

Radius Ratio rule

Void	r_+/r_-	range	CN (+)
Tetrahedral	0.225	$[0.225, 0.414)$	4
Octahedral	0.414	$[0.414, 0.732)$	6
Cubical	0.732	$[0.732, 1)$	8

$\frac{r_+}{r_-} = 2 \Rightarrow \frac{r_-}{r_+} = 0.5 \quad [0.414 - 0.732)$
→ Octahedral void

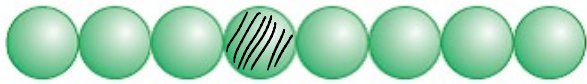
Note:

- #
- ① $P \uparrow \Rightarrow CN \uparrow$
- ② $T \uparrow \Rightarrow CN \downarrow$

Close packing in crystals:

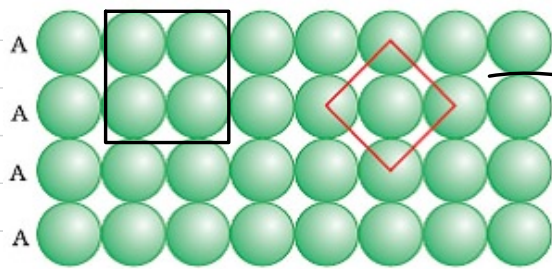
① 1-D Close packing:-

$$CN = 2$$



② 2-D Close packing (Close packing of layers)

②a Square close packing:- AAA----- type



$$CN = 4$$

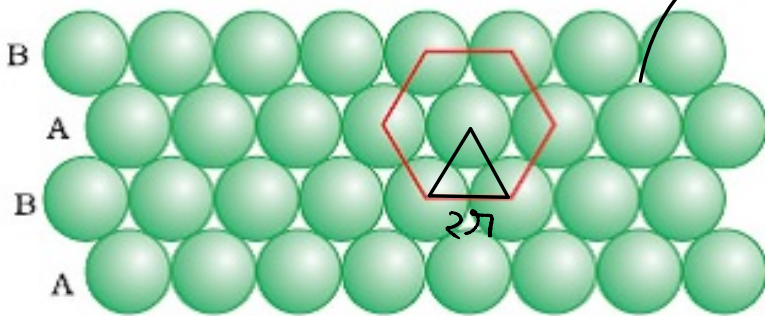
→ Square planar void

PF of Layer

$$= \frac{4 \times \frac{4}{3} \pi r^3}{4r \times 4r \times 2r} = \frac{\pi}{6} = 0.524$$

$$2-D \text{ PF} = \frac{4 \times \pi r^2}{4r \times 4r} = \frac{\pi}{4} = 0.785$$

②b Hexagonal Close packing:- CN=6



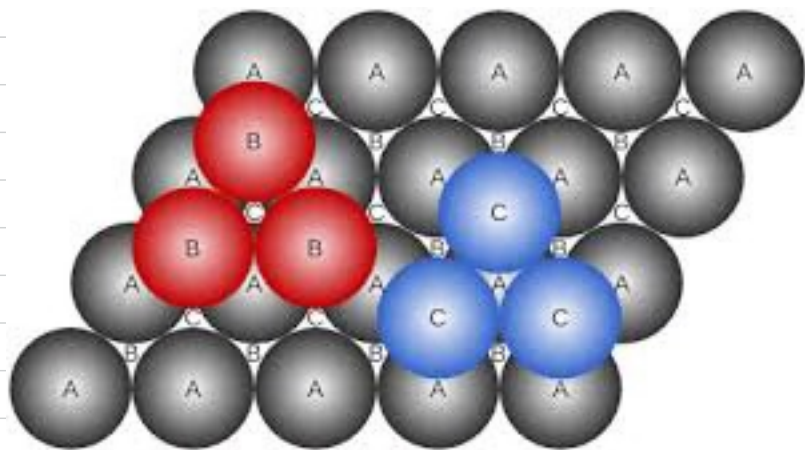
→ Triangular void

$$PF \text{ of Layer} = \frac{3 \times \frac{4}{3} \pi r^3}{\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{4} \times 4r^2\right) \times 6 \times 2r}$$

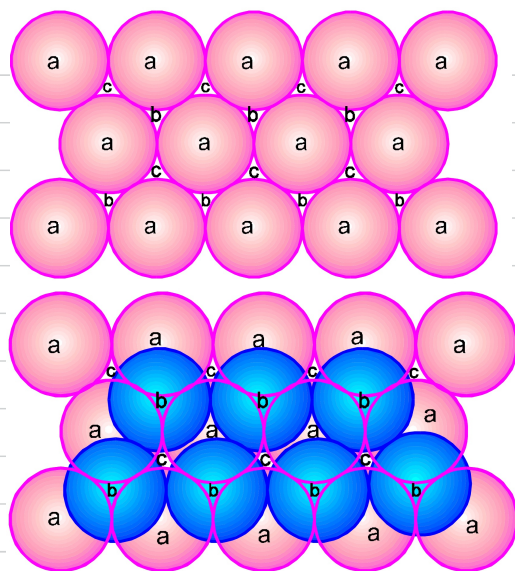
$$= \frac{\pi}{3\sqrt{3}} = 0.604$$

$$2-D \text{ pf} = \frac{3 \times \pi r^2}{\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{4} \times 4r^2\right) \times 6} = \frac{\pi}{2\sqrt{3}} = 0.906$$

Close packing b/w layers (or 3D close packing)

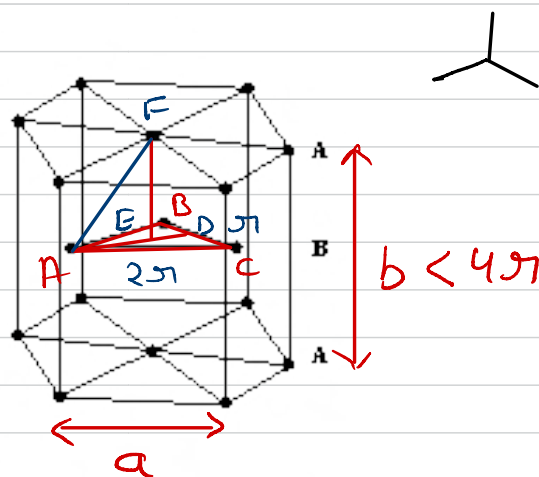
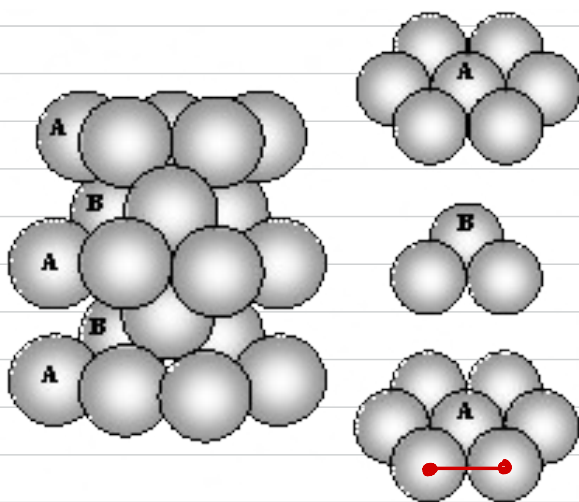


A, B = tetrahedral
C = Octahedral



① ABAB..... type (or hexagonal Close Packing)

hcp arrangement of 3D



① Effective No of particle (Z) = $3 + 2 \times \frac{1}{2} + 12 \times \frac{1}{6}$
= 6

② CN = $3 + 6 + 3 = 12$

③ $a = 2r$

$AF = 2r$

$$AD = \sqrt{(AC)^2 - (CD)^2}$$

$$= \sqrt{4r^2 - r^2} = r\sqrt{3}$$

$$AE = \frac{2}{3} AD = \frac{2r}{\sqrt{3}}$$

$$(FE) = \sqrt{(AF)^2 - (AE)^2} = \sqrt{4r^2 - \frac{4r^2}{3}}$$

$$= 2r \sqrt{\frac{2}{3}}$$