UTSA CS 4593: CS-CURE

Course-based Undergraduate Research Experience in CS

Week 10: Conferences & Journals

UTSA CS-CURE

Week 10

- Objectives:
 - Understand the publication process in CS
 - Learn from expert(s) in diverse fields within CS

- Deliverables:
 - Guest Lecture Survey (in-class Thursday)

Publishing

Publication Review Process

General overview

- 1. Paper preparation
- 2. Review More on this in week 12!
- 3. Revisions / Rebuttals
- 4. Notifications

Conferences vs. Journals

Peer-reviewed publication venues

Feature	Conferences	Journals
Frequency	Held annually or bi-annually	Published regularly (monthly, quarterly, etc.)
Paper Length	Shorter (4-10 pages initial work)	Longer (14+ pages, extends initial work)
Turnaround Time	Faster (typically a few months for notification)	Slower (can take up to a year or more for final decision)
Presentation Format	Oral presentations, posters, demonstrations	N/A
Benefits of Participating	Networking, staying current in the field, permanent record	Building reputation, permanent record
Cost	Registration fees, travel expenses (if attending in person)	Author processing charges (for some open-access journals)

Measuring Impact

H-Index, Impact Factor

Metrics attempt to quantify individual researcher productivity as well as the overall impact of a publication source.

- Conferences use h-index (h publications have at least h citations)
- Journals use **impact factor** (# of citations in the last 2 years / # of citable articles published in the previous 2 years)

Journals

In CS

Peer-reviewed publications that archive & disseminate research findings.

Publication process:

- 1. Manuscript preparation
- 2. Peer review
- 3. Revise & resubmit
- 4. Notification of acceptance
- 5. Publication

Predatory Journals & Conferences

What to watch out for

Entities that prioritize self-interest and financial gain over scholarly merit and the advancement of knowledge.

Why to avoid them:

- Damage to academic/professional reputation
- Disseminate unreliable information
- Waste time & resources

Predatory Journals & Conferences

What to watch out for

Entities that prioritize self-interest and financial gain over scholarly merit and the advancement of knowledge.

Red flags:

- Guaranteed publication
- Excessive fees (author processing charges, APCs)
- Unusually fast publication turnaround ("publish in 4 days!")
- Unprofessional website/email

Conferences

Types of Conferences

Each has a "proceedings" of publications

- Conferences
 - Flagship highly selective
 - Joint two communities on related topics
- Workshops smaller & very focused
- Symposium smaller, localized

Conference Structure

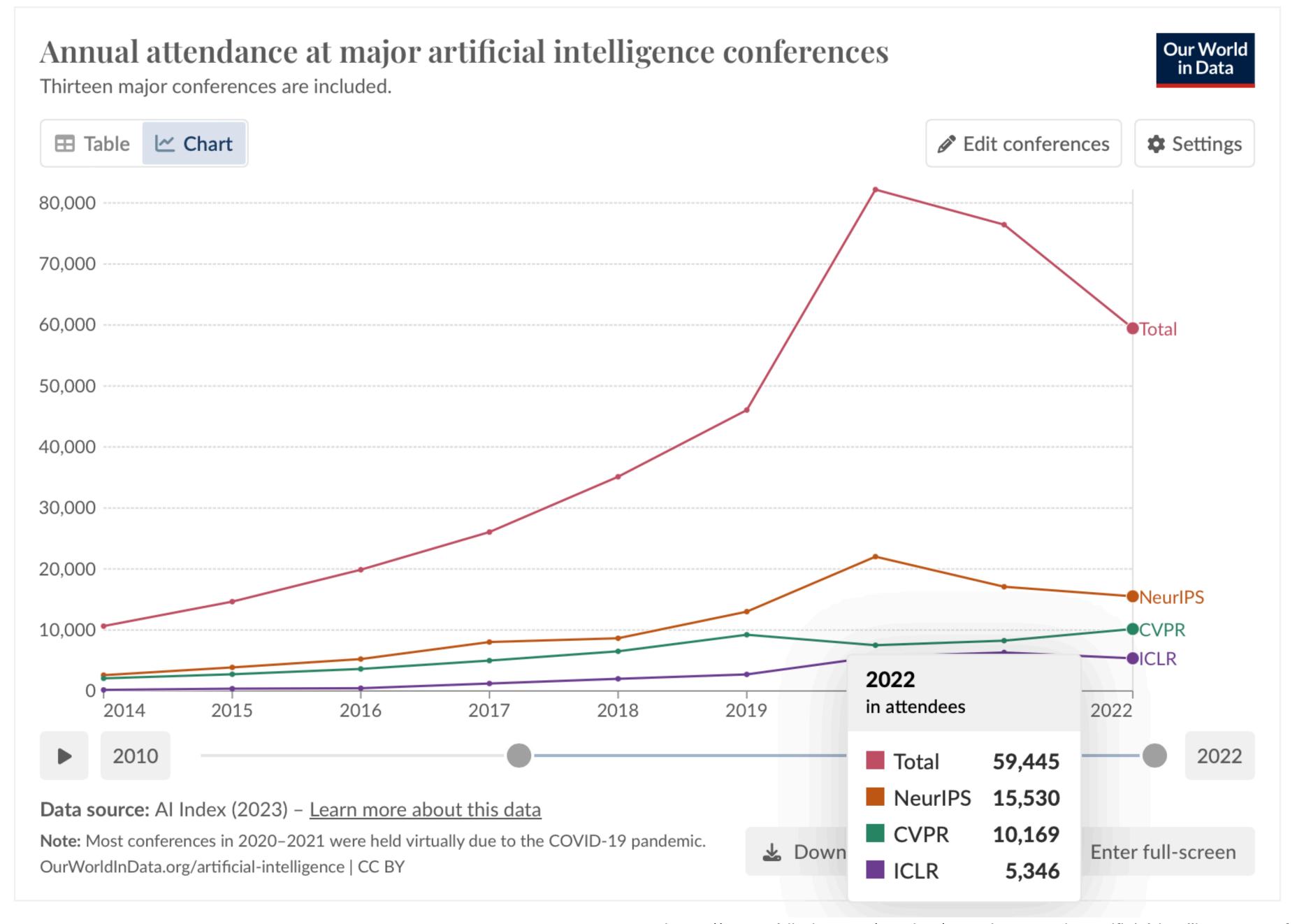
Most CS conferences consist of some subset of these

- Presentations
 - Keynote talks high-level view of the field and future directions ("big names")
 - Invited talks experts asked to talk about technical topics
 - Technical talks researchers present their papers
- Poster sessions 1-3 hour blocks where researchers present their papers
- Workshops a smaller, focused mini-conference at the conference
- Tutorials dedicated 2-3 hour courses with labs/hands-on experience
- Socials/networking events
- Expo halls vendors selling relevant resources

Call for Papers (CFP)

