matrix_factorizations_5(NMF)

February 28, 2020

1 Matrix Factorization Visualizations - Method 5(Off-the-shelf Implementation)

```
[1]: import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import pandas as pd

from surprise import Dataset, Reader, NMF
from surprise.model_selection import cross_validate, KFold, GridSearchCV
```

```
# Use SurpriseSVD

# load data
train = np.loadtxt('./data/train2.txt').astype(int)
test = np.loadtxt('./data/test2.txt').astype(int)
data = np.loadtxt('./data/data2.txt').astype(int)
train = pd.DataFrame(train)
train.columns=['User', 'Movie', 'Rating']
test = pd.DataFrame(test)
test.columns=['User', 'Movie', 'Rating']
data = pd.DataFrame(data)
data.columns=['User', 'Movie', 'Rating']

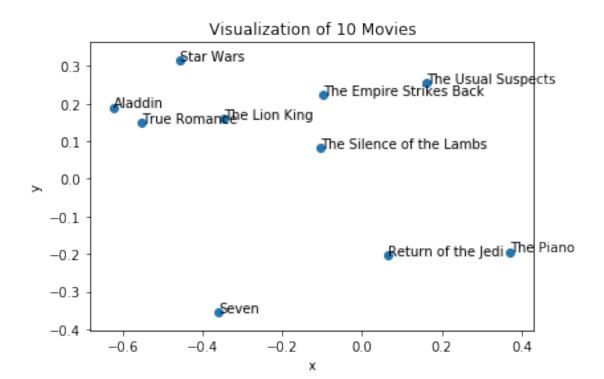
reader = Reader(rating_scale=(1, 5))
train_data = Dataset.load_from_df(data[['User', 'Movie', 'Rating']], reader)
train_data = train_data.build_full_trainset()
```

```
[3]: # Train using NMF (non-negative matrix formation)
algo = NMF()
algo.fit(train_data)
```

[3]: <surprise.prediction_algorithms.matrix_factorization.NMF at 0x25887abe188>

```
[4]: # Get the U and V matrix to correct dimensions
U = algo.pu.T
V = algo.qi.T
```

```
[5]: # mean-centering
    V_mean = V.mean(axis=1)
    for i in range(len(V[0])):
        V[:,i] -= V_mean
    for i in range(len(U[0])):
        U[:,i] -= V_mean
    # get SVD of V
    A, S, B = np.linalg.svd(V)
[6]: # project U, V into K-dimensional space
    U_tilde = np.matmul(A.T[:K], U)
    V_tilde = np.matmul(A.T[:K], V)
[7]: # load data from cleaned files
    movies = pd.read_csv('data/movies.csv')
    data = pd.read_csv('data/data.csv')
[8]: # visualize any 10 movies
    ids = [11, 12, 71, 95, 98, 92, 578, 181, 172, 50]
    titles = ['Seven', 'The Usual Suspects', 'The Lion King', 'Aladdin', 'The
     \hookrightarrowSilence of the Lambs', 'True Romance', 'The Piano', 'Return of the Jedi', \sqcup
     x = [0]*10
    y = [0]*10
    for i in range(len(ids)):
        x[i] = V_{tilde}[0][ids[i]-1]
        y[i] = V_{tilde}[1][ids[i]-1]
    fig, ax = plt.subplots()
    plt.scatter(x, y)
    for i, txt in enumerate(titles):
        ax.annotate(txt, (x[i], y[i]))
    plt.title('Visualization of 10 Movies')
    plt.xlabel('x')
    plt.ylabel('y')
    plt.savefig('matrix_5_a.png')
```



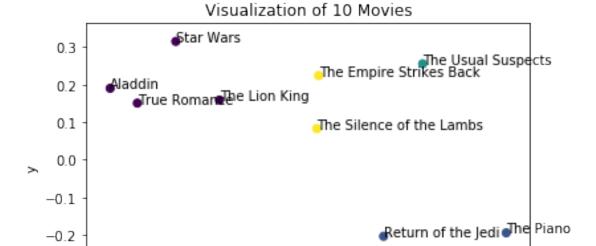
```
[9]: from sklearn.cluster import KMeans

X = np.column_stack((x, y))
labels = KMeans(n_clusters=5, random_state=0).fit_predict(X)

fig, ax = plt.subplots()
plt.scatter(x, y, c=labels)

for i, txt in enumerate(titles):
    ax.annotate(txt, (x[i], y[i]))

plt.title('Visualization of 10 Movies')
plt.xlabel('x')
plt.ylabel('y')
plt.savefig('matrix_5_a_clusters.png')
```



0.2

0.4

0.0

Seven

-0.2

-0.4

-0.3

-0.4

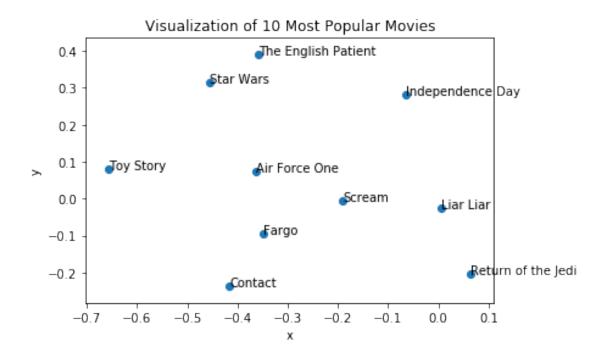
-0.6

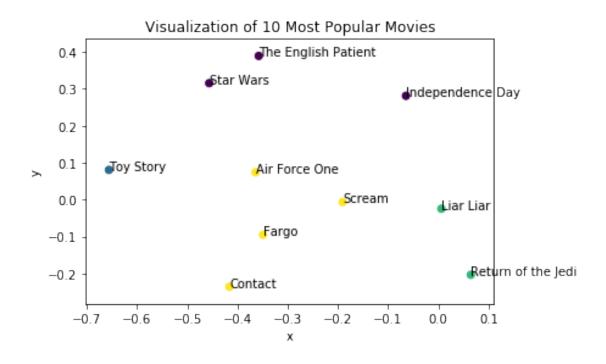
```
[10]: # visualize 10 most popular movies
      pop = data['Movie'].value_counts().head(10).index
      for i in pop:
          print(movies[movies['ID'] == i]['Title'])
      titles = ['Star Wars', 'Contact', 'Fargo', 'Return of the Jedi', 'Liar Liar', |
      → 'The English Patient', 'Scream', 'Toy Story', 'Air Force One', 'Independence
      →Day']
      x = [0]*10
      y = [0]*10
      for i in range(len(pop)):
          x[i] = V_{tilde}[0][pop[i]-1]
          y[i] = V_{tilde}[1][pop[i]-1]
      # clustering
      X = np.column_stack((x, y))
      labels = KMeans(n_clusters=4, random_state=0).fit_predict(X)
      # plot visualization
      fig, ax = plt.subplots()
      plt.scatter(x, y)
```

```
for i, txt in enumerate(titles):
    ax.annotate(txt, (x[i], y[i]))
plt.title('Visualization of 10 Most Popular Movies')
plt.xlabel('x')
plt.ylabel('y')
plt.savefig('matrix_5_b.png')
# plot clusters
fig, ax = plt.subplots()
plt.scatter(x, y, c=labels)
for i, txt in enumerate(titles):
    ax.annotate(txt, (x[i], y[i]))
plt.title('Visualization of 10 Most Popular Movies')
plt.xlabel('x')
plt.ylabel('y')
plt.savefig('matrix_5_b_clusters.png')
49
      Star Wars (1977)
Name: Title, dtype: object
      Contact (1997)
Name: Title, dtype: object
99
     Fargo (1996)
Name: Title, dtype: object
      Return of the Jedi (1983)
180
Name: Title, dtype: object
      Liar Liar (1997)
Name: Title, dtype: object
      English Patient, The (1996)
Name: Title, dtype: object
      Scream (1996)
286
Name: Title, dtype: object
    Toy Story (1995)
Name: Title, dtype: object
      Air Force One (1997)
Name: Title, dtype: object
```

Independence Day (ID4) (1996)

Name: Title, dtype: object





```
[11]: # visualize 10 best movies
sorted_df = movies.sort_values(by='avg_rating', ascending=False)
best = sorted_df.head(10)['ID']
```

```
for i in best:
    print(movies[movies['ID'] == i]['Title'])
titles = ["Someone Else's America", 'Prefontaine', 'Aiqing wansui', 'Star Kid', u
→'Entertaining Angels: The Dorothy Day Story', 'They Made Me a Criminal', ⊔
→'Marlene Dietrich: Shadow and Light', 'A Great Day in Harlem', 'The Saint of
→Fort Washington', 'Santa With Muscles']
x = [0]*10
y = [0]*10
count = 0
for i in best:
    x[count] = V_tilde[0][i-1]
    y[count] = V_tilde[1][i-1]
    count += 1
# clustering
X = np.column_stack((x, y))
labels = KMeans(n_clusters=3, random_state=0).fit_predict(X)
# plot visualization
fig, ax = plt.subplots()
plt.scatter(x, y)
for i, txt in enumerate(titles):
    ax.annotate(txt, (x[i], y[i]))
plt.title('Visualization of 10 Best Movies')
plt.xlabel('x')
plt.ylabel('y')
plt.savefig('matrix_5_c.png')
# plot clusters
fig, ax = plt.subplots()
plt.scatter(x, y, c=labels)
for i, txt in enumerate(titles):
    ax.annotate(txt, (x[i], y[i]))
plt.title('Visualization of 10 Best Movies')
plt.xlabel('x')
plt.ylabel('y')
plt.savefig('matrix_5_c_clusters.png')
```

1588 Someone Else's America (1995) Name: Title, dtype: object 1179 Prefontaine (1997)
Name: Title, dtype: object
1525 Aiqing wansui (1994)
Name: Title, dtype: object
1282 Star Kid (1997)
Name: Title, dtype: object

1637 Entertaining Angels: The Dorothy Day Story (1996)

Name: Title, dtype: object

1112 They Made Me a Criminal (1939)

Name: Title, dtype: object

1191 Marlene Dietrich: Shadow and Light (1996)

Name: Title, dtype: object

807 Great Day in Harlem, A (1994)

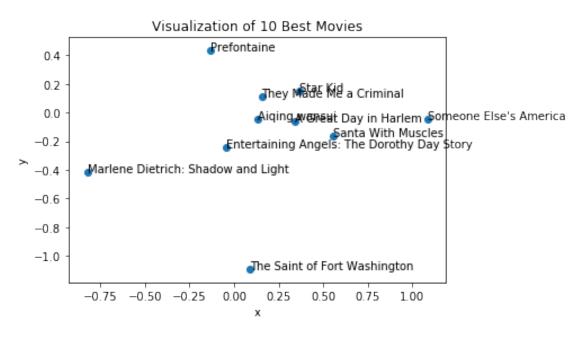
Name: Title, dtype: object

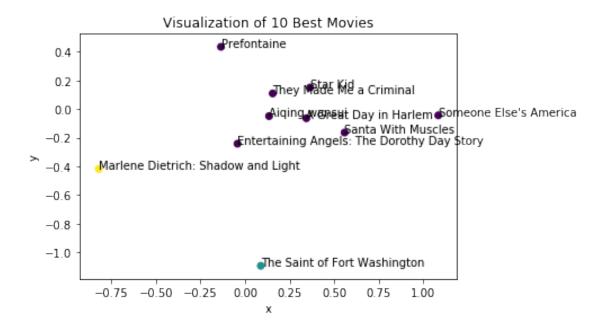
1456 Saint of Fort Washington, The (1993)

