Angular Introduction



- What is a SPA?
- Angular.JS Overview and Version Comparison
- Node.js, npm, WebPack, Yarn
- Angular Command Line Interface Angular CLI
- Bootstrapping Angular / Project Configuration using Node.js

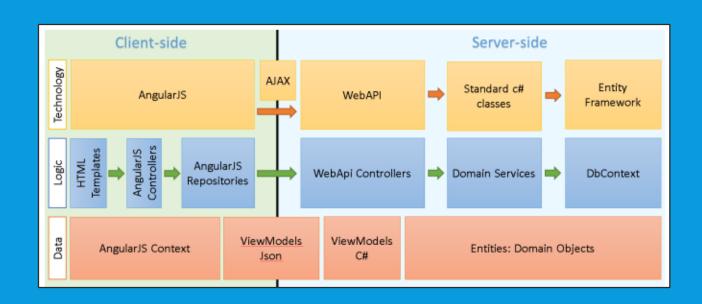
What is a SPA

What is a Single Page Application (SPA)

- A single-page application (SPA) is a web application that fits on a single page with the goal of providing a more fluent user experience similar to a desktop application
- In a SPA, either all necessary assets like HTML, JavaScript, and CSS
 - is retrieved with a single page load, or
 - resources are dynamically loaded and added to the page, usually in response to user actions
- SPA's are often implemented using JavaScript Frameworks that use assync XMLHttpRequests like
 - Ember.js / Knockout.js
 - Angular JS
 - React

SPA Architecture

- SPA's can be implemented using a combination of client- and server side technologies
- Microsoft server side technologies often used together with SPA's are
 - WebAPI
 - ASP MVC
 - Entity Framework (or Linq to SQL)



Comparing SPA / Multi Page Application (MPA)

SPA advantages over MPA:

- Faster page loading times
- Improved user experience because the data is loading in the background form server
- No need to write the code to render pages on the server
- Decoupling of front-end and back-end development
- · Simplified mobile development; you can reuse the same backend for web application and native mobile application
- SPA disadvantages to MPA:
 - Heavy client frameworks which are required to be loaded to the client
 - UI code is not compiled, so it's harder to debug and it's exposed to potential malicious user
 - SEO (search engine optimization) implications; since your pages are built in the browser, the search engine crawler will see a different version of the page than that of your users

Angular Introduction

What is ANGULAR?

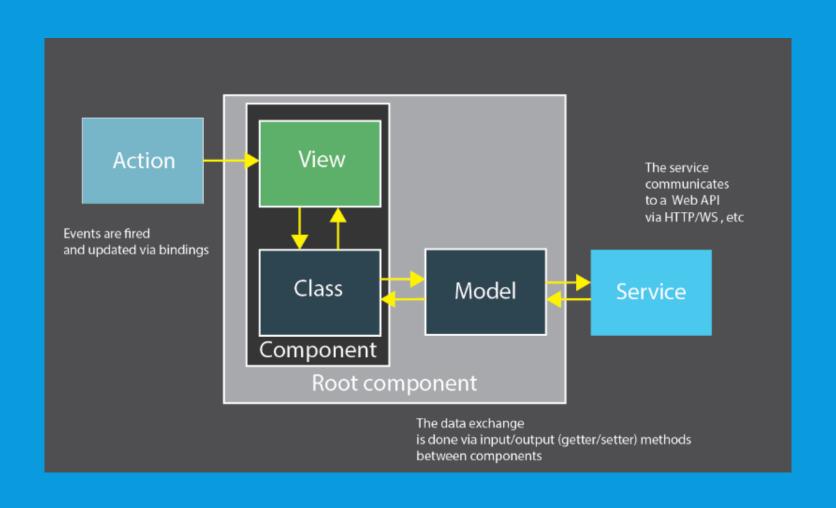
- Defines numerous ways to organize web application at client side.
- Enhances HTML by attaching directives, custom tags, attributes, expressions, templates within HTML.
- Encourage TDD & Client Side MVC/MVVM design pattern
- Good for Single Page Apps (SPA)
- Current version 5 released Nov 01 2017
- Mainly maintained by Google



Versions

- Angular JS (1.0)
 - Implemented mostly in pure JavaScript
- Angular (2+)
 - Complete Rewrite
 - Drastic change between 1.x and 2.x
 - Mostly Implemented in TypeScript
 - Current Version 5.x

Components - Angulars MVC



Routing

- Routing is the process to switch from one view to another
- Routing is archieved using Angular Router
- Routing is configured in app.module.ts
- Router Links are used for navigation

Angular Technology Stack

- Runtime / Package Management: Node.js
- Language: TypeScript (ES 6, Dart)
- Templating / Dependencies:
 Angular CLI, Yeoman, NPM, Yarn
- Bundling: Webpack





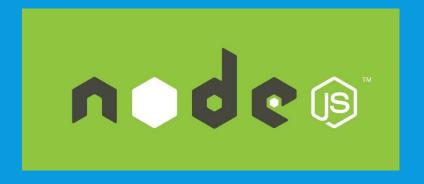






What is Node.js

- Node.js is a platform built on Chrome's JavaScript runtime for easily building fast and scalable network applications
- Uses an event-driven, non-blocking I/O model that makes it lightweight and efficient
- Used to build:
 - I/O bound Applications
 - Data Streaming Applications
 - JSON APIs based Applications
 - Single Page Applications
- Doku @ https://nodejs.org/en/



Angular CLI

- Command Line Interface for managing Angular Applications
- Install using npm install –g @angular/cli
- Basic commands
 - Create new projects:
 - ng new
 - Create new components, services, ...
 - ng generate component shorcut: ng g c
 - Serving
 - ng serve
- Documentation @ https://cli.angular.io/



Scaffold	Usage
Component	ng g component my-new-component
Directive	ng g directive my-new-directive
Pipe	ng g pipe my-new-pipe
Service	ng g service my-new-service
Class	ng g class my-new-class
Guard	ng g guard my-new-guard
Interface	ng g interface my-new-interface
Enum	ng g enum my-new-enum
Module	ng g module my-module

Common Editors

- Any Editor that has integrated Support for Node.js
- Editor is many times result of Plugins available
 - Visual Studio Code
 - Atom, Sublime
 - WebStorm
 - Visual Studio Professional

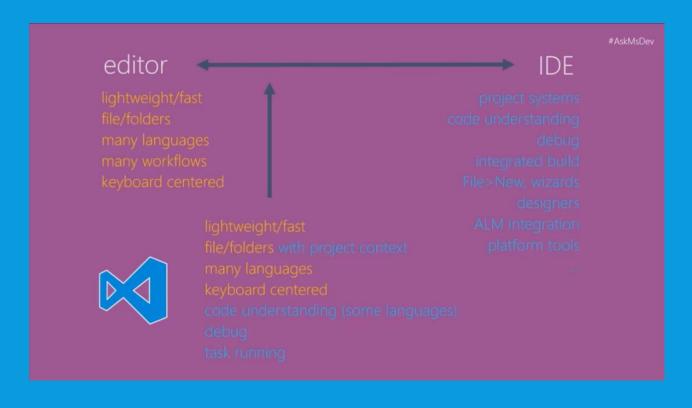






Visual Studio Code

- Free, Open Source, lightweight cross plattform editor built on top up GitHubs Electron platform
- Optimized to build HTML, JS, TS based applications
- Out-of-box integration of GitHub & Node.js
- Get from https://code.visualstudio.com/
- Source @ https://github.com/microsoft/vscode
- 2nd Choice Editor would be Webstorm https://www.jetbrains.com/webstorm



VS Code Shortcuts & Settings

• Ctrl + P

Quick open

Ctrl + Shift + F

Find in Files

• Ctrl + K, S

Save All

• Ctrl + ö

Open Terminal Window

• Shift + #

Toggle Comment

Alt + Shift + A

Toggle Block Comment

Complete VS Code Shortcute Guide:

• https://github.com/Microsoft/vscode-tips-and-tricks

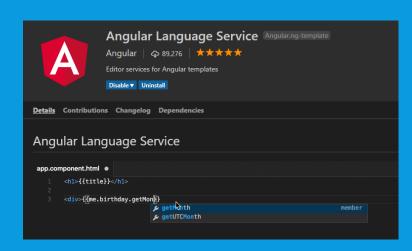
Useful Workspace Settings

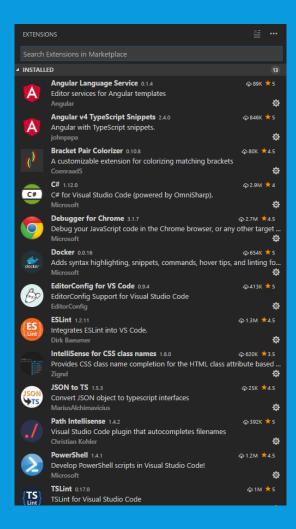
"editor.wordWrap": "on"

"workbench.editor.enablePreview": false

Usefull VS Code Extensions

- Extensions make VS Code development easier
 - Angular v₅ Snippets
 - Angular Language Service
 - Debugger for Chrome
 - IntelliSense for CSS class names
 - Bracket Pair Colorizer
 - Path Intellisense
 - JSON 2 TS





Extension Management

- List
 - code --list-extensions
- Install (VSIX install possible)
 - code --install-extension NAME ie: Angular.ng-template
- Uninstall
 - code --uninstall-extension NAME ie: ms-vscode.csharp

Angular.ng-template christian-kohler.path-intellisense clinyong.vscode-css-modules CoenraadS.bracket-pair-colorizer DougFinke.vscode-PSStackoverflow eq2.vscode-npm-script formulahendry.auto-close-tag johnpapa.Angular2 KnisterPeter.vscode-github MariusAlchimavicius.json-to-ts Mikael.Angular-BeastCode ms-vscode.csharp ms-vscode.PowerShell msjsdiag.debugger-for-chrome rafaelsalquero.csharp2ts rbbit.typescript-hero xabikos.JavaScriptSnippets

Node.js, Webpack & Gulp

What is Node.js

- Node.js is a platform built on Chrome's JavaScript runtime for easily building fast and scalable network applications
- Uses an event-driven, non-blocking I/O model that makes it lightweight and efficient
- Used to build:
 - I/O bound, Data Streaming Applications
 - Data Streaming Applications
 - JSON APIs based Applications
 - Single Page Applications
- Current version 8.0
- Doku @ https://nodejs.org/en/



package.json

- package.json is the configuration file for node.js
- packages are saved to node_modules name cannot be changed
- npm install xxx [-g] -save | npm install xxx [-g] -save-dev

```
"version": "1.0.0",
"name": "asp.net",
"private": true.
"dependencies": {
 "gulp-sourcemaps": "^2.4.1",
 "lodash": "^4.17.4",
 "webpack": "^2.6.1",
 "babel-core": "^6.2.1",
 "babel-loader": "^6.2.0",
 "babel-preset-es2015": "^6.1.18"
"devDependencies": {
 "babel-preset-es2015": "^6.24.1",
 "gulp": "3.9.1",
 "gulp-babel": "^6.1.2",
 "gulp-concat": "2.6.0",
 "gulp-cssmin": "0.1.7",
 "gulp-sass": "^3.1.0",
 "gulp-sourcemaps": "^2.6.0",
 "gulp-uglify": "1.5.3"
```

Node.js Basic Setup

- Install Node.js from https://nodejs.org/
- npm install –g xxx --> installs globally
- Go to cmd of your project
- Get Angular Seeder Project or create using Angular CLI: ng new xxx
- npm install --> installs all dependencies listed in project.json
- npm install –g typescript

npm – Node Packet Manager

npm

- npm makes it easy for JavaScript developers to share the code
- Esentially it acts as the package manager for node.js using the "install" cmd
- Lots of other cli commands
 - version
 - build
 - bundle
 - start
- Documented @ https://docs.npmjs.com/cli/install

npmjs.com

- npmjs.com is a centralized repository form packages
- Allows to have private packages calles @scope (@microsoft/xx, @angular/xx)
- Used in vendor packages like Angular, SharePoint Framework (SPFx)

```
"dependencies": {
    "@microsoft/sp-client-base": "~1.0.0",
    "@microsoft/sp-core-library": "~1.0.0",
    "@microsoft/sp-webpart-base": "~1.0.0",
    "@types/webpack-env": ">=1.12.1 <1.14.0"
},</pre>
```

```
"dependencies": {
    "@angular/common": "2.1.0",
    "@angular/compiler": "2.1.0",
    "@angular/core": "2.1.0",
    "@angular/forms": "2.1.0",
    "@angular/http": "2.1.0",
    "@angular/platform-browser": "2.1.0",
    "@angular/platform-browser-dynamic": "2.1.0",
```

npm scripts

- npm allows scripting to automate tasks eg. Starting dotnet cli
- Scripted cmds may be stated
 - Inline
 - External file

```
1  {
2     "name": "first-angular",
3     "version": "0.0.0",
4     "license": "MIT",
5     "scripts": {
6         "ng": "ng",
7         "start": "ng serve",
8         "build": "ng build",
9         "test": "ng test",
10         "lint": "ng lint",
11         "e2e": "ng e2e"
12     },
```

Semantic versioning - Semver

- Major release, increment the first number, e.g. 2.o.o
- Minor release, increment the middle number, e.g. 1.1.0
- Patch release, increment the last number, e.g. 1.0.1

- >1.2.3 means greater than a specific version.
- <1.2.3 means less than a specific version.
- 1.2.3 2.3.4 means >=1.2.3 <=2.3.4.
- ~1.2.3 means >=1.2.3 <1.3.0.
- ~1.2 means >=1.2.0 <2.0.0.
- ~1 means >=1.0.0 <2.0.0.
- 1.2.x means >=1.2.0 <1.3.0.
- 1.x means >=1.0.0 <2.0.0.

Yarn

Yarn

- Replacement for npm that Speeds up Node based dev by downloading and caching packages more efficient than npm
- Installation: npm install -g yarn
- Npm install -> yarn
- Npm install xxx –save -> yarn add xxx –save
- Yarn can be set as global Package Manager for Angular
 - ng set --global packageManager=yarn
- Documentation @ https://yarnpkg.com/en/docs



Managing Yarn Cache

- Yarn stores every package in a global cache in your user directory on the file system.
- Speeds up creation / loading of Angular projects
- print out every cached package
 - yarn cache ls
- print out the path where yarn's global cache is currently stored
 - yarn cache dir
- will clear the global cache
 - yarn cache clean
- Set cache-folder will be created if it does not exist
 - yarn config set cache-folder <path>

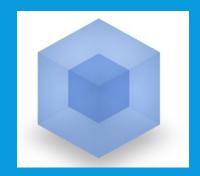
Understanding Webpack

Webpack

- A module bundler for the static assets in your Angular application
- Transforms & creates bundles provided to the browser



- JavaScript,
- Typescript,
- · CSS,
- ...



Angular CLI

What is Angular CLI

- Command Line Interface used to manage Angular projects
- Installation
 - npm install –g @angular/cli
- Common Commands
 - ng new
 - ng generate
 - ng serve
- Documentations @ https://cli.angular.io/



.angular-cli.json

- Configuration file for Angular CLI
- Contains settings for
 - root
 - outDir
 - testing
 - linting
 - assets

ng generate

- Used to create Angular artifacts like
 - class
 - component
 - directive
 - enum
 - guard
 - interface
 - module
 - pipe
 - service
- Syntax:
 - ng generate directive [name]
 - ng g directive [name]

Use Angular CLI with Yarn

- By default Angular CLI uses NPM
- To speed up DL time use Yarn instead
- Can be achieved using ng set cmd
 - ng set [key]=[value]
 - ng set --global packageManager=yarn



ng serve / ng build

- ng serve
 - Uses webpack-dev-server
 - Compiled output is served from memory, not from disk
 - Does NOT include all project files
 - Runs on http://localhost:4200 by default
 - Runs in watch mode
- ng build
 - Writes output to dist/ folder

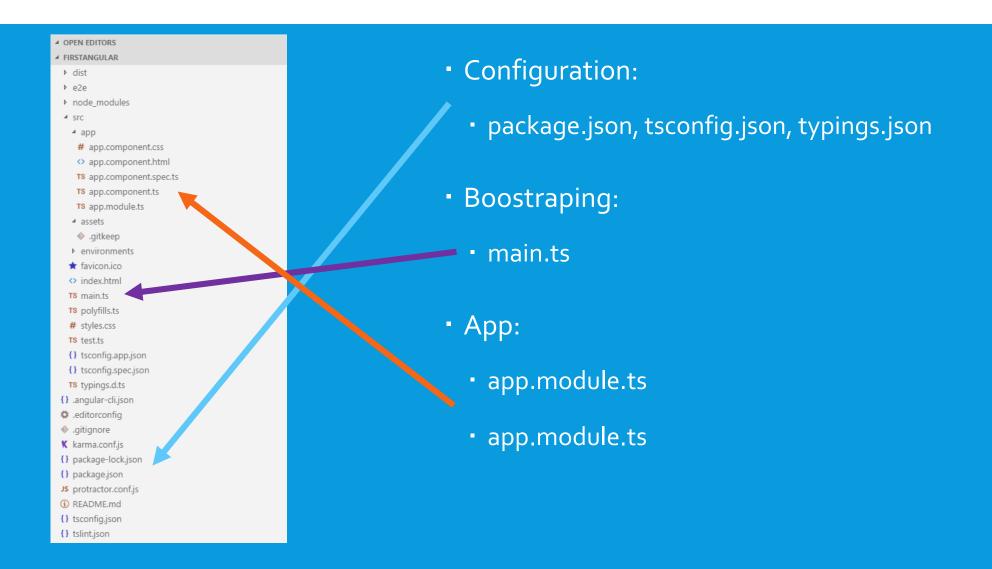
Update Angular

Customize to your needs!

```
npm install @angular/common@latest
@angular/compiler@latest
@angular/compiler-cli@latest
@angular/core@latest
@angular/forms@latest
@angular/http@latest
@angular/platform-browser@latest
@angular/platform-browser-dynamic@latest
@angular/platform-server@latest
@angular/router@latest
@angular/animations@latest
"@angular/cli"@latest
typescript@latest
--save
```

Bootstrapping Angular / Project Configuration

Project Structure



package.json

- package.json is the configuration file for node.js
- Packages are downloaded automatically, when file is saved
- Consists of:
 - Metadata
 - Dependencies
 - DevDependencies
 - ... not installed using: npm install –production
 - Scripts

```
package.json X
        "name": "angular2-seed",
        "version": "1.0.0",
         "description": "A simple starter Angular2 project",
         "scripts": {
          "build": "webpack --progress",
          "watch": "npm run build -- --watch",
          "server": "webpack-dev-server --inline --progress --port 3000
          "start": "npm run server"
  10
  11
        "contributors": [
          "Rob Wormald <robwormald@gmail.com>",
  12
          "PatrickJS <github@gdi2290.com>"
  14
        "license": "MIT",
  15
         "dependencies": {
          "@angular/common": "~2.2.1",
          "@angular/compiler": "~2.2.1",
          "@angular/compiler-cli": "~2.2.1",
           "@angular/core": "~2.2.1",
          "@angular/forms": "~2.2.1",
           "@angular/http": "~2.2.1",
          "@angular/platform-browser": "~2.2.1",
          "@angular/platform-browser-dynamic": "~2.2.1",
           "@angular/platform-server": "~2.2.1",
           "@angular/router": "~3.2.1",
           "@angular/upgrade": "~2.2.1",
          "angular2-in-memory-web-api": "0.0.21",
          "bootstrap": "^3.3.7",
          "core-js": "^2.4.1",
          "ie-shim": "^0.1.0",
          "reflect-metadata": "^0.1.3",
          "rxjs": "5.0.0-beta.12",
          "zone.js": "~0.6.26"
        "devDependencies": { ···
         "keywords": [
          "Angular2",
          "angular2-seed",
          "official angular 2 seed",
          "official angular2 seed"
```

Angular Dependencies

- Angular has the following depedencies
 - systemjs Module Loading
 - es6-promise Promises to ES5
 - es6-shim Other missing ES6 functionality for ES5
 - reflect-metadata ES7 Decorators to ES5/ES6
 - rxjs Reactive extensions Use observables insted of Promises
 - zone.js Event handling outside Angular

tsconfig.json

- Indicates the root of a typescript project
- Specifies the compiler options
- Most common used settings
 - sourceMap
 - moduleResolution
 - target

```
tsconfig.json ×
         "compileOnSave": false,
         "compilerOptions": {
           "outDir": "./dist/out-tsc",
           "baseUrl": "src",
           "sourceMap": true,
           "declaration": false,
           "moduleResolution": "node",
   8
           "emitDecoratorMetadata": true,
   9
           "experimentalDecorators": true,
  10
           "target": "es5",
  11
           "typeRoots": [
  12
             "node modules/@types"
  13
  14
           "lib": [
  15
             "es2016",
  16
             "dom"
  17
  18
  19
  20
  21
```

