



FOR IBPS SBI PO PRELIMS 2025

REASONING CHECKLIST

Comprehensive Daily Practice Material for IBPS, SBI,
RBI, RRB PO/Clerk Prelims, and other Bank Exams

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What's New in the Checklist





IBPS RRB PO/CLERK

1ST



LIVE

CLASS

BY **PARUL MA'AM**



TARGET SBI | IBPS | RBI | CET

**HOW TO
INCREASE
SPEED IN
REASONING ?**

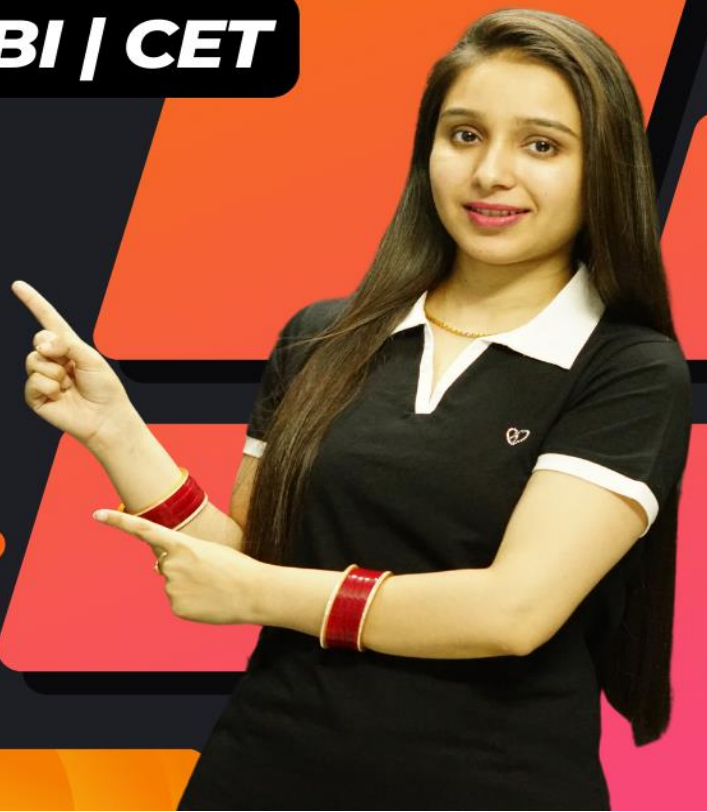


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Study the following information carefully and answer the given questions.

Seven boxes – P, Q, R, S, T, U and V are kept in a queue one after another. No other boxes kept in the queue other than the given boxes. U kept three boxes after T. As many boxes kept between Q and P as between T and S. V kept immediately after S. R didn't kept after V. Only one box kept between T and P. Only three boxes kept between U and Q.

सात बक्से - P, Q, R, S, T, U और V एक के बाद एक कतार में रखे गए हैं। दिए गए बक्सों के अलावा कोई अन्य बक्सा कतार में नहीं रखा गया है। U ने T के बाद तीन बक्से रखे हैं। Q और P के बीच उतने ही बक्से रखे गए हैं जितने T और S के बीच रखे गए हैं। V ने S के तुरंत बाद रखा। R ने V के बाद नहीं रखा। T और P के बीच केवल एक बक्सा रखा गया। U और Q के बीच केवल तीन बक्से रखे गए।

1. How many boxes were kept before V?

1. V से पहले कितने बक्से रखे गए थे?

a. As many boxes kept between Q and U

b. One

c. Two

d. No one

e. As many boxes kept after P

2. Which among the following box kept at first?

2. निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा बक्सा पहले रखा गया था?

- a. S
- b. T
- c. R
- d. V
- e. Q

3. In which of the following option first box kept two boxes after the second box?

3. निम्नलिखित में से किस विकल्प में पहले बक्से ने दूसरे बक्से के बाद दो बक्से रखे हैं?

- a. QS
- b. TP
- c. UR
- d. VU
- e. ST

4. As many boxes kept before Q as after ____.

4. Q से पहले जितने बक्से रखे गए हैं, उतने ही बाद ____.

- a. R
- b. V
- c. U
- d. P
- e. S

5. Which of the following statement(s) is/are not true as per the given arrangement?

5. दी गई व्यवस्था के अनुसार निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा कथन सत्य नहीं है?

- A). Q kept immediately after R
- B). Both R and P are kept adjacent to each other
- C). Only two boxes kept after T
- a. Only A and C
- b. Only A
- c. Only B
- d. Only A and B
- e. All A, B and C

ANSWERS:

- 1. E
- 2. C
- 3. B
- 4. E
- 5. A

PEOPLE
R
P
Q
T
S
V
U

PUZZLE PRO BY PARUL GERA

Study the following information carefully and answer the given questions.

Eight people – Px, Qx, Rx, Sx, Tx, Ux, Vx, and Wx are sitting around a circular table facing the centre with equal distance between adjacent people. Only one person sits between Tx and Rx. Rx is not an immediate neighbour of Sx. Wx sits opposite to Rx. The number of people sitting between Px and Ux (when counted from the right of Ux) is one less than the number of people sitting between Vx and Px (when counted from the left of Vx). Only two people sit between Sx and Vx. Tx sits fourth to the right of Vx. Qx sits third to the right of Wx.

आठ लोग - Px, Qx, Rx, Sx, Tx, Ux, Vx, और Wx एक गोलाकार मेज के चारों ओर केंद्र की ओर मुख करके बैठे हैं और आसन्न लोगों के बीच समान दूरी है। Tx और Rx के बीच केवल एक व्यक्ति बैठा है। Rx, Sx का निकटतम पड़ोसी नहीं है। Wx, Rx के विपरीत बैठता है। Px और Ux के बीच बैठे लोगों की संख्या (Ux के दाईं ओर से गिने जाने पर) Vx और Px के बीच बैठे लोगों की संख्या से एक कम है (Vx के बाईं ओर से गिने जाने पर)। Sx और Vx के बीच केवल दो लोग बैठते हैं। Tx, Vx के दाईं ओर चौथे स्थान पर बैठता है। Qx, Wx के दाईं ओर तीसरे स्थान पर बैठता है।

1. Who among the following person sits third to the left of Rx?

1. निम्नलिखित में से कौन व्यक्ति Rx के बाईं ओर तीसरे स्थान पर बैठता है?

a. The one who sits opposite to Wx

b. Tx

c. The one who sits opposite to Px

d. Sx

e. Qx

2. If Wx is related to Sx and Px is related to Rx in a certain way. Then, who among the following person is related to Ux?

2. यदि Wx, Sx से संबंधित है और Px, Rx से एक निश्चित तरीके से संबंधित है, तो निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा व्यक्ति Ux से संबंधित है?

- a. Tx
- b. Px
- c. Rx
- d. Vx
- e. Qx

3. If all the people are made to sit in alphabetical order from Px in a clockwise direction, then how many people remain unchanged in their position(excluding Px)?

3. यदि सभी लोगों को Px से दक्षिणावर्त दिशा में वर्णमाला क्रम में बैठाया जाता है, तो कितने लोग अपनी स्थिति में अपरिवर्तित रहते हैं (Px को छोड़कर)?