Name: Title, dtype: object

1489 Santa with Muscles (1996)

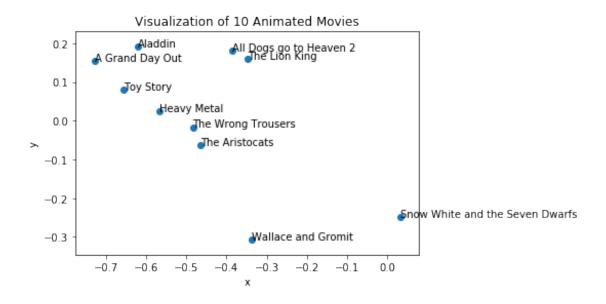
Name: Title, dtype: object

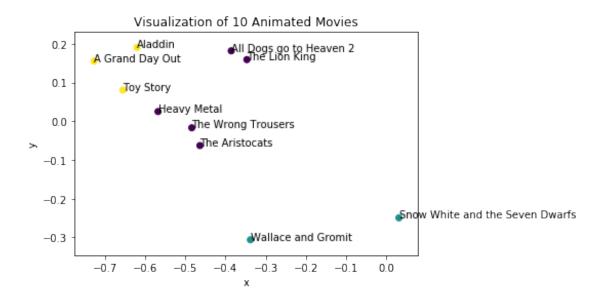




```
[12]: # Visualize 10 animated movies
      # get all animated movies
      animated = movies[movies['Animation'] == 1]['ID'].head(10)
      for i in animated:
          print(movies[movies['ID'] == i]['Title'])
      titles = ['Toy Story', 'The Lion King', 'Aladdin', 'Snow White and the Seven
      →Dwarfs', 'Heavy Metal', 'The Aristocats', 'All Dogs go to Heaven 2', ⊔
      →'Wallace and Gromit', 'The Wrong Trousers', 'A Grand Day Out']
      x = [0]*10
      y = [0]*10
      count = 0
      for i in animated:
          x[count] = V_tilde[0][i-1]
          y[count] = V_tilde[1][i-1]
          count += 1
      # clustering
      X = np.column_stack((x, y))
      labels = KMeans(n_clusters=3, random_state=0).fit_predict(X)
      # plot visualization
      fig, ax = plt.subplots()
      plt.scatter(x, y)
```

```
for i, txt in enumerate(titles):
    ax.annotate(txt, (x[i], y[i]))
plt.title('Visualization of 10 Animated Movies')
plt.xlabel('x')
plt.ylabel('y')
plt.savefig('matrix_5_d_1.png')
# plot clusters
fig, ax = plt.subplots()
plt.scatter(x, y, c=labels)
for i, txt in enumerate(titles):
    ax.annotate(txt, (x[i], y[i]))
plt.title('Visualization of 10 Animated Movies')
plt.xlabel('x')
plt.ylabel('y')
plt.savefig('matrix_5_d_1_clusters.png')
0
     Toy Story (1995)
Name: Title, dtype: object
     Lion King, The (1994)
Name: Title, dtype: object
94
     Aladdin (1992)
Name: Title, dtype: object
      Snow White and the Seven Dwarfs (1937)
Name: Title, dtype: object
      Heavy Metal (1981)
Name: Title, dtype: object
101
      Aristocats, The (1970)
Name: Title, dtype: object
      All Dogs Go to Heaven 2 (1996)
102
Name: Title, dtype: object
      Wallace & Gromit: The Best of Aardman Animatio...
113
Name: Title, dtype: object
      Wrong Trousers, The (1993)
Name: Title, dtype: object
       Grand Day Out, A (1992)
Name: Title, dtype: object
```





```
[13]: # Visualize 10 Western movies
# get all Western movies
western = movies[movies['Western'] == 1]['ID'].head(10)

for i in western:
    print(movies[movies['ID'] == i]['Title'])
```

```
titles = ['Legends of the Fall', 'Maverick', 'Dances with Wolves', 'The Good, __
 _{\hookrightarrow}The Bad, and The Ugly', 'Unforgiven', 'Young Guns', 'The Apple Dumpling_{\sqcup}
 \hookrightarrowGang', 'Butch Cassidy and the Sundance Kid', 'Tombstone', 'The Magnificent_{\sqcup}

Seven']
x = [0]*10
y = [0]*10
count = 0
for i in western:
    x[count] = V_tilde[0][i-1]
    y[count] = V_tilde[1][i-1]
     count += 1
# clustering
X = np.column_stack((x, y))
labels = KMeans(n_clusters=3, random_state=0).fit_predict(X)
# plot visualization
fig, ax = plt.subplots()
plt.scatter(x, y)
for i, txt in enumerate(titles):
    ax.annotate(txt, (x[i], y[i]))
plt.title('Visualization of 10 Western Movies')
plt.xlabel('x')
plt.ylabel('y')
plt.savefig('matrix_5_d_2.png')
# plot clusters
fig, ax = plt.subplots()
plt.scatter(x, y, c=labels)
for i, txt in enumerate(titles):
    ax.annotate(txt, (x[i], y[i]))
plt.title('Visualization of 10 Western Movies')
plt.xlabel('x')
plt.ylabel('y')
plt.savefig('matrix_5_d_2_clusters.png')
      Legends of the Fall (1994)
Name: Title, dtype: object
      Maverick (1994)
72
Name: Title, dtype: object
      Dances with Wolves (1990)
```

