Question 1

• Firstly, I have made a data struct called **Trip** which contains the different data types as mentioned below.

```
int id;
int id;
string start_date;
int start_time;
string end_date;
int end_time;
double start_lat;
double start_lng;
double end_lat;
double end_lng;
};
```

- Then I have created array of the above data structure type
- Then I stored the data in that array.
- Now according to question, I have created the below function to remove the data
 which have zero trip duration (here I am using array of name deletedTripsZero
 which store the details of the data which have zero trip duration).

```
// function to remove the the data whose duration is zero
void removeTheZeroDuration(vector<Trip> &trips, vector<Trip> &deletedTripsWithZero){
    for (int i = 0; i < trips.size(); i++) {
        if (trips[i].start_time == trips[i].end_time) {
            deletedTripsWithZero.push_back(trips[i]);
            trips.erase(trips.begin() + i);
            i--;
        }
    }
}</pre>
```

• After coming to the next part of the question, here I have created the function **FindingMaxMin** which finds the maximum and minimum of the trip duration.

```
// finding the maximum and minimum duration of trip
void FindingMaxMin(int &maxi, int &mini, vector<Trip> &trips){
    for(int i=0; i<trips.size(); i++){
        if ((trips[i].end_time - trips[i].start_time) > maxi){
            maxi = (trips[i].end_time - trips[i].start_time);
        }
        if((trips[i].end_time - trips[i].start_time) < mini){
            mini = (trips[i].end_time - trips[i].start_time);
        }
    }
}</pre>
```

For the next part of the question, I have created a function FindingTheCount
which counts the number of maximum trip duration count and minimum trip
duration count.

```
// finding the maximum and minimum count
void FindingTheCount(int maxi, int mini, vector<Trip> &trips, int &max_count, int &min_count){
    for(int i=0; i<trips.size(); i++){
        if((trips[i].end_time - trips[i].start_time) == maxi){
            max_count++;
        }
        if((trips[i].end_time - trips[i].start_time) == mini){
            min_count++;
        }
    }
}</pre>
```

- For the next part of the question, I have created a function **FIndCircular** which finds the number of circular trips is there in the dataset.
- After that I found the percentage.

```
// finding the circular count in the trip
void FindCircular(vector<Trip> &trips, int &circularcount){
   for (int i = 0; i < trips.size(); i++)
        if((trips[i].start_lat == trips[i].end_lat) && (trips[i].start_lng == trips[i].end_lng)){
        circularcount++;
   }
}</pre>
```

Coming to the final part of the question 1 part 1

• Here I have used **chrono library** to find the total runtime for the function.

```
auto start_time = high_resolution_clock::now();
vector<Trip> deletedTripsWithZero;
removeTheZeroDuration(trips, deletedTripsWithZero);
int maxi=INT_MIN;
int mini=INT_MAX;
FindingMaxMin(maxi, mini, trips);
cout<<"Maximum duration of the trip -> "<<maxi<<" minutes"<<endl;</pre>
cout<<"Minimum duration of the trip -> "<<mini<<" minutes"<<endl;</pre>
cout<<endl;</pre>
int max_count=0;
int min_count=0;
FindingTheCount(maxi, mini, trips, max_count, min_count);
cout<<"Total no of trip corresponding to the maximum duration -> "<<max_count<<endl;</pre>
cout<<"Total no of trip corresponding to the minimum duration -> "<<min_count<<endl;</pre>
cout<<endl;</pre>
int circularcount=0;
float totalctrips = trips.size();
FindCircular(trips, circularcount);
cout<<"Percentage of total circular trips -> "<<(circularcount*100)/totalctrips<<"%"<<endl;</pre>
auto end_time = high_resolution_clock::now();
auto duration = duration_cast<microseconds>(end_time - start_time);
std::cout << "Function runtime -> " << duration.count() / 1000.0 << " ms" << std::endl;</pre>
```

Coming to the 2nd part of question 1.

