UTSA CS 4593: CS-CURE

Course-based Undergraduate Research Experience in CS

Week 7: Data Analysis

UTSA CS-CURE

Week 7

Objectives:

- Identify the data & sources useful to a research initiative
- Understand ethical considerations for research execution & analysis

Deliverables:

- Activity 5: Data Analysis & Visualization (in-class on Thursday)
- Research Outline Canvas > Modules > Research Project due <u>next week!</u>

Reminder about Mid Term Grades:

Mid semester grades are posted to ASAP for undergraduates.

You must contact your academic advisor if you are below a C-

Data Analysis Fundamentals

Data Analysis vs Analytics

- Data analytics = field of study using data and tools for business applications
- Data analysis = specific actions/techniques used for data analytics

- Goals:
 - Find trends
 - Predict actions, events, or triggers
 - Make decisions

Data Analysis

General components

- Collection
- Cleaning & preparation
- Data analysis initial (IDA) & exploratory (EDA)
- Data transformations
- Modeling & analysis

The Data Science Lifecycle

"Data science pipeline"

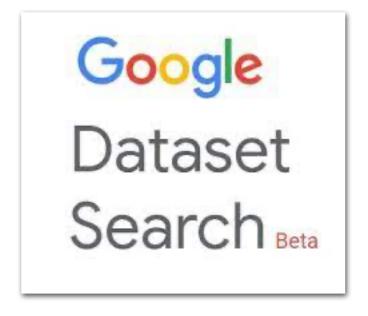
- 1. Acquisition of data
- 2. Preparation & maintenance
- 3. Preprocessing
- 4. Analysis
- 5. Communication

Data Acquisition

Where do we get the data?

- Consider the source(s)
- Examples of data sources:
 - APIs
 - Web-scraping
 - Open source repositories
 - Data loggers or acquisition systems





