## **Unit 5 - Master Pages & Themes**

## 1. What is Master page?

- ASP.NET master pages allow you to create a consistent layout for the pages in your application.
- O Single master page defines the look and feel and standard behavior that you want for all of the pages (or a group of pages) in your application.
- You can then create individual content pages that contain the content you want to display.
- O When users request the content pages, they merge with the master page to produce output that combines the layout of the master page with the content from the content page.
- A master page defines both the static page layout and the regions that can be edited by the ASP.NET pages that use the master page.

## 2. what are the requirements of master page?

- The master pages can be used to accomplish the following:
- Creating a set of controls that are common across all the web pages and attaching them to all the web pages.
- A centralized way to change the above created set of controls which will effectively change all the web pages.
- O Dynamically changing the common UI elements on master page from content pages based on user preferences

## 3. Explain Master Page in brief. Or Explain Content place holder in master page.

- ASP.NET master pages allow you to create a consistent layout for the pages in your application.
- When users request the content pages, they merge with the master page to produce output that combines the layout of the master page with the content from the content page.
- A master page defines both the static page layout and the regions that can be edited by the ASP.NET pages that use the master page.
- These content editable regions are indicated by ContentPlaceHolder control, which can be seen within the content <div>
- Our master page has a single ContentPlaceHolder (MainContent), but master page's may have multiple ContentPlaceHolders.
- The @ Master directive defines it as a master page.
  The master page contains a placeholder tag for individual content.
- The **id** attribute identifies the placeholder, allowing many placeholders in the same master page.
- The master page can also contain code, allowing dynamic content.
  - O <%@ Master Language="VB" AutoEventWireup="true" CodeFile="Site.master.vb" Inherits="Site" %>
  - <asp:contentplaceholder id="MainContent" runat="server">
- O In Content Page,
- @Page directive there's a reference to the master page file used (MasterPageFile="~/Sit e.master"), and
  - the ASP.NET page's markup contains a Content control for each of the ContentPlaceHold er controls defined in the
  - master page, with the control's ContentPlaceHolderID mapping the Content control to a specific ContentPlaceHolder.
- Content control is where you place the markup you want to appear in the corresponding ContentPlaceHolder.
  - O <%@ Page Language="VB" MasterPageFile="~/Site.master" AutoEventWireup="true" CodeFile="Default.aspx.vb" Inherits=" Default" Title="Untitled Page" %>
  - **O** <asp:Content ID="Content1" ContentPlaceHolderID="MainContent" Runat="Server"> //content

</asp:Content>