Information

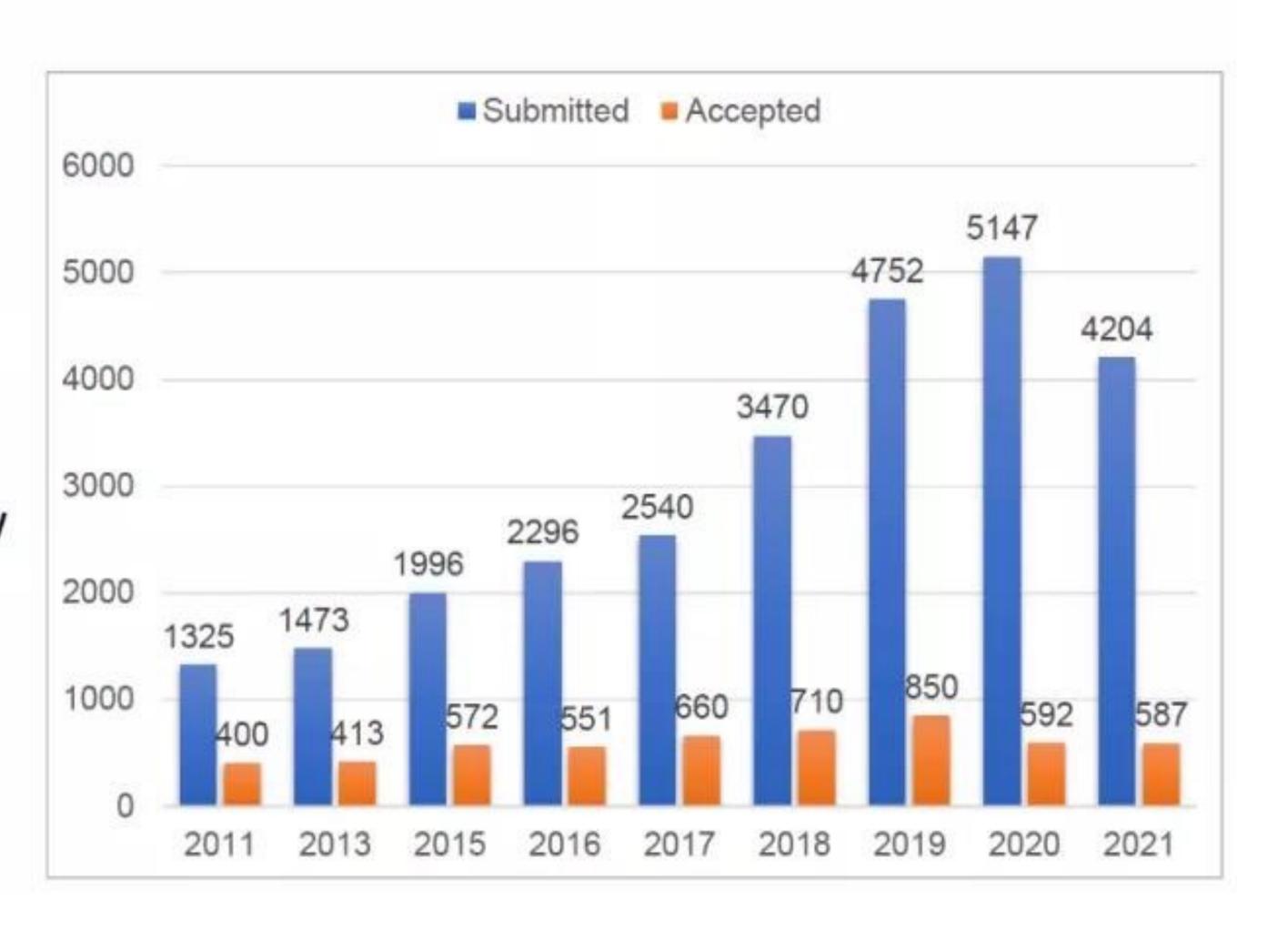
- Important dates
- Topic or theme
- Submission format (abstracts, full papers, templates)
- Review process (including evaluation metrics)
- Presentation format
- Publication details (if applicable)



