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In [ ]: # Netflix EDA Project
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
import plotly.express as px

# Settings
sns.set(style="whitegrid")
plt.rcParams['figure.figsize'] = (10, 6)

# Load Data
df = pd.read_csv(r"C:\Users\Dhams\Downloads\archive (2)\netflix_titles.csv")

# 1. Quick Overview
print("Shape:", df.shape)
print("\nData Types:\n", df.dtypes)
print("\nMissing Values:\n", df.isnull().sum())

# 2. Data Cleaning
df['date_added'] = pd.to_datetime(df['date_added'].str.strip(), errors='coerce')
df['year_added'] = df['date_added'].dt.year
df['month_added'] = df['date_added'].dt.month
df['country'] = df['country'].fillna("Unknown")
df['rating'] = df['rating'].fillna("Not Rated")
df['duration'] = df['duration'].fillna("Unknown")
df.dropna(subset=['cast', 'director'], inplace=True)

# 3. Univariate Analysis
# Content Type
sns.countplot(data=df, x='type', palette='Set2')
plt.title("Content Type Distribution")
plt.show()

# Top 10 Countries
top_countries = df['country'].value_counts().head(10)
sns.barplot(y=top_countries.index, x=top_countries.values, palette="Set3")
plt.title("Top 10 Countries with Most Content")
plt.xlabel("Count")
plt.show()

# Content added per year
df['year_added'].value_counts().sort_index().plot(kind='bar')
plt.title("Content Added per Year")
plt.xlabel("Year")
plt.ylabel("Number of Titles")
plt.show()

# Rating distribution
sns.countplot(data=df, y='rating', order=df['rating'].value_counts().index, pale
plt.title("Distribution of Ratings")
plt.show()

# 4. Bivariate Analysis
# TV Show vs Movie over time
tv_movie_by_year = df.groupby(['year_added', 'type']).size().unstack().fillna(0)
tv_movie_by_year.plot(kind='bar', stacked=True, colormap='Accent')
plt.title("Movies vs TV Shows Added Over Years")

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plt.ylabel("Count")
plt.show()

# Duration distribution for Movies
movie_df = df[df['type'] == 'Movie'].copy()
movie_df['duration_minutes'] = movie_df['duration'].str.extract('(\d+)').astype(int)

sns.histplot(movie_df['duration_minutes'], bins=30, kde=True, color="coral")
plt.title("Movie Duration Distribution")
plt.xlabel("Duration (Minutes)")
plt.show()

# 5. Top Directors & Actors
top_directors = df['director'].value_counts().head(10)
top_actors = pd.Series(", ".join(df['cast'].dropna()).split(", "), dtype=object).value_counts().head(10)

# Directors
sns.barplot(y=top_directors.index, x=top_directors.values, palette="viridis")
plt.title("Top 10 Directors")
plt.xlabel("Count")
plt.show()

# Actors
sns.barplot(y=top_actors.index, x=top_actors.values, palette="magma")
plt.title("Top 10 Most Frequent Actors")
plt.xlabel("Count")
plt.show()

# 6. Interactive Plot (Optional)
fig = px.treemap(df, path=['country', 'type'], title='Content Distribution by Country and Type')
fig.show()

# 7. Word Cloud (Optional for cast or title)
from wordcloud import WordCloud, STOPWORDS

text = ' '.join(df['title'].dropna())
wordcloud = WordCloud(stopwords=STOPWORDS, background_color='white', colormap='magma')
plt.imshow(wordcloud, interpolation='bilinear')
plt.axis('off')
plt.title("Most Common Words in Titles")
plt.show()

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Shape: (8807, 12)

Data Types:

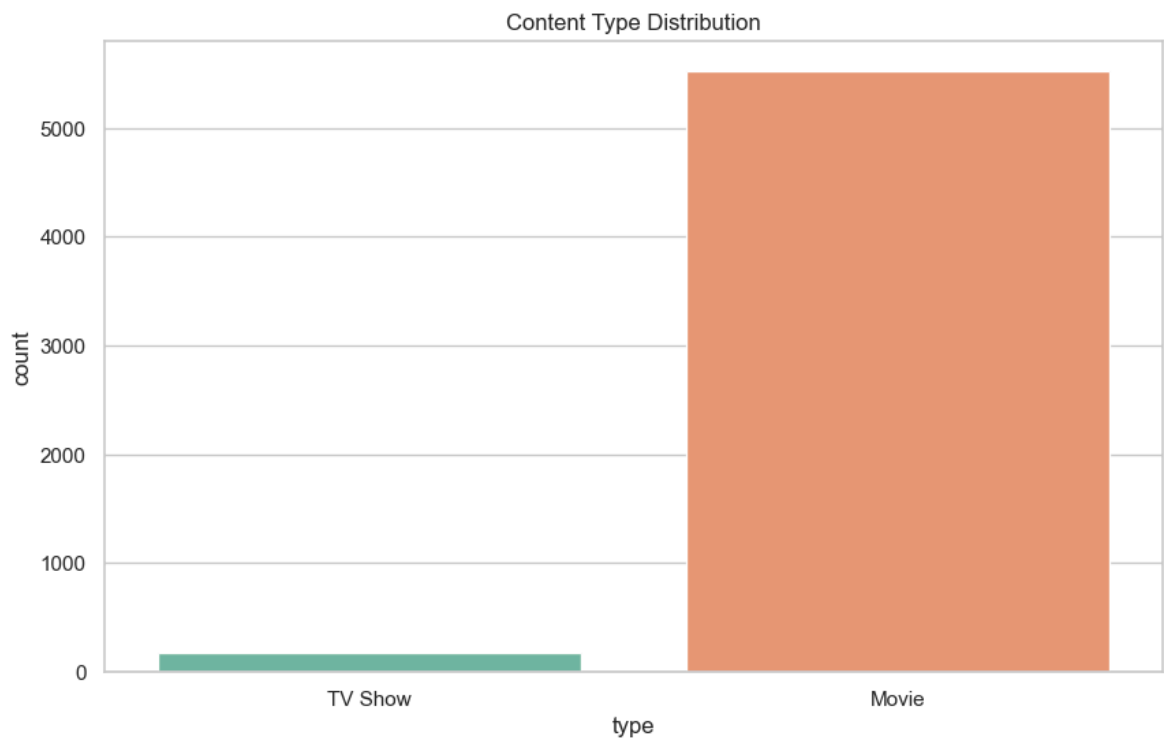
show_id	object
type	object
title	object
director	object
cast	object
country	object
date_added	object
release_year	int64
rating	object
duration	object
listed_in	object
description	object
dtype:	object

Missing Values:

show_id	0
type	0
title	0
director	2634
cast	825
country	831
date_added	10
release_year	0
rating	4
duration	3
listed_in	0
description	0
dtype:	int64

