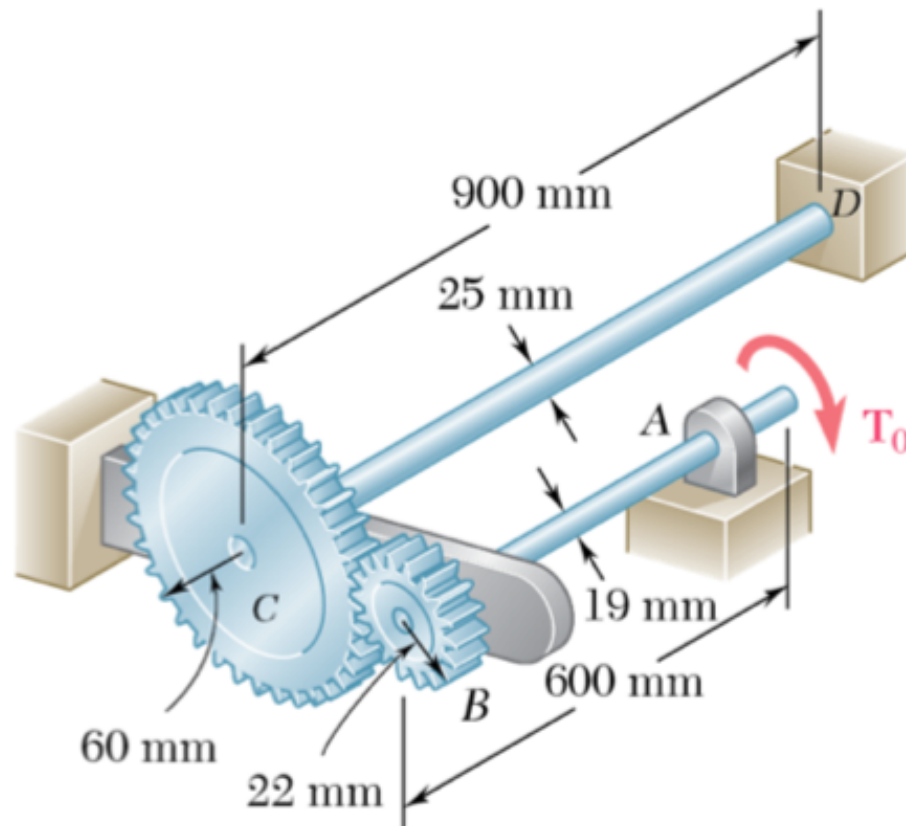


Sample Problem 3.4



Two solid steel shafts are connected by gears. Knowing that for each shaft $G = 77 \text{ GPa}$ and that the allowable shearing stress is 55 MPa , determine (a) the largest torque T_0 that may be applied to the end of shaft AB , (b) the corresponding angle through which end A of shaft AB rotates.

