

Lab 8: How to work with Data Types

Step 1:

Write a SELECT statement that returns these columns from the Products table: The list_price column A column that uses the FORMAT function to return the list_price column with 1 digit to the right of the decimal point:

The screenshot shows the MySQL Workbench interface. The SQL Editor contains the following query:

```
1 SELECT
2     list_price AS original_list_price,
3     FORMAT(list_price, 1) AS list_price_with_one_decimal
4 FROM
5     products;
```

The Results window displays the output of the query as a table with two columns: original_list_price and list_price_with_one_decimal. The data is as follows:

original_list_price	list_price_with_one_decimal
699.00	699.0
1199.00	1,199.0
2517.00	2,517.0
489.99	490.0
299.00	299.0
415.00	415.0
799.99	800.0
499.99	500.0
699.99	700.0
799.99	800.0

The Output window shows the execution log with the following entries:

#	Time	Action	Message	Duration / Fetch
17	11:07:48	INSERT INTO order_items (item_id, order_id, product_id, item_price, discount_amount, quantity) VALUES (1, 1, 2, ...	12 row(s) affected Records: 12 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0	0.031 sec
18	11:07:48	INSERT INTO administrators (admin_id, email_address, password, first_name, last_name) VALUES (1, 'admin@my...	3 row(s) affected Records: 3 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0	0.032 sec
19	11:07:48	GRANT SELECT, INSERT, UPDATE, DELETE ON * TO mgs_user@localhost IDENTIFIED BY 'pa55word'	Error Code: 1064. You have an error in your SQL syntax; check the manual that corresponds to your MySQL server...	0.015 sec
20	11:07:56	SELECT list_price, FORMAT(list_price, 1) AS formatted_price, CONVERT(list_price, SIGNED) AS convert...	Error Code: 1146. Table 'my_guitar_shop.Products' doesn't exist	0.015 sec
21	11:10:09	SELECT list_price AS original_list_price, FORMAT(list_price, 1) AS list_price_with_one_decimal FROM product...	10 row(s) returned	0.031 sec / 0.000 sec
22	11:10:31	SELECT list_price AS original_list_price, FORMAT(list_price, 1) AS list_price_with_one_decimal FROM product...	10 row(s) returned	0.015 sec / 0.000 sec

A column that uses the CONVERT function to return the list_price column as an integer:

The screenshot shows the MySQL Workbench interface. The SQL editor contains the following query:

```
1 SELECT
2   list_price AS original_list_price,
3   CONVERT(list_price, SIGNED) AS list_price_as_integer
4 FROM
5   products;
```

The Result Grid displays the following data:

original_list_price	list_price_as_integer
699.00	699
1199.00	1199
2517.00	2517
489.99	490
299.00	299
415.00	415
799.99	800
499.99	500
699.99	700
699.99	700

The Output pane shows the execution log with the following entries:

#	Time	Action	Message	Duration / Fetch
21	11:10:09	SELECT list_price AS original_list_price, FORMAT(list_price, 1) AS list_price_with_one_decimal FROM product...	10 row(s) returned	0.031 sec / 0.000 sec
22	11:10:31	SELECT list_price AS original_list_price, FORMAT(list_price, 1) AS list_price_with_one_decimal FROM product...	10 row(s) returned	0.015 sec / 0.000 sec
23	11:10:31	SELECT list_price AS original_list_price, CONVERT(list_price, SIGNED) AS list_price_as_integer FROM produ...	10 row(s) returned	0.031 sec / 0.000 sec
24	11:11:52	SELECT list_price AS original_list_price, FORMAT(list_price, 1) AS list_price_with_one_decimal FROM product...	10 row(s) returned	0.031 sec / 0.000 sec
25	11:14:20	SELECT list_price AS original_list_price, CONVERT(list_price, SIGNED) AS list_price_as_integer FROM produ...	10 row(s) returned	0.031 sec / 0.000 sec

A column that uses the CAST function to return the list_price column as an integer:

The screenshot shows the MySQL Workbench interface. The SQL editor contains the following query:

```
1 SELECT
2   list_price AS original_list_price,
3   CAST(list_price AS SIGNED) AS list_price_as_integer
4 FROM
5   products;
```

The Result Grid displays the following data:

