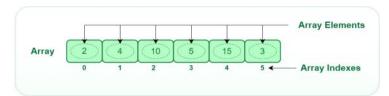
## What Is Arrays?



- An array is a collection of items stored at contiguous memory locations.
- The idea is to store multiple items of the same type together.
- This makes it easier to calculate the position of each element by simply adding an offset to a base value,

One-Dimensional Arrays:

1.int[] arr=new int[5];

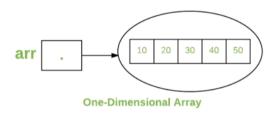
2.int arr[]={1,2,3,4,5};

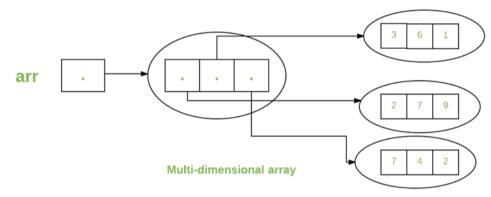
3.int []arr=new int[]{1,2,3,4,5};

Two-Dimensional Arrays:

2.int arr[][]={{1,2,},{3,4}};

3.int []arr[]=new int[n][]{1,2,},{3,4}};





## **Discussion:**

-ArrayList(Dynamic Array)

- Add element method-list.add()
- Get method-list.get()
- Size-list.size()
- Set element-list.set(index,value)
- -for each loop

-initialization of array

- 1. Reverse of the array element
- 2. Missing Number
- 3. Remove Duplicate in a sorted array https://leetcode.com/problems/remove-duplicates-from-sorted-array/
- 4. Rotate Array
- 5. Find Pair sum equal to k

## Challenge problem:

1.

Pair Sum / Two Sum (LC: 1) - HW

i/p : arr = {2,1,5,6,3,7}, k = 11

o/p : 2,3

pair is 5 and 6

- 2. First and Second Largest element
- 3. Find The leader Element
- 4. Dutch National(sort 0,1,2)
- 5. Rotate array with reverse logic