# Untitled

### February 26, 2019

### 0.1 Class Layer:

- Each layer has many features input\_dim, output\_dim, activation\_function, its derivative, matrix W (weights) and b (biases).
- Each layer also has other parameters like A(input to layer), Z(output from layer), dW(gradient change in W), db(gradient change in b). However, these variables are temporary and removed as soon as their work is done.

#### 0.2 Class Neural Network:

- Variables list of layers, Number of iterations, learning rate(alpha), and batch size)
- It also contain all the activation functions as welll as their derivatives.
- It contain functions for fitting and predicting data.
- There are functions for computing loss, computing error, computing accuracy.
- There are functions which are used while training data like forward\_propogation, backward\_propogation, update\_parameters.

**Forward Propogation:** For each layer there is input A[l] to it. Each layer has W[l] and b[l] precomputed. Morever there is an activation function g[l] already associated to each layer. Two values Z[l] and A[l+1]

$$Z^{l} = W^{l}.A^{l} + b^{l}$$
$$A^{l+1} = g^{l+1}(Z^{l})$$

Then this Al+1 is forwarded as input to next layer. then final output is computed.

**Cost function:** Cost is computed as Cross entropy which is simply summation over original value and log of predicted value i.e.

$$L\{Y,A\} = \frac{-1}{m} \sum_{k=1}^{m} (Y * log(A) + ((1-Y) * log(1-A)))$$

it derivative is given as:

$$dA\{Y,A\} = \frac{-Y}{A} + \frac{1-Y}{1-A}$$

**Backward propogation** For each layer **dAl** is given as input from it **dZl** is computed. Which in then used to compute **dWl** and **dbl**. We also compute **dAl-1**, it is passed as error for the previous layer.

$$dZ^{l} = dA^{l} * g^{l'}(Z^{l})$$

$$dA^{l-1} = W^{l}.dZ^{l}$$

$$dW^{l} = \frac{1}{m} * dZ^{l}.A^{l}$$

$$db^{l} = \frac{1}{m} * \sum_{k=1}^{m} dZ^{l}$$

$$W^{l} = W^{l} - \alpha * dW^{l}$$

$$b^{l} = b^{l} - \alpha * db^{l}$$

```
In [59]: class layer:
             def __init__(self, output_dim, input_dim, activation_function, derivative):
                 self.output_dim = output_dim
                 self.input_dim = input_dim
                 self.activation_function = activation_function
                 self.activation_function_derivative = derivative
                 self.W = np.random.randn(output_dim, input_dim)*np.sqrt(2/input_dim)
                 self.b = np.zeros((output_dim, 1))
             def print_layer_detail(self):
                 print(
                      """Input\_dim = \{0\}, output\_dim = \{1\}, activation\_function = \{2\}, W.shape = \{1\}
                     Z.shape = \{4\}, b.shape = \{5\}""".format(
                          self.input_dim, self.output_dim,
                          self.activation_function.__name__, self.W.shape, self.Z.shape,
                          self.b.shape))
         class NeuralNetwork:
             def __init__(self, iterations=100, alpha=0.01, batch_size=50):
                 self.layers = []
                 self.iterations = iterations
                 self.alpha = alpha
```