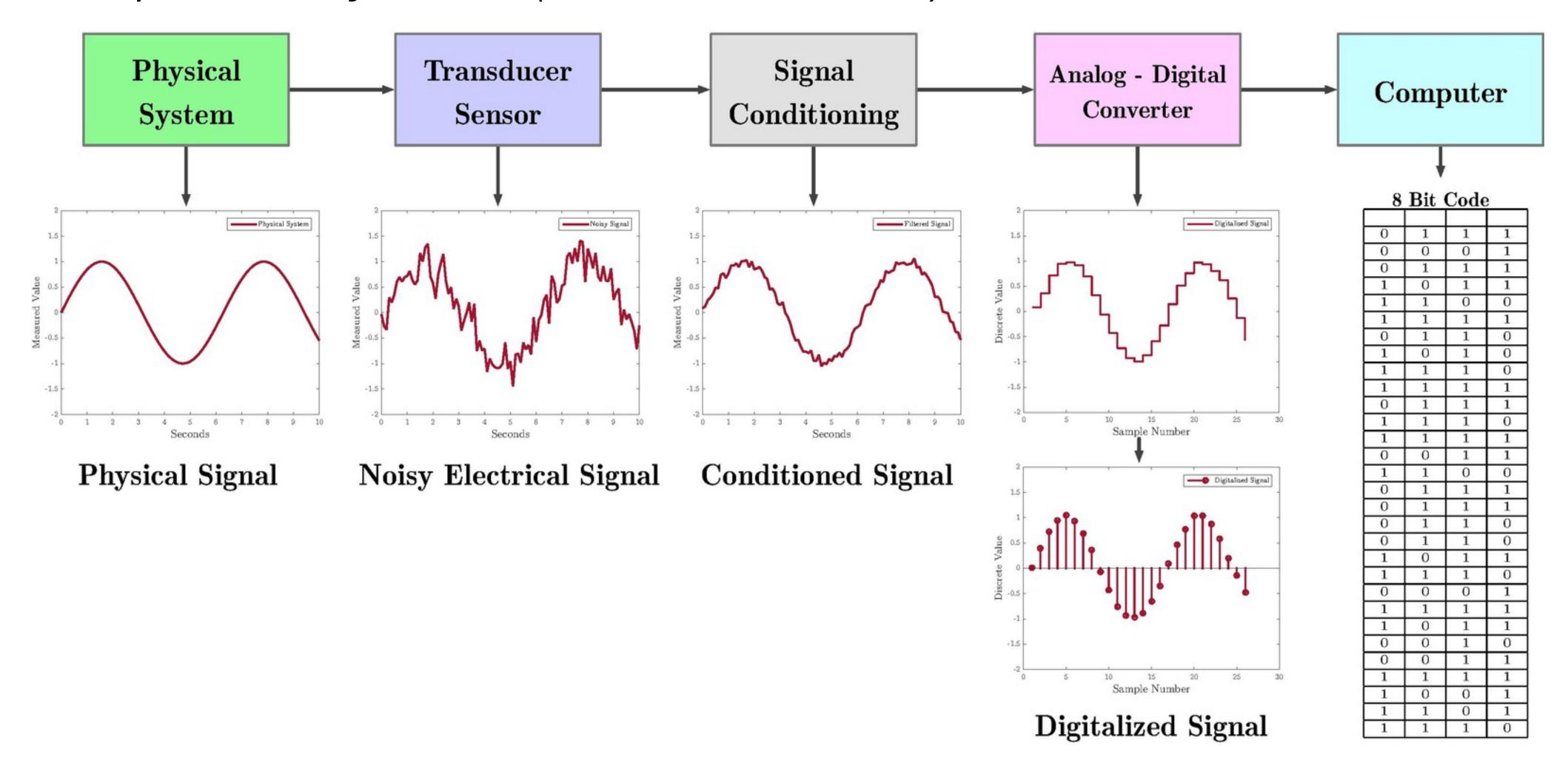


National Artificial Intelligence Research
Resource Pilot

https://new.nsf.gov/focus-areas/artificial-intelligence/nairr

Data Acquisition

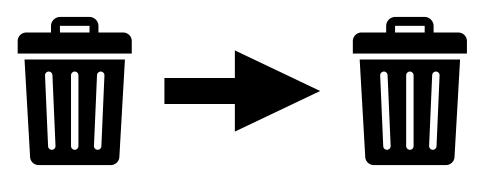
Data acquisition systems (DAS, DAQ, DAU)



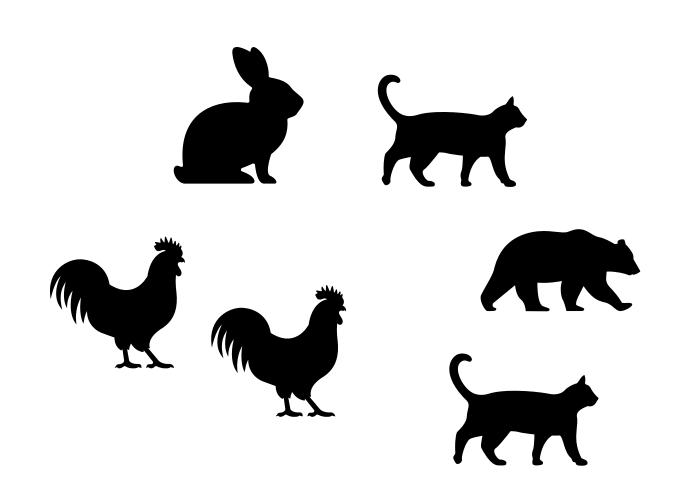
Data Preparation

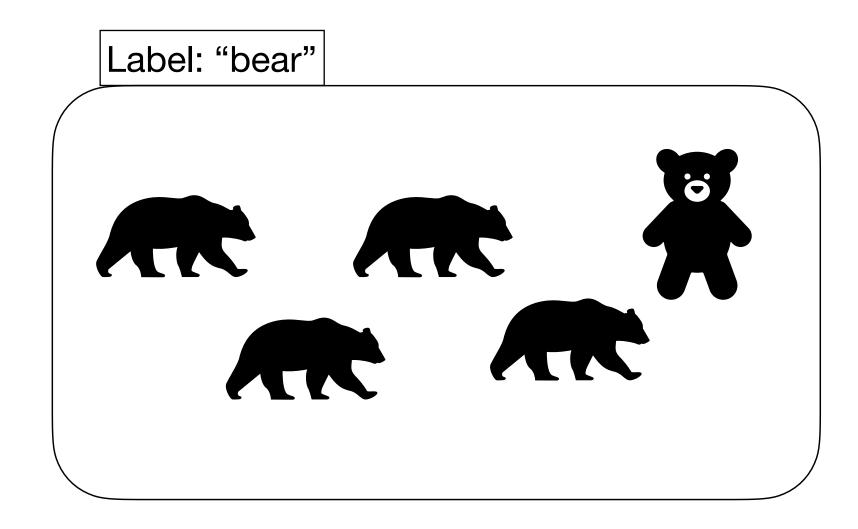
Cleaning

• Better data is preferable to any "fancy" method/algorithm.



