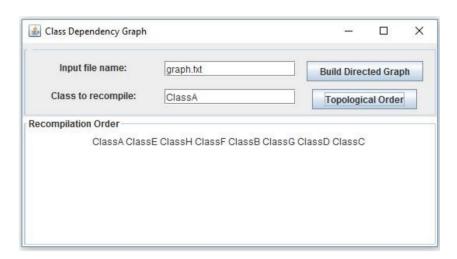
UMUC

CMSC 350 Project 4

1. Specification

The fourth programming project involves designing, writing and testing a program that behaves like the Java command line compiler. Whenever we request that the Java compiler recompile a particular class, it not only recompiles that class but every other class that depends upon it, directly or indirectly, and in a particular order. To make the determination about which classes need recompilation, the Java compiler maintains a directed graph of class dependencies. Any relationship in a UML class diagram of a Java program such as inheritance relationships, composition relationships and aggregations relationships indicate a class dependency.

The main class **P4GUI** should create the Swing based GUI shown below:



The GUI must be generated by code that you write. You may not use a drag-and-drop GUI generator. Pressing the *Build Directed Graph* button should cause the specified input file that contains the class dependency information to be read in and the directed graph represented by those dependencies to be built. The input file should be generated by the students using a simple text editor such as Notepad. The input file associated with the above example is shown below:

```
ClassA ClassC ClassE
ClassB ClassD ClassG
ClassE ClassB ClassF ClassH
ClassI ClassC
```

Each line of this file specifies classes that have other classes that depend upon them. The first line, for example, indicates that ClassA has two classes that depend upon it, ClassC and ClassE. In the context of recompilation, it means when ClassA is recompiled, ClassC and ClassE must be recompiled as well. Using graph terminology, the first name on each line is the name of a vertex and the remaining are its associated adjacency list. Classes that have no dependent classes need not appear at the beginning of a separate line. Notice, for example, that ClassC is not the first name on any line of the file.

After pressing the *Build Directed Graph* button, one of following two messages should be generated depending upon whether the specified file name could be opened:





Once the graph has been built, the name of a class to be recompiled can be specified and the *Topological Order* button can be pressed. Provided a valid class name has been supplied, a topological order algorithm should be executed that will generate (in the text area at the bottom of the GUI window) the list of classes in the order they are to be recompiled. The correct recompilation order is any topological order of the subgraph that emanates from the specified vertex.

An invalid class name should generate an exception and an appropriate error message will be displayed in a JOptionPane. If the graph contains a cycle among the Java classes, an exception will be thrown and a message will be displayed in a JOptionPane indicating that a cycle has been detected.

Note. In the real compiling processes, when circular dependencies exist in Java programs, the compiler must make two passes over all the classes in the cycle. For this program, it will be sufficient to display a message indicating that a cycle has been detected.

In addition to the main class that defines the GUI, a second class is needed to define the directed graph. It should be a generic class allowing for a generic type of its vertices. In this application the type of the vertices will be String.

For better processing purposes, integer values will be used to represent the vertices instead of Strings. The graph should be represented as an array list of vertices (as integer values) that contain a linked list of their associated adjacency lists. The adjacency lists should be lists of integers that represent the index rather than vertex name itself. A hash map should be used to associate vertex names with their index in the list of vertices. For the input file shown above the array list of linked lists of integers would be the following:

```
0 [1, 2]
1 []
2 [3, 6, 7]
3 [4, 5]
4 []
5 []
6 []
7 []
8 [1]
```

Storing the vertex indices rather than the names simplifies the topological order algorithm. The hash map would associate index 0 with ClassA, index 1 with ClassC, index 2 with ClassE and so on.

The directed graph class should define methods for initializing the graph each time a new file is read in, for adding a vertex and an edge to the graph and for generating a topological order given a starting index. Other classes / methods could be also defined to achieve the program requirements and for better structuring the code.

Finally, custom checked exception classes should be defined for the cases where a cycle occurs and when an invalid class name is specified.

Your program should compile without errors.

The Google recommended Java style guide (https://google.github.io/styleguide/javaguide.html) should be used to format and document your code. Specifically, the following style guide attributes should be addressed: header comments include filename, author, date and brief purpose of the program; In-line comments used to describe major functionality of the code; the meaning and the role of variables and constants are indicated as code comments; meaningful variable names and prompts applied; class names are written in UpperCamelCase; variable names are written in lowerCamelCase; constant names are in written in All Capitals; braces use K&R style.

In addition the following design constraints should be followed: declare all instance variables private; avoid the duplication of code.

2. Submission requirements

Submit the following to the Project 2 assignment area no later than the due date listed in your LEO classroom.

- 1. All .java source files (no other file types should be submitted). The source code should use Java code conventions and appropriate code layout (white space management and indents) and comments. All submitted files may be included in a .zip file.
- 2. The solution description document **P3SolutionDescription** (.pdf or .doc / .docx) containing the following:
- (1) Assumptions, main design decisions, error handling;
- (2) A UML class diagram that includes all classes you wrote. Do not include predefined classes. You need only include the class name for each individual class, not the variables or methods;
- (3) A table of test cases including the test cases that you have created to test the program. The table has 5 columns indicating (i) what aspect is tested, (ii) the input values, (iii) the expected output, (iv) the actual output and (v) if the test case passed or failed. Each test case will be defined in a table row.
- (4) Relevant screenshots of program execution;
- (5) Lessons learned from the project;

Grading Rubric:

| Criteria | Meets | Does Not Meet |
|---------------|---|---|
| | 5 points | 0 points |
| | | |
| | GUI is hand coded and matches required | GUI is generated by a GUI generator or |
| | design | does not match required design |
| | Includes generic class for a directed graph | Does not include a generic class a directed |
| Design | | graph |
| | Graph is represented as an array list of | Graph is not represented as an array list |
| | vertices that contain a linked list of their | of vertices that contain a linked list of |
| | associated adjacency lists | their associated adjacency lists |
| | Includes checked exception classes for cycles | Does not Include checked exception |
| | and invalid class names | classes for cycles and invalid class names |
| | Uses good object-oriented design practice | Does not use good object-oriented design |
| | regarding code efficiency, encapsulation and | practice regarding code efficiency, |
| | information hiding, class and code reuse, | encapsulation and information hiding, |
| | high cohesion of classes, avoiding code | class and code reuse, high cohesion of |
| | duplication. | classes, avoiding code duplication. |
| | 10 points | 0 points |
| | | |
| | Produces correct topological order for all | Does not produce correct topological |
| | cases without cycles | order for all cases without cycles |
| | Produces error message for all cases with | Does not produce error message for all |
| Functionality | cycles | cases with cycles |
| | Reports error message when file does not | Does not report error message when file |
| | open | does not open |
| | Reports error message when invalid class | Does not report error message when |
| | name is entered | invalid class name is entered |
| | Generates message confirming graph has | Does not generate message confirming |
| | been built | graph has been built |
| | 5 points | 0 points |
| | | |
| | Test cases table is defined and included in | Test cases table is not defined and |
| | the P4SolutionDescription document | included in the P4SolutionDescription |
| | | document |
| | Test cases include a graph without cycles | Test cases do not include a graph without |

| Test Cases | | cycles | |
|---------------|--|--|--|
| | Test cases include a graph with cycles | Test cases does not include a graph with | |
| | | cycles | |
| | Test cases include an invalid file name | Test cases do not include an invalid file | |
| | | name | |
| | Test cases include an invalid class name | Test cases do not include an invalid class | |
| | | name | |
| | 5 points | 0 points | |
| | | | |
| | Solution description document | No solution description document is | |
| | P4SolutionDescription includes all the | included | |
| | required sections (appropriate titled). | | |
| Documentation | Source code follows Google | Source code does not follow Google | |
| | recommendation Java style | recommendation Java style | |
| | Comment blocks with class description | Comment blocks with class description | |
| | included with each class | not included with each class | |
| | Source code is commented and indented | Source code is not commented and | |
| | | indented | |
| | | | |
| Overall Score | Meets | Does not meet | |
| | 16 or more | 15 or less | |