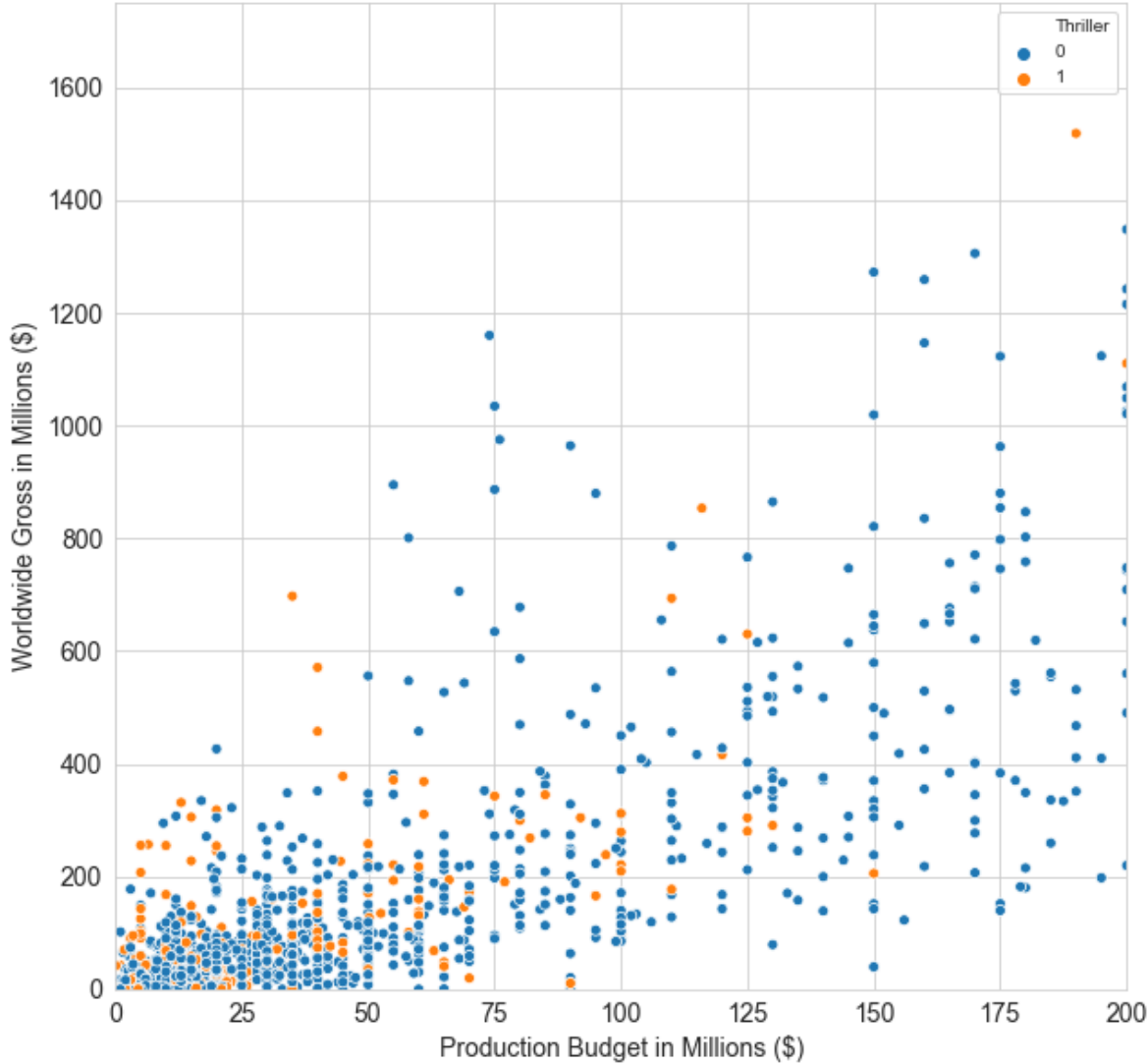




Thriller

<Figure size 432x288 with 0 Axes>

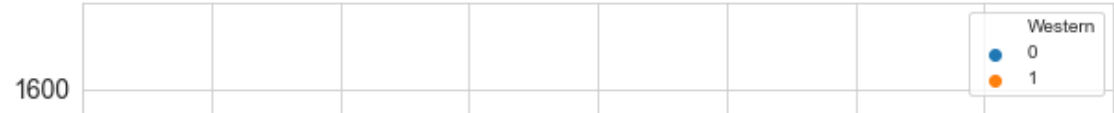
Production Budget vs Worldwide Gross For Thriller Movies in 2010s

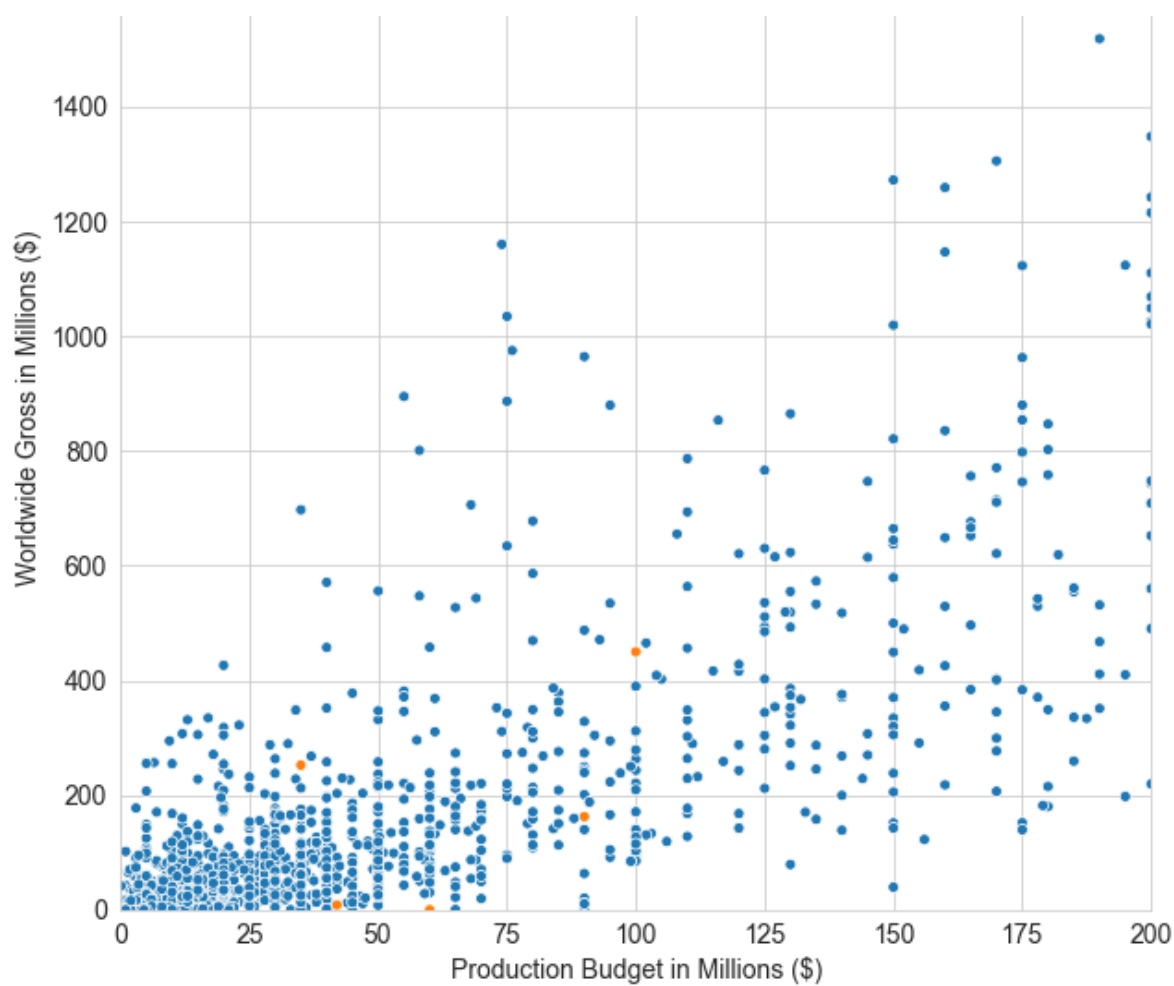


Western

<Figure size 432x288 with 0 Axes>

Production Budget vs Worldwide Gross For Western Movies in 2010s

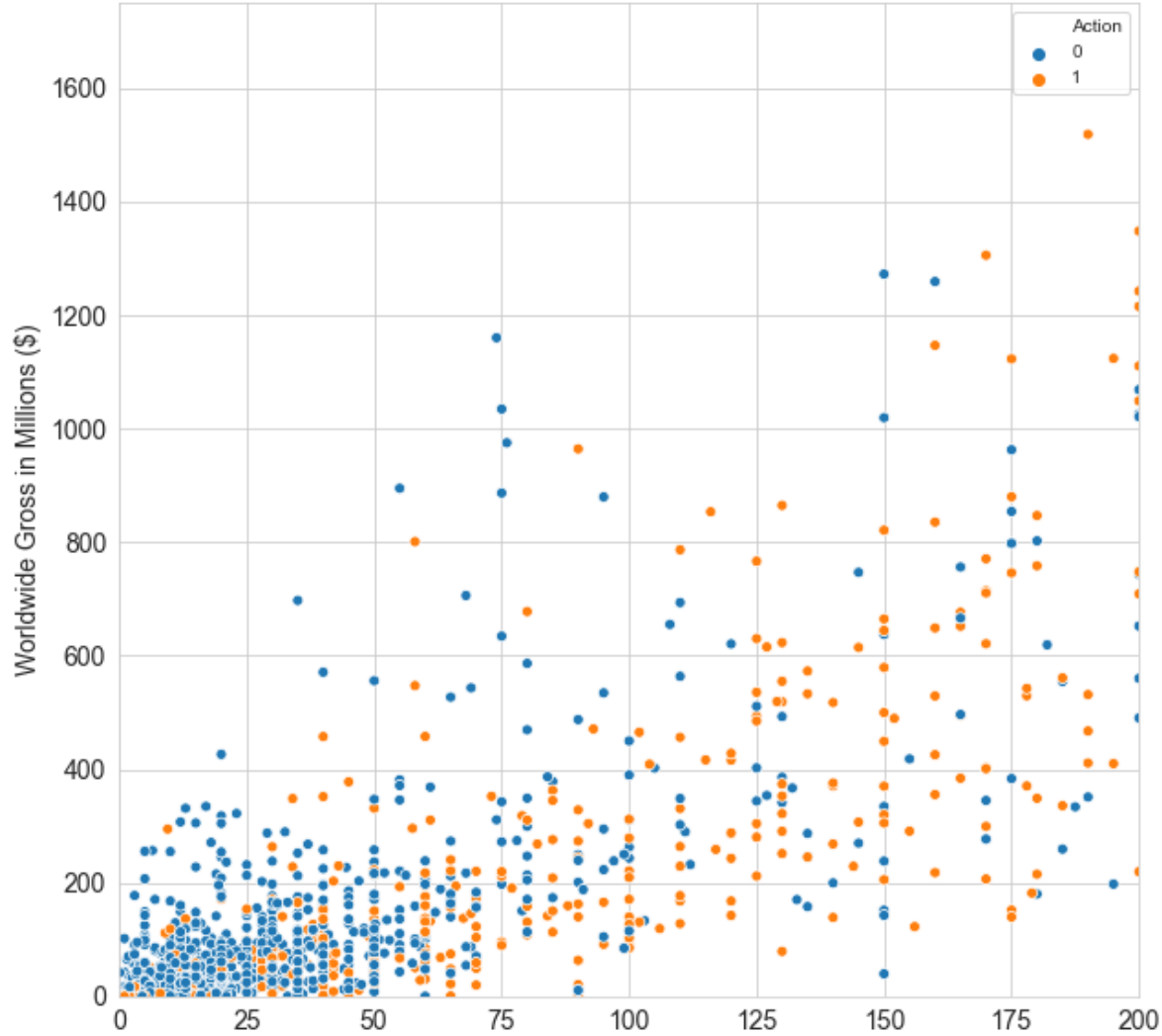




Action

<Figure size 432x288 with 0 Axes>

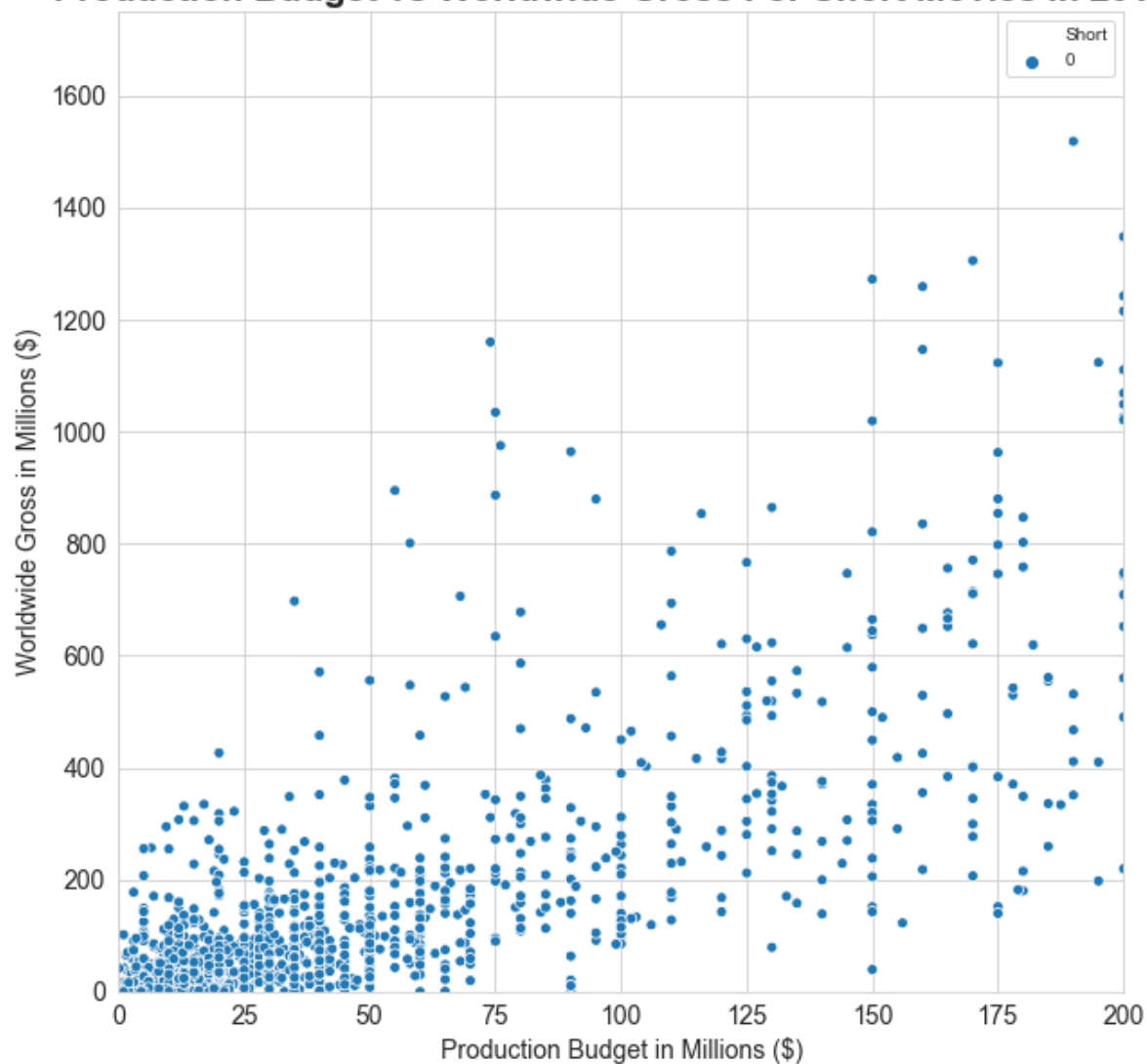
Production Budget vs Worldwide Gross For Action Movies in 2010s



Short

<Figure size 432x288 with 0 Axes>

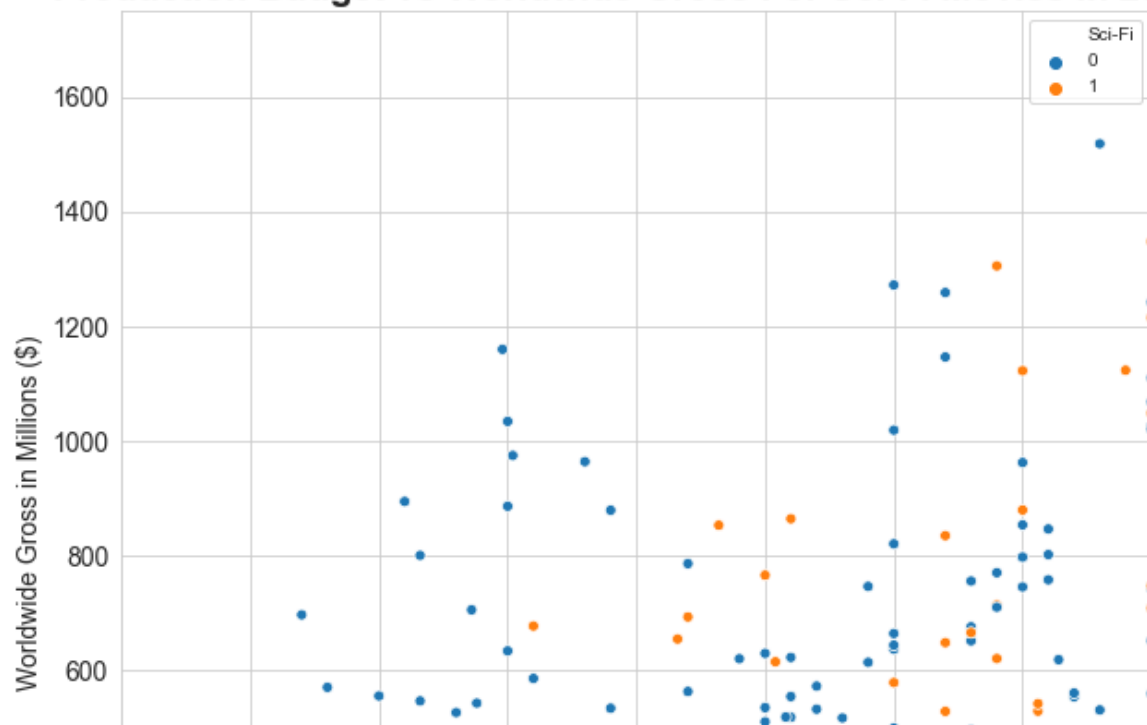
Production Budget vs Worldwide Gross For Short Movies in 2010s

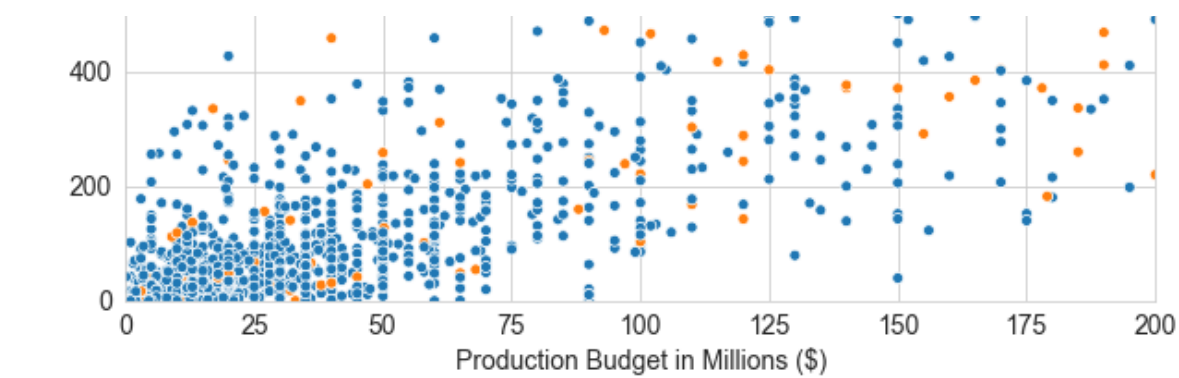


Sci-Fi

<Figure size 432x288 with 0 Axes>

Production Budget vs Worldwide Gross For Sci-Fi Movies in 2010s

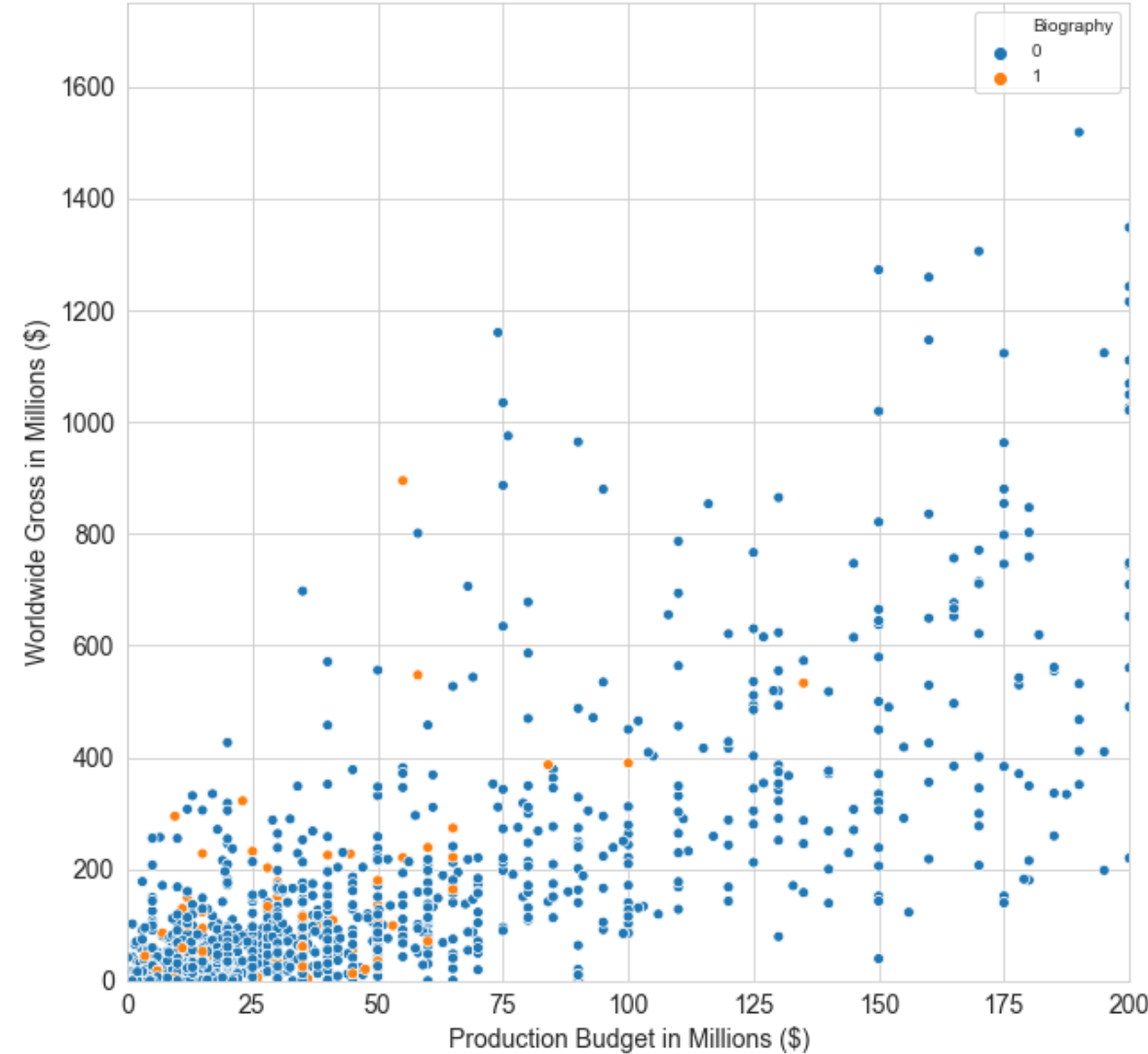




Biography

<Figure size 432x288 with 0 Axes>

Production Budget vs Worldwide Gross For Biography Movies in 2010s



<Figure size 432x288 with 0 Axes>

Question 2: What is the best month to release a movie for highest worldwide gross?