Name: Title, dtype: object

176 Good, The Bad and The Ugly, The (1966)

Name: Title, dtype: object 202 Unforgiven (1992) Name: Title, dtype: object 231 Young Guns (1988) Name: Title, dtype: object

411 Apple Dumpling Gang, The (1975)

Name: Title, dtype: object

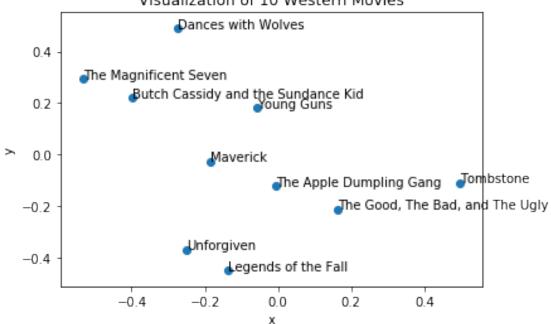
431 Butch Cassidy and the Sundance Kid (1969)

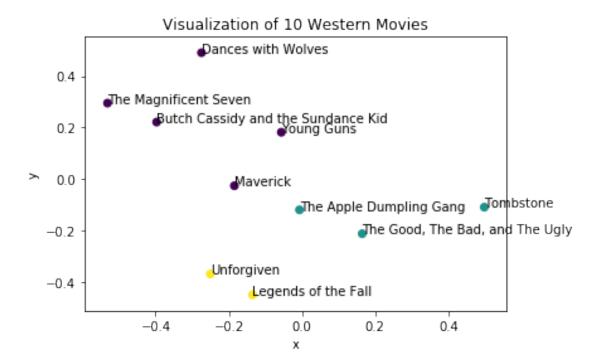
Name: Title, dtype: object 466 Tombstone (1993) Name: Title, dtype: object