- For this part I have created the array of Trip type data structures of name **filterdata** which I used to store of the filter data according to the question.
- Then I created a function filterningdata which filters the data according to the question condition.

```
vector<Trip> filterdata;
filterningdata(filterdata, trips);
```

```
// filtering the data whose start time is between 6am to 6pm
void filterningdata(vector<Trip> &filterdata, vector<Trip> &trips){
   for (int i = 0; i < trips.size(); i++){
      if(trips[i].start_time >= 360 and trips[i].start_time <= 1080){
      filterdata.push_back(trips[i]);
   }
}</pre>
```

 Now going forward according to the question I have created the function name feasible which counts the number of feasible pair is formed.

• But the above code has time complexity of $O(n^2)$ then I optimize the code which is the below one has time complexity of O(n).

Coming to last part of the question 1

Here question is asking to include only the first 100 trips so for that I have created
the function name lastpart in which I am storing the first 100 data in lastpartdata
array.

```
// putting the data in lastpartdata for first 100 id
void lastpart(vector<Trip> &lastpartdata, vector<Trip> &trips){
   int i=0;

   while(trips[i].id<=100){
        lastpartdata.push_back(trips[i]);
        i++;
   }
   return;
}</pre>
```

• Now for the next part I have created the function **countUniqueDepots** where I count the number of unique depots in the dataset for the first 100 trip data.

```
// count the number of unique depots in the data
void countUniqueDepots(vector<Trip> &lastpartdata, int &uniquedepots){
    unordered_map<string, int> checkdata;

    for(int i=0; i<lastpartdata.size(); i++){
        string temp=to_string(lastpartdata[i].start_lat) + "=" + to_string(lastpartdata[i].start_lng);
        checkdata[temp]++;
    }

    uniquedepots=checkdata.size();
}</pre>
```

 Now coming to the next part, I have created new data structures of the name Eucli to store the distance, latitude, and longitude of the depots.

```
struct Eucli{
   double edistance;
   double slat;
   double slng;
   double elat;
   double elng;
};
```

• Then I have created a function name **findingTheDistance** which find the distance between depots and then store it in the array name of **euclideandistance**.

```
// Finding the distance between depots
void findingTheDistance(unordered_map<string, int> &checkdata, vector<Eucli> &euclideandistance){
    unordered_map<string, int>::terator it;
    for (it = checkdata.begin(); it != checkdata.end(); ++it) {\( \) }

    string templ=it->first;

    // Find the position of the equal sign (=) in the string
    size_t pos = templ.find("=");

    // Extract the substrings before and after the equal sign
    string x.str = templ.substr(pos + 1);

    // Convert the substrings to double values
    double x1 = stod(x_str);
    double x1 = stod(x_str);
    double x1 = stod(x_str);
    unordered_maps<string, int>:isterator its;
    for (its = it; its != checkdata.end(); ++its) {
        string bos2 = temp2.find("=");

        // Extract the substrings before and after the equal sign
        size_t pos2 = temp2.find("=");

        // Extract the substrings before and after the equal sign
        string x_str2 = temp2.substr(pos2);
        string y_str2 = temp2.substr(pos2);
        string y_str2 = temp2.substr(pos2 + 1);

        // Convert the substrings to double values
        double x2 = stod(x_str2);
        double x2 = stod(x_str2);
        double dis=sqrt((x1-x2)*(x1-x2) + (y1-y2)*(y1-y2));
        Eucli eucli;
        eucli.elatex2;
        eucli.elatex2;
        eucli.elatex2;
        eucli.elatex2;
        eucli.elatex2;
        eucli.elatex2;
        eucli.elatex2;
        eucli.elatex2;
        eucli.elatex0;
        eucli.elatex2;
        eucli.ela
```

 After that I have created a function for printing the data of euclideandistance whose name is printthevector.

• After that I created a function named **findTheMaxMindistance** which finds the maximum and minimum distance between depots.

```
// find the maximum and minimum value of distance between the depots
void findTheMaxMindistance(vector<Eucli> &euclideandistance, double &maxDis, double &minDis){
    for(int i=0; i<euclideandistance.size(); i++){
        if(euclideandistance[i].edistance > maxDis)
            maxDis = euclideandistance[i].edistance;
        if(euclideandistance[i].edistance < minDis)
            minDis = euclideandistance[i].edistance;
    }
    return;
}</pre>
```