

**ENGLISH**

# **AARAMBH CHECKLIST PRE**

**ENGLISH IS A VERY EASY LANGUAGE  
I AM VERY GOOD AT ENGLISH  
I WILL DEFINITELY GET MY DREAM JOB**

## **CHECKLIST 194**



**NIMISHA BANSAL**

**Set 1**

**Direction (1-5):** The passage given below contains some blanks wherein the words have been removed. Find the word from the given options that is suitable for each blank and mark that as your answer.

Andhra Pradesh and Telangana experience extremely high temperatures during the summer months, largely due to a mix of geographical and climatic factors that make these regions particularly \_\_\_\_\_(A)\_\_\_\_\_ to heatwaves. The location of these states in the southern part of India, combined with their predominantly flat terrain and \_\_\_\_\_(B)\_\_\_\_\_ to the interior plateau, contributes to the intense summer heat. During this season, the sun's rays \_\_\_\_\_(C)\_\_\_\_\_ directly, and the lack of significant natural barriers like large forests or mountains allows the heat to build up quickly. On May 12, temperatures in Andhra Pradesh \_\_\_\_\_(D)\_\_\_\_\_ above 41°C in 17 districts, reflecting how widespread and severe the heat conditions can become. The Andhra Pradesh State Disaster Management Authority (APSDMA) has issued warnings, forecasting that heatwave-like conditions will continue. These areas often face dry spells and low humidity during summer, which \_\_\_\_\_(E)\_\_\_\_\_ the feeling of heat. Additionally, climatic patterns such as delayed monsoons and intense solar radiation during these months add to the rise in temperature. The combination of these factors not only makes summers unbearable but also increases the risk of heat-related illnesses among the population.

**Question 1:**

Which of the following best fits in **Option A**?

- I. vulnerable
- II. resistant
- III. susceptible

- (a) Only III
- (b) Both I and III
- (c) Only I
- (d) Both II and III

(e) All of the above

**Question 2:**

Which of the following best fits in **Option B**?

I. contiguity

II. proximity

III. accessibility

(a) Only III

(b) Both I and II

(c) Only I

(d) Both II and III

(e) None of the above

**Question 3:**

Which of the following best fits in **Option C**?

I. pour in

II. strike

III. beat down

(a) Only III

(b) Both I and II

(c) Only I

(d) All of I, II and III

(e) None of the above

**Question 4:**

Which of the following best fits in **Option D**?

I. soared

II. peeked

III. hovered

(a) Only II

(b) Both I and II

(c) Only I

(d) Both I and III

(e) None of the above

**Question 5:**

Which of the following best fits in **Option E**?

I. alleviate

II. exaggerate

III. exacerbate

(a) Only III

(b) Both I and III

(c) Only I

(d) Both II and III

(e) All of the above

**Direction (6-10):** Select the most appropriate word to fill in the blank, respectively.

**Question 6:**

The committee's plan to \_\_\_\_\_ detailed reports to the media and hold public hearings is a necessary but somewhat \_\_\_\_\_ move toward transparency.

- (a) withdraw, superficial
- (b) submit, belated
- (c) ignore, rash
- (d) present, timely
- (e) conceal, ineffective

**Question 7:**

The rapid urbanization was often \_\_\_\_\_ as a sign of progress, but it actually \_\_\_\_\_ widespread social inequality and environmental damage.

- (a) idolized, ignored
- (b) submissive, revealed
- (c) avoided, triggered
- (d) celebrated, masked
- (e) condemned, promoted

**Question 8:**

Despite the new policy's intentions, its implementation was often \_\_\_\_\_, leading to increased \_\_\_\_\_ from local communities.

- (a) inefficient, acceptance
- (b) ineffective, opposition
- (c) thorough, resistance
- (d) prompt, enthusiasm
- (e) comprehensive, collaboration

**Question 9:**

To address the growing concerns about deforestation, the government \_\_\_\_\_ a special task force in 2012, headed by an environmental scientist, to study the \_\_\_\_\_ of forest cover across the country.

- (a) disbanded, expansion
- (b) appointed, reduction
- (c) created, depletion
- (d) triggered, conservation
- (e) halted, regrowth

**Question 10:**

The architect relied on minimalist design and muted tones, indicating a \_\_\_\_\_ to convey simplicity and \_\_\_\_\_ any sense of extravagance.

- (a) tendency, enhance
- (b) hesitation, highlight
- (c) preference, avoid
- (d) refusal, promote
- (e) compulsion, encourage

**ANSWER****1. Ans: b**

**Explanation:** The word needed here should mean "likely to be affected by" or "easily influenced by" heatwaves.

**Vulnerable (I)** means susceptible to physical or emotional harm, so it fits well with the idea of being affected by heatwaves.

**Susceptible (III)** means likely or liable to be influenced or harmed by something, which also fits perfectly.

**Resistant (II)** means able to withstand or not be affected by something, which contradicts the context.

**2. Ans: b**

**Explanation:** The word needed here should indicate some form of **physical closeness or geographical relationship** with the interior plateau, which can contribute to higher temperatures.

**Contiguity (I)** means the state of being in direct contact or sharing a common border. It fits well because direct connection to the interior plateau can result in similar climatic conditions.

**Proximity (II)** means nearness in space. This also fits because being geographically close to the interior plateau can contribute to the region's exposure to intense heat.

**Accessibility (III)** means ease of being reached or entered. This does not fit the context, as how easily a place can be accessed has no relevance to climate or temperature.

**3. Ans: d**

**Explanation:** The word needed here should convey **strong, direct impact or intensity** of sunlight.

**Pour in (I)** means to come in large amounts or numbers, often used with light or people.

**Strike (II)** means to hit or impact something. In this context, "sun's rays strike directly" fits because it conveys the idea of sunlight hitting the region powerfully.