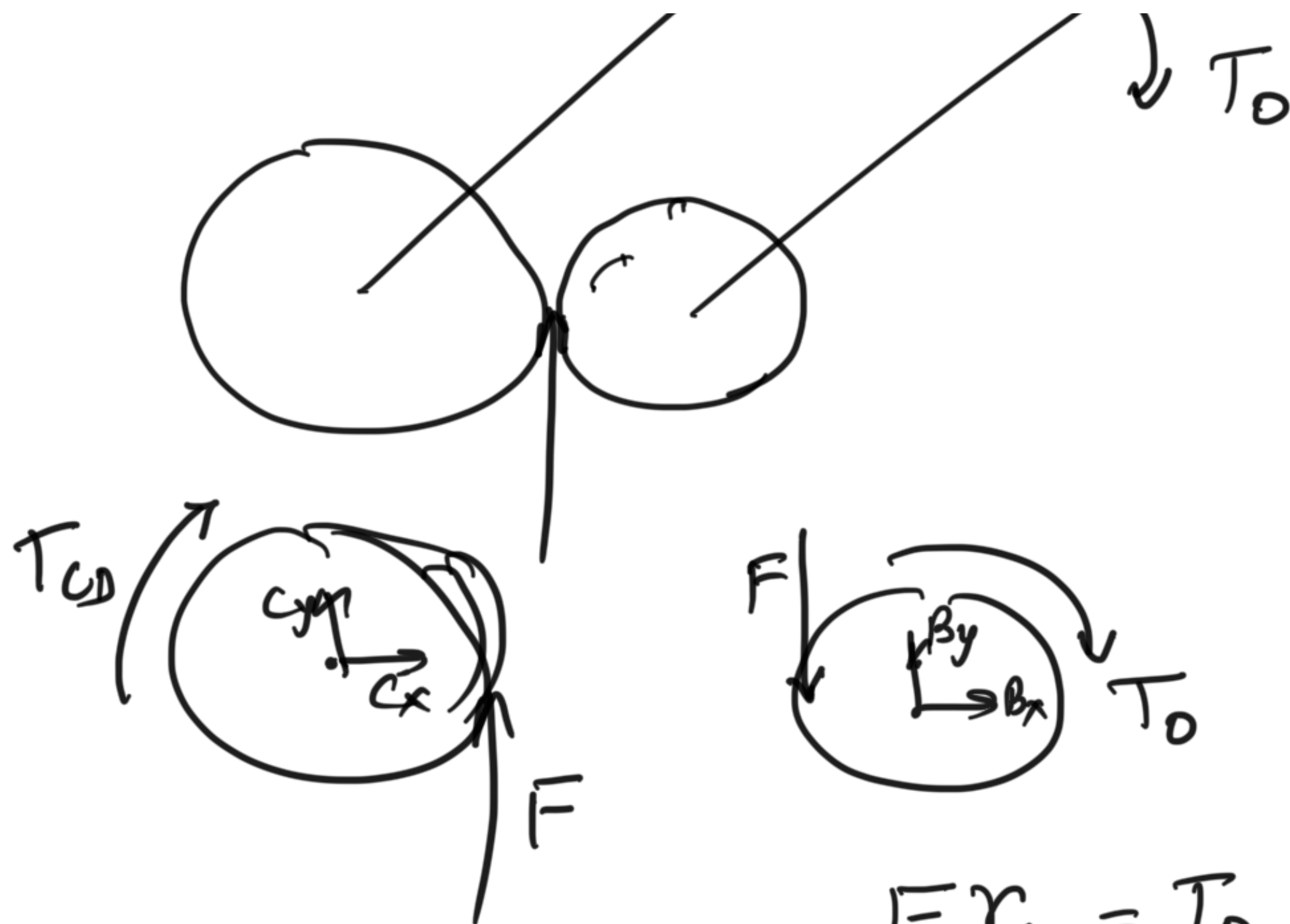
SOLUTION:

Apply a static equilibrium analysis on the two shafts to find a relationship between T_{CD} and T_0 .

Apply a kinematic analysis to relate the angular rotations of the gears.

Find the maximum allowable torque on each shaft – choose the smallest.

Find the corresponding angle of twist for each shaft and the net angular rotation of end A .



$$F r_{AB} = T_0$$

$$F r_{CD} = T_{CD}$$

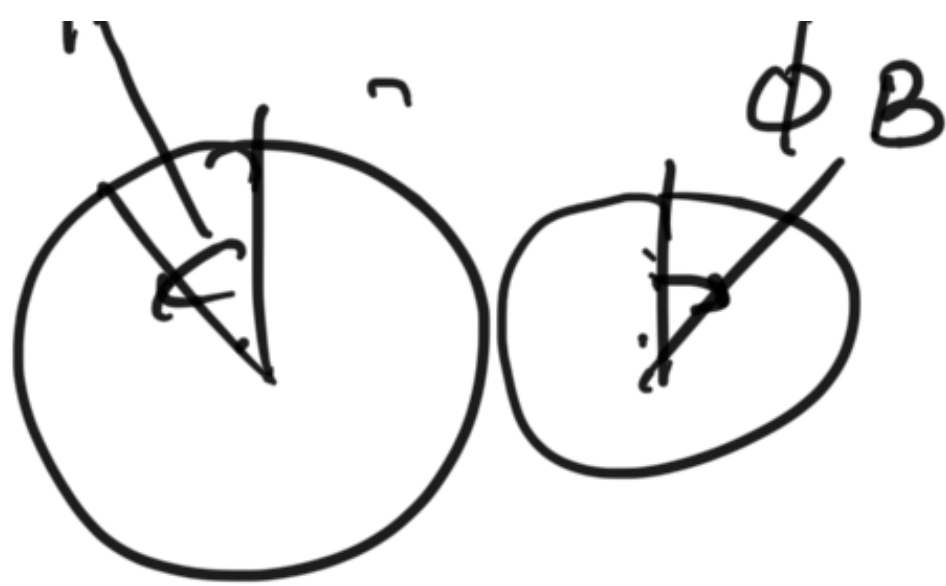
T_{CD} is ~~can~~ ~~inter~~ the torque in gear resisting the motion

$$F (22 \text{ mm}) = T_0$$

$$F (60 \text{ mm}) = T_{CD}$$

ϕ_c

$T \quad T$



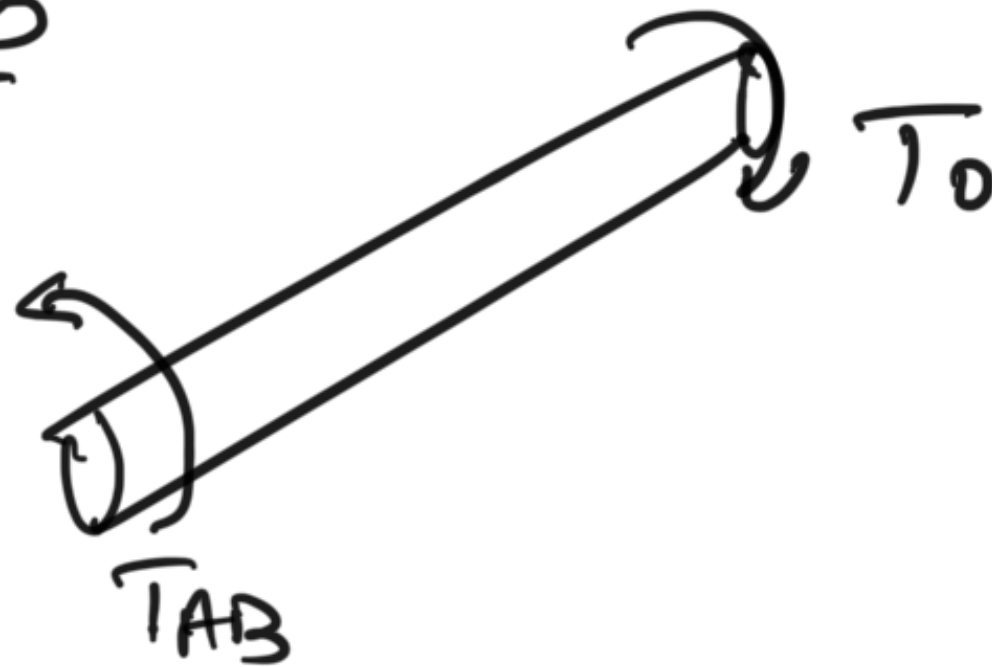
$$\frac{10}{60} = \frac{10}{22}$$

$$\Rightarrow T_C = 2.73 T_0$$

$$r_{\text{Gear C}} \phi_C = r_{\text{Gear B}} \phi_B$$

$$\Rightarrow \phi_B = \phi_C \times \frac{60}{22} = 2.73 \phi_C$$

Shaft AB



$$T_{AB} = T_0$$

$$C = 9.5 \text{ mm}$$

$$\tau = \frac{T_{AB} C}{J} \Rightarrow 55 \times 10^6 = \frac{T_0 (9.5 \times 10^{-3})}{\frac{\pi}{2} (9.5 \times 10^{-3})^4}$$

$$T_0 = 74.1 \text{ N.m}$$

$$\Rightarrow T_{CD} = 2.73 T_0$$

$$= 202.3 \text{ N-m}$$

$$T_{CD} = \frac{T_{CD} C}{J} = \frac{202.3 \times (12.5 \times 10^{-3})}{\frac{\pi}{2} (12.5 \times 10^{-3})^4}$$

$$= ~~1.03 \times 10^6~~ 65.9 \text{ MPa}$$

exceeds T_{max} .

So we have to rework starting from rod CD.

$$T_{CD} = 2.73 T_0$$

$$T_{max} = 55 \times 10^6 = \frac{2.73 \times T_0 (12.5 \times 10^{-3})}{\frac{\pi}{2} (12.5 \times 10^{-3})^4}$$

$$T_0 = 61.8 \text{ N.m} \longrightarrow$$

$$T_C = 168.7 \text{ N.m}$$

end D is fixed

$$\phi_{C/D} = \frac{TL}{GJ} = \frac{168.7 \times 0.9}{(77 \times 10^9) \left(\frac{\pi}{2}\right) (0.0125)^4}$$

$$= 0.0514 \text{ rad}$$

$$\text{shaft AB} = T_{AB} = T_0 = 61.8$$

$$\phi_{A/B} = \frac{T_0 L}{JG} = \frac{(61.8)(0.6)}{(77 \times 10^9) \left(\frac{\pi}{2}\right) (0.0095 \times 10^{-3})^4}$$

$$= 0.0376 \text{ rad}$$

$$\phi_B = 2.73 \phi_C = (2.73)(0.0514) \text{ rad}$$

$$\phi = \phi + \phi_1$$

$$\gamma_A - \gamma_B \quad \gamma_{A/B} =$$

$$\pi \text{ rad} = 180^\circ$$