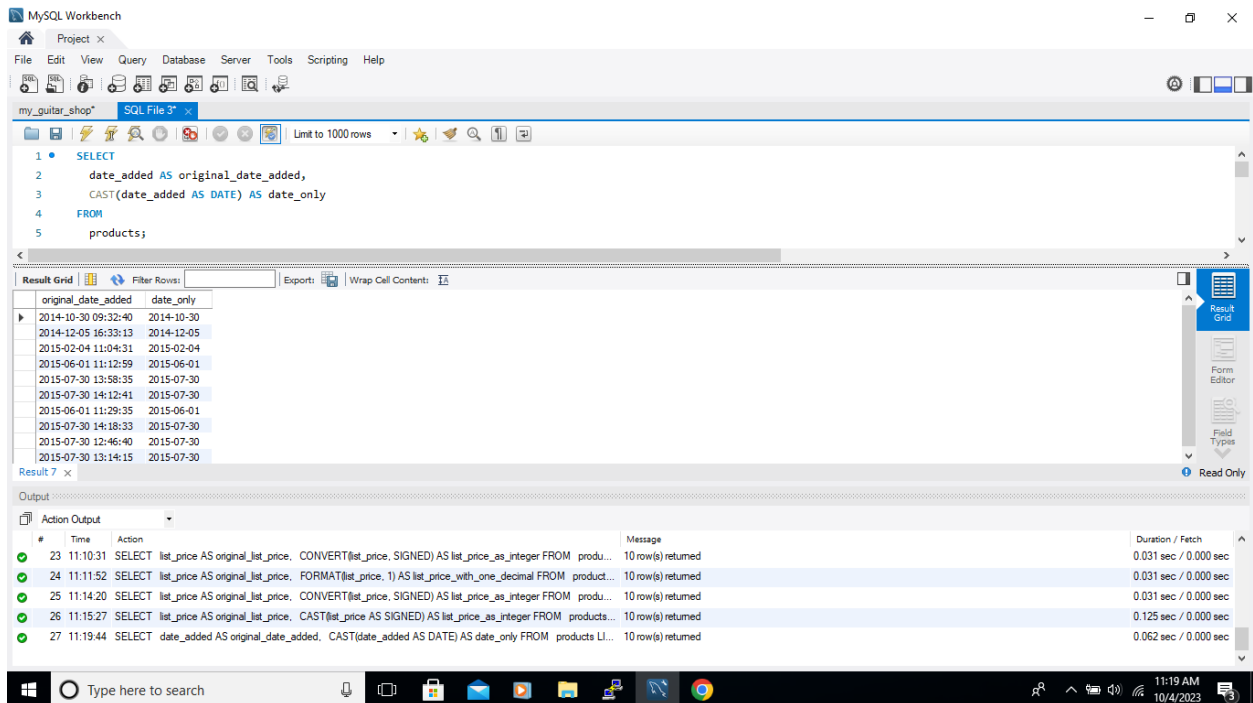
original_list_price	list_price_as_integer
699.00	699
1199.00	1199
2517.00	2517
489.99	490
299.00	299
415.00	415
799.99	800
499.99	500
699.99	700
699.99	700

The Output pane shows the execution log with the following entries:

#	Time	Action	Message	Duration / Fetch
22	11:10:31	SELECT list_price AS original_list_price, FORMAT(list_price, 1) AS list_price_with_one_decimal FROM product...	10 row(s) returned	0.015 sec / 0.000 sec
23	11:10:31	SELECT list_price AS original_list_price, CONVERT(list_price, SIGNED) AS list_price_as_integer FROM produ...	10 row(s) returned	0.031 sec / 0.000 sec
24	11:11:52	SELECT list_price AS original_list_price, FORMAT(list_price, 1) AS list_price_with_one_decimal FROM product...	10 row(s) returned	0.031 sec / 0.000 sec
25	11:14:20	SELECT list_price AS original_list_price, CONVERT(list_price, SIGNED) AS list_price_as_integer FROM produ...	10 row(s) returned	0.031 sec / 0.000 sec
26	11:15:27	SELECT list_price AS original_list_price, CAST(list_price AS SIGNED) AS list_price_as_integer FROM products...	10 row(s) returned	0.125 sec / 0.000 sec

Step 2:

Write a SELECT statement that returns these columns from the Products table: The date_added column. A column that uses the CAST function to return the date_added column with its date only (year, month, and day):



The screenshot shows the MySQL Workbench interface. The SQL Editor contains the following query:

```
1 SELECT
2   date_added AS original_date_added,
3   CAST(date_added AS DATE) AS date_only
4 FROM
5   products;
```

The Results window displays the output of the query in a table with two columns: original_date_added and date_only. The data is as follows:

original_date_added	date_only
2014-10-30 09:32:40	2014-10-30
2014-12-05 16:33:13	2014-12-05
2015-02-04 11:04:31	2015-02-04
2015-06-01 11:12:59	2015-06-01
2015-07-30 13:58:35	2015-07-30
2015-07-30 14:12:41	2015-07-30
2015-06-01 11:29:35	2015-06-01
2015-07-30 14:18:33	2015-07-30
2015-07-30 12:46:40	2015-07-30
2015-07-30 13:14:15	2015-07-30

The Output window shows the execution log with the following entries:

#	Time	Action	Message	Duration / Fetch
23	11:10:31	SELECT list_price AS original_list_price, CONVERT(list_price, SIGNED) AS list_price_as_integer FROM produ...	10 row(s) returned	0.031 sec / 0.000 sec
24	11:11:52	SELECT list_price AS original_list_price, FORMAT(list_price, 1) AS list_price_with_one_decimal FROM product...	10 row(s) returned	0.031 sec / 0.000 sec
25	11:14:20	SELECT list_price AS original_list_price, CONVERT(list_price, SIGNED) AS list_price_as_integer FROM produ...	10 row(s) returned	0.031 sec / 0.000 sec
26	11:15:27	SELECT list_price AS original_list_price, CAST(list_price AS SIGNED) AS list_price_as_integer FROM products...	10 row(s) returned	0.125 sec / 0.000 sec
27	11:19:44	SELECT date_added AS original_date_added, CAST(date_added AS DATE) AS date_only FROM products LI...	10 row(s) returned	0.062 sec / 0.000 sec

A column that uses the CAST function to return the date_added column with just the year and the month:

The screenshot shows the MySQL Workbench interface. The query editor contains the following SQL code:

```
1 SELECT
2   date_added AS original_date_added,
3   DATE_FORMAT(date_added, '%Y-%m') AS year_month_only
4 FROM
5   products;
```

The Result Grid shows the output of the query:

original_date_added	year_month_only
2014-10-30 09:32:40	2014-10
2014-12-05 16:33:13	2014-12
2015-02-04 11:04:31	2015-02
2015-06-01 11:12:59	2015-06
2015-07-30 13:58:35	2015-07
2015-07-30 14:12:41	2015-07
2015-06-01 11:29:35	2015-06
2015-07-30 14:18:33	2015-07
2015-07-30 12:46:40	2015-07

The Output tab shows the execution log with the following entries:

#	Time	Action	Message	Duration / Fetch
24	11:11:52	SELECT list_price AS original_list_price, FORMAT(list_price, 1) AS list_price_with_one_decimal FROM products...	10 row(s) returned	0.031 sec / 0.000 sec
25	11:14:20	SELECT list_price AS original_list_price, CONVERT(list_price, SIGNED) AS list_price_as_integer FROM products...	10 row(s) returned	0.031 sec / 0.000 sec
26	11:15:27	SELECT list_price AS original_list_price, CAST(list_price AS SIGNED) AS list_price_as_integer FROM products...	10 row(s) returned	0.125 sec / 0.000 sec
27	11:19:44	SELECT date_added AS original_date_added, CAST(date_added AS DATE) AS date_only FROM products...	10 row(s) returned	0.062 sec / 0.000 sec
28	11:20:35	SELECT date_added AS original_date_added, DATE_FORMAT(date_added, '%Y-%m') AS year_month_only FROM products...	10 row(s) returned	0.125 sec / 0.000 sec

A column that uses the CAST function to return the date_added column with its full time only (hour, minutes, and seconds):

The screenshot shows the MySQL Workbench interface. The query editor contains the following SQL code:

```
1 SELECT
2   date_added AS original_date_added,
3   CAST(date_added AS TIME) AS time_only
4 FROM
5   products;
```

The Result Grid shows the output of the query:

original_date_added	time_only
2014-10-30 09:32:40	09:32:40
2014-12-05 16:33:13	16:33:13
2015-02-04 11:04:31	11:04:31
2015-06-01 11:12:59	11:12:59
2015-07-30 13:58:35	13:58:35
2015-07-30 14:12:41	14:12:41
2015-06-01 11:29:35	11:29:35
2015-07-30 14:18:33	14:18:33
2015-07-30 12:46:40	12:46:40

The Output tab shows the execution log with the following entries:

#	Time	Action	Message	Duration / Fetch
25	11:14:20	SELECT list_price AS original_list_price, CONVERT(list_price, SIGNED) AS list_price_as_integer FROM products...	10 row(s) returned	0.031 sec / 0.000 sec
26	11:15:27	SELECT list_price AS original_list_price, CAST(list_price AS SIGNED) AS list_price_as_integer FROM products...	10 row(s) returned	0.125 sec / 0.000 sec
27	11:19:44	SELECT date_added AS original_date_added, CAST(date_added AS DATE) AS date_only FROM products...	10 row(s) returned	0.062 sec / 0.000 sec
28	11:20:35	SELECT date_added AS original_date_added, DATE_FORMAT(date_added, '%Y-%m') AS year_month_only FROM products...	10 row(s) returned	0.125 sec / 0.000 sec
29	11:21:59	SELECT date_added AS original_date_added, CAST(date_added AS TIME) AS time_only FROM products...	10 row(s) returned	0.078 sec / 0.000 sec