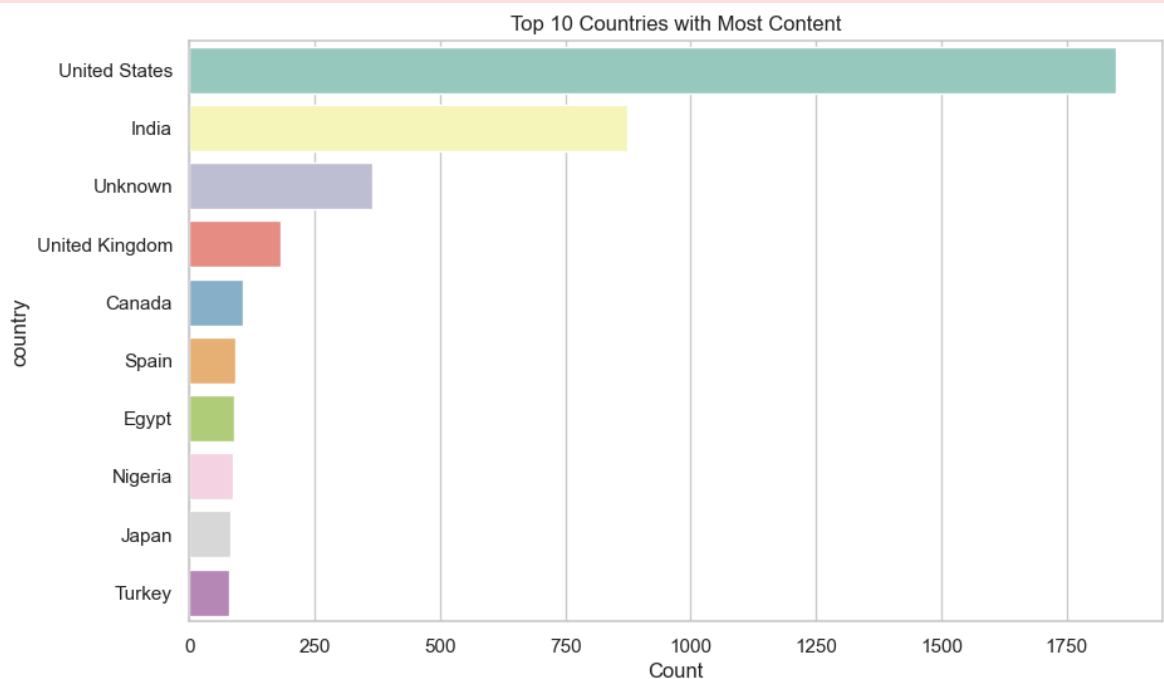
<ipython-input-2-1ad0c0931c82>:31: FutureWarning:

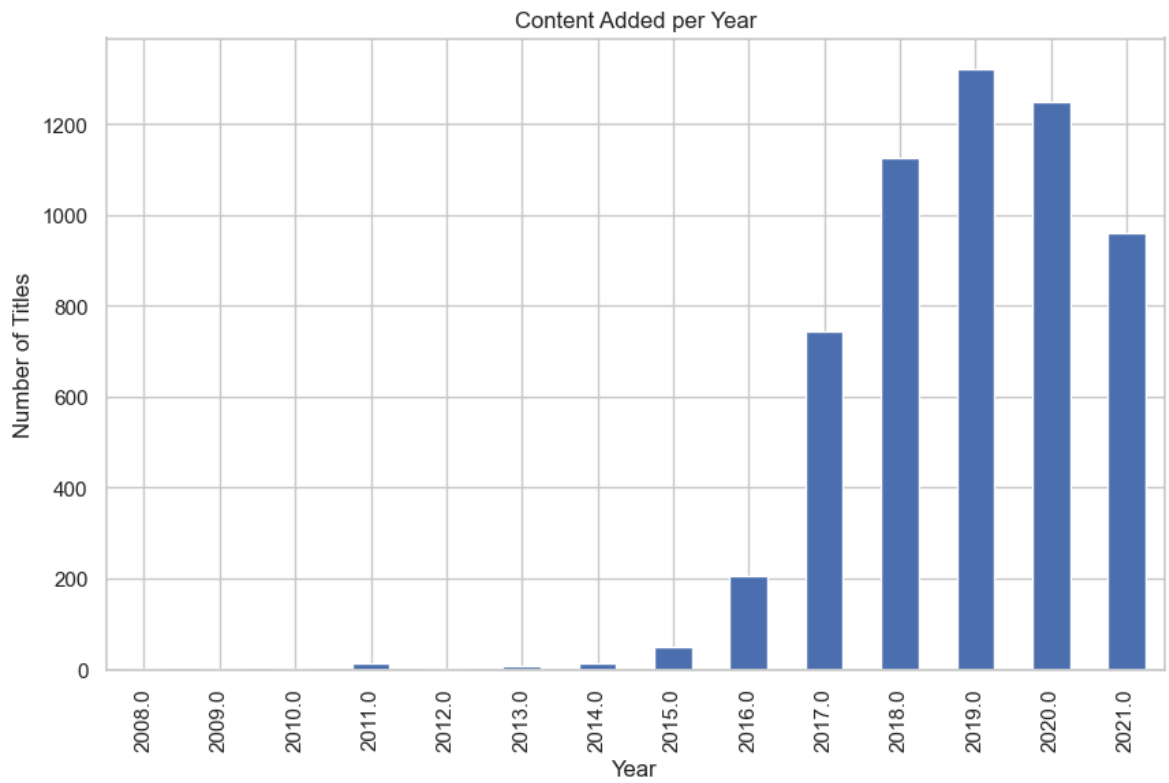
Passing `palette` without assigning `hue` is deprecated and will be removed in v 0.14.0. Assign the `x` variable to `hue` and set `legend=False` for the same effect.



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<ipython-input-2-1ad0c0931c82>:37: FutureWarning:
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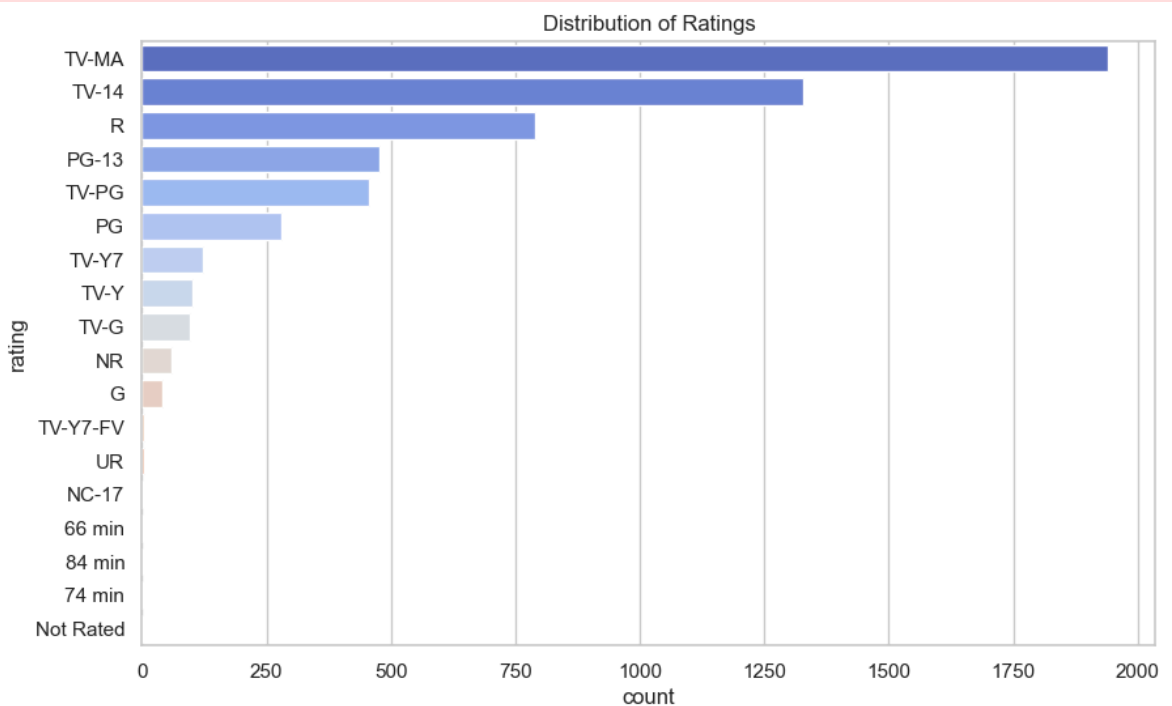
Passing `palette` without assigning `hue` is deprecated and will be removed in v 0.14.0. Assign the `y` variable to `hue` and set `legend=False` for the same effect.

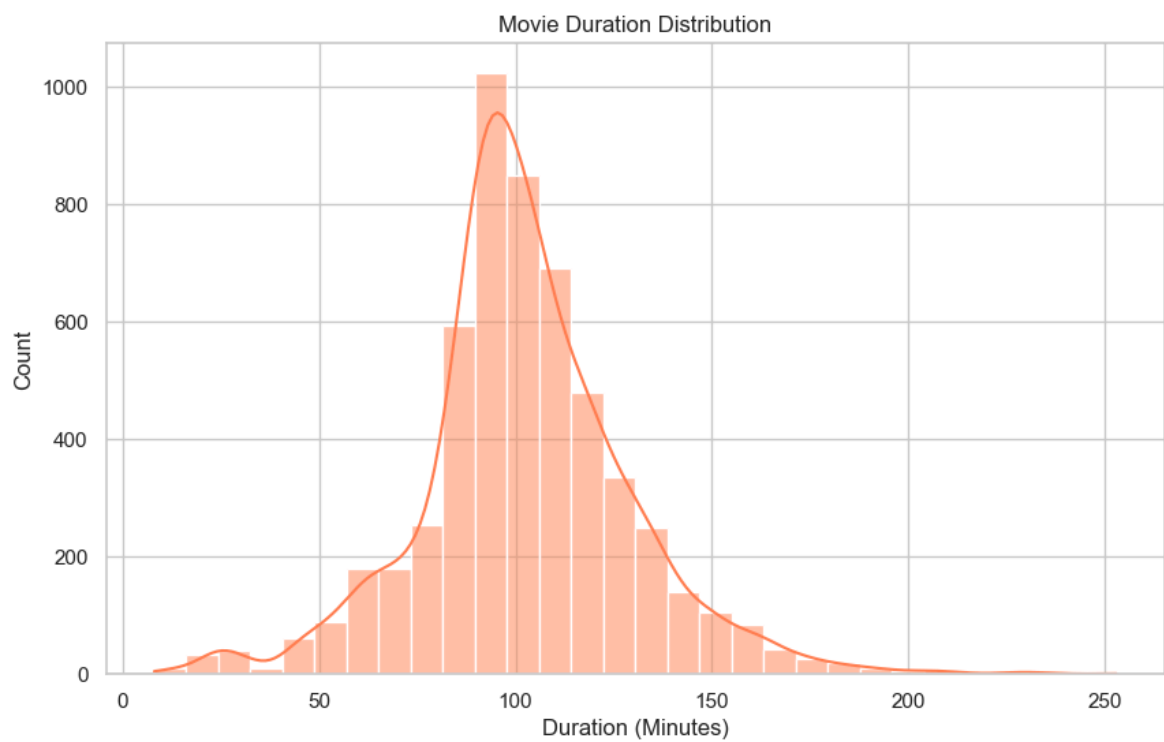
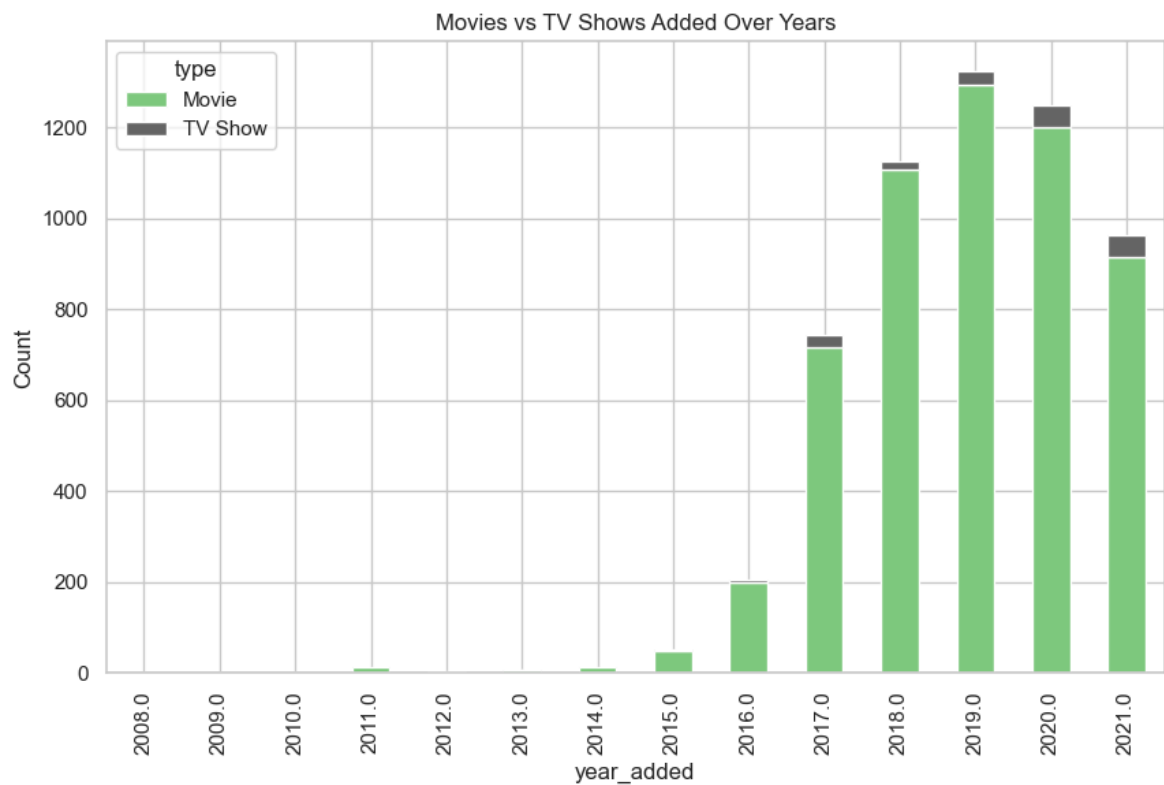




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<ipython-input-2-1ad0c0931c82>:50: FutureWarning:
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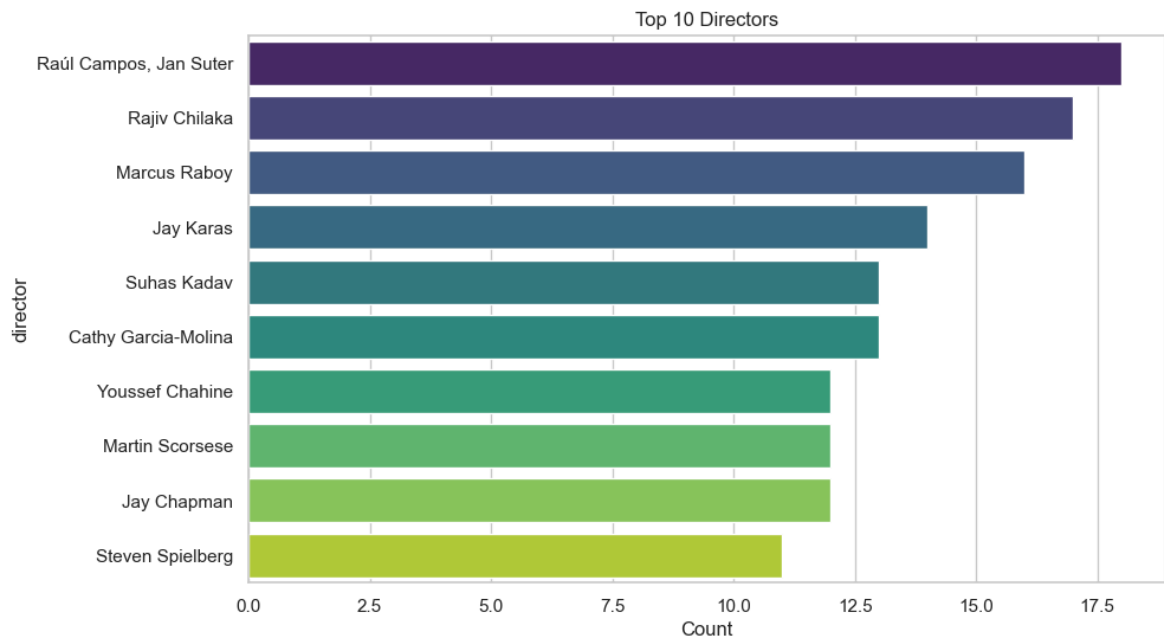
Passing `palette` without assigning `hue` is deprecated and will be removed in v 0.14.0. Assign the `y` variable to `hue` and set `legend=False` for the same effect.





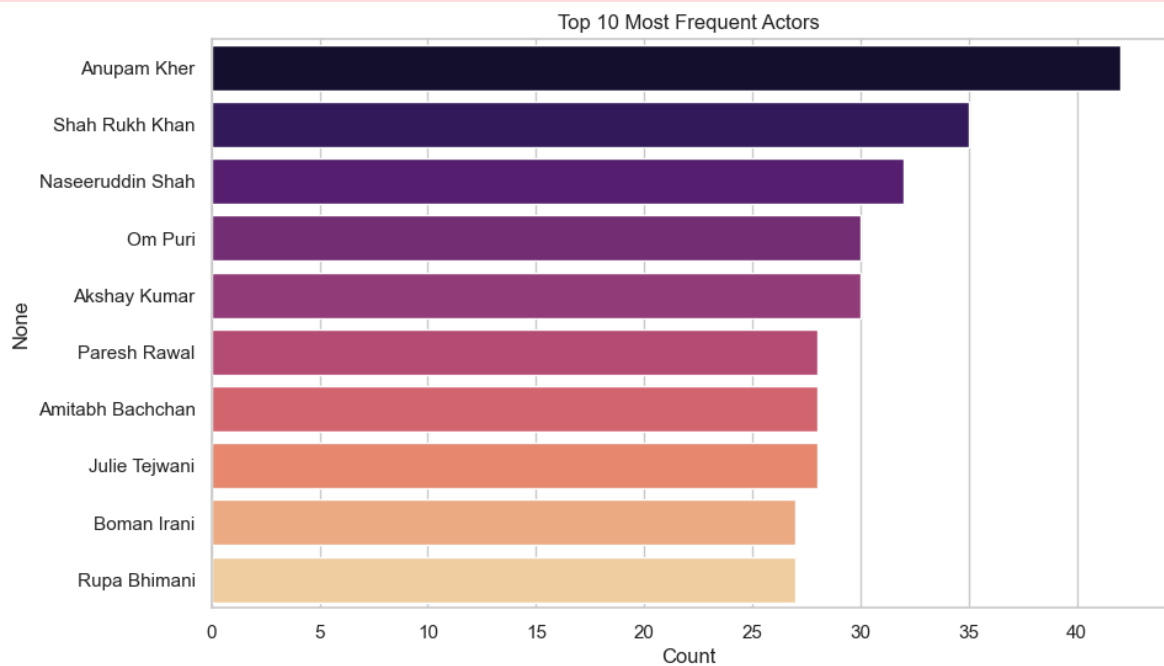
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<ipython-input-2-1ad0c0931c82>:76: FutureWarning:
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Passing `palette` without assigning `hue` is deprecated and will be removed in v 0.14.0. Assign the `y` variable to `hue` and set `legend=False` for the same effect.



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<ipython-input-2-1ad0c0931c82>:82: FutureWarning:
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Passing `palette` without assigning `hue` is deprecated and will be removed in v 0.14.0. Assign the `y` variable to `hue` and set `legend=False` for the same effect.



A word cloud shaped like a movie clapperboard. The words are arranged in a way that they form the shape of a clapperboard, with the words 'Movie', 'Love', 'Christmas', 'Day', 'Night', 'Live', 'House', 'Time', 'World', 'Story', 'American', 'Boy', 'Girl', 'Black', 'One', 'Little', 'Chris', 'mas' being the most prominent. The words are in various colors, including red, orange, yellow, and white, and are of different sizes. The background is black. The words are arranged in a way that they form the shape of a clapperboard, with the words 'Movie', 'Love', 'Christmas', 'Day', 'Night', 'Live', 'House', 'Time', 'World', 'Story', 'American', 'Boy', 'Girl', 'Black', 'One', 'Little', 'Chris', 'mas' being the most prominent. The words are in various colors, including red, orange, yellow, and white, and are of different sizes. The background is black.