Question any outliers in your data.





Data Preparation

Cleaning

- Reduce any structural problems in your data.
 - In text, fix typographical errors, capitalization, & any inconsistencies.
 - In images, you may decide to use one orientation (i.e. portrait, or landscape), or one image file type (i.e. JPEG)

- It is important to reduce duplicates and any irrelevant information.
 - Duplicate records/samples are typical when combining data from different sources.
 - Data is "irrelevant" if it doesn't fit the specific problem you're trying to solve!

Data Analysis Error & Confidence

Error & Confidence

In data analytics

- Data in the "real world" can be uncertain
 - Uncertainty is the estimation of error present in our data

- Precision and accuracy identify error
- Mean and standard deviation describe confidence

Error

In data analytics

- Systematic error
 - Also referred to as bias, or statistical bias

- Random error
 - Also random variation

Let **T** be a statistic used to estimate parameter **X** and let **E(T)** denote expected value of **T**

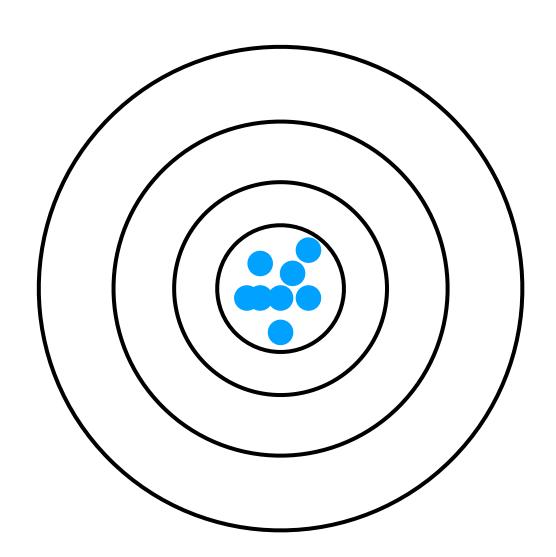
```
bias(T,X) = bias(T)
```

$$bias(T) = E(T) - X$$

If bias(T,X) = 0, then T is unbiased

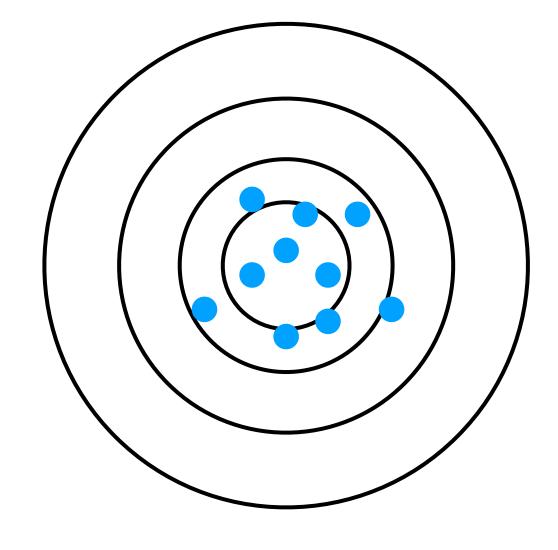
Error & Confidence

Precision vs. Accuracy



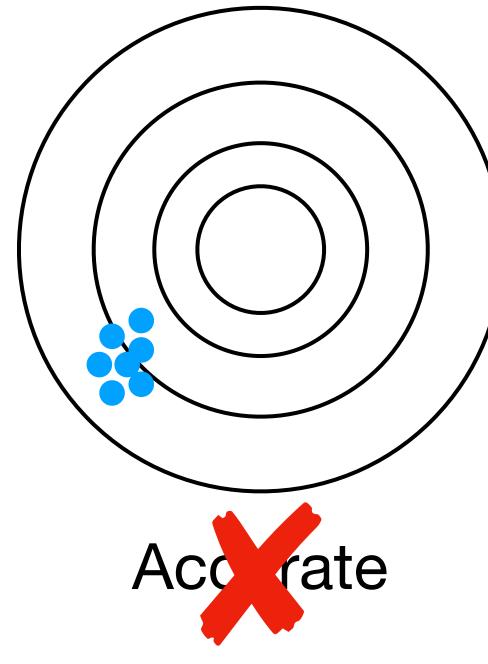
Accurate

Precise



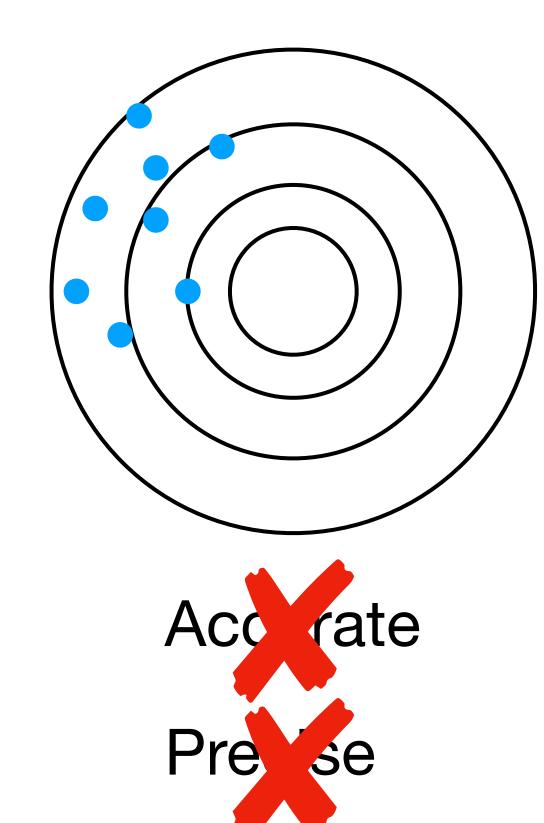
Accurate







Precise



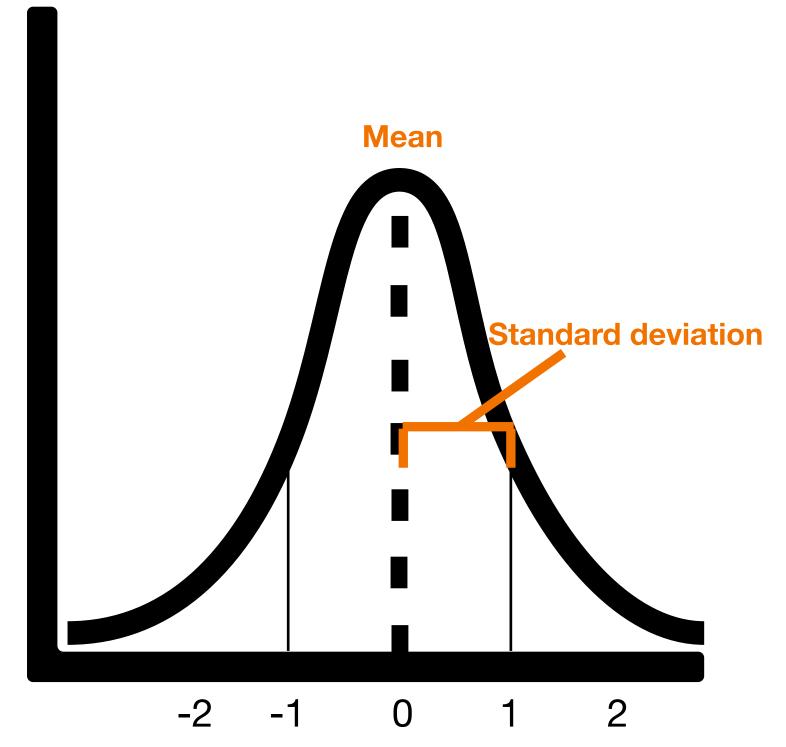
Error & Confidence

Uncertainty in data

- Confidence intervals provide a range of estimates for an unknown parameter
- Mean

$$\frac{x1+x2+...+xn}{N}$$

Standard Deviation



Data Visualization Techniques

Data Visualization

Techniques & considerations

Clarity & accuracy

Ensure data representation is truthful & readily interpretable

Choose the right chart

Different chart types (bar charts, line graphs, scatter plots, pie charts, etc.)
 are suitable for different data types & research questions

Aesthetics & design

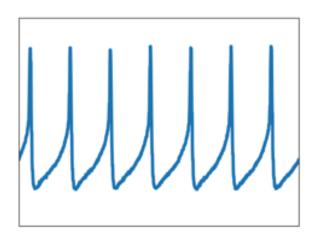
• Importance of color, labels, & layout - avoid clutter!

