

EE150 -Signals and Systems, Fall 2024

Homework Set #3

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Problem 1 (10 pt)

The impulse response of a LTI system is:

$$h(t) = e^{-3t}u(t)$$

- (a) Find the system function $H(s)$
- (b) Find the output signal of the system if the input signal is

$$x(t) = 5 \sin(3t) + 3\cos(5t)$$

Problem 2 (15 pt)

- (a) A continuous-time periodic signal $x(t)$ is real valued and has a fundamental period $T=6$. The nonzero Fourier series coefficients for $x(t)$ are

$$a_1 = a_{-1}^* = 3j, \quad a_3 = a_{-3} = 5$$

Express $x(t)$ in the form:

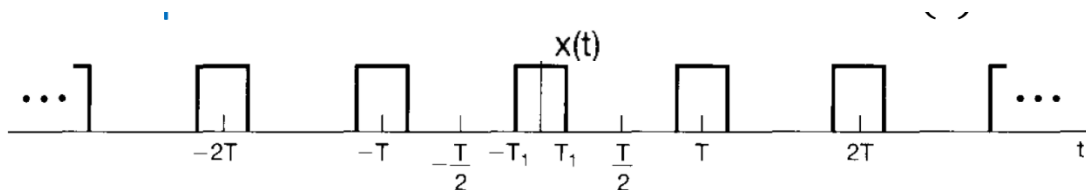
$$x(t) = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} A_k \cos(\omega_k t + \phi_k)$$

- (b) Find the Fourier series coefficients for the following signal:

$$x(t) = 4 + 2 \cos\left(\frac{2\pi}{3}t\right) + 4 \sin\left(\frac{4\pi}{5}t\right) + 6\cos\left(\frac{8\pi}{15}t\right)$$

(Hint: Calculate the basic signal period first)

- (c) $T_1 = 1, T = 4$, The magnitude of $x(t)$ is 1. Find the Fourier series coefficients of $x(t)$.



Problem 3 (15 pt)

Suppose that we are given the following information about a signal $x[n]$:

- (a) $x[n]$ is a real and odd signal.
- (b) $x[n]$ has period $N = 10$ and Fourier series coefficients a_k
- (c) $a_{21} = 5j$
- (d) $\frac{1}{10} \sum_{n=0}^9 |x[n]|^2 = 50$

Show that $x[n] = A \sin(Bn + C)$, and specify numerical values for the constants A , B , and C .

Problem 4 (10 pt)

Let $x(t)$ be a periodic signal with fundamental period T and Fourier series coefficients a_k .

Derive the Fourier series coefficients of each of the following signals in terms of a_k :

- (a) $\text{Re}\{x(t)\}$
- (b) $x(2t-1)$ [for this part, first determine the period of $x(2t-1)$]

Problem 5 (10 pt)

- (a) Let $x_1(t)$ be a continuous-time periodic signal with fundamental frequency ω_1 , and Fourier series coefficients a_k . Given that

$$x_2(t) = x_1(2 - t) + x_1(t - 3)$$

how is the fundamental frequency ω_2 of $x_2(t)$ related to ω_1 ? Also, find a relationship between the Fourier series coefficients b_k of $x_2(t)$ and the coefficients a_k .

- (b) Each of the two sequences $x_1[n]$ and $x_2[n]$ has a period $N = 4$, and the corresponding

Fourier series coefficients are specified as $x_1[n] \xleftrightarrow{\text{FS}} a_k$, $x_2[n] \xleftrightarrow{\text{FS}} b_k$

Where

$$a_0 = 1, a_1 = 2, a_2 = 3, a_3 = 4, \quad b_0 = 4, b_1 = 3, b_2 = 2, b_3 = 1$$

Determine the Fourier series coefficients c_k for the signal $g[n] = x_1[n]x_2[n]$.

Problem 6 (20 pt)

Let

$$x(t) = \begin{cases} -2t & 0 \leq t \leq 1 \\ 2t - 4 & 1 \leq t \leq 2 \end{cases}$$

be a periodic signal with fundamental period $T = 2$ and Fourier series coefficients a_k .

- (a) Determine the value of a_0 .
- (b) Determine the Fourier series representation of $\frac{d}{dt} x(t)$.
- (c) Use the result of part (b) and the differentiation property of the continuous-time Fourier series to help determine the Fourier series coefficients of $x(t)$.

Problem 7 (20 pt)

Consider a causal discrete-time LTI system :

$$h[n] = \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^n u(n)$$

Find the Fourier series representation of the output $y[n]$ for each of the following inputs:

- (a) $x[n] = \cos\left(\frac{5\pi}{6}n\right)$
- (b) $x[n] = \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{3}n\right) + \cos\left(\frac{4\pi}{3}n\right) + \sin\left(\frac{4\pi}{3}n\right)$