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```
In [4]: class Graph:
            def __init__(self, adjac_list):
                 self.adjac_list = adjac_list
             def get neighbours(self, v):
                 return self.adjac list[v]
             def h(self, n):
                 H = {
                     'S': 14.
                     'A': 12,
                     'B': 11,
                     'C': 6,
                     'D': 4,
                     'E': 11,
                     'G': 0
                 return H[n]
             def a star algorithm(self, start, stop):
                 open lst = set([start])
                 closed lst = set([])
                 g = \{\}
                 g[start] = 0
                 parent = {}
                 parent[start] = start
                 while len(open_lst)>0:
                     n = None
                     for v in open lst:
                         if n==None or g[v]+self.h(v)<g[n]+self.h(n):</pre>
                             n = v
                     if n==None:
                         print('Path does not exist!')
                         return None
                     if n==stop:
                         path = []
                         while parent[n] != n:
                             path.append(n)
                             n=parent[n]
                         path.append(start)
                         path.reverse()
                         print('Path found: {}'.format(path))
                         return path
                     for (m, weight) in self.get_neighbours(n):
                         if m not in open_lst and m not in closed_lst:
                             open lst.add(m)
                             parent[m] = n
                             g[m] = g[n] + weight
                         else:
                             if g[m]>g[n] + weight:
                                  g[m] = g[n] + weight
                                  parent[m] = n
                                  if m in closed_lst:
                                      closed lst.remove(m)
                                      open lst.add(m)
                     open_lst.remove(n)
                     closed lst.add(n)
```

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```
print('Path does not exist!')
    return None

adjac_lis = {
    'S': [('A', 4), ('B', 3)],
    'B': [('C', 7), ('D', 10)],
    'A': [('E', 5), ('D', 12)],
    'C': [('D', 2)],
    'D': [('G', 5)],
    'E': [('G', 16)],
    'G': None
}
graph1 = Graph(adjac_lis)
graph1.a_star_algorithm('S', 'G')

Path found: ['S', 'B', 'C', 'D', 'G']

Out[4]:
In []:
```

```
class Graph:
In [1]:
           def init (self, graph, heuristicNodeList, startNode): #instantiate graph object with graph topology, heuristic
               self.graph = graph
               self.H=heuristicNodeList
               self.start=startNode
               self.parent={}
               self.status={}
               self.solutionGraph={}
           def applyAOStar(self): # starts a recursive AO* algorithm
               self.aoStar(self.start, False)
           def getNeighbors(self, v): # gets the Neighbors of a given node
               return self.graph.get(v,'')
           def getStatus(self,v): # return the status of a given node
               return self.status.get(v,0)
           def setStatus(self,v, val): # set the status of a given node
               self.status[v]=val
           def getHeuristicNodeValue(self, n):
               return self.H.get(n,0) # always return the heuristic value of a given node
           def setHeuristicNodeValue(self, n, value):
               self.H[n]=value # set the revised heuristic value of a given node
           def printSolution(self):
               print("FOR GRAPH SOLUTION, TRAVERSE THE GRAPH FROM THE STARTNODE:",self.start)
               print("-----")
               print(self.solutionGraph)
               print("-----")
           def computeMinimumCostChildNodes(self, v): # Computes the Minimum Cost of child nodes of a given node v
               minimumCost=0
               costToChildNodeListDict={}
               costToChildNodeListDict[minimumCost]=[]
               flag=True
               for nodeInfoTupleList in self.getNeighbors(v): # iterate over all the set of child node/s
                   cost=0
```

```
nodeList=[]
       for c, weight in nodeInfoTupleList:
           cost=cost+self.getHeuristicNodeValue(c)+weight
           nodeList.append(c)
       if flag==True: # initialize Minimum Cost with the cost of first set of child node/s
           minimumCost=cost
           costToChildNodeListDict[minimumCost]=nodeList # set the Minimum Cost child node/s
           flag=False
       else: # checking the Minimum Cost nodes with the current Minimum Cost
           if minimumCost>cost:
               minimumCost=cost
               costToChildNodeListDict[minimumCost]=nodeList # set the Minimum Cost child node/s
   return minimumCost, costToChildNodeListDict[minimumCost] # return Minimum Cost and Minimum Cost child node/s
def aoStar(self, v, backTracking): # AO* algorithm for a start node and backTracking status flag
   print("HEURISTIC VALUES :", self.H)
   print("SOLUTION GRAPH :", self.solutionGraph)
   print("PROCESSING NODE :", v)
   print("-----")
   if self.qetStatus(v) \geq 0: # if status node v \geq 0, compute Minimum Cost nodes of v
       minimumCost, childNodeList = self.computeMinimumCostChildNodes(v)
       self.setHeuristicNodeValue(v, minimumCost)
       self.setStatus(v,len(childNodeList))
       solved=True # check the Minimum Cost nodes of v are solved
       for childNode in childNodeList:
           self.parent[childNode]=v
           if self.getStatus(childNode)!=-1:
               solved=solved & False
       if solved==True: # if the Minimum Cost nodes of v are solved, set the current node status as solved(-1)
           self.setStatus(v.-1)
           self.solutionGraph[v]=childNodeList # update the solution graph with the solved nodes which may be a
       if v!=self.start: # check the current node is the start node for backtracking the current node value
```

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```
self.aoStar(self.parent[v]. True) # backtracking the current node value with backtracking status set
            if backTracking==False: # check the current call is not for backtracking
                for childNode in childNodeList: # for each Minimum Cost child node
                    self.setStatus(childNode,0) # set the status of child node to O(needs exploration)
                    self.aoStar(childNode. False) # Minimum Cost child node is further explored with backtracking sta
h1 = {'A': 1, 'B': 6, 'C': 2, 'D': 12, 'E': 2, 'F': 1, 'G': 5, 'H': 7, 'I': 7, 'J':1, 'T': 3}
qraph1 = {
    'A': [[('B', 1), ('C', 1)], [('D', 1)]],
    'B': [[('G', 1)], [('H', 1)]],
    'C': [[('J', 1)]],
    'D': [[('E', 1), ('F', 1)]],
    'G': [[('I', 1)]]
G1= Graph(graph1, h1, 'A')
G1.applyAOStar()
G1.printSolution()
h2 = {'A': 1, 'B': 6, 'C': 12, 'D': 10, 'E': 4, 'F': 4, 'G': 5, 'H': 7} # Heuristic values of Nodes
graph2 = { # Graph of Nodes and Edges
    'A': [[('B', 1), ('C', 1)], [('D', 1)]], # Neighbors of Node 'A', B, C & D with repective weights
    'B': [[('G', 1)], [('H', 1)]], # Neighbors are included in a list of lists
    'D': [[('E', 1), ('F', 1)]] # Each sublist indicate a "OR" node or "AND" nodes
G2 = Graph(graph2, h2, 'A') # Instantiate Graph object with graph, heuristic values and start Node
G2.applyAOStar() # Run the AO* algorithm
G2.printSolution() # print the solution graph as AO* Algorithm search
```

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```
HEURISTIC VALUES: {'A': 1, 'B': 6, 'C': 2, 'D': 12, 'E': 2, 'F': 1, 'G': 5, 'H': 7, 'I': 7, 'J': 1, 'T': 3}
SOLUTION GRAPH : {}
PROCESSING NODE: A
HEURISTIC VALUES: {'A': 10, 'B': 6, 'C': 2, 'D': 12, 'E': 2, 'F': 1, 'G': 5, 'H': 7, 'I': 7, 'J': 1, 'T': 3}
SOLUTION GRAPH : {}
PROCESSING NODE : B
______
HEURISTIC VALUES: {'A': 10. 'B': 6. 'C': 2. 'D': 12. 'E': 2. 'F': 1. 'G': 5. 'H': 7. 'I': 7. 'J': 1. 'T': 3}
SOLUTION GRAPH : {}
PROCESSING NODE : A
HEURISTIC VALUES: {'A': 10, 'B': 6, 'C': 2, 'D': 12, 'E': 2, 'F': 1, 'G': 5, 'H': 7, 'I': 7, 'J': 1, 'T': 3}
SOLUTION GRAPH : {}
PROCESSING NODE : G
HEURISTIC VALUES: {'A': 10, 'B': 6, 'C': 2, 'D': 12, 'E': 2, 'F': 1, 'G': 8, 'H': 7, 'I': 7, 'J': 1, 'T': 3}
SOLUTION GRAPH : {}
PROCESSING NODE : B
HEURISTIC VALUES: {'A': 10, 'B': 8, 'C': 2, 'D': 12, 'E': 2, 'F': 1, 'G': 8, 'H': 7, 'I': 7, 'J': 1, 'T': 3}
SOLUTION GRAPH : {}
PROCESSING NODE: A
HEURISTIC VALUES: {'A': 12, 'B': 8, 'C': 2, 'D': 12, 'E': 2, 'F': 1, 'G': 8, 'H': 7, 'I': 7, 'J': 1, 'T': 3}
SOLUTION GRAPH : {}
PROCESSING NODE : I
HEURISTIC VALUES: {'A': 12, 'B': 8, 'C': 2, 'D': 12, 'E': 2, 'F': 1, 'G': 8, 'H': 7, 'I': 0, 'J': 1, 'T': 3}
SOLUTION GRAPH : {'I': []}
PROCESSING NODE : G
HEURISTIC VALUES: {'A': 12, 'B': 8, 'C': 2, 'D': 12, 'E': 2, 'F': 1, 'G': 1, 'H': 7, 'I': 0, 'J': 1, 'T': 3}
SOLUTION GRAPH : {'I': [], 'G': ['I']}
PROCESSING NODE : B
HEURISTIC VALUES: {'A': 12, 'B': 2, 'C': 2, 'D': 12, 'E': 2, 'F': 1, 'G': 1, 'H': 7, 'I': 0, 'J': 1, 'T': 3}
SOLUTION GRAPH : {'I': [], 'G': ['I'], 'B': ['G']}
PROCESSING NODE: A
HEURISTIC VALUES: {'A': 6, 'B': 2, 'C': 2, 'D': 12, 'E': 2, 'F': 1, 'G': 1, 'H': 7, 'I': 0, 'J': 1, 'T': 3}
SOLUTION GRAPH : {'I': [], 'G': ['I'], 'B': ['G']}
PROCESSING NODE : C
```

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```
HEURISTIC VALUES: {'A': 6, 'B': 2, 'C': 2, 'D': 12, 'E': 2, 'F': 1, 'G': 1, 'H': 7, 'I': 0, 'J': 1, 'T': 3}
SOLUTION GRAPH : {'I': [], 'G': ['I'], 'B': ['G']}
PROCESSING NODE : A
-----
HEURISTIC VALUES: {'A': 6, 'B': 2, 'C': 2, 'D': 12, 'E': 2, 'F': 1, 'G': 1, 'H': 7, 'I': 0, 'J': 1, 'T': 3}
SOLUTION GRAPH : {'I': [], 'G': ['I'], 'B': ['G']}
PROCESSING NODE : J
_____
HEURISTIC VALUES: {'A': 6, 'B': 2, 'C': 2, 'D': 12, 'E': 2, 'F': 1, 'G': 1, 'H': 7, 'I': 0, 'J': 0, 'T': 3}
SOLUTION GRAPH : {'I': [], 'G': ['I'], 'B': ['G'], 'J': []}
PROCESSING NODE : C
______
HEURISTIC VALUES: {'A': 6, 'B': 2, 'C': 1, 'D': 12, 'E': 2, 'F': 1, 'G': 1, 'H': 7, 'I': 0, 'J': 0. 'T': 3}
SOLUTION GRAPH : {'I': [], 'G': ['I'], 'B': ['G'], 'J': [], 'C': ['J']}
PROCESSING NODE : A
______
FOR GRAPH SOLUTION, TRAVERSE THE GRAPH FROM THE STARTNODE: A
______
{'I': [], 'G': ['I'], 'B': ['G'], 'J': [], 'C': ['J'], 'A': ['B', 'C']}
HEURISTIC VALUES: {'A': 1, 'B': 6, 'C': 12, 'D': 10, 'E': 4, 'F': 4, 'G': 5, 'H': 7}
SOLUTION GRAPH : {}
PROCESSING NODE : A
HEURISTIC VALUES: {'A': 11, 'B': 6, 'C': 12, 'D': 10, 'E': 4, 'F': 4, 'G': 5, 'H': 7}
SOLUTION GRAPH : {}
PROCESSING NODE : D
HEURISTIC VALUES: {'A': 11, 'B': 6, 'C': 12, 'D': 10, 'E': 4, 'F': 4, 'G': 5, 'H': 7}
SOLUTION GRAPH : {}
PROCESSING NODE: A
HEURISTIC VALUES: {'A': 11, 'B': 6, 'C': 12, 'D': 10, 'E': 4, 'F': 4, 'G': 5, 'H': 7}
SOLUTION GRAPH : {}
PROCESSING NODE : E
HEURISTIC VALUES: {'A': 11, 'B': 6, 'C': 12, 'D': 10, 'E': 0, 'F': 4, 'G': 5, 'H': 7}
SOLUTION GRAPH : {'E': []}
PROCESSING NODE : D
HEURISTIC VALUES: {'A': 11, 'B': 6, 'C': 12, 'D': 6, 'E': 0, 'F': 4, 'G': 5, 'H': 7}
SOLUTION GRAPH : {'E': []}
PROCESSING NODE : A
```

12/12/2022, 14:59 prog3

```
In [7]: import pandas as pd
        import numpy as np
         data=pd.DataFrame(data=pd.read csv('/home/student/Desktop/dataset/finds.csv'))
         concepts=np.array(data.iloc[:,0:-1])
         target=np.array(data.iloc[:,-1])
         def learn(concepts, target):
                 specific h=concepts[0].copy()
                 general h=[["?" for i in range(len(specific h))]for i in range(len(specific h))]
                 for i,h in enumerate(concepts):
                     if target[i]=="yes":
                         for x in range(len(specific h)):
                             if h[x]!=specific h[x]:
                                 specific h[x]='?'
                                 general h[x][x]='?'
                     if target[i]=="no":
                         for x in range (len(specific h)):
                             if h[x]!=specific h[x]:
                                 general h[x][x]=specific h[x]
                             else:
                                 general h[x][x]='?'
                 indices=[i for i,val in enumerate (general h)if val==['?','?','?','?','?','?']]
                 for i in indices:
                     general h.remove(['?','?','?','?','?'])
                 return specific h, general h
         s final,g final=learn(concepts,target)
         print("final s:",s final,sep="\n")
         print("final g:",g final,sep="\n")
         data.head()
         final s:
        ['sunny' 'warm' '?' 'strong' '?' '?']
         final q:
        [['sunny', '?', '?', '?', '?'], ['?', 'warm', '?', '?', '?', '?']]
Out[7]:
             sky temp humidity wind water forecast enjoy
         0 sunny warm
                        normal strong
                                    warm
                                             same
                                                    yes
                          high strong
         1 sunnv
                 warm
                                     warm
                                             same
                                                    yes
                          high strong
           rainv
                  cold
                                     warm
                                            change
                                                     no
         3 sunny warm
                          high strong
                                      cold
                                            change
                                                    yes
```

