

Error Detection & Grammar-1

On March 15, some States and cities in India (a)/ experienced the first of severe heat wave for the year 2025. This were 20 days ago (b)/ than the first severe heatwave in 2024. In the last decade, the number of severe (c)/ heat days as well as the severity/intensity of heatwaves have been rising. (d)/ No Error.(e)/

C-1

C-2

(4)

Past point
Neither of

First of

One of

Some of

Each of

Either of

Everyone of

+ Plural
Noun

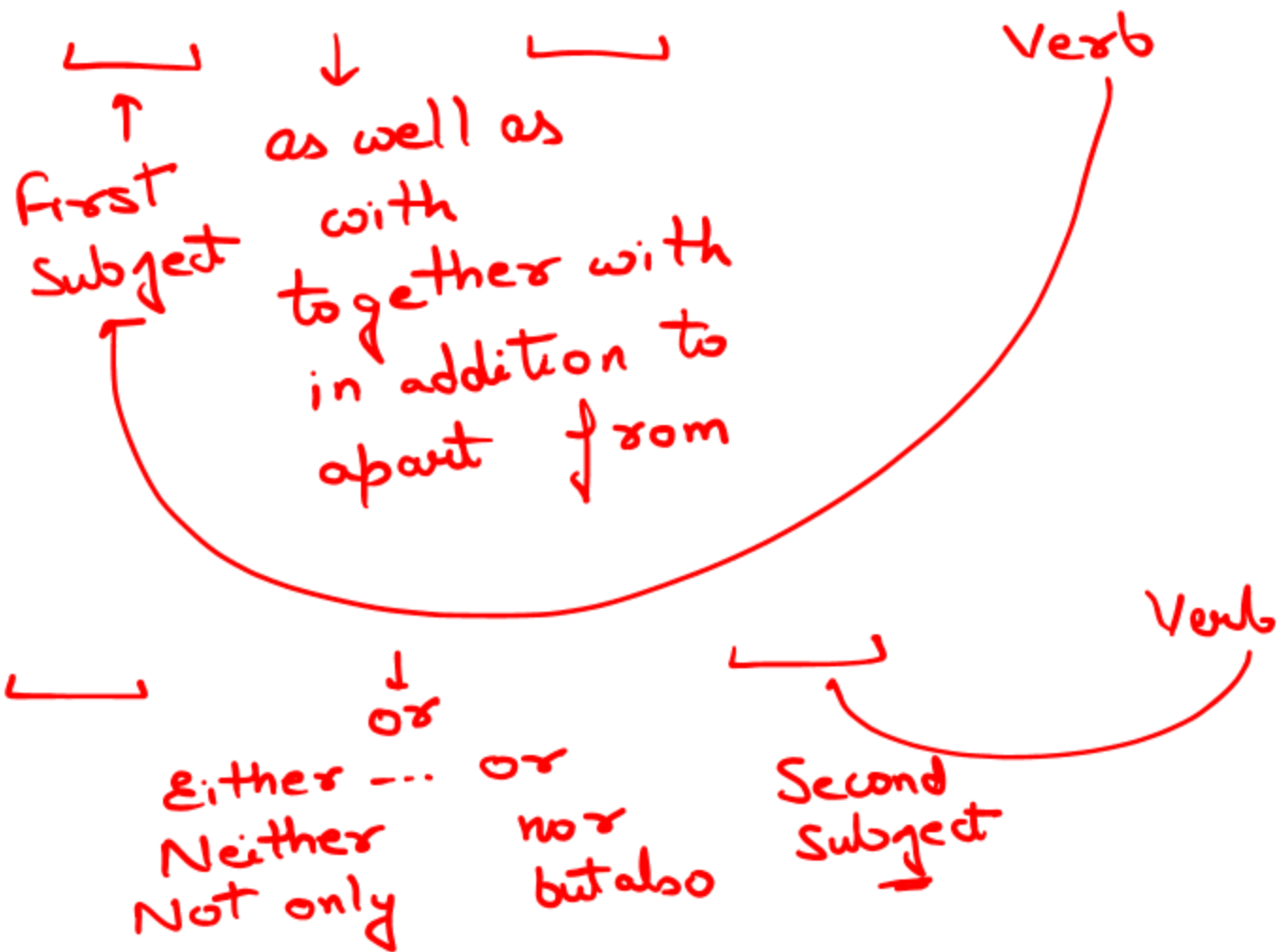
of time - Simple Past

This - $\sqrt{2}$ - Singular
That

than
Comparison

ago - five years ago
before - He came before me.

C-3 -



The year 2024 was the warmest year in record at (a)/about 1.55°C above pre-industrial level, according to the World Meteorological Organization. (b)/ In India, December 2022 was the hottest December (c)/ since temperature monitoring in the country ~~had~~ started in 1901. (d)/ No Error. (e)/

on record - published
C-6] - for - [Duration] time

Since [Point of start]

I have been learning English
since my childhood.
for thirty-three years.