In [79]:

```
imdb_all_prod_roi_genres.head()
```

Out[79]:

	title_year	tconst	primary_title	original_title	start_year	runtime_minutes	genres_x	averagerating	numvotes	di
18	#Horror 2015	tt3526286	#Horror	#Horror	2015	101.0	[Crime, Drama, Horror]	3.0	3092	nm0

	title_year	tconst	primary_title	original_title	start_year	runtime_minutes	genres_x	averagerating	numvotes	di
168	Cloverfield Lane 2016	tt1179933	Cloverfield Lane	Cloverfield Lane	2016	103.0	[Drama, Horror, Mystery]	7.2	260383	nm0
170	10 Days in a Madhouse 2015	tt3453052	10 Days in a Madhouse	10 Days in a Madhouse	2015	111.0	[Drama]	6.7	1114	nm0
319	12 Strong 2018	tt1413492	12 Strong	12 Strong	2018	130.0	[Action, Drama, History]	6.6	50155	nm3
321	12 Years a Slave 2013	tt2024544	12 Years a Slave	12 Years a Slave	2013	134.0	[Biography, Drama, History]	8.1	577301	nm2

5 rows x 53 columns



In [80]:

```
# Reset index
imdb_all_prod_roi_genres = imdb_all_prod_roi_genres.reset_index()
```

In [81]:

```
# View table
imdb_all_prod_roi_genres
```

Out[81]:

	index	title_year	tconst	primary_title	original_title	start_year	runtime_minutes	genres_x	averagerating	numvo
0	18	#Horror 2015	tt3526286	#Horror	#Horror	2015	101.0	[Crime, Drama, Horror]	3.0	3
1	168	10 Cloverfield Lane 2016	tt1179933	10 Cloverfield Lane	10 Cloverfield Lane	2016	103.0	[Drama, Horror, Mystery]	7.2	260
2	170	10 Days in a Madhouse 2015	tt3453052	10 Days in a Madhouse	10 Days in a Madhouse	2015	111.0	[Drama]	6.7	1
3	319	12 Strong 2018	tt1413492	12 Strong	12 Strong	2018	130.0	[Action, Drama, History]	6.6	50
4	321	12 Years a Slave 2013	tt2024544	12 Years a Slave	12 Years a Slave	2013	134.0	[Biography, Drama, History]	8.1	577
...
1493	73597	Zookeeper 2011	tt1222817	Zookeeper	Zookeeper	2011	102.0	[Comedy, Family, Romance]	5.2	52
1494	73598	Zoolander 2 2016	tt1608290	Zoolander 2	Zoolander 2	2016	101.0	[Comedy]	4.7	59
1495	73608	Zootopia 2016	tt2948356	Zootopia	Zootopia	2016	108.0	[Adventure, Animation, Comedy]	8.0	383
1496	73625	Zulu 2013	tt2249221	Zulu	Zulu	2013	110.0	[Crime, Drama, Thriller]	6.7	16
1497	73700	xXx: Return of Xander Cage 2017	tt1293847	xXx: Return of Xander Cage	xXx: Return of Xander Cage	2017	107.0	[Action, Adventure, Thriller]	5.2	77

1498 rows x 54 columns

In [82]:

```
# View info
imdb_all_prod_roi_genres.info()
```

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
```

```
RangeIndex: 1498 entries, 0 to 1497
```

```
Data columns (total 54 columns):
```

#	Column	Non-Null Count	Dtype
0	index	1498 non-null	int64
1	title_year	1498 non-null	object
2	tconst	1498 non-null	object
3	primary_title	1498 non-null	object
4	original_title	1498 non-null	object
5	start_year	1498 non-null	int64
6	runtime_minutes	1498 non-null	float64
7	genres_x	1498 non-null	object
8	averagerating	1498 non-null	float64
9	numvotes	1498 non-null	int64
10	directors	1497 non-null	object
11	writers	1480 non-null	object
12	genres_y	1498 non-null	object
13	Music	1498 non-null	int64
14	War	1498 non-null	int64
15	Reality-TV	1498 non-null	int64
16	Sport	1498 non-null	int64
17	Drama	1498 non-null	int64
18	Adventure	1498 non-null	int64
19	Game-Show	1498 non-null	int64
20	Animation	1498 non-null	int64
21	History	1498 non-null	int64
22	Romance	1498 non-null	int64
23	Musical	1498 non-null	int64
24	News	1498 non-null	int64
25	Mystery	1498 non-null	int64
26	Comedy	1498 non-null	int64
27	Documentary	1498 non-null	int64
28	Fantasy	1498 non-null	int64
29	Adult	1498 non-null	int64
30	Horror	1498 non-null	int64
31	Crime	1498 non-null	int64
32	Family	1498 non-null	int64
33	Thriller	1498 non-null	int64
34	Western	1498 non-null	int64
35	Action	1498 non-null	int64
36	Short	1498 non-null	int64
37	Sci-Fi	1498 non-null	int64
38	Biography	1498 non-null	int64
39	id	1498 non-null	float64
40	release_date	1498 non-null	object
41	movie	1498 non-null	object
42	production_budget	1498 non-null	float64
43	domestic_gross	1498 non-null	float64
44	worldwide_gross	1498 non-null	float64
45	release_year	1498 non-null	object
46	worldwide_gross_in_mil	1498 non-null	float64
47	production_budget_in_mil	1498 non-null	float64
48	prod_budget_ROI	1498 non-null	float64
49	domestic_gross_in_mil	1498 non-null	float64
50	foreign_gross_in_mil	1498 non-null	float64
51	domestic_gross_p	1498 non-null	float64
52	foreign_gross_p	1498 non-null	float64
53	release_month	1498 non-null	object

```
dtypes: float64(13), int64(29), object(12)
```

```
memory usage: 632.1+ KB
```

In [83]:

```
# Look at release_date values
imdb_all_prod_roi_genres['release_date']
```

Out[83]:

```
0      Nov 20, 2015
1      Mar 11, 2016
2      Nov 11, 2015
3      Jan 19, 2018
4      Oct 18, 2013
...
1493   Jul  8, 2011
1494   Feb 12, 2016
1495   Mar  4, 2016
1496   Dec 31, 2013
1497   Jan 20, 2017
Name: release_date, Length: 1498, dtype: object
```

In [84]:

```
# Convert release_date values to date time
imdb_all_prod_roi_genres['release_date'] = pd.to_datetime(imdb_all_prod_roi_genres['relea
se_date'])
```

In [85]:

```
# Review new values
imdb_all_prod_roi_genres['release_date']
```

Out[85]:

```
0      2015-11-20
1      2016-03-11
2      2015-11-11
3      2018-01-19
4      2013-10-18
...
1493   2011-07-08
1494   2016-02-12
1495   2016-03-04
1496   2013-12-31
1497   2017-01-20
Name: release_date, Length: 1498, dtype: datetime64[ns]
```

What is best month to release a movie?

In [86]:

```
# Pull out month from date time value
imdb_all_prod_roi_genres['release_month_number'] = imdb_all_prod_roi_genres['release_date
'].dt.month
```

In [87]:

```
imdb_all_prod_roi_genres['release_month_number']
```

Out[87]:

```
0      11
1       3
2      11
3       1
4      10
..
1493    7
1494    2
1495    3
1496   12
1497    1
Name: release_month_number, Length: 1498, dtype: int64
```


In [88]:

```
imdb_all_prod_roi_genres_mon = imdb_all_prod_roi_genres.groupby(['release_month_number'])
['worldwide_gross_in_mil'].agg(['sum']).reset_index()
```

In [89]:

```
imdb_all_prod_roi_genres_mon
```

Out[89]:

	release_month_number	sum
0	1	5654.15
1	2	12884.42
2	3	20920.30
3	4	14778.52
4	5	24474.02
5	6	27466.34
6	7	23893.14
7	8	11378.60
8	9	9804.44
9	10	12160.59
10	11	27038.26
11	12	22045.37

In [90]:

```
# Replace release_month_number with name of month. There's a more efficient way to do this.
```

```
for row in imdb_all_prod_roi_genres_mon.index:
    if imdb_all_prod_roi_genres_mon['release_month_number'][row] == 1:
        imdb_all_prod_roi_genres_mon['release_month_number'][row] = 'January'
    elif imdb_all_prod_roi_genres_mon['release_month_number'][row] == 2:
        imdb_all_prod_roi_genres_mon['release_month_number'][row] = 'February'
    elif imdb_all_prod_roi_genres_mon['release_month_number'][row] == 3:
        imdb_all_prod_roi_genres_mon['release_month_number'][row] = 'March'
    elif imdb_all_prod_roi_genres_mon['release_month_number'][row] == 4:
        imdb_all_prod_roi_genres_mon['release_month_number'][row] = 'April'
    elif imdb_all_prod_roi_genres_mon['release_month_number'][row] == 5:
        imdb_all_prod_roi_genres_mon['release_month_number'][row] = 'May'
    elif imdb_all_prod_roi_genres_mon['release_month_number'][row] == 6:
        imdb_all_prod_roi_genres_mon['release_month_number'][row] = 'June'
    elif imdb_all_prod_roi_genres_mon['release_month_number'][row] == 7:
        imdb_all_prod_roi_genres_mon['release_month_number'][row] = 'July'
    elif imdb_all_prod_roi_genres_mon['release_month_number'][row] == 8:
        imdb_all_prod_roi_genres_mon['release_month_number'][row] = 'August'
    elif imdb_all_prod_roi_genres_mon['release_month_number'][row] == 9:
        imdb_all_prod_roi_genres_mon['release_month_number'][row] = 'September'
    elif imdb_all_prod_roi_genres_mon['release_month_number'][row] == 10:
        imdb_all_prod_roi_genres_mon['release_month_number'][row] = 'October'
    elif imdb_all_prod_roi_genres_mon['release_month_number'][row] == 11:
        imdb_all_prod_roi_genres_mon['release_month_number'][row] = 'November'
    else:
        imdb_all_prod_roi_genres_mon['release_month_number'][row] = 'December'
```

<ipython-input-90-8aa5e037843c>:4: SettingWithCopyWarning:
A value is trying to be set on a copy of a slice from a DataFrame

See the caveats in the documentation: https://pandas.pydata.org/pandas-docs/stable/user_guide/indexing.html#returning-a-view-versus-a-copy

```
imdb_all_prod_roi_genres_mon['release_month_number'][row] = 'January'
/opt/anaconda3/lib/python3.8/site-packages/pandas/core/indexing.py:671: SettingWithCopyWarning:
```

A value is trying to be set on a copy of a slice from a DataFrame

See the caveats in the documentation: https://pandas.pydata.org/pandas-docs/stable/user_guide/indexing.html#returning-a-view-versus-a-copy

```
self._setitem_with_indexer(indexer, value)
<ipython-input-90-8aa5e037843c>:6: SettingWithCopyWarning:
A value is trying to be set on a copy of a slice from a DataFrame
```

See the caveats in the documentation: https://pandas.pydata.org/pandas-docs/stable/user_guide/indexing.html#returning-a-view-versus-a-copy

```
imdb_all_prod_roi_genres_mon['release_month_number'][row] = 'February'
<ipython-input-90-8aa5e037843c>:8: SettingWithCopyWarning:
A value is trying to be set on a copy of a slice from a DataFrame
```

See the caveats in the documentation: https://pandas.pydata.org/pandas-docs/stable/user_guide/indexing.html#returning-a-view-versus-a-copy

```
imdb_all_prod_roi_genres_mon['release_month_number'][row] = 'March'
<ipython-input-90-8aa5e037843c>:10: SettingWithCopyWarning:
A value is trying to be set on a copy of a slice from a DataFrame
```

See the caveats in the documentation: https://pandas.pydata.org/pandas-docs/stable/user_guide/indexing.html#returning-a-view-versus-a-copy

```
imdb_all_prod_roi_genres_mon['release_month_number'][row] = 'April'
<ipython-input-90-8aa5e037843c>:12: SettingWithCopyWarning:
A value is trying to be set on a copy of a slice from a DataFrame
```

See the caveats in the documentation: https://pandas.pydata.org/pandas-docs/stable/user_guide/indexing.html#returning-a-view-versus-a-copy

```
imdb_all_prod_roi_genres_mon['release_month_number'][row] = 'May'
<ipython-input-90-8aa5e037843c>:14: SettingWithCopyWarning:
A value is trying to be set on a copy of a slice from a DataFrame
```

See the caveats in the documentation: https://pandas.pydata.org/pandas-docs/stable/user_guide/indexing.html#returning-a-view-versus-a-copy

```
imdb_all_prod_roi_genres_mon['release_month_number'][row] = 'June'
<ipython-input-90-8aa5e037843c>:16: SettingWithCopyWarning:
A value is trying to be set on a copy of a slice from a DataFrame
```

See the caveats in the documentation: https://pandas.pydata.org/pandas-docs/stable/user_guide/indexing.html#returning-a-view-versus-a-copy

```
imdb_all_prod_roi_genres_mon['release_month_number'][row] = 'July'
<ipython-input-90-8aa5e037843c>:18: SettingWithCopyWarning:
A value is trying to be set on a copy of a slice from a DataFrame
```

See the caveats in the documentation: https://pandas.pydata.org/pandas-docs/stable/user_guide/indexing.html#returning-a-view-versus-a-copy

```
imdb_all_prod_roi_genres_mon['release_month_number'][row] = 'August'
<ipython-input-90-8aa5e037843c>:20: SettingWithCopyWarning:
A value is trying to be set on a copy of a slice from a DataFrame
```

See the caveats in the documentation: https://pandas.pydata.org/pandas-docs/stable/user_guide/indexing.html#returning-a-view-versus-a-copy

```
imdb_all_prod_roi_genres_mon['release_month_number'][row] = 'September'
<ipython-input-90-8aa5e037843c>:22: SettingWithCopyWarning:
A value is trying to be set on a copy of a slice from a DataFrame
```

See the caveats in the documentation: https://pandas.pydata.org/pandas-docs/stable/user_guide/indexing.html#returning-a-view-versus-a-copy

```
imdb_all_prod_roi_genres_mon['release_month_number'][row] = 'October'
<ipython-input-90-8aa5e037843c>:24: SettingWithCopyWarning:
A value is trying to be set on a copy of a slice from a DataFrame
```

See the caveats in the documentation: https://pandas.pydata.org/pandas-docs/stable/user_guide/indexing.html#returning-a-view-versus-a-copy

```
imdb_all_prod_roi_genres_mon['release_month_number'][row] = 'November'
<ipython-input-90-8aa5e037843c>:26: SettingWithCopyWarning:
A value is trying to be set on a copy of a slice from a DataFrame
```

See the caveats in the documentation: https://pandas.pydata.org/pandas-docs/stable/user_guide/indexing.html#returning-a-view-versus-a-copy

```
imdb_all_prod_roi_genres_mon['release_month_number'][row] = 'December'
```

```
imdb_all_prod_roi_genres_mon
```

Out[91]:

	release_month_number	sum
0	January	5654.15
1	February	12884.42
2	March	20920.30
3	April	14778.52
4	May	24474.02
5	June	27466.34
6	July	23893.14
7	August	11378.60
8	September	9804.44
9	October	12160.59
10	November	27038.26
11	December	22045.37

In [92]:

```
# Rename column release_month_number and sum
imdb_all_prod_roi_genres_mon = imdb_all_prod_roi_genres_mon.rename(columns={"release_month_number": "release_month_name", "sum": "worldwide_gross_in_mil_sum"})
```

In [93]:

```
imdb_all_prod_roi_genres_mon
```

Out[93]:

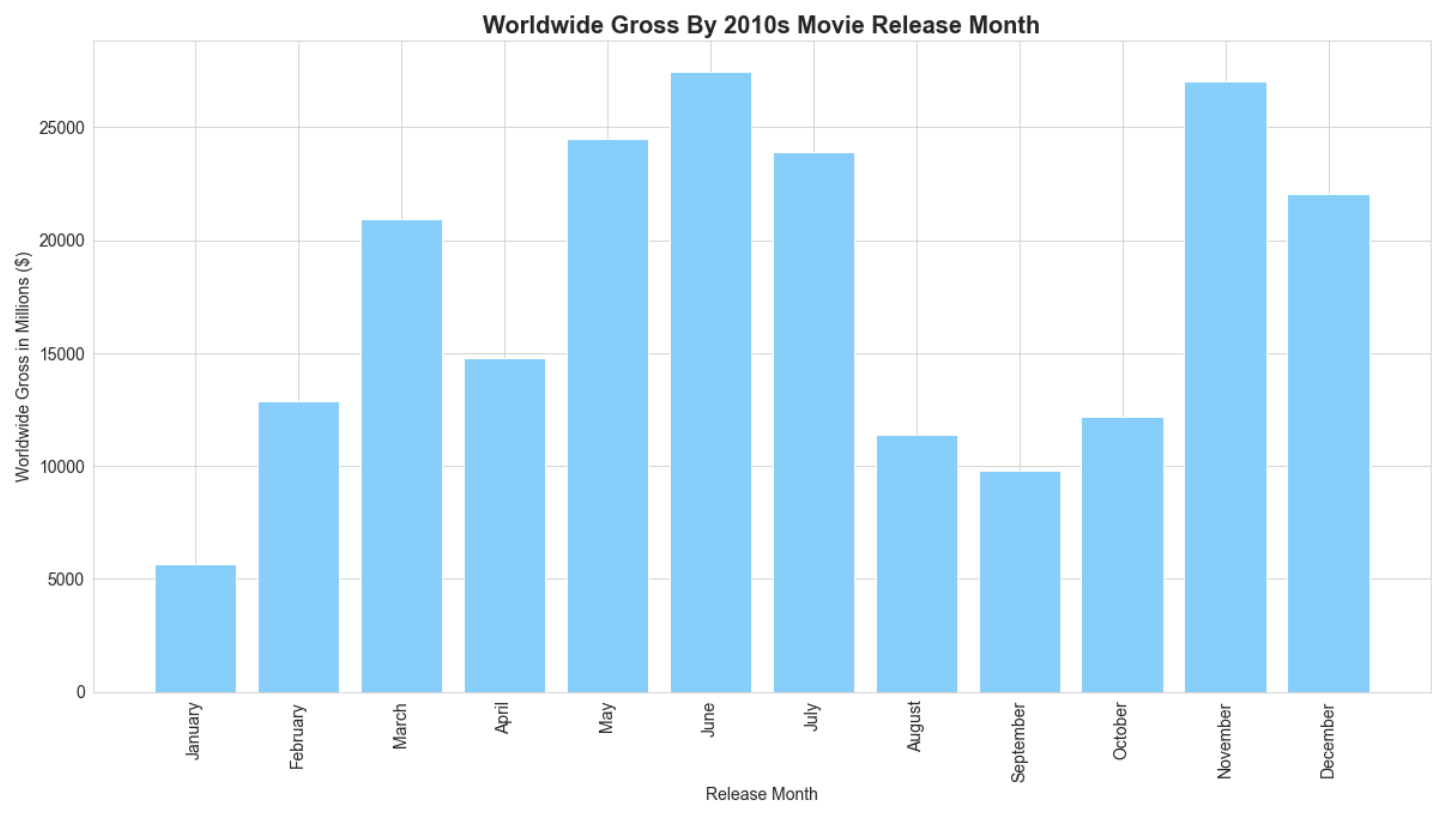
	release_month_name	worldwide_gross_in_mil_sum
0	January	5654.15
1	February	12884.42
2	March	20920.30
3	April	14778.52
4	May	24474.02
5	June	27466.34
6	July	23893.14
7	August	11378.60
8	September	9804.44
9	October	12160.59
10	November	27038.26
11	December	22045.37

In [94]:

```
x = imdb_all_prod_roi_genres_mon['release_month_name']
y = imdb_all_prod_roi_genres_mon['worldwide_gross_in_mil_sum']
plt.figure(figsize=(20,10))
plt.bar(x, y, color='lightskyblue')
plt.title('Worldwide Gross By 2010s Movie Release Month', fontsize=20, fontweight="bold")
plt.xlabel('Release Month', fontsize=14)
plt.xticks(rotation=90, fontsize=14)
plt.ylabel('Worldwide Gross in Millions ($)', fontsize=14)
```

```
plt.yticks(fontsize=14)
plt.savefig("images/2_bar_release_months_by_wwgross_lsb_wide.png")
plt.show()

# n=1498
```



Learning: June and November are top months for worldwide gross – summer blockbuster, thanksgiving/holiday release

Question 3: Of movies that breakeven (ROI >= 1), what genres are most represented?

In [95]:

```
# Define new DataFrame with prod_ROI >=1
imdb_prodROI_breakeven = imdb_with_genre_cols[imdb_with_genre_cols['prod_budget_ROI'] >= 1]
```

In [96]:

```
# Check new table; 1049 movies represented
imdb_prodROI_breakeven.info()
```

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
Int64Index: 1049 entries, 168 to 73700
Data columns (total 53 columns):
#   Column              Non-Null Count  Dtype
---  -
0   title_year          1049 non-null   object
1   tconst              1049 non-null   object
2   primary_title       1049 non-null   object
3   original_title      1049 non-null   object
4   start_year          1049 non-null   int64
5   runtime_minutes     1049 non-null   float64
6   genres_x            1049 non-null   object
7   averagerating       1049 non-null   float64
8   numvotes            1049 non-null   int64
9   directors           1048 non-null   object
10  writers             1042 non-null   object
11  genres_y            1049 non-null   object
12  Music               1049 non-null   int64
13  War                 1049 non-null   int64
```

```

13  Music                1049 non-null    int64
14  Reality-TV          1049 non-null    int64
15  Sport                1049 non-null    int64
16  Drama                1049 non-null    int64
17  Adventure            1049 non-null    int64
18  Game-Show            1049 non-null    int64
19  Animation            1049 non-null    int64
20  History              1049 non-null    int64
21  Romance              1049 non-null    int64
22  Musical              1049 non-null    int64
23  News                 1049 non-null    int64
24  Mystery              1049 non-null    int64
25  Comedy               1049 non-null    int64
26  Documentary          1049 non-null    int64
27  Fantasy              1049 non-null    int64
28  Adult                1049 non-null    int64
29  Horror               1049 non-null    int64
30  Crime                1049 non-null    int64
31  Family               1049 non-null    int64
32  Thriller             1049 non-null    int64
33  Western              1049 non-null    int64
34  Action               1049 non-null    int64
35  Short                1049 non-null    int64
36  Sci-Fi               1049 non-null    int64
37  Biography            1049 non-null    int64
38  id                   1049 non-null    float64
39  release_date         1049 non-null    object
40  movie                1049 non-null    object
41  production_budget    1049 non-null    float64
42  domestic_gross       1049 non-null    float64
43  worldwide_gross      1049 non-null    float64
44  release_year         1049 non-null    object
45  worldwide_gross_in_mil 1049 non-null    float64
46  production_budget_in_mil 1049 non-null    float64
47  prod_budget_ROI      1049 non-null    float64
48  domestic_gross_in_mil 1049 non-null    float64
49  foreign_gross_in_mil  1049 non-null    float64
50  domestic_gross_p     1049 non-null    float64
51  foreign_gross_p      1049 non-null    float64
52  release_month        1049 non-null    object

```

dtypes: float64(13), int64(28), object(12)

memory usage: 442.5+ KB

In [97]:

```

# Create DataFrame for genre ROI analysis
imdb_prodROI_breakeven_genres = imdb_prodROI_breakeven[genre_name_list]

```

In [98]:

```

# Check work
imdb_prodROI_breakeven_genres.info()

```

```

<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
Int64Index: 1049 entries, 168 to 73700
Data columns (total 26 columns):
#   Column                Non-Null Count  Dtype
---  -
0   Music                 1049 non-null   int64
1   War                   1049 non-null   int64
2   Reality-TV            1049 non-null   int64
3   Sport                 1049 non-null   int64
4   Drama                 1049 non-null   int64
5   Adventure             1049 non-null   int64
6   Game-Show             1049 non-null   int64
7   Animation             1049 non-null   int64
8   History               1049 non-null   int64
9   Romance               1049 non-null   int64
10  Musical               1049 non-null   int64
11  News                  1049 non-null   int64
12  Mystery               1049 non-null   int64
13  Comedy                1049 non-null   int64
14  Documentary            1049 non-null   int64

```

```
14 Documentary 1049 non-null int64
15 Fantasy 1049 non-null int64
16 Adult 1049 non-null int64
17 Horror 1049 non-null int64
18 Crime 1049 non-null int64
19 Family 1049 non-null int64
20 Thriller 1049 non-null int64
21 Western 1049 non-null int64
22 Action 1049 non-null int64
23 Short 1049 non-null int64
24 Sci-Fi 1049 non-null int64
25 Biography 1049 non-null int64
```

dtypes: int64(26)

memory usage: 221.3 KB

In [99]:

```
for genre_column in imdb_prodROI_breakeven_genres:
    print(genre_column, imdb_prodROI_breakeven_genres[genre_column].sum())
```

```
Music 36
War 7
Reality-TV 0
Sport 22
Drama 471
Adventure 296
Game-Show 0
Animation 91
History 25
Romance 139
Musical 5
News 0
Mystery 92
Comedy 391
Documentary 22
Fantasy 95
Adult 0
Horror 115
Crime 151
Family 71
Thriller 179
Western 4
Action 326
Short 0
Sci-Fi 102
Biography 88
```

In [100]:

```
prodROI_genres = []
prodROI_counts = []

for genre_column in imdb_prodROI_breakeven_genres:
    prodROI_genres.append(genre_column)
    prodROI_counts.append(imdb_prodROI_breakeven_genres[genre_column].sum())
```

In [101]:

```
prodROI_genres
```

Out[101]:

```
['Music',
 'War',
 'Reality-TV',
 'Sport',
 'Drama',
 'Adventure',
 'Game-Show',
 'Animation',
 'History',
 'Romance',
 'Musical']
```

```
    'Musical',  
    'News',  
    'Mystery',  
    'Comedy',  
    'Documentary',  
    'Fantasy',  
    'Adult',  
    'Horror',  
    'Crime',  
    'Family',  
    'Thriller',  
    'Western',  
    'Action',  
    'Short',  
    'Sci-Fi',  
    'Biography']
```

In [102]:

```
prodROI_counts
```

Out[102]:

```
[36,  
 7,  
 0,  
22,  
471,  
296,  
 0,  
91,  
25,  
139,  
 5,  
 0,  
92,  
391,  
22,  
95,  
 0,  
115,  
151,  
71,  
179,  
 4,  
326,  
 0,  
102,  
88]
```

In [103]:

```
# Create DataFrame for plotting  
prodROI_genre_counts = list(zip(prodROI_genres, prodROI_counts))  
  
# Assign data to tuples.  
prodROI_genre_counts  
  
# Create DataFrame  
prodROI_genre_counts = pd.DataFrame(prodROI_genre_counts, columns = ['genre', 'count'])  
prodROI_genre_counts = prodROI_genre_counts.sort_values(by='count', ascending=False)  
prodROI_genre_counts
```

Out[103]:

	genre	count
4	Drama	471
13	Comedy	391
22	Action	326
5	Adventure	296

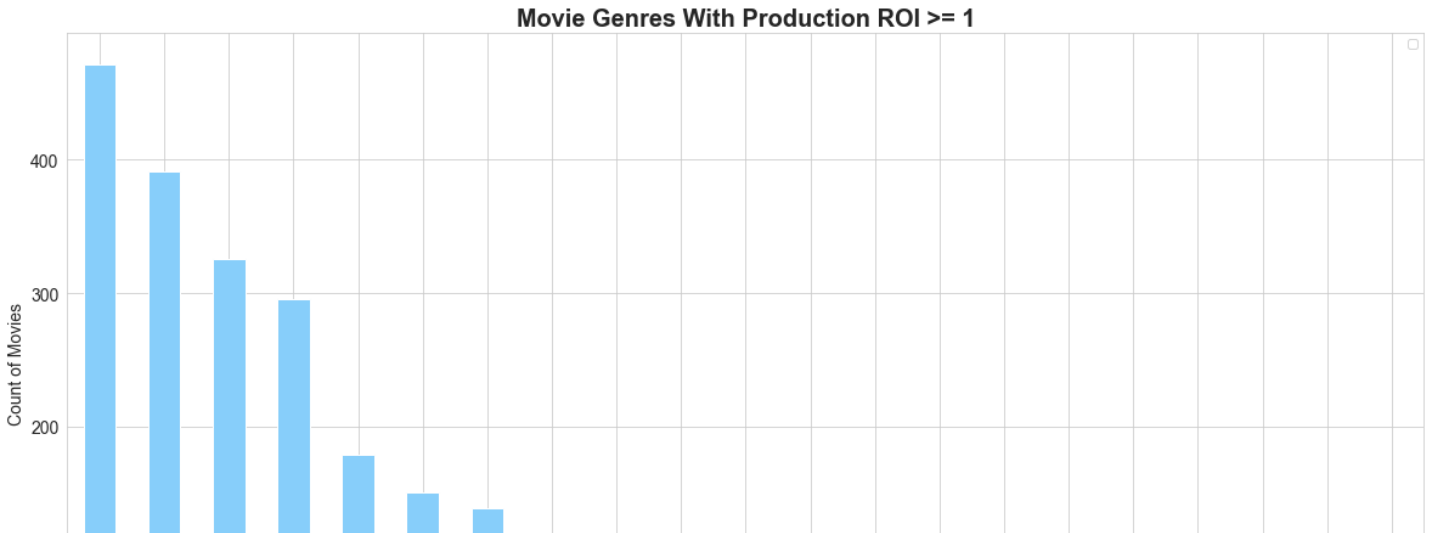
20	Thriller	179
18	Crime	151
9	Romance	139
17	Horror	115
24	Sci-Fi	102
15	Fantasy	95
12	Mystery	92
7	Animation	91
25	Biography	88
19	Family	71
0	Music	36
8	History	25
14	Documentary	22
3	Sport	22
1	War	7
10	Musical	5
21	Western	4
11	News	0
16	Adult	0
6	Game-Show	0
23	Short	0
2	Reality-TV	0

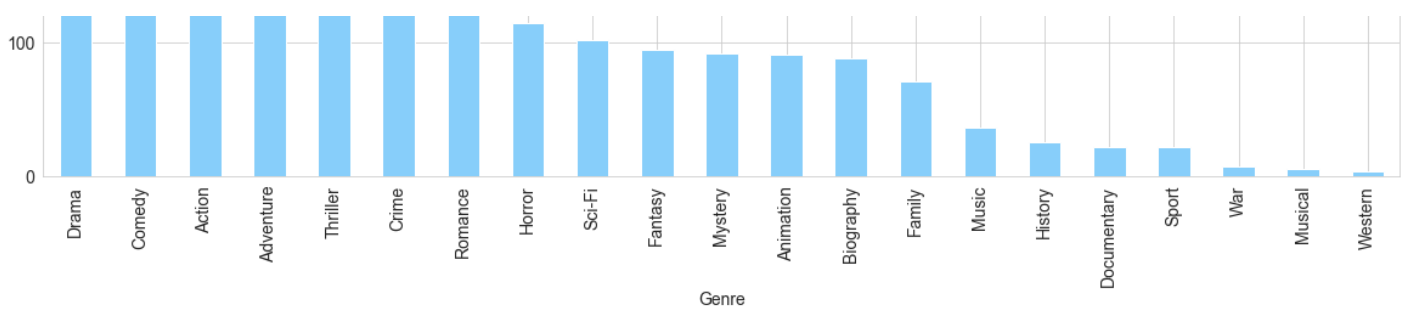
In [104]:

```
# Filter out Unknown genre and any genre with 0 count
prodROI_genre_counts = prodROI_genre_counts[prodROI_genre_counts['count'] >=4]
```

In [105]:

```
# Plot bar chart of top genre counts in the table
prodROI_genre_counts.plot(kind='bar', x='genre', y='count', figsize = (20,10), color='lightskyblue')
plt.title('Movie Genres With Production ROI >= 1', fontsize=20, fontweight="bold")
plt.xlabel('Genre', fontsize=14)
plt.xticks(fontsize=14)
plt.ylabel('Count of Movies', fontsize=14)
plt.yticks(fontsize=14)
plt.legend('')
plt.savefig('images/3_bar_genres_with_roi_breakeven_wide.png')
```





Learning: Of movie genres that make their budget back - Drama, Comedy, Action, Adventure, and Thriller are top 5

Question 4: Based on production budget and average ratings, what genres are the best investments?

Explore Drama

In [106]:

```
# Create DataFrame for Drama records
imdb_with_genre_cols_drama = imdb_with_genre_cols[imdb_with_genre_cols['Drama'] == 1]
```

In [107]:

```
# Look at stats for prod budget to look at investment needs
imdb_with_genre_cols_drama['production_budget_in_mil'].describe()
```

Out[107]:

```
count      726.000000
mean        26.595771
std         32.402310
min          0.020000
25%         6.125000
50%        17.000000
75%        35.000000
max        210.000000
Name: production_budget_in_mil, dtype: float64
```

In [108]:

```
# What is average rating for Drama movies according to IMDB data
imdb_with_genre_cols_drama['averagerating'].mean()
```

Out[108]:

```
6.401559048980189
```

In [109]:

```
#Define top genres
imdb_genre_names = ['Drama', 'Comedy', 'Action', 'Adventure', 'Thriller']

# Create for loop to do the above for each top genre and print results
for genre in imdb_genre_names:
    print(f"{genre}:")
    genre_table = imdb_with_genre_cols[imdb_with_genre_cols[genre] == 1]
    print(f"median production budget: {genre_table['production_budget_in_mil'].median()})")
    print(f"average rating: {(round(genre_table['averagerating'].mean(), 1))}")
```

```
Drama:
median production budget: 17.0
average rating: 6.4
Comedy:
median production budget: 25.5
average rating: 6.0
```

Action:
median production budget: 58.0
average rating: 5.8
Adventure:
median production budget: 100.0
average rating: 6.2
Thriller:
median production budget: 20.0
average rating: 5.6

In [110]:

```
## Create DF to visualize median production budgets
imdb_genre_names = ["Drama", "Comedy", "Action", "Adventure", "Thriller"]
imdb_genre_budgets = [17.0, 25.5, 58.0, 100.0, 20.0]

# Create DataFrame for plotting
imdb_top_genre_prodbudgmed = list(zip(imdb_genre_names, imdb_genre_budgets))

# Assign data to tuples.
imdb_top_genre_prodbudgmed

# Create DF
imdb_top_genre_prodbudgmed = pd.DataFrame(imdb_top_genre_prodbudgmed, columns = ['genre'
, 'median_prod_budg_in_mil'])
imdb_top_genre_prodbudgmed
```

Out[110]:

	genre	median_prod_budg_in_mil
0	Drama	17.0
1	Comedy	25.5
2	Action	58.0
3	Adventure	100.0
4	Thriller	20.0

In [111]:

```
# Also need average rating, adding on
imdb_top_genre_prodbudgmed['average_rating'] = [6.4, 6.0, 5.8, 6.2, 5.6]
```

In [112]:

```
# Preview new DataFrame
imdb_top_genre_prodbudgmed
```

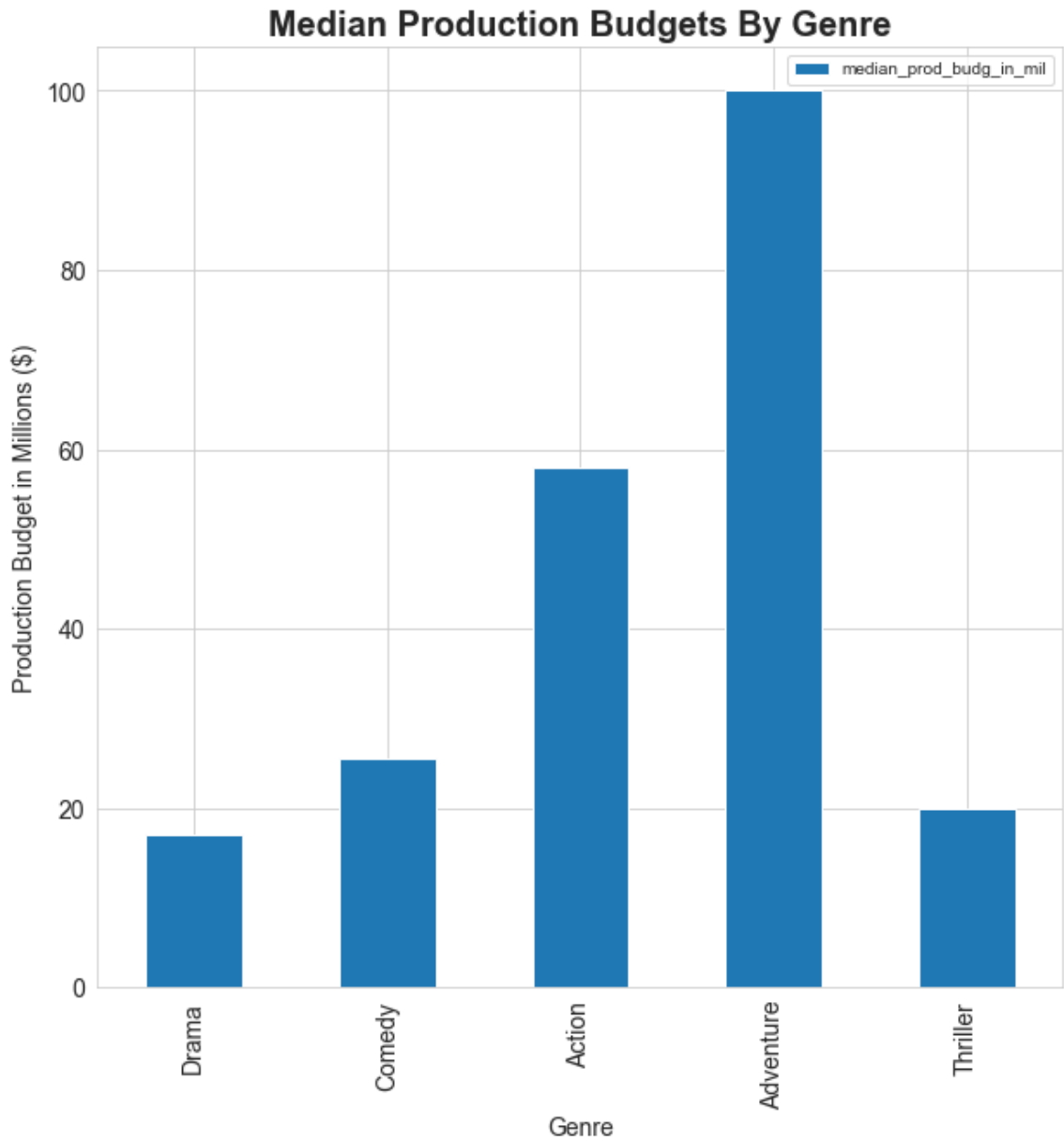
Out[112]:

	genre	median_prod_budg_in_mil	average_rating
0	Drama	17.0	6.4
1	Comedy	25.5	6.0
2	Action	58.0	5.8
3	Adventure	100.0	6.2
4	Thriller	20.0	5.6

In [113]:

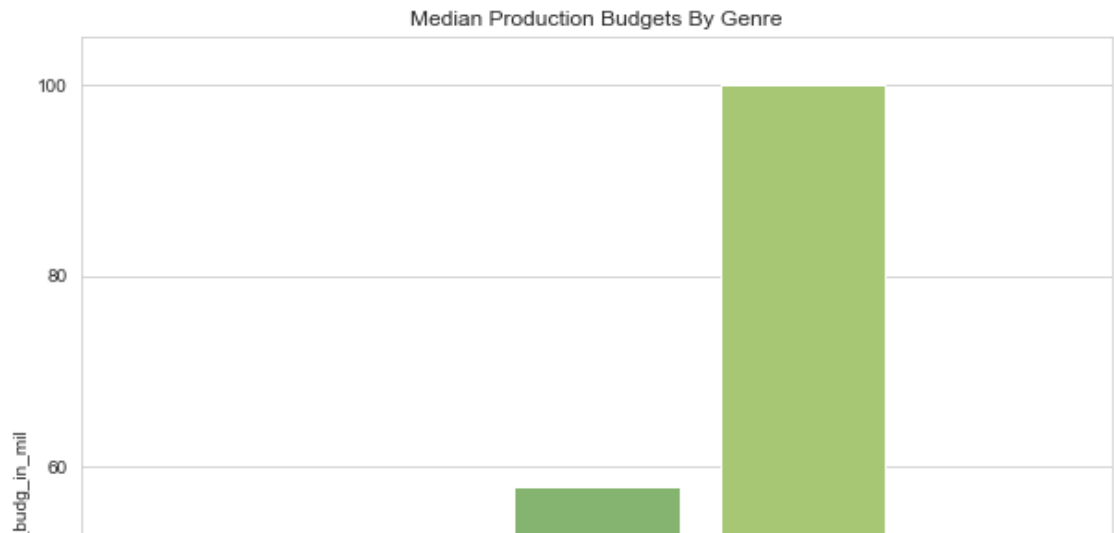
```
# Plot
imdb_top_genre_prodbudgmed.plot(kind='bar', x='genre', y='median_prod_budg_in_mil', figs
ize = (10,10))
plt.title('Median Production Budgets By Genre', fontsize=20, fontweight="bold")
plt.xlabel('Genre', fontsize=14)
```

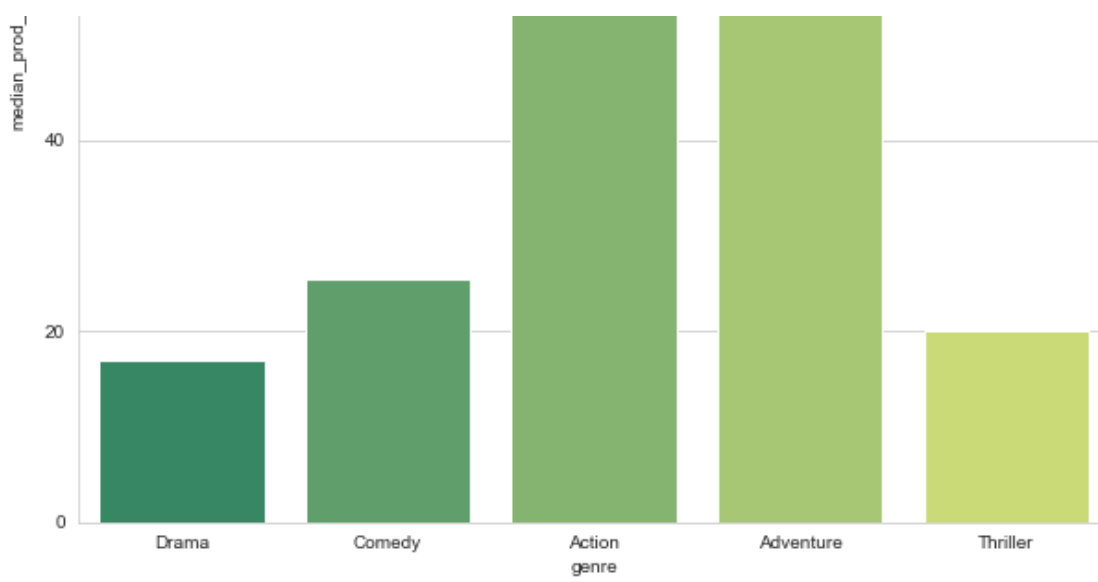
```
plt.xticks(fontsize=14)
plt.ylabel('Production Budget in Millions ($)', fontsize=14)
plt.yticks(fontsize=14)
plt.show()
```



In [114]:

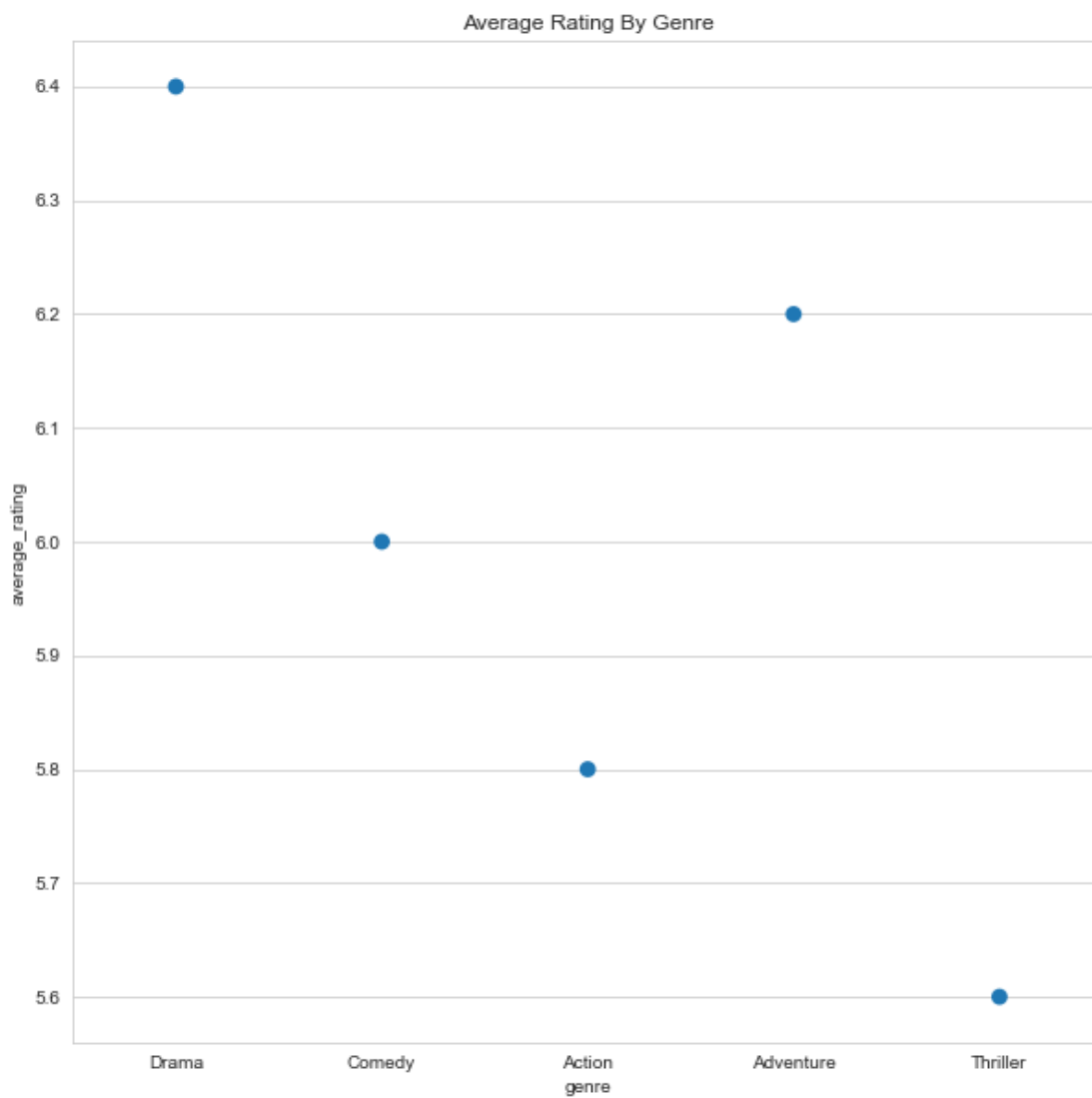
```
# Edit plot - draft for presentation
plt.figure(figsize=(10,10))
plt.title('Median Production Budgets By Genre')
sns.barplot(x='genre', y='median_prod_budg_in_mil', data=imdb_top_genre_prodbudgmed, palette='summer')
plt.show()
```





In [115]:

```
# Plot average ratings
plt.figure(figsize=(10,10))
plt.title('Average Rating By Genre')
sns.pointplot(x='genre', y='average_rating', data=imdb_top_genre_prodbudgmed, join=False)
plt.show()
```



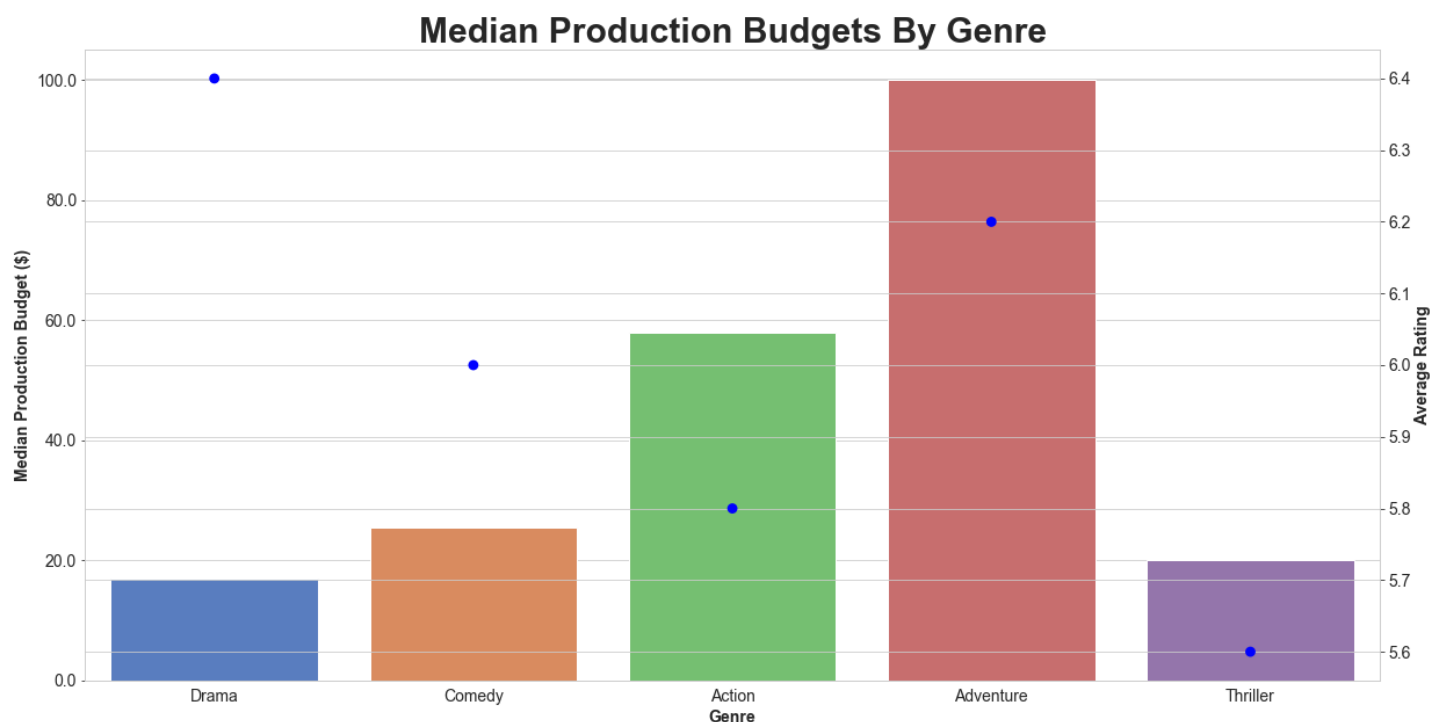
In [116]:

```
len(imdb_top_genre_prodbudgmed)
```

Out[116]:

In [117]:

```
# Create combo chart measuring median Prod Budget ROI by genre with an overlay of average
rating
# Looking for most white space between budget and rating showing that budget was low and
rating was high
fig, ax1 = plt.subplots(figsize=(20,10))
#bar plot creation
ax1.set_title('Median Production Budgets By Genre', fontsize=30, fontweight="bold")
sns.barplot(x='genre', y='median_prod_budg_in_mil', data=imdb_top_genre_prodbudgmed, pal
ette='muted')
ax1.set_xlabel('Genre', fontsize=14, fontweight='bold')
ax1.set_xticklabels(ax1.get_xticks(), size=14)
ax1.set_ylabel('Median Production Budget ($)', fontsize=14, fontweight='bold')
ax1.set_yticklabels(ax1.get_yticks(), size=14)
ax1.tick_params(axis='y')
#specify we want to share the same x-axis
ax2 = ax1.twinx()
#line plot creation
ax2 = sns.pointplot(x='genre', y='average_rating', data=imdb_top_genre_prodbudgmed, join
=False, color='blue')
ax2.set_ylabel('Average Rating', fontsize=14, fontweight='bold')
ax2.set_yticklabels(ax2.get_yticks(), size=14)
ax2.tick_params(axis='y')
#save plot
plt.savefig("images/4_combo_genre_prod_budg_with_rating_wide.png")
#show plot
plt.show()
```



Learning: Drama in cheapest to produce with highest average rating

Data Review: Drama is cheapest to produce and most likely to return ROI; Comedy is next best Thrillers also less money, but have lowest average rating Drama and Adventure have highest average rating, but Adventure 5.8x more to produce

Business rec: If money is a concern, best investment would be in Dramas. Next best investment would be in Comedy. If up front money is not a concern, then can consider Adventure or Action movies. Adventure is 2x the production budget, so depending on how much budget there is, Action is the more conservative choice of the two.

Question 5: For the breakeven movies that fall into these genres, what is the recommended runtime and who are the highest rated directors?

In [118]:

```
# Create new DataFrame for known Drama Directors
imdb_drama_writ_dir = imdb_with_genre_cols[(imdb_with_genre_cols['Drama'] == 1) & (imdb_
with_genre_cols['directors'] != "Unknown")]
```

In [119]:

```
# Check new DataFrame
imdb_drama_writ_dir.info()
```

<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>

Int64Index: 30788 entries, 6 to 73855

Data columns (total 53 columns):

#	Column	Non-Null Count	Dtype
0	title_year	30788 non-null	object
1	tconst	30788 non-null	object
2	primary_title	30788 non-null	object
3	original_title	30788 non-null	object
4	start_year	30788 non-null	int64
5	runtime_minutes	30788 non-null	float64
6	genres_x	30788 non-null	object
7	averagerating	30788 non-null	float64
8	numvotes	30788 non-null	int64
9	directors	30676 non-null	object
10	writers	28936 non-null	object
11	genres_y	30788 non-null	object
12	Music	30788 non-null	int64
13	War	30788 non-null	int64
14	Reality-TV	30788 non-null	int64
15	Sport	30788 non-null	int64
16	Drama	30788 non-null	int64
17	Adventure	30788 non-null	int64
18	Game-Show	30788 non-null	int64
19	Animation	30788 non-null	int64
20	History	30788 non-null	int64
21	Romance	30788 non-null	int64
22	Musical	30788 non-null	int64
23	News	30788 non-null	int64
24	Mystery	30788 non-null	int64
25	Comedy	30788 non-null	int64
26	Documentary	30788 non-null	int64
27	Fantasy	30788 non-null	int64
28	Adult	30788 non-null	int64
29	Horror	30788 non-null	int64
30	Crime	30788 non-null	int64
31	Family	30788 non-null	int64
32	Thriller	30788 non-null	int64
33	Western	30788 non-null	int64
34	Action	30788 non-null	int64
35	Short	30788 non-null	int64
36	Sci-Fi	30788 non-null	int64
37	Biography	30788 non-null	int64
38	id	726 non-null	float64
39	release_date	726 non-null	object
40	movie	726 non-null	object
41	production_budget	726 non-null	float64
42	domestic_gross	726 non-null	float64
43	worldwide_gross	726 non-null	float64
44	release_year	726 non-null	object
45	worldwide_gross_in_mil	726 non-null	float64
46	production_budget_in_mil	726 non-null	float64
47	prod_budget_ROI	726 non-null	float64
48	domestic_gross_in_mil	726 non-null	float64
49	foreign_gross_in_mil	726 non-null	float64
50	domestic_gross_p	726 non-null	float64
51	foreign_gross_p	726 non-null	float64
52	release_month	726 non-null	object

dtypes: float64(13), int64(28), object(12)

memory usage: 12.7+ MB

In [120]:

```
imdb_drama_writ_dir[imdb_drama_writ_dir['runtime_minutes'] > 0]
```

Out[120]:

	title_year	tconst	primary_title	original_title	start_year	runtime_minutes	genres_x	averagerating	num
6	#BKKY 2016	tt170868	#BKKY	#BKKY	2016	75.0	[Drama]	7.4	
13	#Ewankosau saranghaeyo 2015	tt4375578	#Ewankosau saranghaeyo	#Ewankosau saranghaeyo	2015	110.0	[Drama]	7.3	
18	#Horror 2015	tt3526286	#Horror	#Horror	2015	101.0	[Crime, Drama, Horror]	3.0	
25	#REALITYHIGH 2017	tt6119504	#REALITYHIGH	#REALITYHIGH	2017	99.0	[Comedy, Drama, Romance]	5.2	
26	#Realmovie 2013	tt3184026	#Realmovie	#Realmovie	2013	62.0	[Drama, Thriller]	5.0	
...
73835	Última sesión 2010	tt1754950	Última sesión	Última sesión	2010	90.0	[Drama]	6.2	
73836	Últimos días en La Habana 2016	tt5065762	Últimos días en La Habana	Últimos días en La Habana	2016	93.0	[Drama]	7.2	
73839	Über uns das All 2011	tt1813774	Über uns das All	Über uns das All	2011	88.0	[Drama]	6.7	
73854	ärtico 2014	tt3509772	ärtico	ärtico	2014	78.0	[Drama]	6.6	
73855	Šiška Deluxe 2015	tt4373884	Šiška Deluxe	Siska Deluxe	2015	108.0	[Comedy, Drama]	6.3	

28394 rows x 53 columns



In [121]:

```
# Filter by movies that have enough votes to consider in "top rated" to find top director s
imdb_drama_writ_dir['numvotes'].describe()
```

Out[121]:

count 3.078800e+04
mean 3.883575e+03
std 2.863222e+04
min 5.000000e+00
25% 1.700000e+01
50% 7.100000e+01
75% 4.120000e+02
max 1.299334e+06
Name: numvotes, dtype: float64

In [122]:

```
imdb_drama_writ_dir[imdb_drama_writ_dir['numvotes'] >= (imdb_drama_writ_dir['numvotes'].median())]
```

Out[122]:

	title_year	tconst	primary_title	original_title	start_year	runtime_minutes	genres_x	av
18	#Horror 2015	tt3526286	#Horror	#Horror	2015	101.0	[Crime, Drama, Horror]	

	title	year	tconst	primary title	original title	start year	runtime_minutes	genres	av
25	#REALITYHIGH	2017	tt6119504	#REALITYHIGH	#REALITYHIGH	2017	99.0	[Comedy, Drama, Romance]	
37	#SquadGoals	2018	tt6540984	#SquadGoals	#SquadGoals	2018	90.0	[Drama, Thriller]	
39	#Stuck	2014	tt2075318	#Stuck	#Stuck	2014	82.0	[Comedy, Drama, Romance]	
41	#TemanTapiMenikah	2018	tt8076266	#TemanTapiMenikah	#TemanTapiMenikah	2018	102.0	[Biography, Drama]	
...
73837	Únos	2017	tt6602928	Únos	Únos	2017	0.0	[Drama]	
73838	Úsmevy smutných muzu	2018	tt8526824	Úsmevy smutných muzu	Úsmevy smutných muzu	2018	0.0	[Comedy, Drama]	
73839	Über uns das All	2011	tt1813774	Über uns das All	Über uns das All	2011	88.0	[Drama]	
73854	ärtico	2014	tt3509772	ärtico	ärtico	2014	78.0	[Drama]	
73855	Šiška Deluxe	2015	tt4373884	Šiška Deluxe	Siska Deluxe	2015	108.0	[Comedy, Drama]	

15408 rows x 53 columns



In [123]:

```
# Redefine DataFrame based on median number of voter. High std skews the mean too much.
imdb_drama_writ_dir = imdb_drama_writ_dir[imdb_drama_writ_dir['numvotes'] >= 71]
```

In [124]:

```
# Redefine DataFrame and sort by average rating to get top directors for Drama
imdb_drama_writ_dir = imdb_drama_writ_dir.sort_values(by='averagerating', ascending=False)
```

In [125]:

```
# Look at average rating stats
imdb_drama_writ_dir['averagerating'].describe()
```

Out[125]:

```
count    15408.000000
mean         6.181192
std         1.148144
min         1.000000
25%         5.600000
50%         6.300000
75%         6.900000
max         9.900000
Name: averagerating, dtype: float64
```

In [126]:

```
# Create DataFrame of top dramas
topRatedImdbDramas = imdb_drama_writ_dir[imdb_drama_writ_dir['averagerating'] >= 6.18]
```

In [127]:

```
# What is aveage run time
topRatedImdbDramas['runtime_minutes'].mean()
```

Out[127]:

```
104.36118690313779
```

In [128]:


```
topRatedImdbDramas.info()
```

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
```

```
Int64Index: 8796 entries, 23916 to 3295
```

```
Data columns (total 53 columns):
```

#	Column	Non-Null Count	Dtype
0	title_year	8796 non-null	object
1	tconst	8796 non-null	object
2	primary_title	8796 non-null	object
3	original_title	8796 non-null	object
4	start_year	8796 non-null	int64
5	runtime_minutes	8796 non-null	float64
6	genres_x	8796 non-null	object
7	averagerating	8796 non-null	float64
8	numvotes	8796 non-null	int64
9	directors	8782 non-null	object
10	writers	8459 non-null	object
11	genres_y	8796 non-null	object
12	Music	8796 non-null	int64
13	War	8796 non-null	int64
14	Reality-TV	8796 non-null	int64
15	Sport	8796 non-null	int64
16	Drama	8796 non-null	int64
17	Adventure	8796 non-null	int64
18	Game-Show	8796 non-null	int64
19	Animation	8796 non-null	int64
20	History	8796 non-null	int64
21	Romance	8796 non-null	int64
22	Musical	8796 non-null	int64
23	News	8796 non-null	int64
24	Mystery	8796 non-null	int64
25	Comedy	8796 non-null	int64
26	Documentary	8796 non-null	int64
27	Fantasy	8796 non-null	int64
28	Adult	8796 non-null	int64
29	Horror	8796 non-null	int64
30	Crime	8796 non-null	int64
31	Family	8796 non-null	int64
32	Thriller	8796 non-null	int64
33	Western	8796 non-null	int64
34	Action	8796 non-null	int64
35	Short	8796 non-null	int64
36	Sci-Fi	8796 non-null	int64
37	Biography	8796 non-null	int64
38	id	500 non-null	float64
39	release_date	500 non-null	object
40	movie	500 non-null	object
41	production_budget	500 non-null	float64
42	domestic_gross	500 non-null	float64
43	worldwide_gross	500 non-null	float64
44	release_year	500 non-null	object
45	worldwide_gross_in_mil	500 non-null	float64
46	production_budget_in_mil	500 non-null	float64
47	prod_budget_ROI	500 non-null	float64
48	domestic_gross_in_mil	500 non-null	float64
49	foreign_gross_in_mil	500 non-null	float64
50	domestic_gross_p	500 non-null	float64
51	foreign_gross_p	500 non-null	float64
52	release_month	500 non-null	object

```
dtypes: float64(13), int64(28), object(12)
```

```
memory usage: 3.6+ MB
```

```
In [129]:
```

```
topRatedImdbDramas.groupby(['directors']).agg("mean").sort_values(by='averagerating',
ascending=False).head(5)
```

```
Out[129]:
```

```
start_year runtime_minutes averagerating numvotes Music War Reality-TV Sport Drama Adventure ... produ
```

directors	start_year	runtime_minutes	averagerating	numvotes	Music	War	Reality-TV	Sport	Drama	Adventure	...	produ
nm10369569	2019.0	138.0	9.9	417.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	...	
nm9982663	2018.0	125.0	9.7	639.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	...	
nm3123304	2018.0	132.0	9.6	2604.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	...	
nm1682596	2017.0	87.0	9.6	78.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	...	
nm10005127	2017.0	69.0	9.6	98.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	0.0	...	

5 rows x 41 columns

In [130]:

```
top_5_drama_directors = topRatedIMDbDramas.groupby(['directors']).agg("mean").sort_values(by='averagerating', ascending=False).head(5)
```

In [131]:

```
top_5_drama_directors.index
```

Out[131]:

```
Index(['nm10369569', 'nm9982663', 'nm3123304', 'nm1682596', 'nm10005127'], dtype='object', name='directors')
```

In [132]:

```
top_5_drama_directors = top_5_drama_directors.reset_index()
```

In [133]:

```
top_5_drama_directors
```

Out[133]:

	directors	start_year	runtime_minutes	averagerating	numvotes	Music	War	Reality-TV	Sport	Drama	...	production_bu
0	nm10369569	2019.0	138.0	9.9	417.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	...	
1	nm9982663	2018.0	125.0	9.7	639.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	...	
2	nm3123304	2018.0	132.0	9.6	2604.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	...	
3	nm1682596	2017.0	87.0	9.6	78.0	1.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	...	
4	nm10005127	2017.0	69.0	9.6	98.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	...	

5 rows x 42 columns

In [134]:

```
top_5_drama_directors_ns = top_5_drama_directors['directors']
```

In [135]:

```
top_5_drama_directors_ns = list(top_5_drama_directors_ns)
```

In [136]:

```
# import file imdb.name.basics.csv.gz -- list of imdb people with list of professions
imdb_nb_df = pd.read_csv('rawData/zipppedData/imdb.name.basics.csv.gz')
# preview file
imdb_nb_df.head()
```

Out[136]:

	nconst	primary_name	birth_year	death_year	primary_profession	
0	nm0061671	Mary Ellen Bauder	NaN	NaN	miscellaneous,production_manager,producer	tt0837562,tt2398241
1	nm0061865	Joseph Bauer	NaN	NaN	composer,music_department,sound_department	tt0896534,tt6791238
2	nm0062070	Bruce Baum	NaN	NaN	miscellaneous,actor,writer	tt1470654,tt0363631
3	nm0062195	Axel Baumann	NaN	NaN	camera_department,cinematographer,art_department	tt0114371,tt2004304
4	nm0062798	Pete Baxter	NaN	NaN	production_designer,art_department,set_decorator	tt0452644,tt0452692

In [137]:

```
(imdb_nb_df[imdb_nb_df['nconst'] == top_5_drama_directors_ns[0]])
```

Out[137]:

	nconst	primary_name	birth_year	death_year	primary_profession	known_for_titles
85395	nm10369569	Nagaraja Uppunda	NaN	NaN	director	NaN

In [138]:

```
# Write for loop to find top director names from drama_directors_list
top_5_drama_directors_names = []

for director in top_5_drama_directors_ns:
    for row in imdb_nb_df.index:
        if imdb_nb_df['nconst'][row] == director:
            top_5_drama_directors_names.append(imdb_nb_df['primary_name'][row])
```

In [139]:

```
# Check list outcome
top_5_drama_directors_names
```

Out[139]:

```
['Nagaraja Uppunda',
 'Arsel Arumugam',
 'Nikoloz Khomasuridze',
 'Paul Michael Bloodgood',
 'Colonelu Morteni']
```

In [140]:

```
# Define function to get top 5 directors names
def top_5_directors_names(directors_list):
    """Return primary_name of director in a list of nm IDs"""
    for director in directors_list:
        for row in imdb_nb_df.index:
            if imdb_nb_df['nconst'][row] == director:
                print(imdb_nb_df['primary_name'][row])
```

In [141]:

```
#Define top genres
top_genres_list = ['Drama', 'Comedy', 'Action', 'Adventure', 'Thriller']

# Create for loop to do the above for each top genre and print results
for genre in top_genres_list:
    print(f"{genre}:")
    genre_table = imdb_with_genre_cols[(imdb_with_genre_cols[genre] == 1) & (imdb_with_g
enre_cols['directors'] != "Unknown")]
    print(f"median votes = {genre_table['numvotes'].median()}")
    genre_table = genre_table[genre_table['numvotes'] >= (genre_table['numvotes'].median
())]
    print(f"average rating = {genre_table['averagerating'].median()}")
    genre_table = genre_table[genre_table['averagerating'] >= (genre_table['averageratin
```

```
g'].median())]
genre_table_runtime = genre_table[genre_table['runtime_minutes'] > 0]
print(f"average runtime = {round(genre_table_runtime['runtime_minutes'].mean(),2)}")
top_5_genre_directors = genre_table.groupby(['directors']).agg("mean").sort_values(b
y='averagerating', ascending=False).head(5)
top_5_genre_directors = top_5_genre_directors.reset_index()
top_5_genre_directors_ns = list(top_5_genre_directors['directors'])
print(top_5_genre_directors_ns)
top_5_directors_names(top_5_genre_directors_ns)
```

Drama:
median votes = 71.0
average rating = 6.3
average runtime = 107.47
['nm10369569', 'nm9982663', 'nm10285722', 'nm1682596', 'nm10005127']
Nagaraja Uppunda
Arsel Arumugam
Sudheer Shanbhogue
Paul Michael Bloodgood
Colonelu Morteni
Comedy:
median votes = 95.0
average rating = 5.8
average runtime = 103.63
['nm0000233', 'nm10285722', 'nm10436203', 'nm9073819', 'nm8589213']
Quentin Tarantino
Sudheer Shanbhogue
Abhinav Thakur
Amr Gamal
Karan R Guliani
Action:
median votes = 170.0
average rating = 5.8
average runtime = 117.65
['nm10466690', 'nm0000233', 'nm9276879', 'nm6442107', 'nm3586222']
Shankar
Quentin Tarantino
Ajay Andrews Nuthakki
Ram Kumar
Thiagarajan Kumararaja
Adventure:
median votes = 111.0
average rating = 6.0
average runtime = 105.66
['nm6748553', 'nm5139001', 'nm1957250', 'nm1601055', 'nm7186336', 'nm9762716']
Karzan Kardozi
Zolbayar Dorj
Christina Kyi
Matt Horton
Thriller:
median votes = 132.0
average rating = 5.5
average runtime = 107.38
['nm4891543', 'nm2755490', 'nm10079200', 'nm7464139', 'nm6442107']
Shivkumar Parthasarathy
Amitabh Reza Chowdhury
Gvr Vasu
Sushanth Reddy
Ram Kumar

In [142]:

```
# Look up Adventure directing duo, person 1
(imdb_nb_df[imdb_nb_df['nconst'] == 'nm1957250'])
```

Out[142]:

nconst primary_name birth_year death_year				primary_profession	
168298	nm1957250	Kevin Schlanser	NaN	NaN	camera_department,editor,cinematographer tt1342019,tt4902348,tt41

In [143]:

```
# Look up Adventure directing duo, person 2
(imdb_nb_df[imdb_nb_df['nconst'] == 'nm1601055'])
```

Out[143]:

	nconst	primary_name	birth_year	death_year	primary_profession	known_for_titles
133586	nm1601055	Zack Bennett	1988.0	NaN	actor,producer,writer	tt1352771,tt4126322,tt0944142,tt1342019

Learning: Movies in top genres should have runtime 1.75-2 hours. Top directors are global names. Research and see if any of interest to partner with for production.

Additional Analysis

There are additional opportunities to continue analysis with the data given. This includes:

- Top writers per top genre (expanding what was done for directors to writers)
- Highest rated actors in top genres and their known for characters
- What studio Microsoft can model portfolio after

Each of these can help with specific recommendations as Microsoft prepares to take next steps in producing their first movies.