Fetch method with JavaScript can be achieved in two ways: Promise or Async/Await.

Promises:

\*kind of like a chain reaction

fetch, then, then (also catch, to see errors coming back)

fetch("https://api.github.com/users/adion81")

    .then(response *=>* response.json() )

    .then(coderData *=>* console.log(coderData) )

    .catch(err *=>* console.log(err) )

Async/Await:

async *function* getCoderData() {

    // The await keyword lets js know that it needs to wait until it gets a response back to continue.

*var* response = await fetch("https://api.github.com/users/adion81");

    // We then need to convert the data into JSON format.

*var* coderData = await response.json();

return coderData;

}

console.log(getCoderData());

This and the other one above do the same thing.

JSON = **J**ava**S**cript **O**bject **N**otation

* A lightweight format for storing and transporting data
* The data is stored in key:value pairs, just like how data is stored in JavaScript objects
* Standard return type of most APIs

Accessing data in JSON object - <https://login.codingdojo.com/m/506/12468/87484>