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Project name- Array in ascending order

Program Explanation:-

- 1. Declare an array of some fixed capacity, lets say 30.
- 2. From users, take a number N as input, which will indicate the number of elements in the array (N <= maximum capacity)
- 3. Iterating through for loops (from [0 to N)), take integers as input from user and print them. These input are the elements of the array.
- 4. Now, create a nested for loop with i and j as iterators.
- 5. Start the sorting in ascending order by extracting each element at position i of outer loop.
- 6. This element is being compared to every element from position i+1 to size-1 (means all elements present below this extracted element)
- 7. In case any of the extracted element is greater than the element below it, then these two interchange their position, else the loop continues.
- 8. After this nested loop gets executed, we get all the elements of the array sorted in ascending order.

PROGRAM CODE:-

```
#include <stdio.h> int
main()
 int i, j, a, n, number[30];
printf("Enter the value of N \n");
scanf("%d", &n);
printf("Enter the numbers \n"); for
(i = 0; i < n; ++i)
        scanf("%d", &number[i]);
    for (i = 0; i < n; ++i)
    {
        for (j = i + 1; j < n; ++j)
        {
            if (number[i] > number[j])
                a = number[i];
number[i] = number[j];
number[j] = a;
        }
 }
```

```
printf("The numbers arranged in ascending order are
given below \n");
  for (i = 0; i < n; ++i)
  {
    printf("%d\n", number[i]);
  } return 0;
```

Output:

- Enter the value of N
 3
- Enter the numbers 2 3 4
- The numbers arranged in ascending order
 are given below
 2
 - 3
 - 4