

## APPLIED PHYSICS –II

| COURSE CONTENT                   | CODE | SYLLABUS  |
|----------------------------------|------|---|
| WAVE MOTION AND ITS APPLICATIONS | 1    | 1.1 Wave motion. 1.2 Transverse and longitudinal waves with examples 1.3 Definitions of wave velocity, frequency and wave length and their relationship 1.4 Principle of superposition of waves 1.5 Stationary waves and Resonance tube 1.6 Simple Harmonic Motion (SHM). 1.6.1 Definition. 1.6.2 Simple harmonic progressive wave and energy transfer        |
| OPTICS                           | 2    | 2.1 Basic optical laws 2.1.1 Reflection and refraction 2.1.2 Lens formula, power of lens (only formula) 2.2 Total internal reflection 2.2.1 Critical angle and conditions for total internal reflection 2.2.2 Applications of total internal reflection in optical fiber 2.3 Optical Instruments 2.3.1 Simple and compound microscope (introduction and uses) |



## MATHEMATICS-II

| COURSE CONTENT                            | CODE | SYLLABUS  |
|---|------|---|
| ELECTROSTATICS AND<br>CURRENT ELECTRICITY | 3    | 3.1 Coulombs law, Unit of charge 3.2 Electric field, Electric lines of force and their properties 3.3 Electric flux 3.4 Electric Current and its units 3.4.1 Direct and alternating current 3.5 Kirchhoff's law 3.6 Wheatstone bridge and its applications (meter bridge) 3.7 Concept of terminal potential difference and Electro motive force (EMF)   |
| ELECTROMAGNETISM                          | 4    | 4.1 Magnetic field and its units 4.1.1 Magnetic intensity 4.1.2 Magnetic lines of force 4.1.3 Magnetic flux and units 4.2 Concept of electromagnetic induction 4.2.1 Faraday's Laws and Lenz's law 4.3 Magnetic Force on moving charge 4.3.1 Force on current carrying conductor 4.3.2 Force on rectangular coil placed in magnetic field 4.4 Moving coil galvanometer:-principle, construction and working 4.4.1 Conversion of a galvanometer into ammeter and voltmeter |



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| COURSE CONTENT                      | CODE | SYLLABUS   |
|-------------------------------------|------|--|
| SEMICONDUCTOR AND<br>MODERN PHYSICS | 5    | 5.1 Energy bands in solids 5.2 Types of materials (insulator, semi-conductor, conductor) 5.3 p-n junction 5.3.1 Junction diode and V-I characteristics 5.3.2 Types of junction diodes (Zener and Photo Diode) 5.3.3 Diode as rectifier - half wave and full wave rectifier (centre taped) 5.4 Lasers: 5.4.1 Energy levels, ionization and excitation potentials 5.4.2 Spontaneous and stimulated emission 5.4.3 Population inversion 5.4.4 Pumping methods 5.4.5 Types of lasers (Ruby and He-Ne Laser) 5.4.6 Laser characteristics 5.4.7 Engineering and medical applications of lasers 5.5 Nanoscience and Nanotechnology: 5.5.1 Introduction only |