typings.json

- References Typings used in project
- Using TypeScript Definition Manager
 - npm install –g typings
 - typings install dt~jquery --save --global ... dt corresponds to source definitly typed
 - Docu @ https://github.com/typings/typings
- TypeScript 2+ pattern
 - npm install @types/moment --save

main.ts

- Bootstraps the Angular Application
- Load the AppModule

```
main.ts  x

import { enableProdMode } from '@angular/core';
import { platformBrowserDynamic } from '@angular/platform-browser-dynamic';

import { AppModule } from './app/app.module';
import { environment } from './environments/environment';

if (environment.production) {
   enableProdMode();
}

platformBrowserDynamic().bootstrapModule(AppModule);
```

app.module.ts

- The @NgModule decorator identifies AppModule as an Angular module class which is the root of an Angular app
- · All artifacts must be registered in the module so that they can be used
- Consists of sections:
 - Imports
 - Declarations
 - Bootstrap
 - Providers

```
import { NgModule } from '@angular/core';
import { BrowserModule } from '@angular/platform-browser';
import { AppComponent } from './app.component';

@NgModule({
  imports: [ BrowserModule ],
  declarations: [ AppComponent ],
  bootstrap: [ AppComponent ]
})
export class AppModule { }
```

app.component.ts

- Is the root component of an angular app used in your start page (index.html)
- All other components are nested in this one

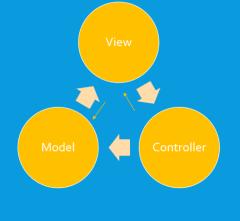
```
app.componentts x

1  import { Component } from '@angular/core';
2
3  @Component({
4   selector: 'app-root',
5   templateUrl: './app.component.numl'
6   styleUrls: ['./app.component.css']
7  })
8  export class AppComponent {
9   title = 'app works!';
10 }
```

```
11 <body>
12 <app-root>Loading...</app-root>
13 </body>
14 </html>
```

Components

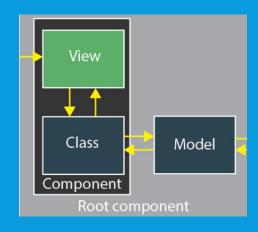
- An Angular App consists of a set of one or more [nested] component
- @Input | @Output are used to exchange data
- It defines:
 - A selector
 - View: HTML | Inline
 - Directives
 - CSS
 - · ...



```
home.componentts x

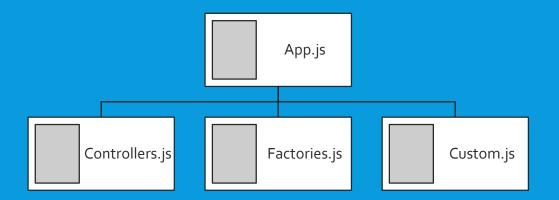
1 import {Component} from '@angular/core';

2
3 @Component({
4 selector: 'home',
5 styleUrls: ['./home.component.css'],
6 templateUrl: './home.component.html'
7 })
8 export class HomeComponent {
9 }
10
```



Dependency Graphs

- require keyword is used to build dependency graphs
- Example: require(' './wwwroot/app.js ');



Installation

- Webpack is installed by default in Angular CLI projects
- Core elements installed using Node.js
 - WebPack:

npm install webpack –g

WebPack Dev Server:

npm install webpack-dev-server –g

webpack.config.js

- Used to automate build
 - __dirname refers to the directory where this webpack.config.js lives
 - Entry: entry file of the app
 - Output: file to generate
 - Watch: use watcher

```
var path = require('path');
const webpack = require('webpack');

module.exports = {
    entry: {
        app: './wwwroot/app.js'
    },
    resolve: {
        extensions: ['.js']
    },
    output: {
        path: './wwwroot',
        filename: 'js/bundle.js'
    }
};
```

Angular Debugging into bundles

• Use "Ctrl + o" in Chrome Dev tools to directly navigate to a file you want to debug