C-4 - The number of students is fifty
 A number of students are waiting

C-1 P.P - Simple Past
 ago/before/earlier
 as well as
 The number of
 One of + PN
 This + SN

3 weeks
 (G.N) last week - E.D
 ✓ On Seeing him -

P.C	F.C	P.P.C
P.C		P.P.C
		F.P.C

The frequency^{A.3} [of heatwaves in India and other countries] ^{has} ~~have~~ increased (a)/ ^{Duration} in the last two decades, in comparison to the previous two decades. (b)/ The ^{rising} ~~impact~~ [of raising external temperature and heat waves along with humidity and (c)/ wind speeds] ^{is} ~~are~~ reflected in the form of heat stress. (d)/ No Error. (e)/

^{v1} rise	-	ଉଠିବା	^{v2} rose	^{v3} risen	^{v2+ing} rising
raise	-	ବାଢ଼ିବା	raised	raised	raising
arise	-	ଘଟିବା	arose	arisen	arising
arouse	-	ଘଟାଉବା	aroused	aroused	arousing

20 years | - -

Time - Perfect
Continuous ← for
Since

① [I am knowing him since we came to Delhi.]

have known

have been knowing x

own
possess
belong
know - continuous x
see
hear
feel

owing to
because of
due to

Simple Past

When the outside temperature reaches ^{close} closely to our body temperature of 37° Celsius, the body ^{fails} failed to release (a)/ the internal heat which is generated as a part of the basal metabolic rate. (b)/ Thus, one starts to feel ^{Adj} heat-stressed. Heat stress can ^{affected} effect multiple organs (c)/ including the kidneys, the liver and the brain, and may cause sickness and even death. (d)/ No Error. (e)/

When
 ③
 Tense - Same
 Fact - Simple Present

effect - Verb - प्रभावित
 प्रभाव
 effect - Noun - प्रभावित
 Verb - achieve
 ५।०।।

— Pronoun
— Noun close

(He) was close

temperature reaches close

(Verb) closely

I watched him closely

However, heatwaves have many non-health and socio-economical impacts. (a)/ Climate change especially rising temperature, is one of the cause of farming sector stress in India. With rising temperatures, (b)/ it becomes difficulty for farmers to work in the field and harvest came down. (c)/ Livestock can die, further impacting poor and farmers. (d)/ No Error. (e)/

Fact - Simple present
It effected the result.
economic - related to economy
economical - cheap, frugal, thrifty

especially - point out

Specially purpose

↓↓↓

6

poor Adj — the poor — poor people
the brave — brave people
the rich — rich people

Heat stress can reduce livestock production. (a)/ food production, farm productivity and the ability of outdoor workers/ workforce. productivity. (b)/ As India is a labour-intensive country especially in the agriculture and construction sector (c)/ heatwaves result in an individual's reduced working ability. (d)/ No Error. (e)/

Individual की ability

Ram's car

Individual's ability

③

Thus, loss of work hours and job reduce personal and family income. In India, (a) / up to 75% of the workforce, or 380 millions (b) / people are dependent on heat-exposed labour. There are estimates ~~if~~ heat (c) / stress results in an economic loss of 3% to 5% of GDP in much countries including India. (d) / No Error. (e) /

personnel - staff
 Noun
 Unit
 Unit
 Singular
 Noun
 Adj
 Question
 Doubt
 much - Uncountable Noun
 many - Countable Noun
 Fact / Data - that
 if / whether

There are estimates that in 2023, nearly 6% of work hours [in India] (a) ~~was~~ ^{were} lost due to heat stress. As temperature rises, electricity demand and power (b) cuts ^{affect} industrial production. Heatwaves and heat stress impact personal income (c) and may slow down a nation's economic growth. (d) No Error. (e)

percentage —
fraction —
people — P
city — S
Verb

(b)

One-third of city
is happy
One-third of people
are happy
Two-thirds of city
is happy
Two-thirds of people
are happy

→ Past point of time Tense - Simple Past

I saw him yesterday

[I have analysed that in 2023

people were very happy.

Heat-related data indicate ^{V2} that the impact ^{Noun} of heat stress ^{Noun} is the worst (a)/ on ^{the Noun} poor, the marginalised, migrants, ^{Noun} subsistence workers, ^{Noun} women, and ^{Noun} the elderly. (b)/ Women are additionally impacted due to social norms such as working in the kitchen, (c)/ the need to wear clothing due to cultural requirements, or space allocated for sleeping. (d)/ No Error. (e)/

Plural
Sing

the poor - poor people

the elderly -

Relations
Adj

elder than

older than

2

From every angle, it is a matter of inequity. (a)/ As early as the middle of the 19th century, researchers and scientists made (b)/ conclusions that urban areas will have a higher temperature than rural areas, (c)/ arriving at the inference that much of the raise in temperature is human made. (d)/ No Error. (e)/

Sequence of Tense

Fact - Simple Present

that

where

who

Relative Pronoun

Yet, it took another 150 year for the (a)/ first heat and health action plans (HHAP) to (b)/ prepare in the European countries; ironically, the first such efforts were (c)/ from the non-tropical regions, between 2003 to 2008.(d)/ No Error.(e)/