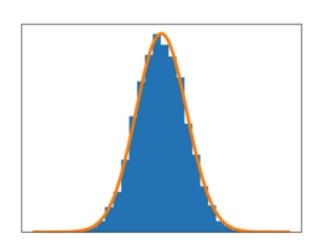


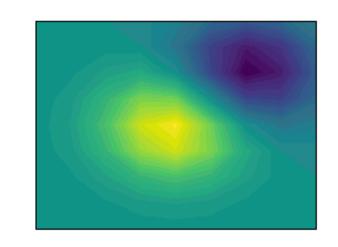
Matplotlib

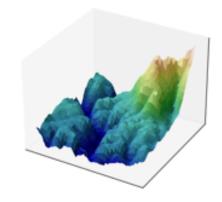
Python for data science

Matplotlib is a comprehensive library for creating static, animated, and interactive visualizations in Python.









Matplotlib makes easy things easy and hard things possible.

Create

- Develop publication quality plots with just a few lines of code
- Use interactive figures that can zoom, pan, update...

Customize

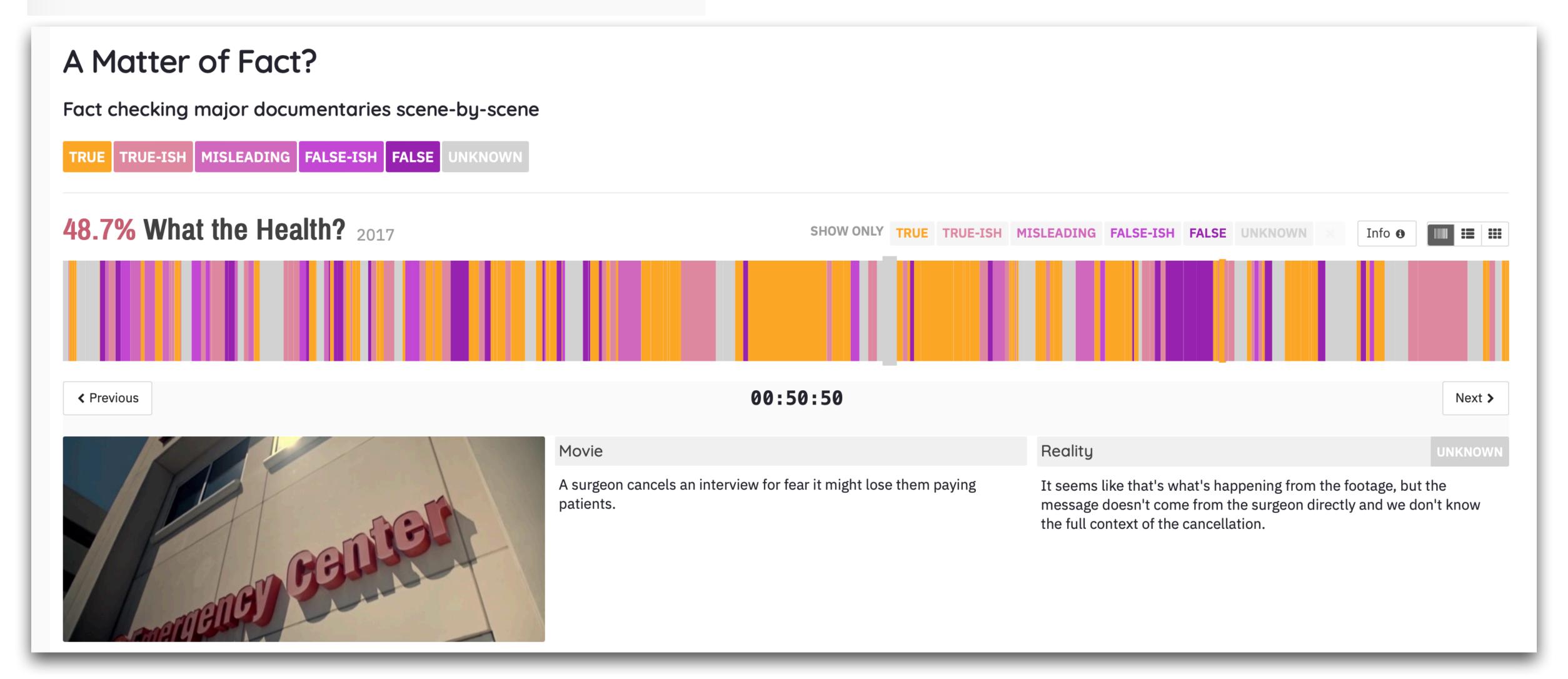
- Take full control of line styles, font properties, axes properties...
- Export and embed to a number of file formats and interactive environments

Extend

- Explore tailored functionality provided by third party packages
- Learn more about Matplotlib through the many external learning resources

https://matplotlib.org





https://informationisbeautiful.net/visualizations/what-the-health-netflix-documentary-fact-checked-debunked/

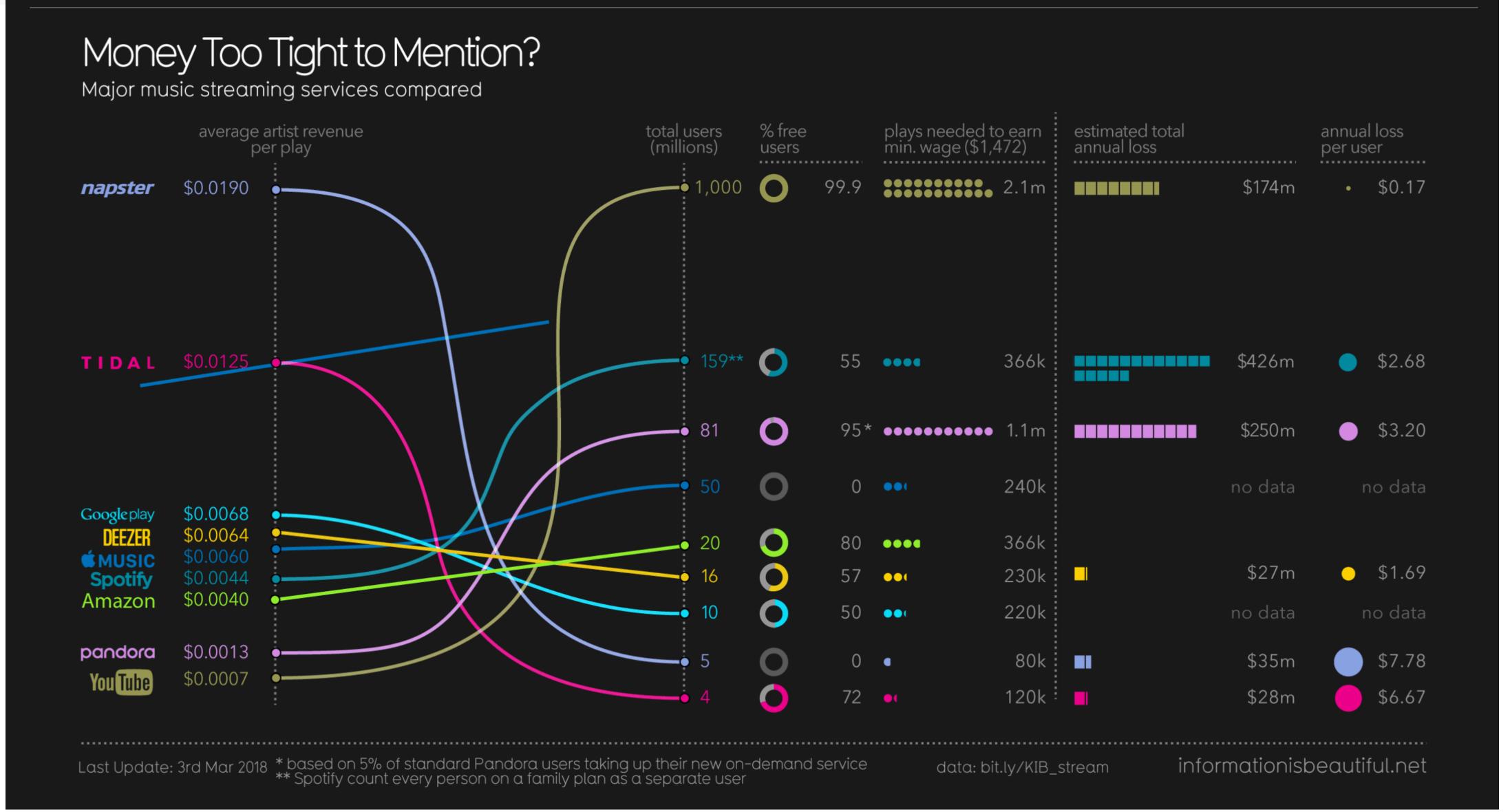


Diversity in Tech Employee breakdown of key technology companies





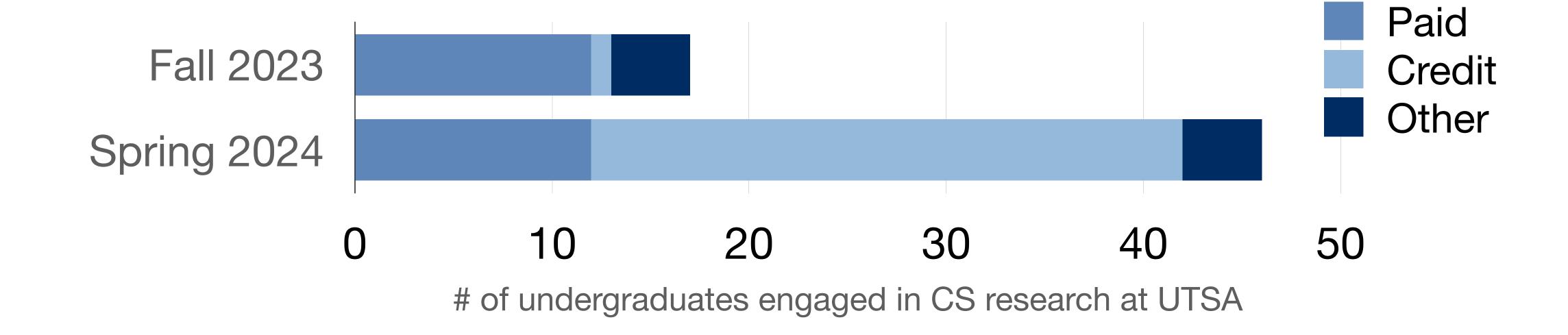
information is beautiful



https://informationisbeautiful.net/visualizations/spotify-apple-music-tidal-music-streaming-services-royalty-rates-compared/

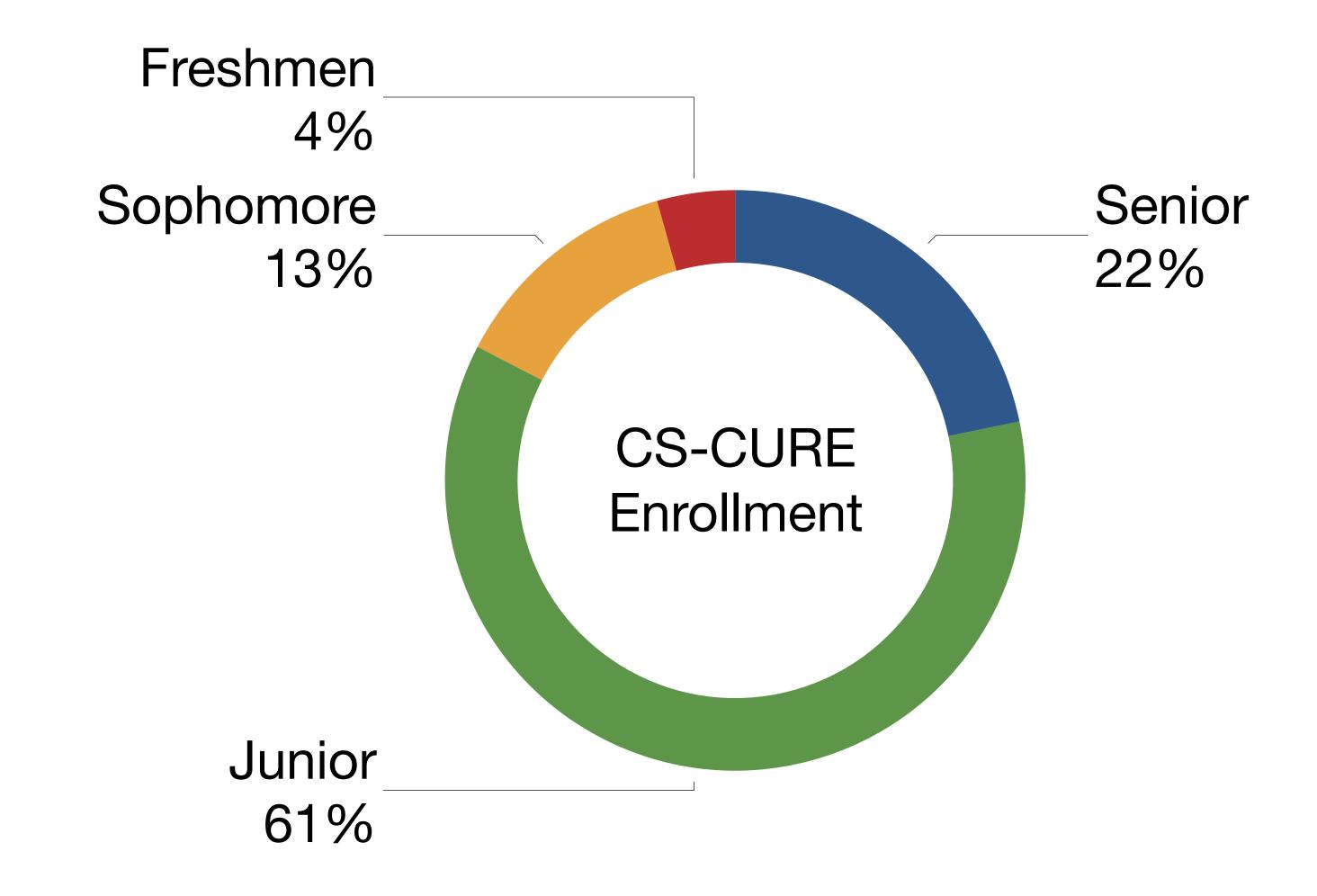
Data Visualization

Live examples!



Data Visualization

Live examples!



Data Analysis Ethics

Ethics & Considerations

Data analysis

 Ethical considerations protect both research participants and the integrity of research findings.

- Consider, for example:
 - Privacy: protecting the anonymity & confidentiality of participants' data
 - Accuracy: data is complete & free from errors/biases
 - Transparency: about data collection, analysis methods, & limitations

Ethics & Considerations

Data in research

- Consent: Ensure data collection complies with informed consent procedures.
- Data anonymization: If possible, anonymize data before analysis to minimize risks.
- Data security: Implement secure storage and access protocols to protect data privacy.
- Bias awareness: Be aware of potential biases in data collection and analysis methods, and strive to mitigate them.
- Honest reporting: Report results truthfully and accurately, acknowledging limitations and uncertainties.

Data Analysis - IRB

Internal Review Board approval

• Even with the best intentions, research can pose risks to participants.

- IRBs help ensure that:
 - potential risks are minimized
 - benefits are maximized
 - individuals participate voluntarily with informed consent.

Data Analysis - IRB

Internal Review Board approval

"The UTSA IRB is the standing committee that reviews & approves human subjects research for the purpose of protecting the rights and welfare of participants."

- Independent committee of experts
- Meet regularly to review applications
- Approve or deny based on established criteria





Research Development

Research Admin 🔻

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Human Subjects Research-IRB

What is the Institutional Review Board (IRB)?

Who should submit research to the IRB?

UTSA faculty, students, or staff conducting human subject research as a part of their position at UTSA Investigators who wish to recruit UTSA students, faculty, or staff using non-publicly available information or who wish access to those individuals. Investigators conducting human subjects research using UTSA facilities (when UTSA is engaged in research – consult the IRB Office for further information regarding engagement in research)

What is meant by "research"?

What is meant by "human subject"?

How do I apply for IRB approval?

When should I submit my study to the IRB for approval?

What is minimal risk?

Is there a time period for IRB approval of a research study?

How do I obtain approval for a change to my research?

I want to submit a study with researchers from other institutions. How do I add them to my study?

I'm a student/faculty member at another university. How do I get IRB approval to conduct research at UTSA?

Department of Computer Science The University of Texas at San Antonio **CS-CURE** https://research.utsa.edu/compliance/irb.html

Key Elements of an IRB Review

Data ethics & considerations

- Does the research have a valid scientific purpose?
- Are the **risks** to participants reasonable compared to potential benefits?
- Is there a clear informed consent process for participants?
- Are participants' data protected and kept confidential?
- Will **vulnerable populations** (children, prisoners, etc.) be adequately protected if involved in the research?

How do I do work with an IRB?

Data ethics & considerations

- 1. Develop your research protocol (clear description of your methods & procedures).
- 2. Complete any required IRB training.
- 3. Submit your protocol for review by the IRB.
- 4. Address any questions or revisions requested by the IRB.
- 5. Receive IRB approval before starting your research.

Wrap-Up

Tuesday

- Identify the data & sources useful to a research initiative
- Understand ethical considerations for research execution & analysis

• <u>To Do</u>:

Activity 5: Data Analysis & Visualization (in-class on Thursday)

See you Thursday!

Research Project: Research Outline

UTSA CS-CURE

Research Project

- ☑ Research Proposal [week 3] identifying a research problem
- Research Outline [week 8] organizing your research
- Research Draft [week 12] telling a good story
- Research Paper [week 16] depth of research in a field

Activity 5: Data Analysis & Visualization

Wrap-Up

Thursday

- Identify the data & sources useful to a research initiative
- Understand ethical considerations for research execution & analysis

• <u>To Do</u>:

Activity 5: Data Analysis & Visualization (in-class on Thursday)

See you next week!