self.epsilon = 1e-11

```
self.batch_size = batch_size
def change_iterations(self, iterations):
    self.iterations = iterations
def change_alpha(self, alpha):
    self.alpha = alpha
def sigmoid(self, z):
    s = 1 / (1 + np.exp(-z))
   return s
def sigmoid_derivative(self, z):
    s = self.sigmoid(z)
    s = s*(1-s)
   return s
def relu(self, z):
    print(z)
    s = np.maximum(0, z)
    return s
def relu_derivative(self, z):
    s = (z>0)
    \#z[z >= 0] = 1
    #z[z < 0] = 0
    s = s.astype('int')
    assert(s.shape == z.shape)
    return s
def tanh(self, z):
   return np.tanh(z)
def tanh_derivative(self, z):
    return (1-np.square(np.tanh(z)))
def softmax(self, z):
    z = z - z.max(axis=0, keepdims=True)
    y = np.exp(z)
    y = np.nan_to_num(y)
    y = y / y.sum(axis=0, keepdims=True)
    return y
def softmax_derivative(self, z):
    print(z.shape)
    z = z - z.max(axis=0, keepdims=True)
    y = np.exp(z)
    y = (y * (y.sum(axis=0, keepdims=True) - y)) / np.square(
```

```
y.sum(axis=0, keepdims=True))
    return y
def standardize(self, X):
   X_standardized = (X-self.mean)/self.std
              display(X_standardized, X_standardized.shape)
   return X_standardized
def add_layer(self, output_dim, input_dim, activation="relu"):
    activation_function = None
    derivative = None
    if activation == "relu":
        activation_function = self.relu
        derivative = self.relu derivative
    elif activation == "sigmoid":
        activation_function = self.sigmoid
        derivative = self.sigmoid_derivative
    elif activation == "tanh":
        activation_function = self.tanh
        derivative = self.tanh_derivative
    elif activation == "softmax":
        activation_function = self.softmax
        derivative = self.softmax_derivative
    else:
        raise ("Not a valid error function")
        return
    new_layer = layer(output_dim, input_dim, activation_function,
                      derivative)
    if len(self.layers) == 0:
        self.input_shape = input_dim
    self.output_shape = output_dim
    self.layers.append(new_layer)
def fit(self, X, y):
   self.mean, self.std = X.mean(), X.std()
   X = self.standardize(X)
   X = np.array(X).T
   y = np.array(y).T
    assert (X.shape[0] == self.input_shape)
    assert (y.shape[0] == self.output_shape)
    assert (X.shape[1] == y.shape[1])
   m = X.shape[1]
    costs = []
    #### X.shape = (number_of_features, number_of_rows)
    #### y.shape = (number_of_labels, number_of_rows)
    full_X = X.T
    full_y = y.T
```

```
for i in range(self.iterations):
            p = np.random.permutation(m)
            full_X, full_y = full_X[p], full_y[p]
#
              print("Iteration Number: ",i)
            start = 0
            end = self.batch_size
            xxx = m/(self.batch_size*3)
            while end <= m:
                X = full_X.T[:, start:end]
                y = full_y.T[:, start:end]
                start+=self.batch_size
                end+=self.batch_size
#
                  if end%xxx == 0:
#
                      print("#", end='')
            #### Forward Propogation
                A = X
                for layer_no in range(len(self.layers)):
                    A = self.forward_propogation(layer_no, A)
                  A = np.nan_to_num(A)
                  A = A / A.sum(axis=0, keepdims=True)
                  print(max(A.sum(axis = 1)))
                #### A.shape = (number_of_labels, number_of_rows)
                dZ \ = \ A \ - \ y
                W = self.layers[-1].W
                A = self.layers[-1].A
                dW = np.dot(dZ, A.T) / m
                #### shape of db = (output_dim, 1)
                db = (1 / m) * np.sum(dZ, axis=1, keepdims=True)
                #### shape of da_new = ((input_dim, output_dim)*(output_dim, number_of_
                #### shape of da_new = (input_dim, number_of_rows)
                dA = np.dot(W.T, dZ)
                          print("da_new.shape = {0}".format(da_new.shape))
                self.layers[-1].dW = dW
                self.layers[-1].db = db
                #### Backward Propogation
                for layer_no in range(len(self.layers) - 2, -1, -1):
                    dA = self.backward_propogation(layer_no, dA)
                #### Update parameters
                for layer_no in range(len(self.layers)):
                    self.update_parameters(i,layer_no)
            A = full X.T
            for layer_no in range(len(self.layers)):
                A = self.forward_propogation(layer_no, A)
            cost = self.compute_cost(A, full_y.T)
            costs.append(cost)
```

```
print()
                 iteration_list = [i for i in range(1, len(costs) + 1)]
                 plt.style.use('fivethirtyeight')
                 plt.plot(iteration_list, costs)
                 plt.ylabel("Loss")
                 plt.xlabel("Iterations")
                 plt.show()
#
                      display(costs)
        def forward_propogation(self, layer_no, A):
#
                      display("Layer number {0}".format(layer_no))
                 self.layers[layer_no].A = A
                  #### shape of A = (input_dim, number of rows)
                  #### shape of W = (output_dim, input_dim)
                 W = self.layers[layer_no].W
                 b = self.layers[layer_no].b
                 #### shape of b = (output_dim, 1)
                 g = self.layers[layer_no].activation_function
                 self.layers[layer_no].Z = np.dot(W, A) + b
                  #### shape of Z = (output_dim, number_of_rows)
                 A = g(self.layers[layer_no].Z)
                 #### shape of A = (output_dim, number_of_rows)
                      display("W = ", W)
                      display("b = ", b)
#
                      display("Z = ", self.layers[layer_no].Z)
                      display("A = ", A)
                 return A
        def compute_cost(self, prediction, target):
                                        display(y_hat.max())
                  # shape of prediction (number_of_labels, number of training rows)
                 m = prediction.shape[1]
                 clipped = np.clip(prediction, self.epsilon, 1 - self.epsilon)
                 cost = target * np.log(clipped) + (1 - target) * np.log(1 - clipped)
                 return -np.sum(cost)/m
        def compute_error(self, prediction, target):
                 denominator = np.maximum(prediction - prediction ** 2, self.epsilon)
                 delta = (prediction - target) / denominator
                      delta = -np.nan_to_num(np.divide(target, prediction)) + np.nan_to_num(np.divide(target, prediction)) + np.nan_to_num(
#
                 assert (delta.shape == target.shape == prediction.shape)
                 return delta
        def backward_propogation(self, layer_no, dA):
                  #### shape of dA = (output_dim, number_of_rows)
                  #### shape of W = (output_dim, input_dim)
                  #### shape of Z = (output_dim, number_of_rows)
```

```
#### shape of A = (input_dim, number_of_rows)
    W = self.layers[layer_no].W
    g_der = self.layers[layer_no].activation_function_derivative
    Z = self.layers[layer_no].Z
    A = self.layers[layer_no].A
    m = A.shape[1]
    #### shape of dZ = (output_dim, number_of_rows)
              print (
                   "dA.shape = \{0\}, Z.shape = \{1\}, activation_function = \{2\}".format
                      dA.shape, Z.shape, g_der.__name__))
    dZ = dA * g_der(Z)
    #### shape of dW = ((output_dim, number_of_rows)*(number_of_rows, input_dim))
    #### shape of dW = (output_dim, input_dim)
    dW = np.dot(dZ, A.T) / m
    #### shape of db = (output_dim, 1)
    db = (1 / m) * np.sum(dZ, axis=1, keepdims=True)
    #### shape of da_new = ((input_dim, output_dim)*(output_dim, number_of_rows))
    #### shape of da_new = (input_dim, number_of_rows)
    da_new = np.dot(W.T, dZ)
              print("da_new.shape = {0}".format(da_new.shape))
    self.layers[layer_no].dW = dW
    self.layers[layer_no].db = db
    self.layers[layer_no].A = self.layers[layer_no].Z = None
    return da_new
def update_parameters(self, iteration, layer_no):
    #### shape of W, dW = (output_dim, input_dim)
    #### shape of b, db = (output_dim, 1)
   W = self.layers[layer_no].W
    b = self.layers[layer_no].b
    dW = self.layers[layer_no].dW
    db = self.layers[layer_no].db
    alph = self.alpha/(1+iteration)
    W = W - alph * dW
    b = b - alph * db
    self.layers[layer_no].W = W
    self.layers[layer_no].b = b
    self.layers[layer_no].dW = self.layers[layer_no].db = None
      display("W", W)
      display("b", b)
def predict(self, X):
   X = np.array(self.standardize(X))
   X = np.array(X).T
    A = X
    for layer_no in range(len(self.layers)):
        A = self.forward_propogation(layer_no, A)
    A = A . T
```

```
for i in range(len(A)):
                       display(A[i])
                 return A
             def calculate_accuracy(self, y_pred, y_test):
                 y_hat = np.argmax(y_pred, axis=1).flatten()
                 y__test = np.array(y_test)
                 y__test = np.argmax(y__test, axis=1).flatten()
         #
                   print(np.unique(y_hat, return_counts=True))
                 for yh, y in zip(y_hat, y__test):
                     if (yh == y):
                         count += 1
                 return (count / len(y_hat))
In [60]: data = pd.read_csv("Apparel/apparel-trainval.csv")
         data = data.astype('float64')
         # data = data.truncate(before=0, after=1000)
         ppp = np.array(data)
         # assert (len(ppp[ppp!=ppp])==0)
In [61]: display(data.head())
   label pixel1 pixel2 pixel3 pixel4 pixel5 pixel6 pixel7 pixel8 \
0
     2.0
             0.0
                     0.0
                             0.0
                                     0.0
                                              0.0
                                                      0.0
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                                                                      0.0
     9.0
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                     0.0
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                                                                      0.0
1
     6.0
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2
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3
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4
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4
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3
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        0.0
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[5 rows x 785 columns]
In [62]: y = pd.get_dummies(data['label'])
In [63]: X = data.drop('label', axis=1)
```

```
In [64]: display(X.head())
         display(y.head())
   pixel1 pixel2 pixel3 pixel4 pixel5 pixel6 pixel7 pixel8 pixel9 \
0
      0.0
              0.0
                       0.0
                               0.0
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3
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4
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4
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   pixel781 pixel782 pixel783 pixel784
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        0.0
                             0.0
                                        0.0
                   0.0
                             0.0
1
        0.0
                                        0.0
        0.0
                   0.0
                             0.0
                                        0.0
2
3
        0.0
                   0.0
                             0.0
                                        0.0
        0.0
                   0.0
                             0.0
                                        0.0
[5 rows x 784 columns]
             2.0
                             5.0
                                  6.0 7.0
   0.0
        1.0
                  3.0
                       4.0
                                             8.0
                                                  9.0
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                     0
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0
1
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2
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3
     1
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4
     0
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                     1
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                               0
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                                                    0
In [69]: X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(
             X, y, test_size=0.2, random_state=42)
In [70]: model_tanh = NeuralNetwork(iterations=20, alpha=0.05, batch_size=50)
In [71]: model_tanh.add_layer(256, 784, "tanh")
         model_tanh.add_layer(128, 256, "tanh")
         model_tanh.add_layer(64, 128, "tanh")
         # model.add_layer(50, 100, "sigmoid")
         model_tanh.add_layer(10, 64, "softmax")
In [72]: model_tanh.fit(X_train, y_train)
Iteration Number: 0
#####################################
```

Iteration Number: 1

###################################

Iteration Number: 2

###############################

Iteration Number: 3

###################################

Iteration Number: 4

###############################

Iteration Number: 5

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Iteration Number: 6

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Iteration Number: 7

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Iteration Number: 8

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Iteration Number: 9

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Iteration Number: 10

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Iteration Number: 11

###################################

Iteration Number: 12

####################################

Iteration Number: 13

#####################################

Iteration Number: 14

####################################

Iteration Number: 15

###################################

Iteration Number: 16

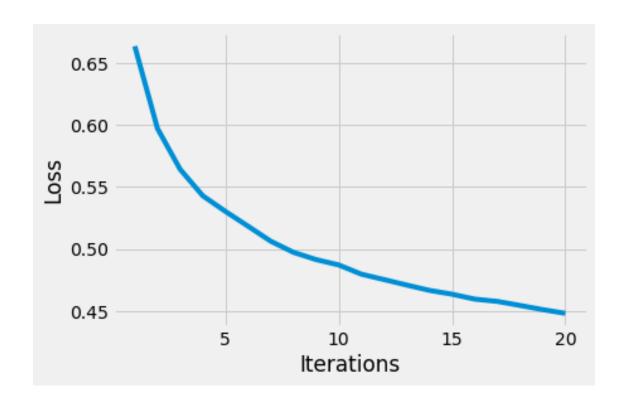
Iteration Number: 17

####################################

Iteration Number: 18

Iteration Number: 19

####################################



```
In [73]: with open('tanh.pkl', 'wb') as output:
            pickle.dump(model_tanh, output, pickle.HIGHEST_PROTOCOL)
In [77]: y_pred = model_tanh.predict(X_test)
        print("Accuracy : ",model_tanh.calculate_accuracy(y_pred, y_test)*100)
Accuracy: 88.1166666666666
In [78]: model_sigmoid = NeuralNetwork(iterations=20, alpha=0.2, batch_size=50)
        model_sigmoid.add_layer(256, 784, "sigmoid")
        model_sigmoid.add_layer(128, 256, "sigmoid")
        model_sigmoid.add_layer(64, 128, "sigmoid")
        # model.add_layer(50, 100, "sigmoid")
        model_sigmoid.add_layer(10, 64, "softmax")
In [79]: model_sigmoid.fit(X_train, y_train)
Iteration Number: 0
#####################################
Iteration Number: 1
Iteration Number: 2
####################################
Iteration Number: 3
```

##################################

Iteration Number: 4

####################################

Iteration Number: 5

###############################

Iteration Number: 6

###################################

Iteration Number: 7

####################################

Iteration Number: 8

###############################

Iteration Number: 9

################################

Iteration Number: 10

#####################################

Iteration Number: 11

#####################################

Iteration Number: 12

###################################

Iteration Number: 13

Iteration Number: 14

Iteration Number: 15

Iteration Number: 16

######################################

Iteration Number: 17

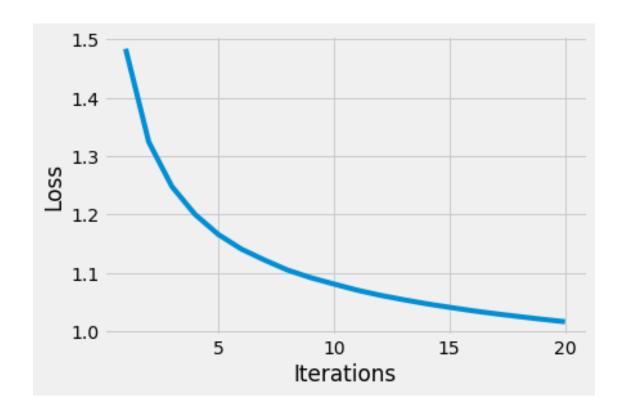
#####################################

Iteration Number: 18

###################################

Iteration Number: 19

#################################



```
In [80]: with open('sigmoid.pkl', 'wb') as output:
             pickle.dump(model_sigmoid, output, pickle.HIGHEST_PROTOCOL)
In [82]: y_pred = model_sigmoid.predict(X_test)
         print("Accuracy : ",model_sigmoid.calculate_accuracy(y_pred, y_test)*100)
Accuracy: 83.75
In [93]: model_relu = NeuralNetwork(iterations=20, alpha=0.01, batch_size=50)
In [94]: model_relu.add_layer(256, 784, "relu")
         model_relu.add_layer(128, 256, "relu")
         model_relu.add_layer(64, 128, "relu")
         model_relu.add_layer(10, 64, "softmax")
In [95]: model_relu.fit(X_train, y_train)
Iteration Number: 0
#####################################
Iteration Number: 1
#####################################
Iteration Number: 2
#####################################
```

Iteration Number: 3

####################################

Iteration Number: 4

###############################

Iteration Number: 5

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Iteration Number: 6

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Iteration Number: 7

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Iteration Number: 8

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Iteration Number: 9

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Iteration Number: 10

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Iteration Number: 11

####################################

Iteration Number: 12

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Iteration Number: 13

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Iteration Number: 14

#####################################

Iteration Number: 15

####################################

Iteration Number: 16

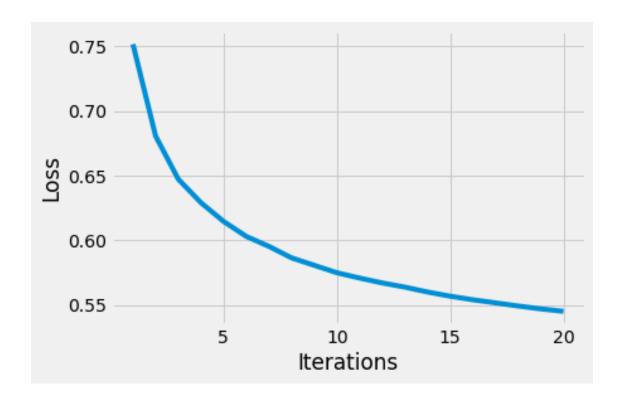
################################

Iteration Number: 17

Iteration Number: 18

Iteration Number: 19

###################################



```
In [98]: with open('relu.pkl', 'wb') as output:
             pickle.dump(model_relu, output, pickle.HIGHEST_PROTOCOL)
In [99]: y_pred = model_relu.predict(X_test)
         print("Accuracy : ",model_relu.calculate_accuracy(y_pred, y_test)*100)
Accuracy: 86.90833333333333
In [100]: loss = []
          error = []
          for n_layers in range(1,11,1):
              model = NeuralNetwork(iterations=20, alpha=0.01, batch_size=50)
              model.add_layer(32, 784, "tanh")
              for i in range(n_layers):
                  model.add_layer(32, 32, "tanh")
              model.add_layer(10, 32, "softmax")
              model.fit(X_train, y_train)
              y_pred = model.predict(X_test)
              loss.append(model.compute_cost(y_pred, y_test))
              error.append(1.0 - model.calculate_accuracy(y_pred, y_test))
Iteration Number: 0
#####################################
Iteration Number: 1
```

```
Iteration Number: 3
#####################################
Iteration Number: 4
#####################################
Iteration Number: 5
####################################
Iteration Number: 6
       KeyboardInterrupt
                                                 Traceback (most recent call last)
        <ipython-input-100-554e7340c845> in <module>
                   model.add_layer(32, 32, "tanh")
         7
               model.add_layer(10, 32, "softmax")
    ---> 9
               model.fit(X_train, y_train)
               y_pred = model.predict(X_test)
         10
         11
               loss.append(model.compute_cost(y_pred, y_test))
        <ipython-input-59-e3733601e929> in fit(self, X, y)
       136
                           A = X
       137
                           for layer_no in range(len(self.layers)):
    --> 138
                               A = self.forward_propogation(layer_no, A)
       139 #
                             A = np.nan_to_num(A)
       140 #
                             A = A / A.sum(axis=0, keepdims=True)
        <ipython-input-59-e3733601e929> in forward_propagation(self, layer_no, A)
                   self.layers[layer_no].Z = np.dot(W, A) + b
       188
       189
                   #### shape of Z = (output_dim, number_of_rows)
    --> 190
                   A = g(self.layers[layer_no].Z)
                   #### shape of A = (output_dim, number_of_rows)
       191
       192 #
                     display("W = ", W)
        <ipython-input-59-e3733601e929> in softmax(self, z)
                   z = z - z.max(axis=0, keepdims=True)
        63
                   y = np.exp(z)
    ---> 64
                   y = np.nan_to_num(y)
        65
                   y = y / y.sum(axis=0, keepdims=True)
```

#####################################

Iteration Number: 2

##

return y

66

```
~/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/numpy/lib/type_check.py in nan_to_num(x, copy)
                    _nx.copyto(d, 0.0, where=isnan(d))
        406
        407
                    _nx.copyto(d, maxf, where=isposinf(d))
                    _nx.copyto(d, minf, where=isneginf(d))
    --> 408
        409
                return x[()] if isscalar else x
        410
        ~/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/numpy/lib/ufunclike.py in func(x, out, **kwargs)
                            "`out`, to match other ufuncs.".format(f.__name__),
         32
         33
                            DeprecationWarning, stacklevel=3)
    ---> 34
                    return f(x, out=out, **kwargs)
         35
         36
                return func
        ~/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/numpy/lib/ufunclike.py in isneginf(x, out)
        200
        201
    --> 202
                return nx.logical_and(nx.isinf(x), nx.signbit(x), out)
        KeyboardInterrupt:
In [ ]: plt.plot([i for i in range(1,11,1)], error, label ="Error")
        plt.plot([i for i in range(1,11,1)], cost, label ="Cost")
        plt.legend(loc = "best")
        plt.ylabel("Error")
        plt.xlabel("No. of layers")
        plt.show()
In [ ]: model = NeuralNetwork(iterations=1, alpha=0.05, batch_size=50)
        aplha = 0.05
        error = []
        for iteration in range(100):
            model.change_alpha(alpha/(1+iteration))
            model.fit(X_train, y_train)
            y_pred = model.predict(X_test)
            error.append(1.0 - model.calculate_accuracy(y_pred, y_test))
In [ ]: plt.plot([i for i in range(100)], error, label ="Error")
        plt.legend(loc = "best")
        plt.ylabel("Error")
        plt.xlabel("No. of layers")
        plt.show()
In [91]: TEST_DATA = pd.read_csv("apparel-test.csv")
         y_tanh = np.argmax(model_tanh.predict(TEST_DATA), axis=1).flatten()
```

```
y_relu = np.argmax(model_relu.predict(TEST_DATA), axis=1).flatten()
     y_sigmoid = np.argmax(model_sigmoid.predict(TEST_DATA), axis=1).flatten()
     output = pd.DataFrame()
     output['tanh'] = y_tanh
     output['relu'] = y_relu
     output['sigmoid'] = y_sigmoid
    FileNotFoundError
                                              Traceback (most recent call last)
    <ipython-input-91-053767bcc5c5> in <module>
---> 1 TEST_DATA = pd.read_csv("apparel_test.csv")
      2 y_tanh = np.argmax(model_tanh.predict(TEST_DATA), axis=1).flatten()
      3 y_relu = np.argmax(model_relu.predict(TEST_DATA), axis=1).flatten()
    ~/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/pandas/io/parsers.py in parser_f(filepath_or_buf
                            skip_blank_lines=skip_blank_lines)
    695
    696
--> 697
                return _read(filepath_or_buffer, kwds)
    698
    699
            parser_f.__name__ = name
    ~/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/pandas/io/parsers.py in _read(filepath_or_buffer
    422
    423
            # Create the parser.
--> 424
            parser = TextFileReader(filepath_or_buffer, **kwds)
    425
    426
            if chunksize or iterator:
    ~/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/pandas/io/parsers.py in __init__(self, f, engine
    888
                    self.options['has_index_names'] = kwds['has_index_names']
    889
--> 890
                self._make_engine(self.engine)
    891
    892
            def close(self):
    ~/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/pandas/io/parsers.py in _make_engine(self, engine)
            def _make_engine(self, engine='c'):
   1115
  1116
                if engine == 'c':
                    self._engine = CParserWrapper(self.f, **self.options)
-> 1117
  1118
                else:
                    if engine == 'python':
   1119
```

# 0.3 Best performing Architecture for Neural Network

model\_tanh.add\_layer(10, 64, "softmax") - Best performing architecture has 3 hidden layer - All these layer have tanh as activation function - Loss function used is Cross Entropy loss - Dimensions of layer - - Hidden Layer 1 : 784 \* 256 - - Hidden Layer 2 : 256 \* 128 - - Hidden Layer 3 : 128 \* 64 - Output Layer : 64 \* 10

# 0.4 Effect of various activation function in hidden layer:

Different layers more or less perform decent. However, tanh seems to outperform others. Sigmoid is a slow learner function so with less number of iteration it is predicting comparitevely less accurately. However the fastest convergence is observent in Relu. #### Results on validation data: - Tanh 88.11% - sigmoid 83.75% - Relu 86.90%