```
In [1]:
         # 1. Create an array using Numpy.
         import numpy as np
         arr = np.array([1,2,3,4,5])
         print(arr)
        [1 2 3 4 5]
In [2]:
         # 2. Create more than one dimensions array using Numpy.
         arr2 = np.array([[1,2,3],[4,5,6]])
         print(arr2)
         print(arr2.ndim)
        [[1 2 3]
         [4 5 6]]
        2
In [3]:
         # 3. Create minimum dimensions array using Numpy.
         arr3 = np.array([1,2,3])
         print(arr3)
         print(arr3.ndim)
        [1 2 3]
        1
In [4]:
         # 4. Check the data type of following array using Numpy
         type1 = np.array([1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6])
         type2 = np.array([1.5, 2.5, 0.5, 6])
         type3 = np.array(['a', 'b', 'c'])
         type4 = np.array(["Canada", "Australia"], dtype='U5')
         type5 = np.array([555, 666], dtype=float)
         print("Data type of Array 1 :-", type1.dtype)
         print("Data type of Array 2 :-", type2.dtype)
         print("Data type of Array 3 :-", type3.dtype)
         print("Data type of Array 4 :-", type4.dtype)
         print("Data type of Array 5 :-", type5.dtype)
        Data type of Array 1 :- int64
        Data type of Array 2 :- float64
        Data type of Array 3 :- <U1
        Data type of Array 4 :- <U5
        Data type of Array 5 :- float64
```

```
In [5]:
         # 5. Check the following array shape using Numpy
         array1d = np.array([1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6])
         array2d = np.array([[1, 2, 3], [4, 5, 6]])
         array3d = np.array([[[1, 2, 3], [4, 5, 6]], [[7, 8, 9], [10, 11, 12]]])
         print("Shape of Array 1 is -",array1d.shape)
         print("Shape of Array 2 is -",array2d.shape)
         print("Shape of Array 3 is -",array3d.shape)
        Shape of Array 1 is - (6,)
        Shape of Array 2 is - (2, 3)
        Shape of Array 3 is - (2, 2, 3)
In [6]:
         # 6. Use the ndim method to determine the dimension of NumPy array.
         arr4 = np.array([[1,2,3],[4,5,6],[7,8,9]])
         print(arr4)
         print("Dimension of the array is -",arr4.ndim)
        [[1 2 3]
         [4 5 6]
         [7 8 9]]
        Dimension of the array is - 2
In [7]:
         # 7. Use the resize and reshape method on Numpy array.
         arr5 = np.array([1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10,11,12])
         print("Original Array is -",arr5)
         print("Using Reshape -\n",arr5.reshape(3,4))
         print("Using Resize -\n", np.resize(arr5, (3,3)))
        Original Array is - [ 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12]
        Using Reshape -
         [[1 2 3 4]
         [5 6 7 8]
         [ 9 10 11 12]]
        Using Resize -
         [[1 2 3]
         [4 5 6]
         [7 8 9]]
In [8]:
         # 8. Create the Program to Transform List or Tuple into NumPy array.
         list1 = [1,2,3,4,5]
         print(type(list1))
         print(list1)
```

```
arr6 = np.asarray(list1)
         print(type(arr6))
         print(arr6)
         tuple1 = ([1,2,3],[4,5,6])
         print(type(tuple1))
         print(tuple1)
         arr7 = np.asarray(tuple1)
         print(type(arr7))
         print(arr7)
        <class 'list'>
        [1, 2, 3, 4, 5]
        <class 'numpy.ndarray'>
        [1 2 3 4 5]
        <class 'tuple'>
        ([1, 2, 3], [4, 5, 6])
        <class 'numpy.ndarray'>
        [[1 2 3]
         [4 5 6]]
In [9]:
         # 9. Perform the following Indexing Operations using Numpy array.
         array1d = np.array([1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6])
         # 1. Get first value
         # 2. Get last value
         # 3. Get 4th value from first
         # 4. Get 5th value from last
         # 5. Get multiple values.
         print("Original Array is -",arrayld)
         print("First value is -",array1d[0])
         print("Last value is -",array1d[-1])
         print("4th Value from start -",array1d[3])
         print("5th value from last -",array1d[-5])
         print("Multiple Values -",array1d[1::2])
        Original Array is - [1 2 3 4 5 6]
        First value is - 1
        Last value is - 6
        4th Value from start - 4
        5th value from last - 2
        Multiple Values - [2 4 6]
```

```
In [10]: | # 10. Perform the following Indexing Operations using Numpy array.
          array2d = np.array([[1, 2, 3], [4, 5, 6], [7, 8, 9]])
          # 1. Get first row first col
          # 2. Get first row second col
          # 3. Get third row second col
          # 4. Get second row second col
          print("Original Array is -\n",array2d)
          print("First Row first column -",array2d[0, 0])
          print("First Row second column -",array2d[0, 1])
          print("Third Row second column -",array2d[2, 1])
          print("Second Row second column -",array2d[1,1])
         Original Array is -
          [[1 2 3]
          [4 5 6]
          [7 8 9]]
         First Row first column - 1
         First Row second column - 2
         Third Row second column - 8
         Second Row second column - 5
In [11]:
          # 11. Perform the following Indexing Operations using Numpy array.
          array3d = np.array([[[1, 2, 3], [4, 5, 6]], [[7, 8, 9], [10, 11, 12]]])
          print("Original Array is -\n",array3d)
          print("\nSecond Row third column -",array3d[0,1,2])
          print("Third Row first column -",array3d[1,0,0])
          print("Fourth Row second column -",array3d[1,1,1])
         Original Array is -
          [[[ 1 2 3]
           [4 5 6]]
          [[ 7 8 9]
           [10 11 12]]]
         Second Row third column - 6
         Third Row first column - 7
         Fourth Row second column - 11
In [12]:
          # 12. Perform the following Single Dimensional Slicing Operations using Numpy array.
          # 1. from index 4 to last index
          # 2. From index 0 to 4 index
          # 3. From index 4(included) up to index 7(excluded)
          # 4. Excluded last element
```

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# 5. Up to second last index(negative index)
          # 6. From last to first in reverse order(negative step)
          # 7. All odd numbers in reversed order
          # 8. All even numbers in reversed order
          # 9. All elements
          arr1d = np.array([0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9])
          print("Orignial Array is -",arrld)
          print("from index 4 to last index -",arrld[4:])
          print("From index 0 to 4 index -",arrld[0:5])
          print("From index 4(included) up to index 7(excluded) -",arr1d[4:7])
          print("Excluded last element -",arr1d[0:9])
          print("Up to second last index(negative index) -",arrld[-10:-1])
          print("From last to first in reverse order(negative step) -",arrld[-1::-1])
          print("All odd numbers in reversed order -",arrld[-1::-2])
          print("All even numbers in reversed order -",arr1d[-2::-2])
          print("All elements -",arrld)
         Orignial Array is - [0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9]
         from index 4 to last index - [4 5 6 7 8 9]
         From index 0 to 4 index - [0 1 2 3 4]
         From index 4(included) up to index 7(excluded) - [4 5 6]
         Excluded last element - [0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8]
         Up to second last index(negative index) - [0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8]
         From last to first in reverse order(negative step) - [9 8 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0]
         All odd numbers in reversed order - [9 7 5 3 1]
         All even numbers in reversed order - [8 6 4 2 0]
         All elements - [0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9]
In [13]:
          # 13. Perform the following Multidimensional Slicing Operations using Numpy array.
          # 1. 2nd and 3rd col
          # 2. 2nd and 3rd row
          # 3. Reverse an array
          arr2d = np.array([[1, 2, 3], [4, 5, 6], [7, 8, 9]])
          print("orignial Array -\n",arr2d)
          print("2nd and 3rd col -\n",arr2d[:,[1,2]])
          print("2nd and 3rd row -\n",arr2d[1:])
          print("Reverse an array -\n",arr2d[-1::-1])
```

```
orignial Array -
[[1 2 3]
 [4 5 6]
[7 8 9]]
2nd and 3rd col -
[[2 3]
 [5 6]
[8 9]]
2nd and 3rd row -
[[4 5 6]
[7 8 9]]
Reverse an array -
[[7 8 9]
[4 5 6]
[1 2 3]]
```

