

# EE150 Signal and System

## Homework 2

Due on 23: 59, Mar. 31, 2024.

Note:

- Please provide enough calculation process to get full marks.
- Please submit your homework to Blackboard in PDF version.
- It's highly recommended to write every exercise on a single sheet of page.
- Late submissions will have points deducted according to the penalty policy.
- Please use English only to complete the assignment, solutions in Chinese are not allowed.
- Plagiarizer will get zero points.
- The full score of this assignment is 100 points.

## Exercise 1. (25pt)

For each pair of sequences in Figure 1, use discrete convolution to find the response to the input  $x[n]$  of the linear time-invariant system with impulse response  $h[n]$ .

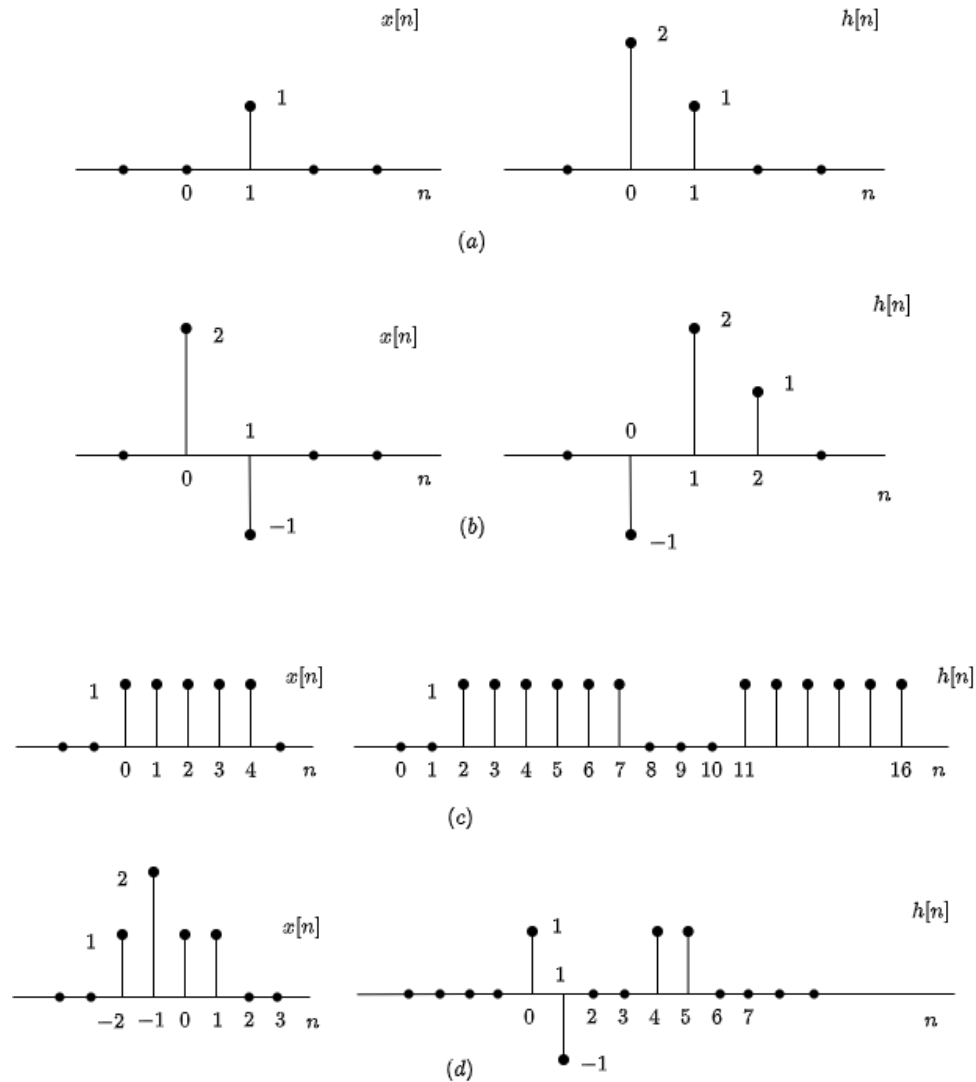


Figure 1: Exercise 1

## Exercise 2. (25pt)

(a) Suppose that the LTI system of Figure 2(1) has the input  $x(t)$  given in Figure 2(2). The impulse response is the unit step function  $h(t) = u(t)$ . Find and sketch the system output  $y(t)$ .

