Solution:

The table is filled with values to answer (1) and (2).

| TABLE FOR PROBLEM 8-63 | | | | |
|-------------------------------|--------------------|-------------|-------------------|-------------|
| (Amount in € in millions) | | | | |
| | 1. Zero Income Tax | | 2. 40% Income Tax | |
| Particulars | Straight Line | Accelerated | Straight Line | Accelerated |
| Revenues (all cash) | 89,325 | 89,325 | 89,325 | 89,325 |
| Cash operating | (85,856) | (85,856) | (85,856) | (85,856) |
| expense | | | | |
| Cash provided by | 3,469 | 3,469 | 3,469 | 3,469 |
| operation before tax | | | | |
| | | | | |
| Depreciation Expense | (1,633) | (2,363) | (1,633) | (2,363) |
| Pre-tax Income | 1,836 | 1,106 | 1,836.0 | 1,106.0 |
| Income Tax | 0 | 0 | (1,101.6) | (663.6) |
| Net Income | 25,542 | 23,542 | 734.4 | 442.4 |
| Supplementary Analysis | : | | | |
| Cash provided by | 3,469 | 3,469 | 3,469 | 3,469 |
| operation before tax | | | | |
| | | | | |
| Income Tax | 0 | 0 | (1,101.6) | (663.6) |
| Cash provided by | 3,469 | 3,469 | 2,367.4 | 2,805.4 |
| operations | | | | |

- (3) No, depreciation does not provide cash, as with zero tax, any of the two-depreciation method used results in the same cash flow. The difference occurs due to income tax, which shows that the depreciation helps to reduce income tax, and this accounts for its apparent way of "earning cash".
- (4) All increased by €438.
- (5) There will be no effect of this on the cash flow, because depreciation does not affect cash flow at all. It is a non-cash expense, so it has no effect.