```
In [14]:
```

```
# 14. Perform the following operations to Manipulating the Dimensions and the Shape of
# Arrays(Flips the order of the Axes)
# 1. Permute the dimensions of an array
# 2. Flip array in the left/right direction
# 3. Flip array in the up/down direction
# 4. Rotate an array by 90 degrees in the plane specified by axes
array2d = np.array([[1, 2, 3], [4, 5, 6], [7, 8, 9]])
print("Orignial Array is -\n",array2d)
print("Permute the dimensions of an array -\n",np.transpose(array2d))
print("Flip array in the left/right direction -\n",np.fliplr(array2d))
print("Flip array in the up/down direction -\n",np.flipud(array2d))
print("Rotate an array by 90 degrees in the plane specified by axes -\n",np.rot90(array2d))
```

```
Orignial Array is -
          [[1 2 3]
          [4 5 6]
          [7 8 9]]
         Permute the dimensions of an array -
          [[1 4 7]
          [2 5 8]
          [3 6 9]]
         Flip array in the left/right direction -
          [[3 2 1]
          [6 5 4]
          [9 8 7]]
         Flip array in the up/down direction -
          [[7 8 9]
          [4 5 6]
          [1 2 3]]
         Rotate an array by 90 degrees in the plane specified by axes -
          [[3 6 9]
          [2 5 8]
          [1 4 7]]
In [15]:
          # 15.Perform the following operations to Manipulating the Dimensions and the Shape
          # of Arrays(Joining and Stacking)
          # 1. Stack arrays in sequence horizontally (column wise).
          # 2. Stack arrays in sequence vertically (row wise)
          # 3. Stack arrays in sequence depth wise (along third axis)
          # 4. Appending arrays after each other, along a given axis
          # 5. Append values to the end of an array
          array1 = np.array([[1, 2, 3], [4, 5, 6]])
          array2 = np.array([[7, 8, 9], [10, 11, 12]])
          print("Original Array 1 is -\n",array1)
          print("Original Array 2 is -\n",array2)
          print("Stack arrays in sequence horizontally (Column wise) -\n",np.hstack((array1, array2)))
          print("Stack arrays in sequence vertically (row wise) -\n",np.vstack((array1,array2)))
          print("Stack arrays in sequence depth wise (along third axis) -\n",np.dstack((array1,array2)))
          print("Appending arrays after each other, along a given axis -\n",np.concatenate((array1,array2)))
          print("Append values to the end of an array -\n",np.append(array1,array2,axis=0))
```

```
Original Array 1 is -
         [[1 2 3]
          [4 5 6]]
         Original Array 2 is -
         [[7 8 9]
         [10 11 12]]
         Stack arrays in sequence horizontally (Column wise) -
         [[1 2 3 7 8 9]
         [ 4 5 6 10 11 12]]
         Stack arrays in sequence vertically (row wise) -
          [[ 1 2 3]
         [4 5 6]
          [7 8 9]
          [10 11 12]]
         Stack arrays in sequence depth wise (along third axis) -
         [[[ 1 7]
          [28]
          [ 3 9]]
          [[ 4 10]
          [ 5 11]
          [ 6 12]]]
         Appending arrays after each other, along a given axis -
         [[ 1 2 3]
         [ 4 5 6]
         [7 8 9]
          [10 11 12]]
         Append values to the end of an array -
         [[1 2 3]
         [4 5 6]
         [7 8 9]
          [10 11 12]]
In [16]:
         # 16.Perform the following Arithmetic Operations using Numpy Array.
         # 1. array1 + array2
         # 2. array1 - array2
         # 3. array1 * array2
         # 4. array2 / array1
         # 5. array1 ** array2
         array1 = np.array([[1, 2, 3], [4, 5, 6]])
         array2 = np.array([[7, 8, 9], [10, 11, 12]])
         print("Original Array 1 -\n",array1)
         print("Original Array 2 -\n",array2)
         print("Array 1 + Array 2 -\n",array1+array2)
         print("Array 1 - Array 2 -\n",array1-array2)
```

```
print("Array 1 * Array 2 -\n",array1*array2)
          print("Array 1 / Array 2 -\n",array1/array2)
          print("Array 1 ** Array 2 -\n",array1**array2)
         Original Array 1 -
          [[1 2 3]
          [4 5 6]]
         Original Array 2 -
          [[7 8 9]
          [10 11 12]]
         Array 1 + Array 2 -
          [[ 8 10 12]
          [14 16 18]]
         Array 1 - Array 2 -
          [6- 6- 6-]
          [-6 -6 -6]]
         Array 1 * Array 2 -
          [[ 7 16 27]
          [40 55 72]]
         Array 1 / Array 2 -
          [[0.14285714 0.25
                            0.333333331
          [0.4
                     0.45454545 0.5
         Array 1 ** Array 2 -
          11
                              256
                                      196831
                1
              1048576 48828125 217678233611
In [17]:
          # 17.Perform the following Scalar Arithmetic Operations using Numpy Array.
          # 1. array1 + 2
          # 2. array1 - 5
          # 3. array1 * 2
         # 4. array1 / 5
          # 5. array1 ** 2
          array1 = np.array([[10, 20, 30], [40, 50, 60]])
          print("Original Array is -\n",array1)
          print("Array 1 + (2) = n", array1+2)
          print("Array 1 - (5) = n", array1-5)
          print("Array 1 * (2) =\n",array1*2)
          print("Array 1 / (5) = n", array1/5)
          print("Array 1 ** (2) =\n",array1**2)
```

```
Original Array is -
          [[10 20 30]
          [40 50 60]]
         Array 1 + (2) =
          [[12 22 32]
          [42 52 62]]
         Array 1 - (5) =
          [[ 5 15 25]
          [35 45 55]]
         Array 1 * (2) =
          [[ 20 40 60]
          [ 80 100 120]]
         Array 1 / (5) =
          [[ 2. 4. 6.]
          [ 8. 10. 12.]]
         Array 1 ** (2) =
          [[ 100 400 900]
          [1600 2500 3600]]
In [18]:
          # 18.Perform the following Elementary Mathematical Functions using Numpy Array.
          # 1. sin(array1)
          # 2. cos(array1)
          # 3.tan(array1)
          # 4. sqrt(array1)
          # 5. exp(array1)
          # 6. log10(array1)
          array1 = np.array([[10, 20, 30], [40, 50, 60]])
          print("Original Array is -\n",array1)
          print("sin(array1) -\n",np.sin(array1))
          print("cos(array1) -\n", np.cos(array1))
          print("tan(array1) -\n",np.tan(array1))
          print("sqrt(array1) -\n",np.sqrt(array1))
          print("exp(array1) -\n", np.exp(array1))
          print("log10(array1) -\n",np.log10(array1))
```

```
Original Array is -
          [[10 20 30]
          [40 50 60]]
         sin(array1) -
          [[-0.54402111 0.91294525 -0.98803162]
          [ 0.74511316 -0.26237485 -0.30481062]]
         cos(array1) -
          [[-0.83907153 0.40808206 0.15425145]
          [-0.66693806 0.96496603 -0.95241298]]
         tan(array1) -
          [-1.11721493 -0.27190061 0.32004039]]
         sgrt(array1) -
          [[3.16227766 4.47213595 5.47722558]
          [6.32455532 7.07106781 7.74596669]]
         exp(array1) -
          [[2.20264658e+04 4.85165195e+08 1.06864746e+13]
          [2.35385267e+17 5.18470553e+21 1.14200739e+26]]
         log10(array1) -
          [[1.
                       1.30103
                                 1.47712125]
          [1.60205999 1.69897
                                1.77815125]]
In [19]:
          # 19. Perform the following Element-wise Mathematical Operations using Numpy Array.
          # 1. Addition of array1 and array2
          # 2. Multiplication of array1 and array2
          # 3. Power of array1 and array2
          array1 = np.array([[10, 20, 30], [40, 50, 60]])
          array2 = np.array([[2, 3, 4], [4, 6, 8]])
          array3 = np.array([[-2, 3.5, -4], [4.05, -6, 8]])
          print("Addition of Array 1 and Array 2 -\n",np.add(array1,array2))
          print("Multiplication of Array 1 and Array 2 is -\n",np.multiply(array1, array2))
          print("Power of Array1 and Array2 is -\n",np.power(array1,array2))
         Addition of Array 1 and Array 2 -
          [[12 23 34]
          [44 56 68]]
         Multiplication of Array 1 and Array 2 is -
          [[ 20 60 120]
          [160 300 480]]
         Power of Array1 and Array2 is -
                        100
                                                    8100001
          11
                                      8000
                   2560000
                               15625000000 16796160000000011
In [20]:
          # 20.Perform the following Aggregate and Statistical Functions using Numpy Array.
```

```
# 1. Mean
          # 2. Standard deviation
          # 3. Variance
          # 4. Sum of array elements
          array1 = np.array([[10, 20, 30], [40, 50, 60]])
          print("Mean of the Array 1 is -",np.mean(array1))
          print("Standard Variance of the Array 1 is -",np.std(array1))
          print("Variance of the Array 1 is -",np.var(array1))
          print("Sum of the Array 1 is -",np.sum(array1))
         Mean of the Array 1 is - 35.0
         Standard Variance of the Array 1 is - 17.07825127659933
         Variance of the Array 1 is - 291.666666666667
         Sum of the Array 1 is - 210
In [21]:
          # Use the Where(), Select() and Choose() function to identify the element is less than 4, mul by 2 else by 3
          arr1 = np.array([[1, 2, 3], [4, 5, 6]])
          print("Original Array is -\n",arr1)
          print("Using Where() method -\n",np.where(arr1 < 4, arr1 * 2, arr1 * 3))</pre>
          # print("Using Select() method -\n",np.select([arr1 < 4, arr1], [arr1 * 2, arr1 * 3]))</pre>
          # print("Using Choose() method -\n",np.choose())
         Original Array is -
          [[1 2 3]
          [4 5 6]]
         Using Where() method -
          [[ 2 4 6]
          [12 15 18]]
In [22]:
          # 22.Perform the following Logical Operations using Numpy Array.
          # 1. logical or(Condition array<10, array>15)
          # 2. logical and(Condition array<10, array>15)
          # 3. logical not(Condition array<20)
          thearray = np.array([[10, 20, 30], [14, 24, 36]])
          print("Original Array is -\n", thearray)
          print("Array Elements <10 and >15 using logical or opr are -\n", np.logical or(thearray < 10, thearray > 15))
          print("Array Elements <10 and >15 using logical and opr are -\n",np.logical and(thearray < 10, thearray > 15
          print("Array Elements <20 using logical not are -\n",np.logical not(thearray < 20))</pre>
```

```
Original Array is -
          [[10 20 30]
          [14 24 36]]
         Array Elements <10 and >15 using logical or opr are -
          [[False True True]
          [False True True]]
         Array Elements <10 and >15 using logical and opr are -
          [[False False False]
          [False False False]]
         Array Elements <20 using logical not are -
          [[False True True]
          [False True True]]
In [23]:
          # 23.Perform the following Standard Set Operations using Numpy Array.
          array1 = np.array([[10, 20, 30], [14, 24, 36]])
          array2 = np.array([[20, 40, 50], [24, 34, 46]])
          # 1. Find the union of two arrays
          # 2. Find the intersection of two arrays
          # 3. Find the set difference of two arrays
          print("Original Array 1 is -\n",array1)
          print("Original Array 2 is -\n",array2)
          print("Union of the two arrays are -\n",np.unionld(array1,array2))
          print("Intersection of two arrays -\n",np.intersectld(array1,array2))
          print("Set Difference of two arrays are -\n",np.setdiff1d(array1,array2))
         Original Array 1 is -
          [[10 20 30]
          [14 24 36]]
         Original Array 2 is -
          [[20 40 50]
          [24 34 46]]
         Union of the two arrays are -
          [10 14 20 24 30 34 36 40 46 50]
         Intersection of two arrays -
          [20 24]
         Set Difference of two arrays are -
          [10 14 30 36]
```