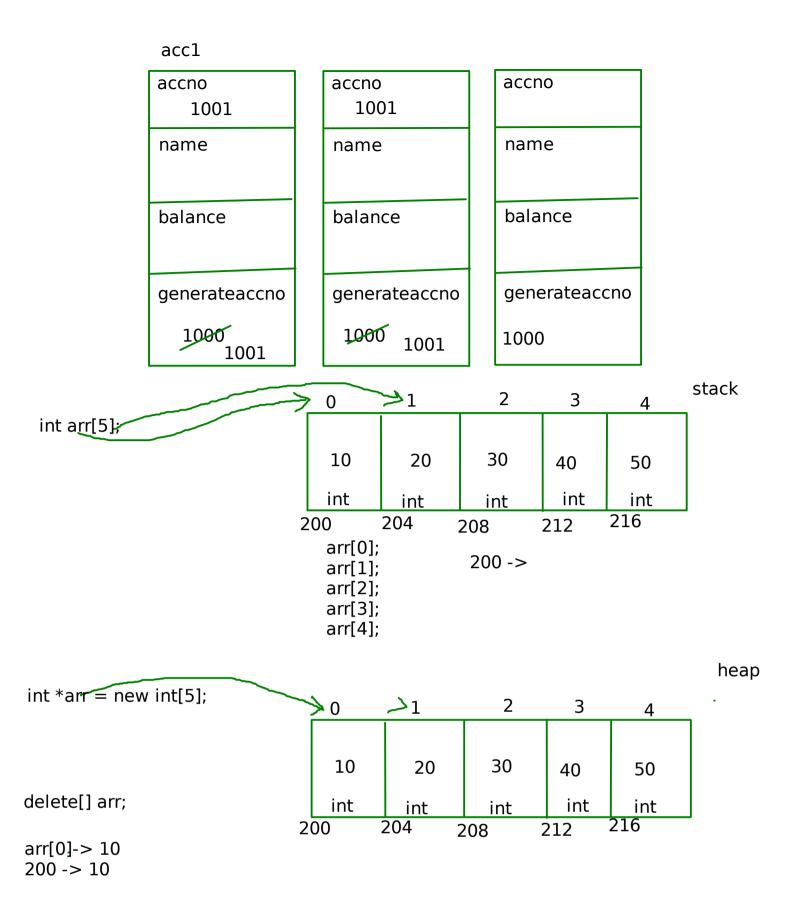
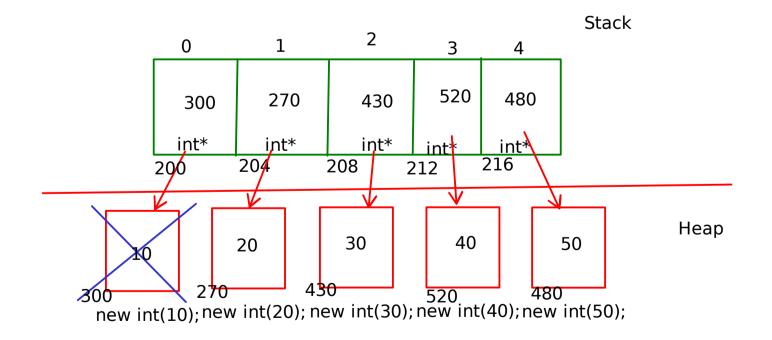
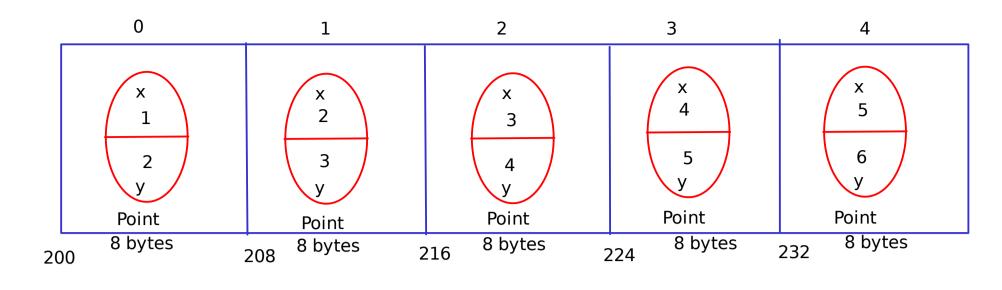
```
Static
         int num1=10;
         int num2 = 20;
                                                                   1. Data Members
         int &ref = num1:
                                                                   2. Member function
         ref = num2; // value of num2 is asssigned to num1
                     class Test{
                     int num1; // non static
                                                                                                             num1->
                     static int num2;
                                                                                                             stack
                                                          without cretaing obj i want to call
                     Test(){
                                                          functions from that class?
                                                          -> Make the function static
                     }
                                                          static member functions are designed to
                                                          call on classname using ::
                                                                                                             num2->
                     //non static
                                                                                                             data
                     void displayTest(){
                     // we can access static
                     // as well as non static
                     // data members here
                                                                  const Test t;
                                                                  t.setNum1(10);
                     static void displayNum2(){
                     // only static data members
                     // are accessibale
                     // as their is no *this for
                                                                            cirlce
                     // static functions
                     Test t;
                                                                            8 bytes ->double radius (non static)
                     t.num1;
                                                                            8 bytes ->double PI (non static)
                     }
                     };
                     int Test::num2 = 1;
                                                     c1
                                                                                c10000
                                                    radius
                                                                               radius
                  main(){
                  while(true){
                                        16 bytes
                                                    Ы
                                                                               Ы
                  Circle c(5,3.14);
                  }
                                                       3.14
                                                                                   3.14
                  }
                                          Stack
                                                      data
stack
                                          acc2
               acc1
                                          const accno
              const accno
                                               1002
                  1001
                                         name
              name
              balance
                                          balance
                                              generate_accno
      Data
                                                 1000
1001 1002
```





