

ASSIGNMENT QUESTIONS:

1) what is the time complexity of following code?

```
int a=0;
for (int i=0; i<n; i++)
{
    for (int j=n; j>i; j--)
    {
        a=a+i+j;
    }
}
```

Sol → The above code runs total no. of times

$$N + (N-1) + (N-2) + \dots + 1 + 0$$

$$N * (N+1) / 2$$

$$\frac{1}{2} * N^2 + \frac{1}{2} * N$$

$$\text{i.e. } O(N^2) \text{ times.}$$

2) what is the time complexity of following code?

```
int count=0;
for (int i=1; i<=n; i*=2)
{
    for (int j=1; j<=i; j++)
    {
        count = count + 1;
    }
}
```

Solⁿ Line 1: The time complexity become $O(\log n)$
Line 2: The time complexity become $O(n-1) = O(n)$
Line 3: constant complexity $O(1)$

$$\text{Total} = O(\log n) * O(n) * O(1) = O(n \log n)$$

③ Find the best case, average case and the worst case of Linear Search Algorithm.

Solⁿ In Computer Science, best, worst and average cases of a given algorithm express what the resources ~~use~~ usage is at least, at most and on average, respectively. Usually the resource being considered is running time, i.e. time complexity, but could also be memory or other resources. ~~Best case is the function.~~

BEST CASE: which perform minimum number of steps on input data of n element.

$$\text{Algorithm} \Rightarrow O(1)$$

WORST CASE: which perform the maximum number of steps on input data of size n .

$$\text{Algorithm} \Rightarrow O(n) \text{ iterative}$$

AVERAGE CASE: which performs an average number of steps on input data n elements.

$$\text{Algorithm} \Rightarrow O(n/2)$$