- a. One
- b. No one
- c. Three
- d. Two
- e. More than three

4. How many people sit between Sx and Ux when counted from the right of Sx?

4. Sx के दाईं ओर से गिनने पर Sx और Ux के बीच कितने लोग बैठते हैं?

- a. One
- b. Three
- c. Two
- d. Four
- e. None

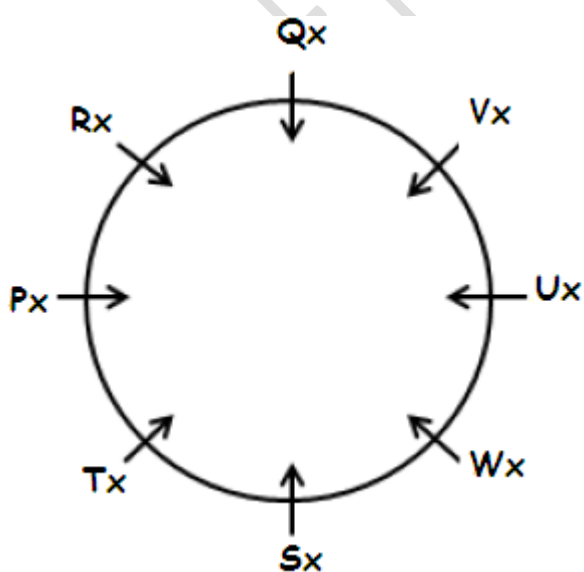
5. In which among the following pairs of people the first and third person is not sitting adjacent to the second person?

5. निम्नलिखित में से किस जोड़े में पहला और तीसरा व्यक्ति दूसरे व्यक्ति के बगल में नहीं बैठा है?

- a. Q_x, V_x, U_x
- b. R_x, P_x, T_x
- c. S_x, W_x, U_x
- d. P_x, T_x, S_x
- e. U_x, S_x, R_x

ANSWERS:

- 1. C
- 2. D
- 3. B
- 4. A
- 5. E



Study the following information carefully and answer the given questions

Eight boxes viz., A1, A2, A3, A4, A5, A6, A7 and A8 are kept one above another in a single stack. Only two boxes are kept between boxes A4 and A2. Box A8 is kept three boxes below Box A1, which is kept immediately above Box A5. Box A4 is kept five boxes above Box A6, which is not kept at the bottommost position. The number of boxes kept above Box A2 is two more than the number of boxes kept below Box A7.

आठ बॉक्स अर्थात A1, A2, A3, A4, A5, A6, A7 और A8 को एक के ऊपर एक करके एक ही स्टैक में रखा गया है। बॉक्स A4 और A2 के बीच केवल दो बॉक्स रखे गए हैं। बॉक्स A8 को बॉक्स A1 से तीन बॉक्स नीचे रखा गया है, जिसे बॉक्स A5 के ठीक ऊपर रखा गया है। बॉक्स A4 को बॉक्स A6 से पाँच बॉक्स ऊपर रखा गया है, जिसे सबसे नीचे नहीं रखा गया है। बॉक्स A2 के ऊपर रखे गए बॉक्स की संख्या बॉक्स A7 के नीचे रखे गए बॉक्स की संख्या से दो अधिक है।

1. Four of the following five are alike in a certain way based on the given arrangement and thus form a group. Which one of the following does not belong to the group?

1. दी गई व्यवस्था के आधार पर निम्नलिखित पाँच में से चार एक निश्चित तरीके से समान हैं और इस प्रकार एक समूह बनाते हैं। निम्नलिखित में से कौन समूह से संबंधित नहीं है?

- a. A4, A1
- b. A8, A5
- c. A1, A5
- d. A6, A7
- e. A2, A8

2. If A4 is related to A5 and A2 is related to A6 in a certain way, then in the same way who among the following person is related to A3?

2. यदि A4 किसी निश्चित तरीके से A5 से संबंधित है और A2 किसी निश्चित तरीके से A6 से संबंधित है, तो उसी तरह निम्नलिखित में से कौन व्यक्ति A3 से संबंधित है?

- a. A6
- b. A4
- c. A7
- d. A1
- e. A5

3. As many boxes kept between A5 and A7 as below ____.

3. A5 और A7 के बीच जितने बॉक्स रखे गए हैं, नीचे दिए गए हैं ____.

- a. A8
- b. A1
- c. A3
- d. A4
- e. A6

4. If all the boxes are arranged in numerical order from top to bottom, then how many persons remain unchanged in their position?