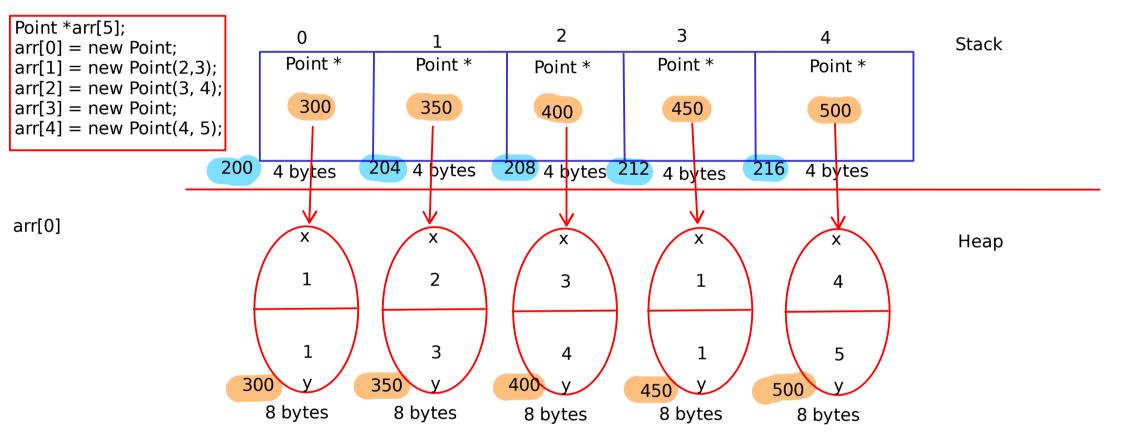
int \*arr[5];
for(int i=0;i<5;i++)
arr[i]=new int(0)
200 = 300(10);
for(int i=0;i<5;i++)
delete arr[i];
return 0;</pre>

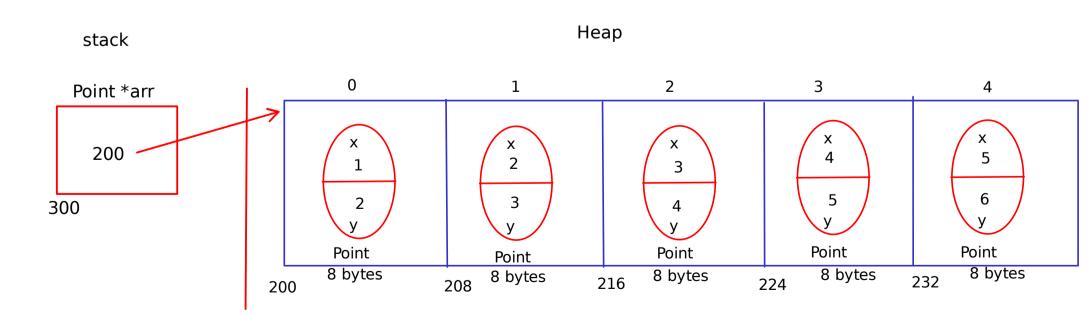
Stack



40 bytes

arr[4].displayPoint();

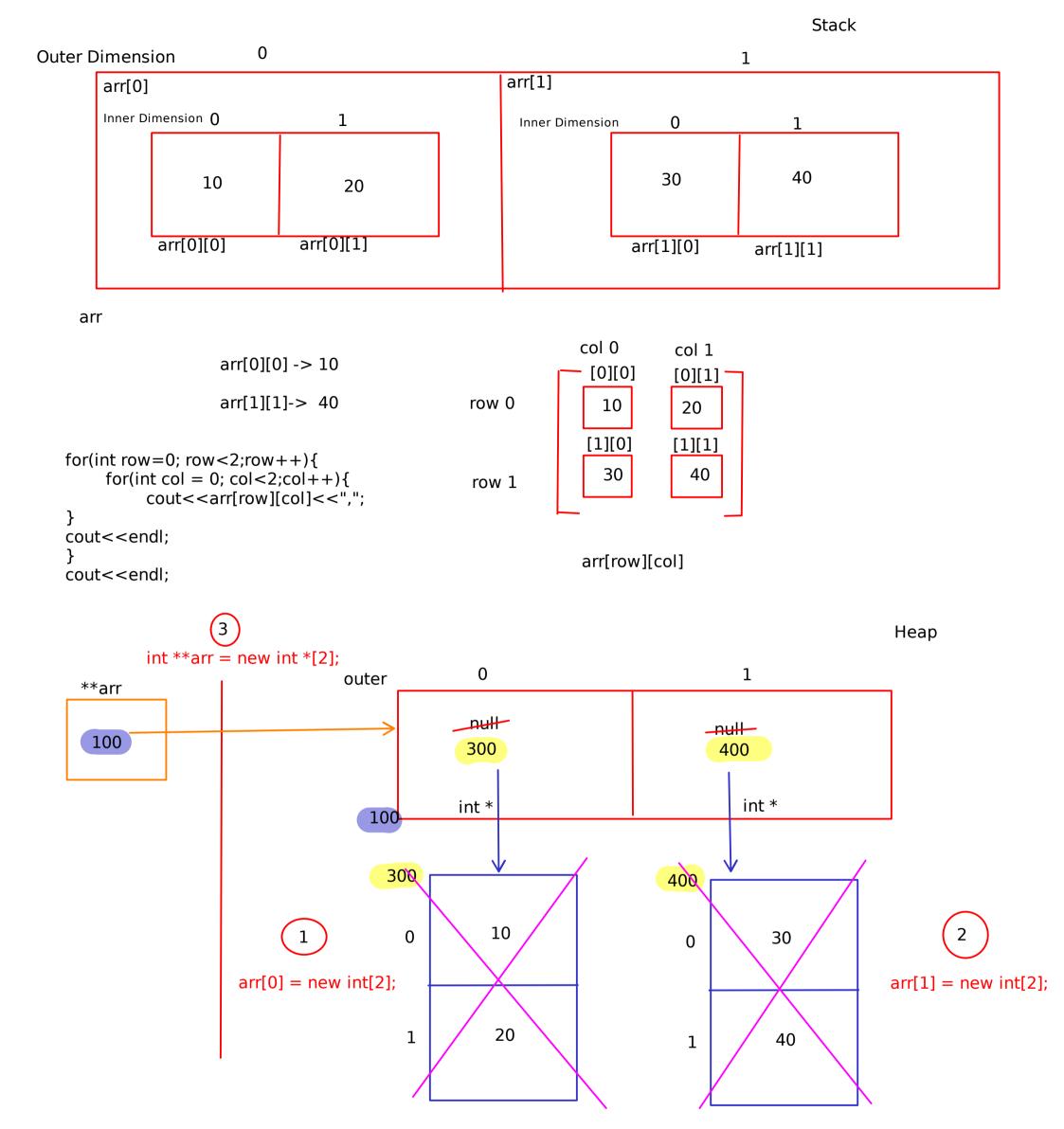




40 bytes

Point \*arr = new Point[5]{Point(1, 2), Point(2, 3), Point(3, 4), Point(4, 5), Point(5, 6)};

for(int i = 0; i<5;i++)
 arr[i].displayPoint();</pre>



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