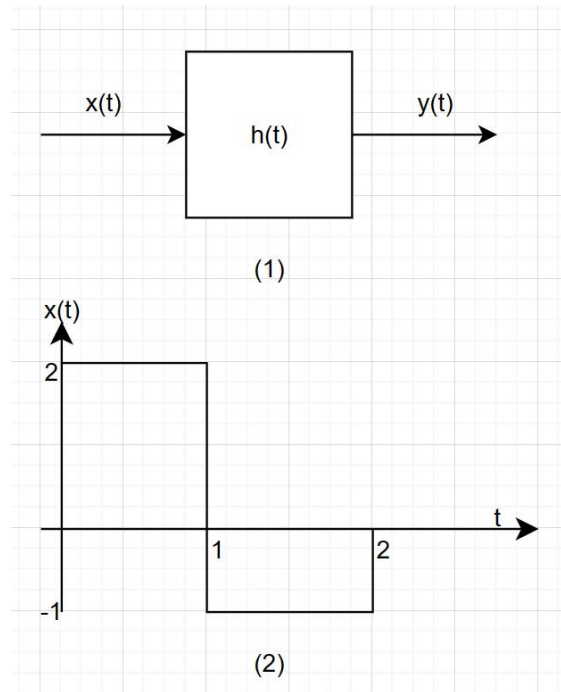


Figure 2: Exercise 2(a)

(b) For the system of Figure 2(1), the input signal is  $x(t)$ , the output is  $y(t)$ , and the impulse response is  $h(t)$ . For each of the cases that follow, find and plot the output  $y(t)$ . The referenced signals are given in Figure 3.

(i)  $x(t)$  in Figure 3(1),  $h(t)$  in Figure 3(2)

(ii)  $x(t)$  in Figure 3(1),  $h(t)$  in Figure 3(1)

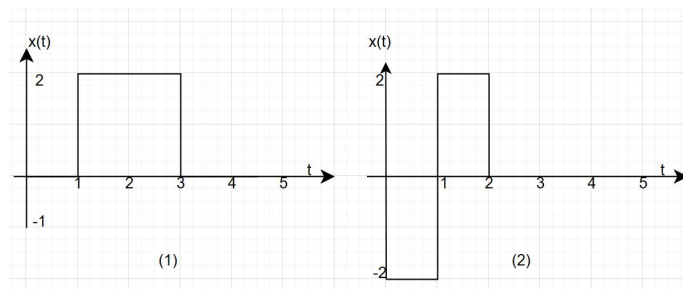


Figure 3: Exercise 2(b)

### Exercise 3. (25pt)

For each of the following statements, determine whether it is true or false.

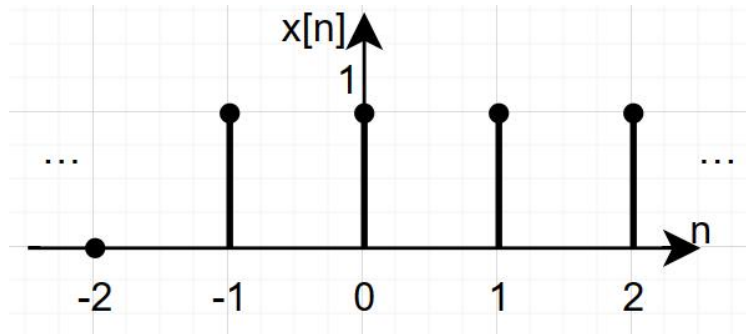
- (a) If  $x[n] = 0$  for  $n < N_1$  and  $h[n] = 0$  for  $n < N_2$ , then  $x[n] * h[n] = 0$  for  $n < N_1 + N_2$ .
- (b) If  $y[n] = x[n] * h[n]$ , then  $y[n - 1] = x[n - 1] * h[n - 1]$ .
- (c) If  $y(t) = x(t) * h(t)$ , then  $y(-t) = x(-t) * h(-t)$ .
- (d) If  $x(t) = 0$  for  $t > T_1$  and  $h(t) = 0$  for  $t > T_2$ , then  $x(t) * h(t) = 0$  for  $t > T_1 + T_2$ .
- (e) If an LTI system is causal, it is stable.
- (f) The cascade of a non-causal LTI system with a causal one is necessarily non-causal.
- (g) A continuous-time LTI system is stable if and only if its step response  $s(t)$  is absolutely integrable—that is, if and only if  $\int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} |s(t)| dt < \infty$ .

## Exercise 4. (25pt)

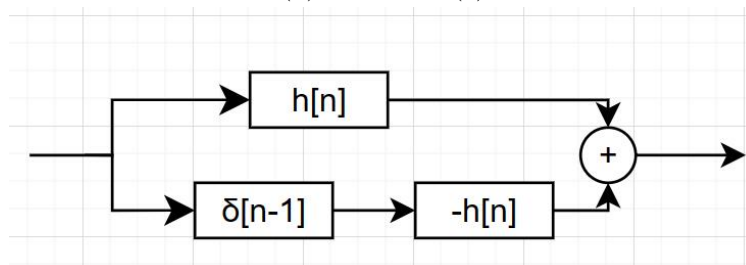
Consider an LTI system with the input and output related by

$$y[n] = 0.5x[n - 1] + 0.7x[n]$$

- Find the system impulse response  $h[n]$ .
- Is this system causal? Why?
- Determine the system response  $y[n]$  for the input shown in Figure 4(a).
- Consider the interconnection of the LTI systems gives in Figure 4(b), where  $h[n]$  is the function found in sub-problem (a). Find the impulse response of the total system.
- Solve the response of the system of sub-problem (d) for the input of sub-problem (c).



(a) Input for (c)



(b) LTI system for (d)

Figure 4: Exercise 4