4. यदि सभी बॉक्स को ऊपर से नीचे तक संख्यात्मक क्रम में व्यवस्थित किया जाता है, तो कितने व्यक्ति

अपनी स्थिति में अपरिवर्तित रहते हैं?

- a. Four
- b. Three
- c. One
- d. Two
- e. None

5. Which of the following box is kept immediately below box A3?

5. निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा बॉक्स A3 के ठीक नीचे रखा गया है?

a. A7

b. No one

c. A1

d. A6

e. A8

ANSWERS:

1. B

2. A

3. A

4. D

5. B

BOXES
A4
A1
A5
A2
A8
A6
A7
A3

PUZZLE PRO BY PARUL GERA



INEQUALITY

In each question, the relationship between different elements is shown in the statements followed by some conclusions. Find the conclusion which is definitely true.

1. Statement: $O \leq M = L < K$; $Q \geq Y > K < J$; $P > Q$

Conclusions:

I). $P < O$

II). $J < P$

- a. Only conclusion I is true
- b. Only conclusion II is true
- c. Either conclusion I or II is true
- d. Neither conclusion I nor II is true
- e. Both conclusions I and II are true

2. Statement: $O = G \geq F = E \leq D > M$; $M = B < A > Z < Y$

Conclusions:

I). $D > F$

II). $D > B$

- a. Only conclusion I is true
- b. Only conclusion II is true

- c. Either conclusion I or II is true
- d. Neither conclusion I nor II is true
- e. Both conclusions I and II are true

3. Statement: $S = P > L \geq I < O$; $B = V < L \leq M$

Conclusions:

I). $S \leq M$

II). $B < O$

- a. Only conclusion I is true
- b. Only conclusion II is true
- c. Either conclusion I or II is true
- d. Neither conclusion I nor II is true
- e. Both conclusions I and II are true

4. Statement: $Z \leq Y \leq X = W$; $V = U \geq T \geq W$; $S > U$

Conclusions:

I). $U > Z$

II). $V = Z$

- a. Only conclusion I is true
- b. Only conclusion II is true
- c. Either conclusion I or II is true
- d. Neither conclusion I nor II is true
- e. Both conclusions I and II are true

5. Statement: $Y > S > A \leq O < J$; $A > N > K$

Conclusions:

I). $A > K$

II). $N < J$

- a. Only conclusion I is true
- b. Only conclusion II is true
- c. Either conclusion I or II is true
- d. Neither conclusion I nor II is true
- e. Both conclusions I and II are true

ANSWERS:

- 1. D
- 2. B
- 3. D
- 4. C
- 5. E



SYLLOGISM

Q.) In each of the questions below few statements are given followed by two conclusions. You have to take the given statements to be true even if they seem to be at variance from commonly known facts. Read all the conclusions and then decide which of the given conclusions logically follow from the given statements disregarding commonly known facts.

1. Statement:

Almost sun is moon

Only moon is star

A few moon is meteor

Only a few meteor is asteroid

Conclusions:

I. Some star can be meteor

II. All moon can be asteroid

Options :

A. Only I follows

B. Only II follows

C. Either I or II follows

D. Neither I nor II follows

E. Both I and II follows

2. Statements:

Only a few file is folder

All folder is paper

Some board is paper

No board is card

Conclusions:

I. Some paper is not card

II. All folder being board is a possibility

Options :

A. Only I follows

B. Only II follows

C. Either I or II follows

D. Neither I nor II follows

E. Both I and II follows

3. Statements:

Only water is juice

Only a few shake is water

All shake is cream

Some milk is cream

Conclusions:

- I. All water can never be shake
- II. No cream being water is a possibility

Options :

- A. Only I follows
- B. Only II follows
- C. Either I or II follows
- D. Neither I nor II follows
- E. Both I and II follows

4. Statements:

Only a few ghee is butter

All butter is oil

All cheese is oil

All cheese is mayonnaise

Conclusions:

- I. Some mayonnaise is not ghee
- II. Some mayonnaise is oil

Options :

- A. Only I follows

- B. Only II follows
- C. Either I or II follows
- D. Neither I nor II follows
- E. Both I and II follows

5. Statements:

All box is cupboard

Only rack is shelf

Some box is not rack

Some cabinet is cupboard

Conclusions:

I. Some rack is not cabinet

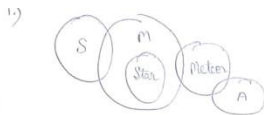
II. Some cabinet is not box

Options :

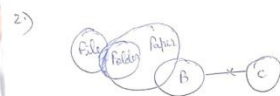
- A. Only I follows.
- B. Only II follows
- C. Either I or II follows
- D. Neither I nor II follows
- E. Both I and II follows

Answers

1. D
2. E
3. A
4. B
5. A



So, Neither I nor II follows



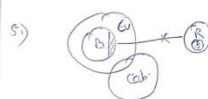
So, Both I & II follows



So, Conclusion I follows



So, Conclusion II follows



So, Conclusion I follows



CODING DECODING

Q.) Answer the questions based on the information given below:

In a certain language,

'donald mini nobita mickey' is coded as 'ki sb sv sw'

'noddly perman nobita mickey' is coded as 'iw db sv sw'

'donald noddly perman doraemon' is coded as 'sb iw sw nb'

1. How 'perman' is coded in the given code language?

- A. db
- B. iw
- C. sv
- D. sw
- E. None of these

2. What is the code for 'doraemon'?

- A. sb
- B. iw
- C. sw
- D. nb
- E. None of these

3. What is the code for 'donald mini'?

- A. sb ki

- B. sb ti
- C. ki sv
- D. sv ti
- E. None of these

4. What does 'iw db' stands for?

- A. perman pingu
- B. pingu noddy
- C. noddy perman
- D. pingu nobita
- E. None of these

5. What will be the possible code for 'nobita jiyan'?

- A. sv hv
- B. hv ti
- C. hv sb
- D. hv ki
- E. None of these

Answers

- 1. A
- 2. D
- 3. A
- 4. C
- 5. A



INPUT OUTPUT

Q. Study the following information carefully and answer the questions given below:

Input: 35 79 42 59 81 76

Step I: 70 158 126 118 162 228

Step II: 7 14 9 10 9 12

Step III: 14 12 10 9 9 7

Step IV: 7 6 5 4.5 4.5 3.5

And Step IV is the last step of the above arrangement.

Input: 23 57 62 99 68 91

1. What is the addition of the digits of the number which is third from the left end in step I?

- A. 16
- B. 17
- C. 15
- D. 14
- E. None of these

2. What is the difference between the numbers which is second from the left end and second from the right end in step II?

- A. 9
- B. 5
- C. 4
- D. 1
- E. None of these

3. What is the sum of the numbers which are fourth from the right and third from the left in step IV?

- A. 19
- B. 13
- C. 17
- D. 14
- E. None of these

4. Which element is second to the right of the one which is third from the right end in step I?

- A. 204
- B. 182
- C. 186
- D. 114
- E. None of these

5. What is the difference between the numbers at both ends in step III of the given arrangement?

- A. 12
- B. 11
- C. 20
- D. 18
- E. None of these

Answers

1. C
2. E
3. E
4. B
5. A

Explanation:

In step I: All the even numbers are multiplied by 3 and all the odd numbers are multiplied with 2

In step II: Addition of the digits within the number

In step III: All number are arranged in descending order

In step IV: The numbers in the previous step is divided by 2

Input: 23 57 62 99 68 91

Step I: 46 114 186 198 204 182

Step II: 10 6 15 18 6 11

Step III: 18 15 11 10 6 6

Step IV: 9 7.5 5.5 5 3 3