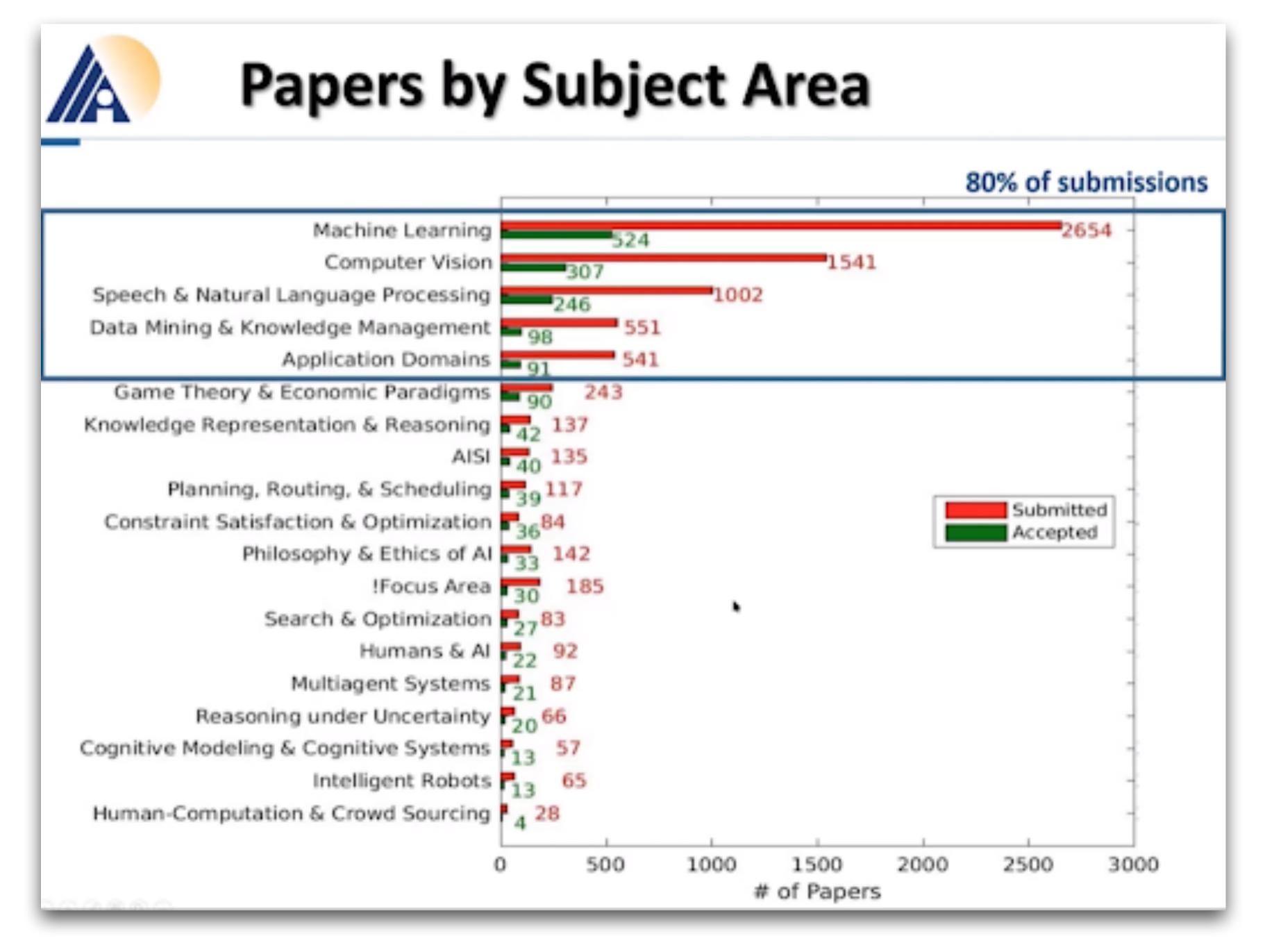
https://ourworldindata.org/grapher/attendance-major-artificial-intelligence-conferences?time=2014..latest

Paper Statistics

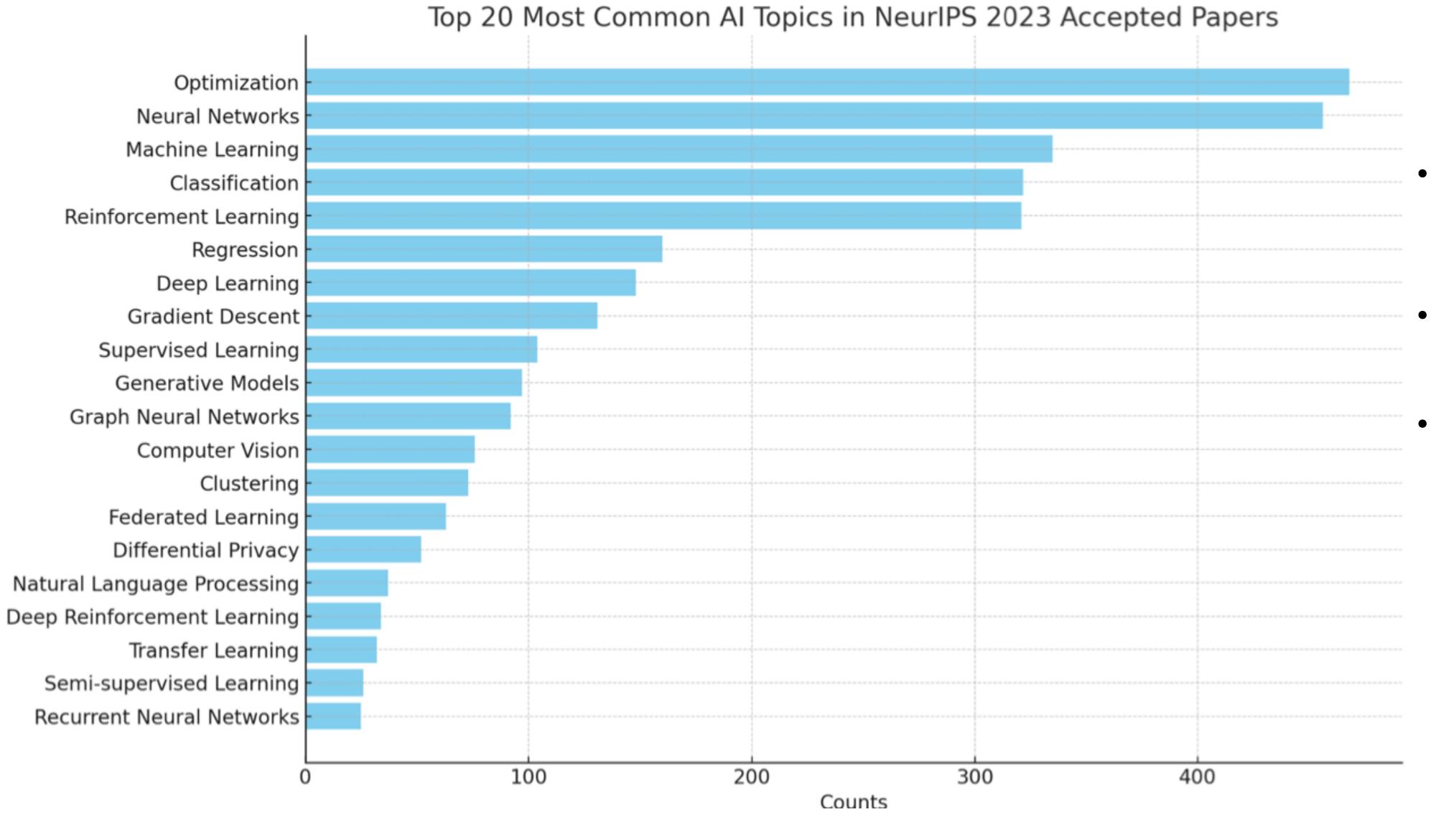
- 5534 abstracts
- 4204 valid full submissions
- 4060 entered the Summary Reject review (144 desk rejected)
- 3063 entered the full-paper review (72.8% of valid submissions)
- 587 accepted
 (13.9% of valid submissions; 19.3% of submissions that received full reviews)



CS-CURE



- Paper statistics demonstrate interests of the community
- Specify topics beyond the CFP
- Show trends in topics over time (evaluating one year to the next)



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CS-CURE

Case Study: NeurIPS 2023 conference

Neural Information Processing Systems

Seven conference tracks

- 7 Invited Talks 6 keynotes, 1 panel
- 58 Workshops
- 14 Tutorials
- 20 Competitions
- 77 Orals
- 9 Socials
- 9 Affinity Group Workshops

Registration numbers:

- Total: 16,382
- In-person registrations: 13,307
- Virtual registrations: 3,075

CS-CURE

Case Study: NeurIPS 2023 conference

Neural Information Processing Systems

Paper acceptance rate:

- 26.1% main conference track
- 32.6% datasets and benchmark

Paper reviews:

- 3,540 total accepted combined papers
- 3,218 main conference track
- 322 datasets and benchmarks track
- 13,330 total submissions
- 12,343 main conference track
- 987 datasets and benchmarks (more than double the previous year's 487 submissions)

Reviewers

CS-CURE

- 968 Area Chairs
- 98 Senior Area Chairs
- 12,974 main conference reviewers
- 1,503 datasets and benchmark reviewers
- 396 Ethics reviewers 502 papers (3.77% of all submissions) were flagged for ethics review, down from 474 papers (4.37% of all submissions) in 2022

Source: NeurIPS 2023





The University of Texas at San Antonio

Getting the most out of attending, networking, & presenting

- Before: make a schedule!
- Day 1: registration check-in. Get your badge, familiarize yourself with the venue, attend keynote talks.
- During sessions:
 - Take notes <u>only if</u> it helps you later on remember, all presentations are published papers! Easier to highlight a title in your schedule & get the paper later on.
 - Ask questions only if pertinent to the talk (save tangents for the coffee break, especially if it's "more of a comment than a question")

Getting the most out of attending, networking, & presenting

- Logistics..
 - If attending through a company or university, someone needs to approve your travel and book for you.
 - This takes **time**, so start months in advance.
 - Some expenses you have to pay for and be reimbursed talk to someone if this isn't an option!

Budget sample

Registration	\$800	Typical cost for members
Airfare	\$800	Round-trip
Hotel	\$1100	\$250/day for 4 days + tax
Food (per diem)	\$300	\$75/day
Transportation	\$100	Parking, travel to/from airport
Total	\$3100	

Getting the most out of attending, networking, & presenting

What to wear?

- Learn about your community (discussion boards, or ask an expert)
- Some fields are more formal than others (e.g. more business attire at cybersecurity conferences, more jeans at systems meetings)

Avoid burnout!

- Pace yourself, you can't attend every session
- Take breaks if needed, big events can be overwhelming

Getting the most out of attending, networking, & presenting

- Bringing it back presenting what you learned to a peer audience.
 - Don't give a play-by-play of what talks you went to on which days
 - Do:
 - Summarize topics of interest at the conference
 - Bullet interesting questions
 - Share your new contacts

For computer scientists

Plan to talk to people! Have an elevator pitch ready, and listen.

If there's someone you want to meet, contact them before the conference to set up a coffee break or lunch. **Follow up** after the conference with everyone.

Recommended reading:

- "Taking the Work Out of Networking" by Karen Wickre
 - Book, for introverts :)

For computer scientists

- Understand that most attendees have an agenda!
 - Recruiters
 - Expo hall vendors
 - Students
 - Professors

For computer scientists

- Understand your agenda
 - Will you be on the job market in the next year or so?
 - Are you looking for collaborators?
 - Are you applying to graduate school?

Remember that you're representing your institution

Wrap-Up

Tuesday

- Understand the publication process in CS
- Learn from expert(s) in diverse fields within CS

• <u>To Do</u>:

Guest Lecture Survey (in-class Thursday)

See you Thursday!

Guest Research Lecture: Dr. Paul Rad

Guest Research Lectures

Questions for experts in the field - ask them anything!

About their research...

- What challenges did you face during this research, and how did you overcome them?
- What are the real-world applications of your research?
- What are the existing approaches to your research work?

About their research field...

- What emerging trends do you see? What promising new areas?
- What advice would you give to an undergraduate student interested in this research field?
- What resources or communities can you recommend?

About careers & skills...

- What skills do you find important in your field?
- What was your career path?
- How do you balance your research with other academic & personal commitments?