



# What should ≯do next? The container image is ready and can be tested locally We should now store the image somewhere. Think of the image as an artifact Second, we should test the image outside the dev box 'Works on my machine' isn't good enough!



### Azure Container Registry

- Manage a Docker private registry as a first-class Azure resource
  - Store and manage container images
  - Simplify registry access management with Azure Active Directory
  - Manage a single registry across multiple regions
- One shop-deployment store for Azure Compute services and App Services

# Azure Container Instances

- Run containers without thinking about any underlying engine
- Per-second billing and container-based compute on demand
- Pull container images from Docker Hub or Azure Container Registry
- Start a container in seconds with a single command

#### Azure App Services

- Web App for Containers
  - Easily deploy and run containerized applications
  - Same fully-managed compute platform with some infrastructure maintenance capabilities
  - Built-in auto-scaling and load balancing
  - Streamlined CI/CD with Docker Hub, Azure Container Registry, and GitHub
- Run on Linux

# Persisting data with containers

- DO NOT STORE PRODUCTION DATA DIRECTLY INSIDE THE CONTAINER!!!
- Docker allows for the use of volumes \*
  - ACI can mount Azure Storage Files as volumes

#### Azure File Volume Arguments

- --azure-file-volume-account-key : The storage account access key used to access the Azure File share.
- --azure-file-volume-account-name: The name of the storage account that contains the Azure File share.
- --azure-file-volume-mount-path : The path within the container where the azure file volume should be mounted. Must not contain colon ':'.
- --azure-file-volume-share-name : The name of the Azure File share to be mounted as a volume.

## Azure Container Service

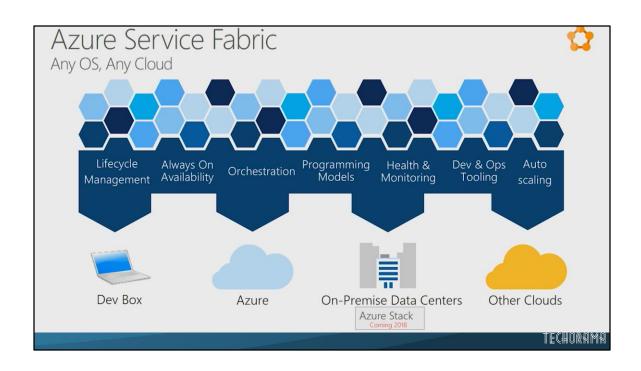
- Solves orchestration requirement
  - Container infrastructure build in 2015
  - Allows you to choose between orchestrators
    - Docker Swarm
    - DC/OS
    - Kubernetes
  - Fully supported but no longer the focus

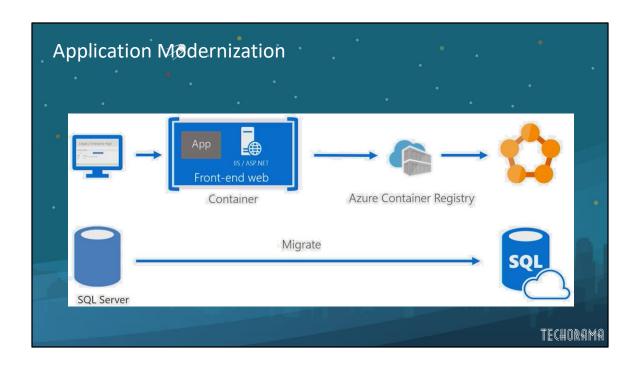
#### Azure Container Service (AKS)

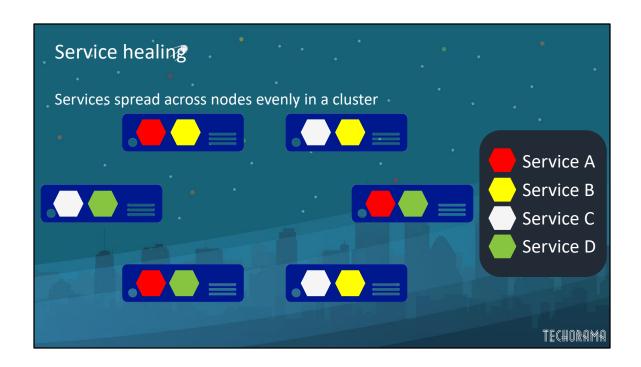
- Microsoft acquired Deis in 2017, a company at the center of Kubernetes innovation
  - **Brendan Burns**, co-creator of Kubernetes, now leads Azure's container efforts
  - AKS is free; you only pay for the VMs that add value to your business
    - '[...] with AKS you will pay nothing for the management of your Kubernetes cluster, <u>ever</u>' (unlike <u>all</u> other cloud providers)

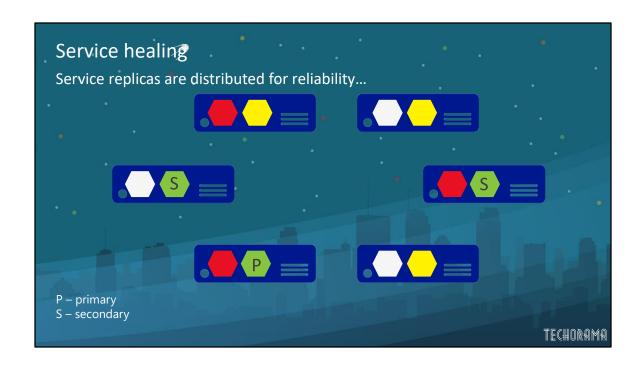
#### Service Fabric TW! But... WHY should I care?!

- Difficult to control application upgrades across clusters
  - Load balancing is awesome in container-based apps, but the app is still monolithic
  - If breaking the apps apart into microservices is realized, the problem of service discovery arrises
  - No additional performance benefits (still too many network hops)
  - Auto-healing?

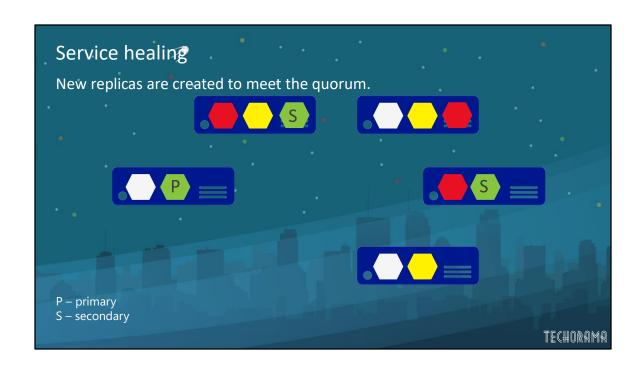


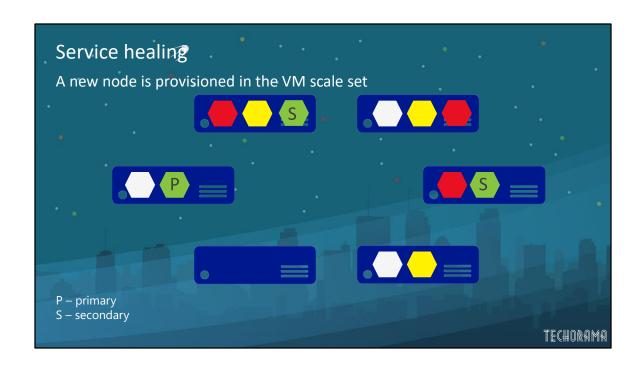


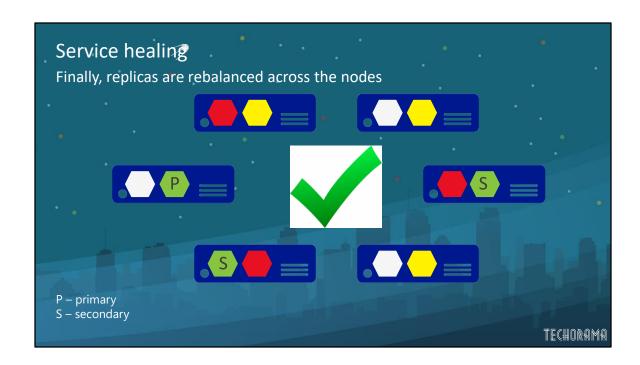


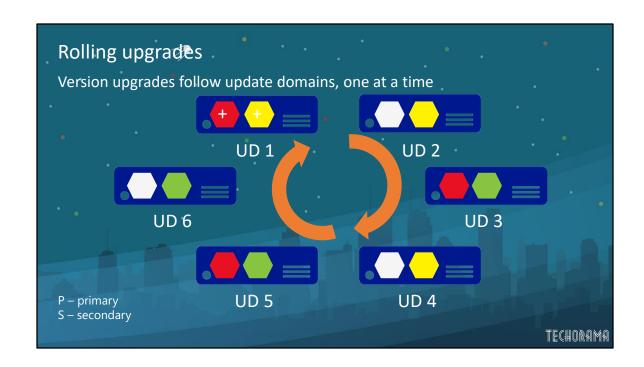


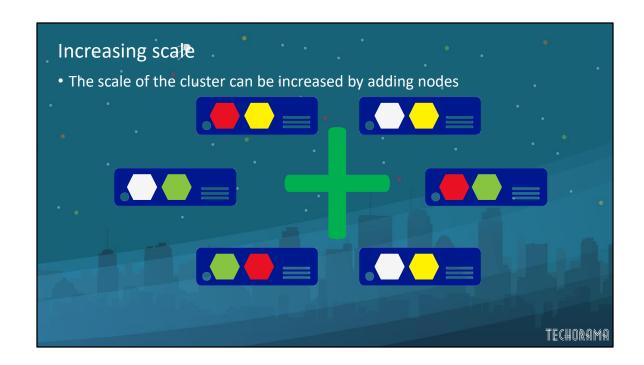


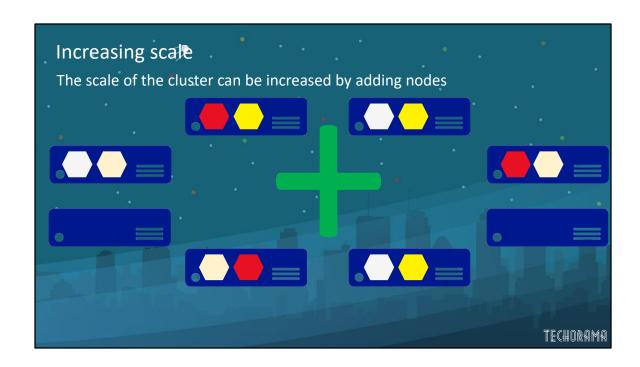


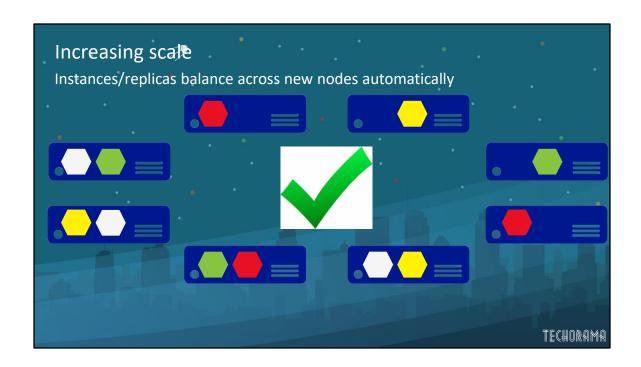


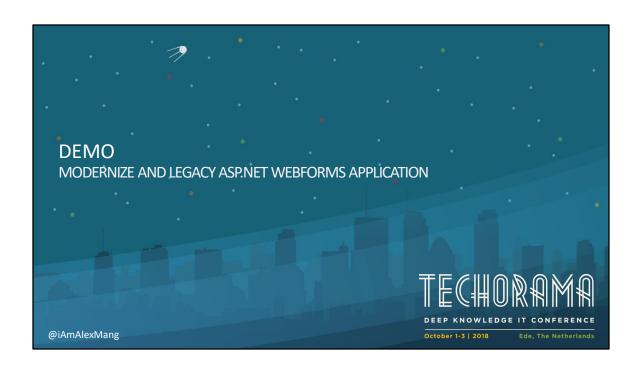


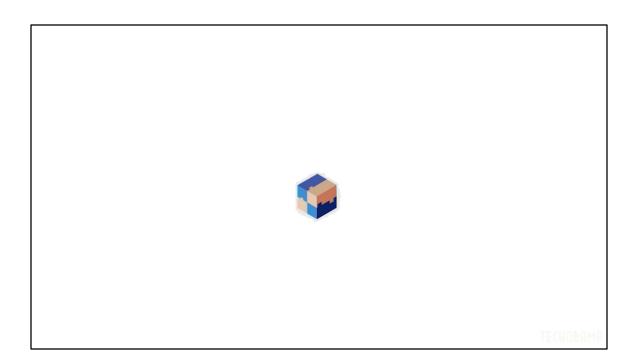












# Steps to an <u>actual</u> modernization

#### 1. Containerize



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# Steps to an $\underline{\textbf{actual}}$ modernization

2. Start creating new features as containers



# Steps to an <u>actual</u> modernization

# 3. Decompose



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