**Beat down (III)** means to shine down intensely, especially sunlight. It is commonly used in hot weather contexts and fits perfectly to describe the harshness of the sun.

**4. Ans: d**

**Explanation:** The word needed here should describe **temperatures rising or staying at high levels**.

**Soared (I)** means increased rapidly or rose very high. This fits perfectly, as it conveys that temperatures went well above 41°C.

**Peeked (II)** is incorrect in this form. It is often confused with "peaked," which means to reach a maximum point. "Peeked" means looking quickly or secretly, which doesn't fit the context at all.

**Hovered (III)** means remained around a certain level without much change. It also fits well here because it suggests that temperatures stayed around or above 41°C.

**5. Ans: a**

**Explanation:** The word needed here should mean **to increase or worsen** the sensation of heat.

**Alleviate (I)** means to reduce or ease something unpleasant. This does **not** fit, because dry spells and low humidity make the heat worse, not better.

**Exaggerate (II)** means to represent something as being more extreme than it actually is. It can loosely fit in some contexts, but it suggests a distortion or misrepresentation, which is not accurate here.

**Exacerbate (III)** means to make a problem or situation worse. This fits perfectly because it clearly conveys that these conditions **worsen the feeling of heat**.

**6. Ans: b**

**Explanation:** The first blank requires a verb meaning **to provide or give statements/reports** — "**submit**" fits well.

The second blank needs an adjective describing the steps as **necessary but delayed** — "**belated**" means late or overdue, fitting perfectly.

**Other options:**

(a) **withdraw, superficial** — "withdraw" contradicts providing statements; "superficial" means shallow, not necessarily about timing.

(c) **ignore, rash** — "ignore" contradicts the action of making reports; "rash" means hasty, which doesn't match "necessary but somewhat."

(d) **present, timely** — "timely" means happening at the right time, contradicts "but somewhat" (which



implies some criticism).

(e) **conceal, ineffective** — both negative, opposite meaning to positive “necessary” steps.

### 7. Ans: d

**Explanation:** The first blank needs a verb that means **presented or praised positively** — “**celebrated**” means admired or praised, which fits the idea of urbanization being seen as progress. The second blank needs a verb that means **hidden or covered up** — “**masked**” means concealed or disguised, indicating that urbanization hides the negative effects like inequality and environmental damage.

(a) **idolized, ignored:** “Idolized” means worshipped, which is strong but can fit; however, “ignored” means not noticed, which doesn’t clearly indicate hiding negative effects as well as “masked” does.

(b) **submissive, revealed:** “Submissive” is an adjective, not a verb, so it’s grammatically incorrect. “Revealed” means exposed, which contradicts the idea of something being hidden.

(c) **avoided, triggered:** “Avoided” means stayed away from, which doesn’t fit “was often \_\_\_\_ as.” “Triggered” means caused, which doesn’t fit the contrast between positive appearance and hidden reality.

(e) **condemned, promoted:** “Condemned” means criticized negatively, opposite to “celebrated.” “Promoted” means encouraged, which contradicts the idea of hidden negative effects.

### 8. Ans: b

**Explanation:** The first blank needs an adjective describing **poor or unsuccessful implementation** — “**ineffective**” means not producing the desired result, which fits the idea that despite good intentions, the policy failed.

The second blank needs a noun describing **a negative reaction** — “**opposition**” means resistance or disagreement, fitting the consequence of ineffective implementation.

(a) **inefficient, acceptance:** “Inefficient” means poorly managed, which fits, but “acceptance” is positive and contradicts the idea of resistance.

(c) **thorough, resistance:** “Thorough” means complete or careful, a positive word, which doesn’t fit the idea of failure or problems.

(d) **prompt, enthusiasm:** Both positive words that don’t fit the negative consequence implied.

(e) **comprehensive, collaboration:** Positive words that contradict the implied negative outcome.

**9. Ans: c**

**Explanation:** The first blank requires a verb that indicates taking **positive, proactive action** — “created” fits this well, as the government formed a task force to handle the issue.

The second blank refers to the **loss of forest cover**, which is central to the idea of deforestation — “depletion” means gradual reduction or exhaustion, which matches perfectly.

**(a) disbanded, expansion:** “Disbanded” means broke up — the opposite of taking action. “Expansion” refers to growth, which contradicts deforestation.

**(b) appointed, reduction:** “Appointed” usually refers to assigning a person, not forming a group. “Reduction” fits, but not as precisely as “depletion.”

**(d) triggered, conservation:** “Triggered” implies causing something, which doesn’t suit the idea of addressing a concern. “Conservation” suggests protection, not studying a loss.

**(e) halted, regrowth:** “Halted” doesn’t make sense in the context of forming a task force. “Regrowth” implies an increase, which contradicts deforestation.

**10. Ans: c**

**Explanation:** The first blank requires a noun that reflects a **positive inclination** or **deliberate choice**, as the architect **relied on** minimalist design. “Preference” fits best, showing a conscious liking for simplicity.

The second blank must show an effort to **stay away from** extravagance — “avoid” fits well, as it means to keep from or steer clear of something.

**(a) tendency, enhance:** “Tendency” is vague, and “enhance” means to improve or intensify, which contradicts avoiding extravagance.

**(b) hesitation, highlight:** “Hesitation” implies uncertainty, which contradicts the deliberate reliance on design. “Highlight” means to emphasize — opposite of avoiding extravagance.

**(d) refusal, promote:** “Refusal” sounds too negative, and “promote” contradicts the intent to minimize extravagance.

**(e) compulsion, encourage:** “Compulsion” implies being forced, not a choice. “Encourage” means to support or stimulate, again clashing with avoiding extravagance.

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