```
In [3]: import math
        import csv
        def load csv(filename):
            lines=csv.reader(open(filename, "r"))
             dataset=list(lines)
             headers=dataset.pop(0)
             return dataset,headers
         class Node:
             def init (self,attribute):
                 self.attribute=attribute
                 self.children=[]
                 self.answer=""
        def subtables(data,col,delete):
             dic={}
             coldata=[row[col] for row in data]
             attr=list(set(coldata))
            for k in attr:
                 dic[k]=[]
            for y in range(len(data)):
                 key=data[v][col]
                 if delete:
                     del data[v][col]
                 dic[key].append(data[y])
             return attr,dic
        def entropy(s):
             attr=list(set(s))
             if len(attr)==1:
                 return 0
             counts=[0,0]
            for i in range(2):
                 counts[i]=sum([1 for x in s if attr[i]==x])/(len(s)*1.0)
             sums=0
            for cnt in counts:
                 sums+=-1*cnt*math.log(cnt,2)
             return sums
        def compute gain(data,col):
             attvalues, dic=subtables(data, col, delete=False)
            total entropy=entropy([row[-1] for row in data])
```

prog4

```
for x in range(len(attvalues)):
        ratio=len(dic[attvalues[x]])/(len(data)*1.0)
        entro=entropy([row[-1] for row in dic[attvalues[x]]])
        total entropy-=ratio*entro
    return total entropy
def build tree(data, features):
    lastcol=[row[-1] for row in data]
    if(len(set(lastcol)))==1:
        node=Node(" ")
        node.answer=lastcol[0]
        return node
    n=len(data[0])-1
    gains=[compute gain(data,col)for col in range(n)]
    split=gains.index(max(gains))
    node = Node(features[split])
    fea=features[:split]+features[split+1:]
    attr, dic=subtables(data, split, delete=True)
    for x in range(len(attr)):
        child=build tree(dic[attr[x]],fea)
        node.children.append((attr[x],child))
    return node
def print tree(node,level):
    if node.answer!=" ":
        print(" "*level, node.answer)
        return
    print(" "*level, node.attribute)
    for value, n in node.children:
        print(""*(level+1), value)
        print tree(n,level+2)
def classify(node,x test,features):
    if node.answer!="":
        return
    pos=features.index(node.attribute)
    for values,n in node.children:
        if x test[pos]==values:
            classify(n,x test,features)
#main program
dataset,features=load csv("/home/student/Desktop/dataset/playtennis.csv")
node=build tree(dataset,features)
print("The decision tree for the dataset using id3 algorithm is")
```

```
print_tree(node,0)
testdata,features=load_csv("/home/student/Desktop/dataset/test_tennis.csv")
for xtest in testdata:
    print("the test instance:",xtest)
    print("the predicted lable:",end="")
    classify(node,xtest,features)
```

The decision tree for the dataset using id3 algorithm is

the test instance: ['rain', 'cool', 'normal', 'strong']
the predicted lable: the test instance: ['sunny', 'mild', 'normal', 'strong']
the predicted lable:

import pandas as pd
training_data=pd.read_csv("/home/student/Desktop/dataset/playtennis.csv")
training data

2]:		Outlook	Temperature	Humidity	Wind	Answer
	0	sunny	hot	high	weak	no
	1	sunny	hot	high	strong	no
	2	overcast	hot	high	weak	yes
	3	rain	mild	high	weak	yes
	4	rain	cool	normal	weak	yes
	5	rain	cool	normal	strong	no
	6	overcast	cool	normal	strong	yes
	7	sunny	mild	high	weak	no
	8	sunny	cool	normal	weak	yes
	9	rain	mild	normal	weak	yes
	10	sunny	mild	normal	strong	yes
	11	overcast	mild	high	strong	yes
	12	overcast	hot	normal	weak	yes
	13	rain	mild	high	strong	no

Out[

```
import pandas as pd
training_data=pd.read_csv("/home/student/Desktop/dataset/test_tennis.csv")
training_data
```

Out[3]:		Outlook	Temperature	Humidity	Wind
	0	rain	cool	normal	strong
	1	sunny	mild	normal	strong

```
In [5]: import random
         from math import exp
         from random import seed
         def initialize network(n inputs, n hidden, n outputs):
             network =list()
             hidden layer = [{'weights':[random.uniform(-0.5,0.5) for i in range(n inputs + 1)]} for i in range(n hidden)]
             network.append(hidden layer)
             output layer = [\{\text{'weights'}: [\text{random.uniform}(-0.5, 0.5) \text{ for i in range}(\text{n hidden} + 1)]\} for i in range(n outputs)]
             network.append(output layer)
             return network
         def activate(weights, inputs):
             activation = weights[-1]
             for i in range(len(weights)-1):
                 activation += weights[i] * inputs[i]
             return activation
         def transfer(activation):
             return 1.0/(1.0 + \exp(-activation))
         def forward propagate(network , row):
             inputs = row
             for layer in network:
                 new inputs =[]
                 for neuron in layer:
                     activation = activate(neuron['weights'], inputs)
                     neuron['output']= transfer(activation)
                     new inputs.append(neuron['output'])
                 inputs = new inputs
             return inputs
         def transfer derivative(output):
             return output * (1.0 - output)
         def backward propagate error(network ,expected):
             for i in reversed(range(len(network))):
                 laver = network[i]
                 errors = list()
                 if i != len(network)-1 :
                     for j in range(len(layer)):
                         error = 0.0
                         for neuron in network[i + 1]:
                             error += (neuron['weights'][j] * neuron['delta'])
                         errors.append(error)
                 else:
                     for j in range(len(layer)):
                         neuron = layer[j]
```

proa5

```
errors.append(expected[j] - neuron['output'])
        for j in range(len(layer)):
            neuron = laver[i]
            neuron['delta'] = errors[j] * transfer derivative(neuron['output'])
def update weights(network, row, l rate):
    for i in range(len(network)):
        inputs = row[: -1]
        if i != 0:
            inputs = [neuron['output'] for neuron in network[i - 1]]
        for neuron in network[i]:
            for j in range(len(inputs)):
                neuron['weights'][i] += l rate * neuron['delta'] * inputs[i]
            neuron['weights'][-1] += l rate * neuron['delta']
def train network(network, train, l rate, n epoch, n outputs):
        for epoch in range(n epoch):
            sum error = 0
            for row in train:
                outputs = forward propagate(network, row)
                expected = [0 for i in range(n outputs)]
                expected[row[-1]] = 1
                sum error += sum([(expected[i] -outputs[i])**2 for i in range(len(expected))])
                backward propagate error(network, expected)
                update weights(network, row, l rate)
            print('>epoch=%d, lrate=%.3f, error=%.3f' % (epoch, l rate, sum error))
seed(1)
dataset = [[2.7810836, 2.550537003, 0],
           [1.465489372,2.362125076,0],
           [3.396561688, 4.400293529, 0],
           [1.38807019, 1.850220317, 0],
           [3.06407232,3.0050220317,0],
           [7.627531214, 2.759262235, 1],
           [5.332441248,2.088626775,1],
           [6.922596716,1.77106367,1],
           [8.675418651, -0.242068655, 1],
           [7.673756466,3.508563011,1]]
n inputs = len(dataset[0])-1
n outputs = len(set([row[-1] for row in dataset]))
network = initialize network(n inputs , 2, n outputs)
print(network)
train network(network, dataset, 0.5,10, n outputs)
for layer in network:
    print(layer)
```

```
[[{'weights': [-0.3656357558875988, 0.3474337369372327, 0.26377461897661403]}, {'weights': [-0.2449309742605783, -0.0
04564912908059049, -0.050508935211261874]}], [{'weights': [0.15159297272276295, 0.2887233511355132, -0.40614041322576
51|}. {'weights': [-0.4716525234779937. 0.3357651039198697. -0.06723293209494663|}||
>epoch=0, lrate=0.500, error=4.763
>epoch=1, lrate=0.500, error=4.558
>epoch=2, lrate=0.500, error=4.316
>epoch=3, lrate=0.500, error=4.035
>epoch=4, lrate=0.500, error=3.733
>epoch=5. lrate=0.500. error=3.428
>epoch=6, lrate=0.500, error=3.132
>epoch=7, lrate=0.500, error=2.850
>epoch=8, lrate=0.500, error=2.588
>epoch=9, lrate=0.500, error=2.348
[{'weights': [-1.1463897474725036, 1.3042284004924503, 0.5852017931585984], 'output': 0.03442281577237726, 'delta': -
0.008364387542565752}, {'weights': [-0.5385173279741822, 0.35104917838159383, 0.05286718071658475], 'output': 0.06401
680323288057, 'delta': -0.004583419945797485}]
[{'weights': [1.463301526815239, 0.836981834952207, -0.7888850651698373], 'output': 0.34390741525894336, 'delta': -0.
0775975857483978}, {'weights': [-1.6666896342474495, -0.1345911518872607, 0.6857645557122467], 'output': 0.6406516742
64048, 'delta': 0.0827281317861522}]
```

12/12/2022, 15:01 prog6

```
In [1]: from sklearn import datasets
        from sklearn.model selection import train test split
        from sklearn.naive bayes import GaussianNB
        from sklearn import metrics
        iris=datasets.load iris()
        print("Iris dataset loaded")
        X,y=datasets.load iris(return X y=True)
        X train, X test, y train, y test=train test split(X, y, test size=0.05, random state=0)
        print("Dataset is aplit into trainingand testing...")
        print("Size of training data and its lable", X train.shape, y train.shape)
        print("Size of training data and its lable", X test.shape, y test.shape)
        for i in range(len(iris.target names)):
             print("Lable",i,"-",str(iris.target names[i]))
        gnb=GaussianNB()
        y_pred=gnb.fit(X_train,y_train).predict(X_test)
        print("confusion matrix:\n",metrics.confusion matrix(y test,y pred))
        print("Results of classification using Navis Bayes")
        for r in range(0,len(X test)):
             print("Sample:",str(X test[r]),"Actual Lable:",str(y test[r]),"predicted lable:",str(y pred[r]))
        print("Classification accuracy:",gnb.score(X test,y test))
        print("Other reports:\n",metrics.classification report(y test,y pred))
```

```
Iris dataset loaded
Dataset is aplit into training and testing...
Size of training data and its lable (142, 4) (142,)
Size of training data and its lable (8, 4) (8,)
Lable 0 - setosa
Lable 1 - versicolor
Lable 2 - virginica
confusion matrix:
[[3 0 0]]
[0 2 0]
 [0 0 3]]
Results of classification using Navis Bayes
Sample: [5.8 2.8 5.1 2.4] Actual Lable: 2 predicted lable: 2
Sample: [6. 2.2 4. 1.] Actual Lable: 1 predicted lable: 1
Sample: [5.5 4.2 1.4 0.2] Actual Lable: 0 predicted lable: 0
Sample: [7.3 2.9 6.3 1.8] Actual Lable: 2 predicted lable: 2
Sample: [5. 3.4 1.5 0.2] Actual Lable: 0 predicted lable: 0
Sample: [6.3 3.3 6. 2.5] Actual Lable: 2 predicted lable: 2
Sample: [5. 3.5 1.3 0.3] Actual Lable: 0 predicted lable: 0
Sample: [6.7 3.1 4.7 1.5] Actual Lable: 1 predicted lable: 1
Classification accuracy: 1.0
Other reports:
               precision
                            recall f1-score
                                               support
           0
                   1.00
                             1.00
                                       1.00
                                                    3
                   1.00
                                                    2
           1
                             1.00
                                       1.00
           2
                   1.00
                             1.00
                                       1.00
                                                    3
                                                    8
    accuracy
                                       1.00
                                                    8
   macro avg
                   1.00
                             1.00
                                       1.00
weighted avg
                   1.00
                             1.00
                                       1.00
```

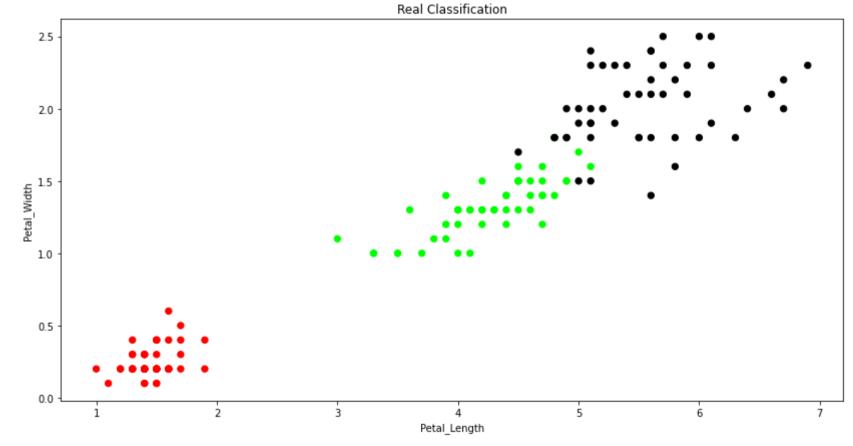
Program 7 - EMA: Expectation Maximization Algorithm

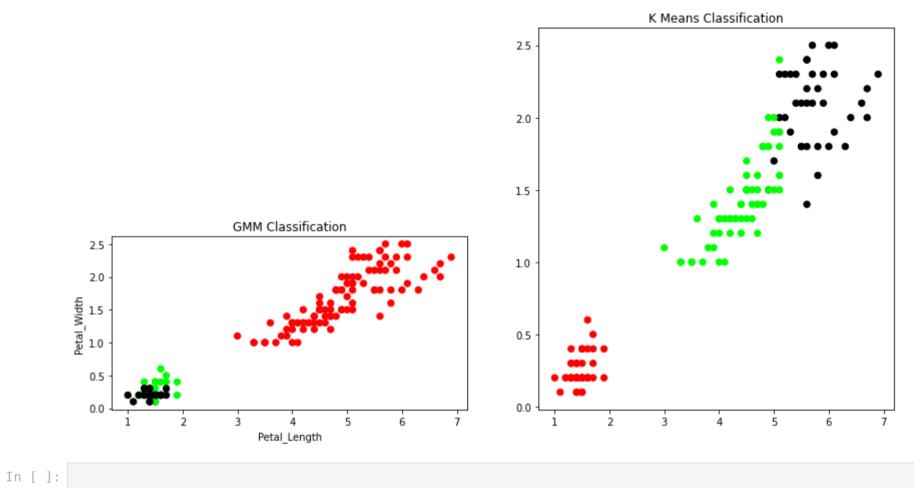
```
In [18]: import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
         from sklearn import datasets
         from sklearn.cluster import KMeans
         import sklearn.metrics as sm
         import pandas as pd
         import numpy as np
         from sklearn import preprocessing
         from sklearn.mixture import GaussianMixture
         iris = datasets.load iris()
         X = pd.DataFrame(iris.data)
         X.columns = ["Sepal Length", "Sepal Width", "Petal Length", "Petal Width"]
         v = pd.DataFrame(iris.target)
         y.columns = ["Targets"]
         model = KMeans(n clusters = 3)
         model.fit(X)
         model.labels
         plt.figure(figsize = (14, 7))
         colormap = np.array(["red", "lime", "black"])
         plt.subplot(1, 1, 1)
         plt.scatter(X.Petal Length, X.Petal Width, c = colormap[y.Targets], s = 40)
         plt.title("Real Classification")
         plt.xlabel("Petal Length")
         plt.vlabel("Petal Width")
         plt.figure(figsize = (14, 7))
         predY = np.choose(model.labels , [0, 1, 2]).astype(np.int64)
         plt.subplot(1, 2, 2)
         plt.scatter(X.Petal Length, X.Petal Width, c = colormap[predY], s = 40)
         plt.title("K Means Classification")
         scaler = preprocessing.StandardScaler()
         scaler.fit(X)
         xsa = scaler.transform(X)
         xs = pd.DataFrame(xsa, columns = X.columns)
```

```
gmm = GaussianMixture(n_components = 3)
gmm.fit(xs)
y_cluster_gmm = gmm.predict(xs)
plt.subplot(2, 2, 3)
plt.scatter(X.Petal_Length, X.Petal_Width, c = colormap[y_cluster_gmm], s = 40)
plt.title("GMM Classification")
plt.xlabel("Petal_Length")
plt.ylabel("Petal_Width")

print("Observation: The GMM using EM algorithm based clustering matched the true label more closely than the K-MEANS"
```

Observation: The GMM using EM algorithm based clustering matched the true label more closely than the K-MEANS





Program 8 - KNN: K-Nearest Neighbor

```
In [10]: from sklearn.model selection import train test split
         from sklearn.neighbors import KNeighborsClassifier
         from sklearn import datasets
         iris = datasets.load iris()
         print("Iris dataset loaded")
         x train, x test, y train, y test = train test split(iris.data, iris.target, test size = 0.1)
         print("Dataset is split into training and testing: ")
         print("Size of training data and its label: " , x train.shape, y train.shape)
         print("Size of testining data and its label: ", x test.shape, y test.shape)
         for i in range(len(iris.target names)):
             print("Label: ", i, "-", str(iris.target names[i]))
         classifier = KNeighborsClassifier(n neighbors = 2)
         classifier.fit(x train, y train)
         y pred = classifier.predict(x test)
         print("Results of classification using KNN with K = 2: ")
         for r in range(0, len(x test)):
             print("Sample: ", str(x test[r]), "\t Actual Label: ", str(y test[r]), "\t Predicted Label: ", str(y pred[r]))
         print("Classification accuracy: ", classifier.score(x_test, y_test))
```

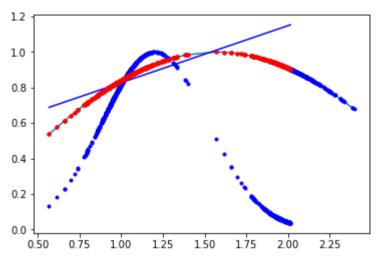
Iris dataset loaded Dataset is split into training and testing: Size of training data and its label: (135, 4) (135.) Size of testining data and its label: (15, 4) (15,) Label: 0 - setosa Label: 1 - versicolor Label: 2 - virginica Results of classification using KNN with K = 2: Sample: [6.7 3.1 5.6 2.4] Actual Label: 2 Predicted Label: 2 Sample: [6.6 2.9 4.6 1.3] Actual Label: 1 Predicted Label: 1 Sample: [6.3 2.5 4.9 1.5] Actual Label: 1 Predicted Label: 2 Sample: [6.5 3. 5.8 2.2] Actual Label: 2 Predicted Label: 2 Sample: [6.6 3. 4.4 1.4] Actual Label: 1 Predicted Label: 1 Actual Label: 0 Predicted Label: 0 Sample: [4.9 3.1 1.5 0.1] Sample: [5.6 2.9 3.6 1.3] Actual Label: 1 Predicted Label: 1 Sample: [6.9 3.2 5.7 2.3] Actual Label: 2 Predicted Label: 2 Actual Label: 2 Sample: [6.3 3.4 5.6 2.4] Predicted Label: 2 Sample: [4.6 3.1 1.5 0.2] Actual Label: 0 Predicted Label: 0 Sample: [5.8 2.7 3.9 1.2] Actual Label: 1 Predicted Label: 1 Sample: [5. 3. 1.6 0.2] Actual Label: 0 Predicted Label: 0 Sample: [7.7 2.8 6.7 2.] Actual Label: 2 Predicted Label: 2 Sample: [4.9 2.4 3.3 1.] Predicted Label: 1 Actual Label: 1 Sample: [5.8 2.7 5.1 1.9] Actual Label: 2 Predicted Label: 2

```
In [1]: import numpy as np
         import pandas as pd
         from sklearn.datasets import load boston
         import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
         %matplotlib inline
         import math
         import warnings
         warnings.filterwarnings('ignore')
         boston =load boston()
         features=pd.DataFrame(boston.data,columns=boston.feature names)
         target=pd.DataFrame(boston.target,columns=['target'])
         data=pd.concat([features,target],axis=1)
         x=data['RM']
         X1=sorted(np.array(x/x.mean()))
         X=X1+[i+1 \text{ for } i \text{ in } X1]
         Y=np.sin(X)
         plt.plot(X,Y)
         n=int(0.8*len(X))
         x train=X[:n]
         y train=Y[:n]
         x test=X[n:]
         y test=Y[n:]
         w=np.exp([-(1.2-i)**2/(2*0.1) for i in x train])
         plt.plot(x train,y train,'r.')
         plt.plot(x train,w,'b.')
         def h(x,a,b):
             return a*x + b
         def error(a,x,b,y,w):
             e=0
             m=len(x)
             for i in range(m):
                 e+=np.power(h(x[i],a,b,)-y[i],2)*w[i]
             return(1/(2*m))*e
         def step gradient(a,x,b,y,learning rate,w):
             grad a=0
             grad b=0
             m=len(x)
```

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```
for i in range(m):
                 grad a += (2/m)*((h(x[i],a,b)-y[i])*x[i])*w[i]
                 grad b += (2/m)*(h(x[i],a,b)-y[i])*w[i]
             a=a-(grad a * learning rate)
             b=b-(grad b * learning rate)
             return a.b
        def descend(initial a,initial b,x,y,learning rate,iterations,w):
             a=initial a
             b=initial b
             for i in range(iterations):
                 e=error(a,x,b,y,w)
                 if i%1000==0:
                     print(f"Error:{e}---- a:{a}, b:{b}")
                 a,b=step gradient(a,x,b,y, learning rate,w)
             return a,b
         a=1.8600662368042573
         b=-0.7962243178421666
        learning rate=0.01
         iterations=10000
        final a, final b = descend(a,b,x train,y train, learning rate,iterations,w)
        H=[i*final a+final b for i in x train]
         plt.plot(x train, y train, 'r.', x train, H, 'b')
         print(error(a,x test,b,y test,w))
        print(error(final a,x test,final b,y test,w))
         plt.plot(x test,y test,'b.',x train,y train,'r.')
         Error: 0.06614137226206705---- a: 1.8600662368042573, b: -0.7962243178421666
        Error: 0.01831248988715221---- a:1.3533605603913972, b:-0.6206735673234249
         Error: 0.011422762970211432---- a: 1.1032234861838637, b: -0.347590814908577
         Error: 0.007176247674245229---- a: 0.9068452261129998, b: -0.13319830250762849
        Error: 0.0045588881799908---- a: 0.7526720746347257, b: 0.0351175247039557
         Error: 0.0029456664570710403---- a: 0.6316334187867452, b: 0.16725934893398114
         Error: 0.0019513497294632626---- a: 0.536608078323685, b: 0.2710015934995427
         Error: 0.001338497980224941---- a: 0.46200533867114346, b: 0.3524478227325071
        Error: 0.0009607639482851428---- a: 0.4034360271954487, b: 0.41638983867834906
         Error: 0.0007279458172072266---- a: 0.35745428091221954, b: 0.4665896016596849
         1.6930984012182055
        0.037219754002487955
         [<matplotlib.lines.Line2D at 0x7f6a3a560c70>,
Out[1]:
         <matplotlib.lines.Line2D at 0x7f6a3a560d30>]
```

12/12/2022, 15:06 prog9



In []:
In []: