```
In [1]: import datetime
        import pandas as pd
        import pandas datareader.data as web
In [2]: start = datetime.datetime(1990, 2, 16) # or start = '1/1/2016'
        end = datetime.date.today()
        df = web.DataReader('CSCO', 'yahoo', start, end)
        print (df.head()) # print first rows of the prices data
                       Open
                                 Hiah
                                            Low
                                                    Close Adj Close
                                                                        Volume
        Date
        1990-02-16 0.073785 0.079861 0.073785 0.077257
                                                           0.063830 940636800
        1990-02-20 0.077257 0.079861 0.074653 0.079861
                                                           0.065982 151862400
        1990-02-21 0.078993 0.078993 0.075521 0.078125
                                                           0.064547
                                                                      70531200
        1990-02-22 0.078993 0.081597 0.078993 0.078993 0.065265
                                                                      45216000
        1990-02-23 0.078993 0.079861 0.078125 0.078559 0.064906
                                                                      44697600
        import time
In [3]:
        import math
        from keras.models import Sequential
        from keras.layers.core import Dense, Dropout, Activation
        from keras.layers.recurrent import LSTM
        import numpy as np
        import pandas as pd
        import tensorflow as tf
        import sklearn.preprocessing as prep
        from keras import backend
        Using TensorFlow backend.
        #import os
In [4]:
        #s=os.getcwd()
        #s
```

#df.head()

In [5]: #df = pd.read csv('/Users/Yuffie/USA/SCU/COEN281DataMining/TermProject/data/GOOG.csv')

```
In [6]: # Data preparation
    col_list = df.columns.tolist()
    col_list

Out[6]: ['Open', 'High', 'Low', 'Close', 'Adj Close', 'Volume']

In [7]: col_list.remove('Close')
    col_list.append('Close')
    #col_list.remove('Date')
    col_list.remove('Volume')
    col_list

Out[7]: ['Open', 'High', 'Low', 'Adj Close', 'Close']

In [8]: df = df[col_list]
    df.head()
```

## Out[8]:

	Open	High	Low	Adj Close	Close
Date					
1990-02-16	0.073785	0.079861	0.073785	0.063830	0.077257
1990-02-20	0.077257	0.079861	0.074653	0.065982	0.079861
1990-02-21	0.078993	0.078993	0.075521	0.064547	0.078125
1990-02-22	0.078993	0.081597	0.078993	0.065265	0.078993
1990-02-23	0.078993	0.079861	0.078125	0.064906	0.078559

```
In [9]: # Save data
    df.to_csv('CSCO-adjust.csv', index=False)
    validate_df = pd.read_csv('CSCO-adjust.csv')
    validate_df.head()
```

Out[9]:

	Open	High	Low	Adj Close	Close
0	0.073785	0.079861	0.073785	0.063830	0.077257
1	0.077257	0.079861	0.074653	0.065982	0.079861
2	0.078993	0.078993	0.075521	0.064547	0.078125
3	0.078993	0.081597	0.078993	0.065265	0.078993
4	0.078993	0.079861	0.078125	0.064906	0.078559

```
In [10]: # Standardization the dataset
def standard_scaler(X_train, X_test):
    train_samples, train_nx, train_ny = X_train.shape
    test_samples, test_nx, test_ny = X_test.shape

    X_train = X_train.reshape((train_samples, train_nx * train_ny))
    X_test = X_test.reshape((test_samples, test_nx * test_ny))

preprocessor = prep.StandardScaler().fit(X_train)
    X_train = preprocessor.transform(X_train)
    X_test = preprocessor.transform(X_test)

X_train = X_train.reshape((train_samples, train_nx, train_ny))
    X_test = X_test.reshape((test_samples, test_nx, test_ny))

return X_train, X_test
```

```
In [11]: # Split the data to X train, y train, X test, y test
         def preprocess data(stock, seq len):
             amount of features = len(stock.columns)
             data = stock.as matrix()
             sequence length = seq len + 1
             result = []
             for index in range(len(data) - sequence length):
                 result.append(data[index : index + sequence length])
             result = np.array(result)
             row = round(0.99 * result.shape[0])
             train = result[: int(row), :]
             y test org = result[int(row) :, -1][ : ,-1]
             train, result = standard scaler(train, result)
             X train = train[:, : -1]
             y train = train[:, -1][: ,-1]
             X test = result[int(row) :, : -1]
             y test = result[int(row) :, -1][ : ,-1]
             X train = np.reshape(X train, (X train.shape[0], X train.shape[1], amount of features))
             X test = np.reshape(X test, (X test.shape[0], X test.shape[1], amount of features))
             return [X train, y train, X test, y test, y test org]
```

```
In [12]: # Build LSTM Neural Network
         # LSTM --> Dropout --> LSTM --> Dropout --> Fully-Conneted(Dense)
         def build model(layers):
             model = Sequential()
             # By setting return sequences to True we are able to stack another LSTM layer
             model.add(LSTM(
                 return sequences=True,
                 input shape=(None, 5), units=20))
             model.add(Dropout(0.4))
             model.add(LSTM(
                 layers[2],
                 return sequences=False))
             model.add(Dropout(0.3))
             model.add(Dense(
                 units=1))
             model.add(Activation("linear"))
             start = time.time()
             model.compile(loss="mse", optimizer="rmsprop", metrics=['accuracy'])
             print("Compilation Time : ", time.time() - start)
             return model
In [13]: window = 20
         X train, y train, X test, y test, y test org = preprocess data(df[:: -1], window)
         print("X train", X train.shape)
         print("y_train", y_train.shape)
         print("X test", X test.shape)
         print("y test", y test.shape)
         X train (6914, 20, 5)
         y train (6914,)
         X test (70, 20, 5)
         y test (70,)
In [14]: | model = build model([X train.shape[2], window, 100, 1])
         Compilation Time : 0.034848928451538086
```

```
In [15]: # Training the model
         model.fit(
             X train,
             y train,
             batch size=768,
             epochs=300,
             validation split=0.1,
             verbose=0)
Out[15]: <keras.callbacks.History at 0x1243a95f8>
In [16]: trainScore = model.evaluate(X train, y train, verbose=0)
         print('Train Score: %.2f MSE (%.2f RMSE)' % (trainScore[0], math.sqrt(trainScore[0])))
         print(model.metrics names)
         testScore = model.evaluate(X test, y test, verbose=0)
         print('Test Score: %.2f MSE (%.2f RMSE)' % (testScore[0], math.sqrt(testScore[0])))
         Train Score: 0.00 MSE (0.05 RMSE)
         ['loss', 'acc']
         Test Score: 0.01 MSE (0.10 RMSE)
```

```
In [17]: #Visualize the Prediction
    diff = []
    ratio = []
    pred = model.predict(X_test)
    for u in range(len(y_test)):
        pr = pred[u][0]
        ratio.append((y_test[u] / pr) - 1)
        diff.append(abs(y_test[u] - pr))
    print('error_ratio', ratio)
    #print('error_abs', diff)
    #print(pred)
```

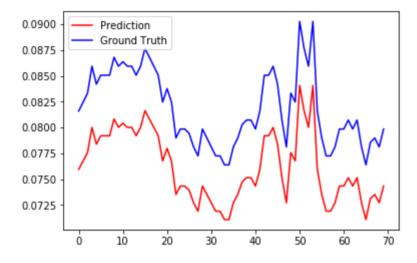
error\_ratio [0.074267868306719276, 0.074213219559673194, 0.074160161259755553, 0.074002121083374783, 0.07409 9948186023834, 0.074042220330739372, 0.074038841830492697, 0.074035562718226311, 0.073930781545097801, 0.073 980161806056932, 0.073952143178539265, 0.073977578420702406, 0.073977280338576756, 0.074028507726383586, 0.0 73976684174821505, 0.073875638721128345, 0.073927304068290178, 0.073978273946306183, 0.074029799478521952, 0.074184597317554779, 0.074107794578500474, 0.074185392359239932, 0.07438847703619933, 0.074335320451498266, 0.074357773782972147, 0.074430600088587484, 0.074478388560166975, 0.07432309514686608 1, 0.074371480082490615, 0.074418671977168893, 0.074466360550694777, 0.074464471879455152, 0.074512657113688 485, 0.07451007251799302, 0.074405849552777514, 0.074352396424487432, 0.074272912869329799, 0.07424578902595 2691, 0.074244795206769743, 0.074295862541654545, 0.074194522889289072, 0.073992936080757632, 0.073994029029 195163, 0.073942505226268107, 0.074046487676047157, 0.074253540878687518, 0.074409527271106723, 0.0741066972 97785074, 0.074219367776167999, 0.074372474041586534, 0.074478587372503124, 0.07448017787384198, 0.074402831384 6715666, 0.074323492713371575, 0.074320610362874406, 0.074265069481972867, 0.074359155142494915, 0.07442831384 6715666, 0.074323492713371575, 0.074512657113688485, 0.074384987288272253, 0.074359155142494915, 0.074428334494835859, 0.074301825767799645]

```
In [18]: # Scale the representation back
    y_test = y_test_org
    pred_org = []
    for u in range(len(y_test)):
        pred_org.append(y_test[u]/(ratio[u] + 1))
        #print(ratio[u])
    print(pred_org)
    print(y_test)
```

[0.075955916031087006, 0.076767813408405938, 0.07757967852975349, 0.080016601748711655, 0.0783921460402279, 0.079204521377012491, 0.07920477052302527, 0.079205012341214159, 0.080830162885460355, 0.080018237818734475, 0.080424440277541379, 0.0800184302975607, 0.080018452506656013, 0.079205532616711455, 0.080018496924846694, 0.081642600724615016, 0.080830424621069208, 0.080018378476338234, 0.079205532616711455, 0.080018496924846694, 0.07798751710285437, 0.076769802109188628, 0.073523685043523121, 0.074335264306899781, 0.074335264306899781, 0.073929748486228963, 0.077212932779053899, 0.07190186496307914, 0.074336110208151632, 0.073524848215381 591, 0.072713740032302909, 0.071902669861533486, 0.071902796250546963, 0.071091763781724993, 0.0710919347838 13621, 0.072714607829545613, 0.073526154232906898, 0.074743576830524405, 0.075149468422118865, 0.07514953794 5363137, 0.074337994573541871, 0.075961102259697266, 0.079208155977669614, 0.079208075371606665, 0.080021043 567778144, 0.078396047998060783, 0.075148926140813616, 0.072714358926460498, 0.077583540080000804, 0.0767715 49324876273, 0.084081192615152026, 0.081644164256860885, 0.080020044158488166, 0.084080943695292162, 0.07595 335407187018, 0.073524780193635481, 0.071901851658972463, 0.071901745226119002, 0.072713087502593282, 0.074 336082699167819, 0.074336282139300353, 0.07514811967118018, 0.074336797932746612, 0.07514459651785395, 0.0 74337581938784883]

```
In [19]: import matplotlib.pyplot as plt2

plt2.plot(pred_org, color='red', label='Prediction')
plt2.plot(y_test, color='blue', label='Ground Truth')
plt2.legend(loc='upper left')
plt2.show()
```



In [ ]: