

API Key Authentication

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* Methods to Implement API Key Auth

- ① Custom Middleware
- ② Custom Attribute

① Custom Middleware :-

① Store key in appsettings.json

```
"ApiKey" : "GUTD"
```

② Create Service :-

→ IApiKeyValidation.cs

```
public interface IApiKeyValidation {  
    bool IsValidApiKey(string userApiKey);  
}
```

→ ApiKeyValidation.cs

```
public class ApiKeyValidation : IApiKeyValidation  
{
```

```
    private readonly IConfiguration _configuration;  
    public ApiKeyValidation(IConfiguration config)  
    {
```

```
        _configuration = config;
```

```
    }  
    public bool IsValidApiKey(string userApiKey)
```

```
    {  
        if (string.IsNullOrEmpty(userApiKey))
```

```
        {  
            return false;
```


String? apiKey = configuration.GradValue. <String>
(Constants.ApiConstants.ApiKeyName);

```
if (apiKey == null || apiKey != null) {  
    return false;  
}  
return true;  
}
```

③ Create a constants folder
public class ApiConstants.
{

```
    public const string ApiKeyHeaderName =  
        "X-API-Key";  
    public const string ApiKeyName = "apiKey";  
}
```

④ Create Custom Middleware
public class ApiKeyMiddleware
{

// code on github

⑤ Register Services in Program.cs

Note As we are injecting IApiKeyValidation
service in the middleware's constructor

we should register our service as
AddSingleton.

Because middleware components run outside
of the scope of request pipeline & their life
time is ^{Page} ^{Date} independent of the request
scope.

builder.Services.AddTransient<IApiKeyValidation,
ApiKeyValidation>();

app.UseMiddleware<ApiKeyMiddleware>();

* Filters in .NET

- Filters allow code to run before or after specific stages in the request processing pipeline.
- Custom filters can be created to handle cross cutting concern. ex-
 - Authorization
 - Logging
 - Caching
 - Error handling exceptions.
- Request processing stages are
- Middleware → Controller → Action → View
- Run filters anywhere between

⇒ Filter Types :-

① Authorization Filter :-

Runs first

determine whether the user is authorized for the request. Short ckt the pipeline if request is not authorized

② Resource filter :-

Run after authentication

Scorp
Notebooks

OnResourceExecuting(): runs code before the rest of filter pipeline.

OnResourceExecuted(): after the rest of pipeline has completed.

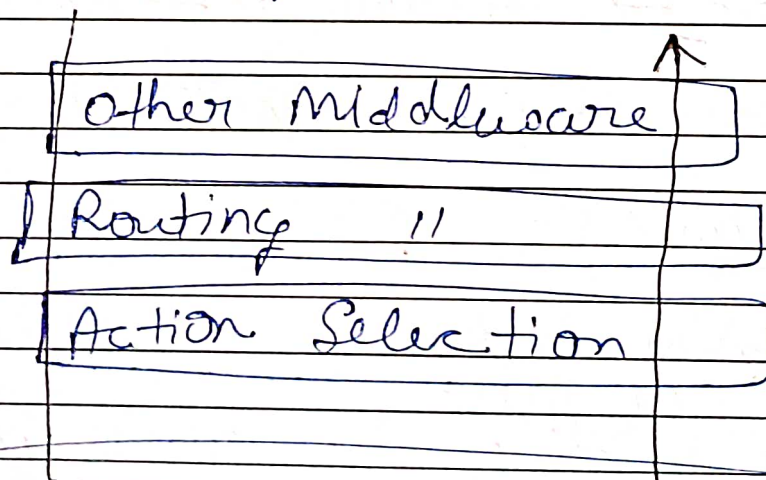
③ Action Filter :-

run immediately before & after an action method is called. Can change the arguments passed into an action. can change the result

④ Endpoint Filter :- run immediately before and after an action method is called

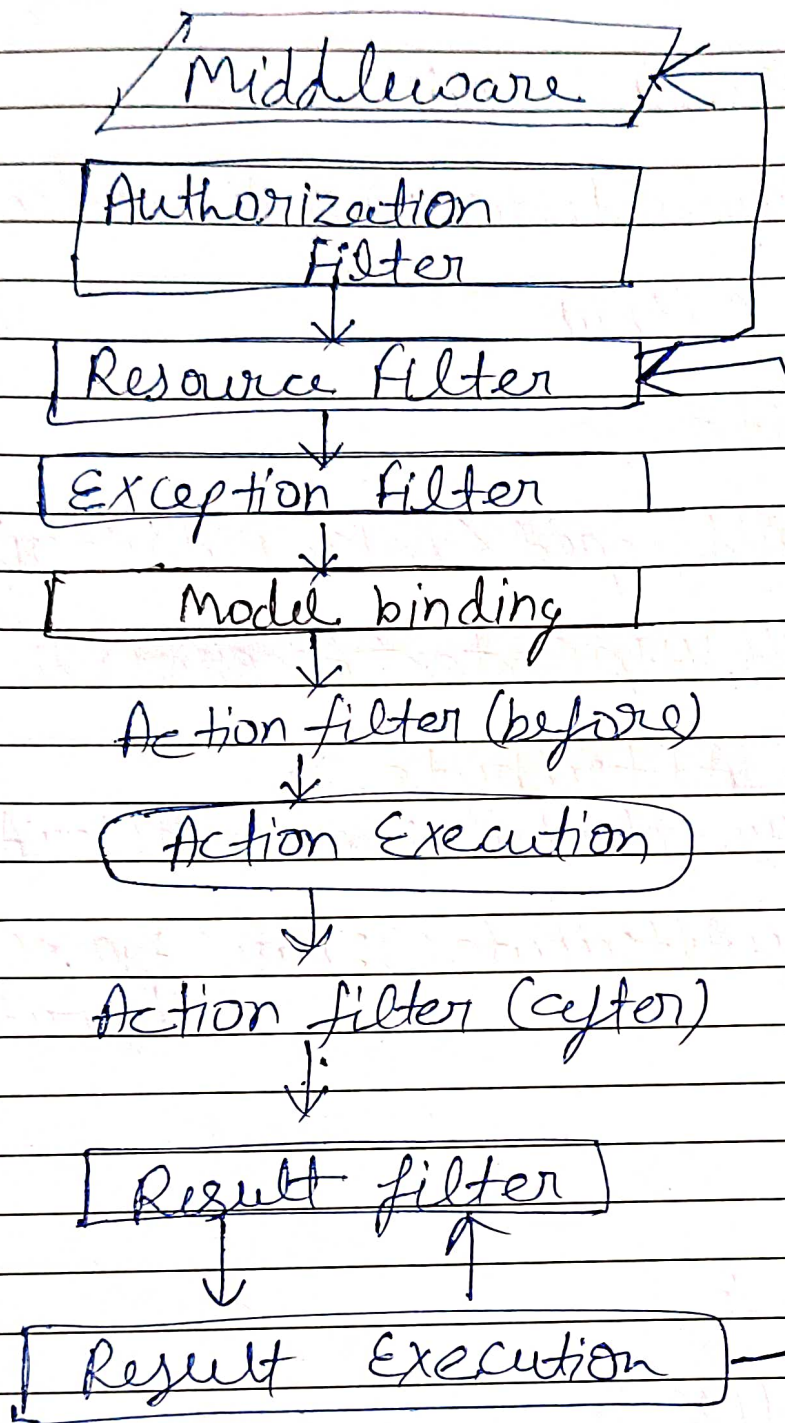
⑤ Exception filter :- global exception handling

⑥ Result filter :- apply global policies to unhandled exceptions that occur before the response body has been written to.



Action invocation
Pipeline (filter
Pipeline)

filter types interaction



② Using Custom Attribute :-

① Create a custom Filter :-

```
public class ApiKeyAuthFilter : IAuthorizationFilter
{
    //code on Github
}
```

② Register the filter :-

```
builder.Services.AddScoped<ApiKeyAuthFilter>();
builder.Services.AddHttpContextAccessor();
```

③ Create custom Attribute :-

```
public class ApiKeyAttribute : ServiceFilterAttribute
{
    public ApiKeyAttribute() : base(typeof(ApiKeyAuthFilter))
    {
    }
}
```

④ Use Attribute :-

```
[ApiKey]
ActionMethod() { }
```