505 Magnificent Seven, The (1954)

Name: Title, dtype: object

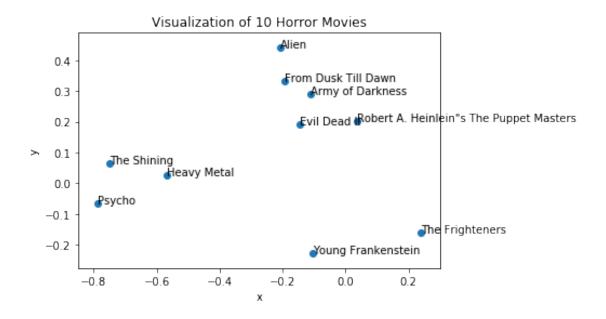
Visualization of 10 Western Movies

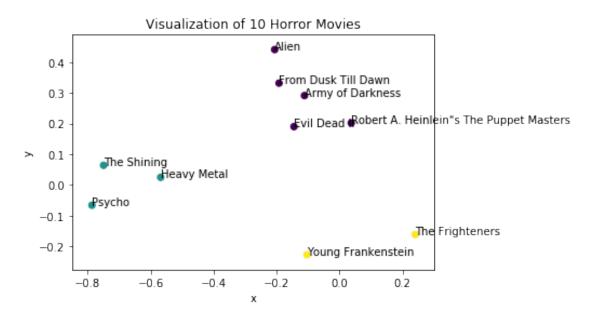




```
[14]: # Visualize 10 horror movies
      horror = movies[movies['Horror'] == 1]['ID'].head(10)
      for i in horror:
          print(movies[movies['ID'] == i]['Title'])
      titles = ['From Dusk Till Dawn', 'Robert A. Heinlein"s The Puppet Masters', u
      → 'Heavy Metal', 'The Frighteners', 'Alien', 'Army of Darkness', 'Psycho', □
      → 'The Shining', 'Evil Dead II', 'Young Frankenstein']
      x = [0]*10
      y = [0]*10
      count = 0
      for i in horror:
          x[count] = V_tilde[0][i-1]
          y[count] = V_tilde[1][i-1]
          count += 1
      # clustering
      X = np.column_stack((x, y))
      labels = KMeans(n_clusters=3, random_state=0).fit_predict(X)
      # plot visualization
```

```
fig, ax = plt.subplots()
plt.scatter(x, y)
for i, txt in enumerate(titles):
    ax.annotate(txt, (x[i], y[i]))
plt.title('Visualization of 10 Horror Movies')
plt.xlabel('x')
plt.ylabel('y')
plt.savefig('matrix_5_d_3_.png')
# plot clusters
fig, ax = plt.subplots()
plt.scatter(x, y, c=labels)
for i, txt in enumerate(titles):
    ax.annotate(txt, (x[i], y[i]))
plt.title('Visualization of 10 Horror Movies')
plt.xlabel('x')
plt.ylabel('y')
plt.savefig('matrix_5_d_3_clusters.png')
      From Dusk Till Dawn (1996)
16
Name: Title, dtype: object
      Robert A. Heinlein's The Puppet Masters (1994)
83
Name: Title, dtype: object
      Heavy Metal (1981)
100
Name: Title, dtype: object
      Frighteners, The (1996)
Name: Title, dtype: object
182
      Alien (1979)
Name: Title, dtype: object
      Army of Darkness (1993)
183
Name: Title, dtype: object
      Psycho (1960)
184
Name: Title, dtype: object
       Shining, The (1980)
Name: Title, dtype: object
      Evil Dead II (1987)
200
Name: Title, dtype: object
207
      Young Frankenstein (1974)
Name: Title, dtype: object
```

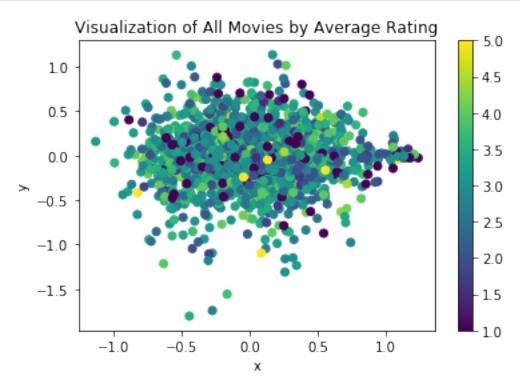




```
[15]: # visualization of all movies by average rating
ratings = []
for i in range(len(movies)):
    ratings.append(movies['avg_rating'][i])

fig, ax = plt.subplots()
plt.scatter(V_tilde[0], V_tilde[1], c=ratings)
```

```
plt.title('Visualization of All Movies by Average Rating')
plt.xlabel('x')
plt.ylabel('y')
plt.colorbar()
plt.savefig('matrix_5_avg_rating.png')
```



```
[16]: x = [0]*30
y = [0]*30
count = 0

for i in horror:
    x[count] = V_tilde[0][i-1]
    y[count] = V_tilde[1][i-1]
    count += 1

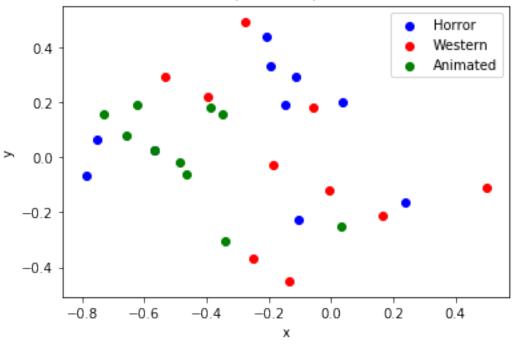
for i in western:
    x[count] = V_tilde[0][i-1]
    y[count] = V_tilde[1][i-1]
    count += 1

for i in animated:
    x[count] = V_tilde[0][i-1]
    y[count] = V_tilde[0][i-1]
    count += 1
```

```
fig, ax = plt.subplots()
plt.scatter(x[:10], y[:10], c='b')
plt.scatter(x[10:20], y[10:20], c='r')
plt.scatter(x[20:30], y[20:30], c='g')

plt.title('Visualization of Animated, Western, and Horror Movies Overlaid')
plt.xlabel('x')
plt.ylabel('y')
plt.legend(['Horror', 'Western', 'Animated'])
plt.savefig('matrix_5_genres.png')
```

Visualization of Animated, Western, and Horror Movies Overlaid



[]: