



(Do not write or mark anything on this page)

- 1) Formation of aniline from chlorobenzene under the treatment of sodamide in liquid ammonia is an example of
  - a) Elimination-addition reaction
  - b) Addition-elimination reaction
  - c) Elimination reaction
  - d) Addition reaction
- 2) Which one of the following is the substrate in Cumene phenol method
  - a) Toluene
  - b) Isopropyl benzene
  - c) Nitrobenzene
  - d) Xylene
- 3) Which one of the following is the product when hydroxylamine reacts with cyclohexanone
  - a) Cyclohexene
  - b) Cyclohexylamine
  - c) Oxime
  - d) Cyclohexadiene
- 4) Formation of phenyl hydrazone from phenyl hydrazine and carbonyl compound is an example of
  - a) substitution reaction
  - b) Addition-elimination reaction
  - c) elimination reaction
  - d) Addition reaction
- 5) In esterification reaction from alcohol and carboxylic acid the OH group is eliminated from
  - a) carboxylic acid
  - b) both carboxylic acid and alcohol
  - c) none from carboxylic acid or alcohol
  - d) alcohol
- 6) Which one of the following will give haloform reaction
  - a) 2-butanol
  - b) Butanal
  - c) 1-propanol
  - d) 1-butanol
- 7) Which one of the following is the reagent of Wittig reaction?
  - a) Phosphonium ylid
  - b) Anhydrous zinc chloride
  - c) Sodium bisulfite
  - d) Phenyl lithium
- 8) Oppenauer oxidation is similar but opposite to
  - a) Meerwein-Ponndorf-Verley reduction
  - b) Clemmensen reduction
  - c) Wolff-Kishner reduction
  - d) Wittig reaction
- 9) Crossed aldol condensation between benzaldehyde and acetaldehyde is known as
  - a) Lucas reaction
  - b) Claisen-Schmidt reaction
  - c) Knoevenagel reaction
  - d) Perkin reaction
- 10) Meerwein-Ponndorf-Verley reduction produces
  - a) Benzaldehyde
  - b) n-butane
  - c) Acetaldehyde
  - d) Acetone

(Do not write or mark anything on this page)

- 1) Crossed aldol condensation between benzaldehyde and acetaldehyde is known as
  - a) Perkin reaction
  - b) Knoevenagel reaction
  - c) Lucas reaction
  - d) Claisen-Schmidt reaction
- 2) Formation of aniline from chlorobenzene under the treatment of sodamide in liquid ammonia is an example of
  - a) Elimination-addition reaction
  - b) Addition-elimination reaction
  - c) Addition reaction
  - d) Elimination reaction
- 3) Formation of phenyl hydrazone from phenyl hydrazine and carbonyl compound is an example of
  - a) elimination reaction
  - b) substitution reaction
  - c) Addition-elimination reaction
  - d) Addition reaction
- 4) Oppenauer oxidation is similar but opposite to
  - a) Wittig reaction
  - b) Meerwein-Ponndorf-Verley reduction
  - c) Wolff-Kishner reduction
  - d) Clemmensen reduction
- 5) Which one of the following is the product when hydroxylamine reacts with cyclohexanone
  - a) Oxime
  - b) Cyclohexadiene
  - c) Cyclohexene
  - d) Cyclohexylamine
- 6) Which one of the following is the reagent of Wittig reaction?
  - a) Sodium bisulfite
  - b) Phenyl lithium
  - c) Anhydrous zinc chloride
  - d) Phosphonium ylid
- 7) Meerwein-Ponndorf-Verley reduction produces
  - a) Acetone
  - b) Benzaldehyde
  - c) Acetaldehyde
  - d) n-butane
- 8) In esterification reaction from alcohol and carboxylic acid the OH group is eliminated from
  - a) alcohol
  - b) none from carboxylic acid or alcohol
  - c) both carboxylic acid and alcohol
  - d) carboxylic acid
- 9) Which one of the following will give haloform reaction
  - a) Butanal
  - b) 1-butanol
  - c) 2-butanol
  - d) 1-propanol
- 10) Which one of the following is the substrate in Cumene phenol method
  - a) Toluene
  - b) Xylene
  - c) Isopropyl benzene
  - d) Nitrobenzene

(Do not write or mark anything on this page)

- 1) In esterification reaction from alcohol and carboxylic acid the OH group is eliminated from
  - a) none from carboxylic acid or alcohol
  - b) alcohol
  - c) both carboxylic acid and alcohol
  - d) carboxylic acid
- 2) Which one of the following is the substrate in Cumene phenol method
  - a) Nitrobenzene
  - b) Toluene
  - c) Isopropyl benzene
  - d) Xylene
- 3) Which one of the following will give haloform reaction
  - a) Butanal
  - b) 1-propanol
  - c) 1-butanol
  - d) 2-butanol
- 4) Oppenauer oxidation is similar but opposite to
  - a) Meerwein-Ponndorf-Verley reduction
  - b) Wittig reaction
  - c) Wolff-Kishner reduction
  - d) Clemmensen reduction
- 5) Crossed aldol condensation between benzaldehyde and acetaldehyde is known as
  - a) Knoevenagel reaction
  - b) Claisen-Schmidt reaction
  - c) Perkin reaction
  - d) Lucas reaction
- 6) Which one of the following is the reagent of Wittig reaction?
  - a) Phosphonium ylid
  - b) Phenyl lithium
  - c) Sodium bisulfite
  - d) Anhydrous zinc chloride
- 7) Which one of the following is the product when hydroxylamine reacts with cyclohexanone
  - a) Cyclohexene
  - b) Oxime
  - c) Cyclohexylamine
  - d) Cyclohexadiene
- 8) Formation of phenyl hydrazone from phenyl hydrazine and carbonyl compound is an example of
  - a) elimination reaction
  - b) Addition-elimination reaction
  - c) Addition reaction
  - d) substitution reaction
- 9) Meerwein-Ponndorf-Verley reduction produces
  - a) Benzaldehyde
  - b) Acetaldehyde
  - c) n-butane
  - d) Acetone
- 10) Formation of aniline from chlorobenzene under the treatment of sodamide in liquid ammonia is an example of
  - a) Addition-elimination reaction
  - b) Elimination reaction
  - c) Addition reaction
  - d) Elimination-addition reaction

Script Number - 4/2019  
(Do not write or mark anything on this page)

- 1) Formation of aniline from chlorobenzene under the treatment of sodamide in liquid ammonia is an example of
  - a) Addition reaction
  - b) Elimination-addition reaction
  - c) Addition-elimination reaction
  - d) Elimination reaction
- 2) Which one of the following is the product when hydroxylamine reacts with cyclohexanone
  - a) Cyclohexene
  - b) Oxime
  - c) Cyclohexylamine
  - d) Cyclohexadiene
- 3) Crossed aldol condensation between benzaldehyde and acetaldehyde is known as
  - a) Lucas reaction
  - b) Claisen-Schmidt reaction
  - c) Perkin reaction
  - d) Knoevenagel reaction
- 4) Which one of the following will give haloform reaction
  - a) 1-propanol
  - b) 2-butanol
  - c) 1-butanol
  - d) Butanal
- 5) Oppenauer oxidation is similar but opposite to
  - a) Wittig reaction
  - b) Meerwein-Ponndorf-Verley reduction
  - c) Clemmensen reduction
  - d) Wolff-Kishner reduction
- 6) Formation of phenyl hydrazone from phenyl hydrazine and carbonyl compound is an example of
  - a) elimination reaction
  - b) Addition-elimination reaction
  - c) substitution reaction
  - d) Addition reaction
- 7) Which one of the following is the substrate in Cumene phenol method
  - a) Nitrobenzene
  - b) Xylene
  - c) Toluene
  - d) Isopropyl benzene
- 8) Meerwein-Ponndorf-Verley reduction produces
  - a) Acetaldehyde
  - b) Benzaldehyde
  - c) Acetone
  - d) n-butane
- 9) In esterification reaction from alcohol and carboxylic acid the OH group is eliminated from
  - a) carboxylic acid
  - b) both carboxylic acid and alcohol
  - c) alcohol
  - d) none from carboxylic acid or alcohol
- 10) Which one of the following is the reagent of Wittig reaction?
  - a) Phosphonium ylid
  - b) Sodium bisulfite
  - c) Anhydrous zinc chloride
  - d) Phenyl lithium

Script Number - 5/2019  
(Do not write or mark anything on this page)

- 1) Which one of the following will give haloform reaction
  - a) 2-butanol
  - b) 1-propanol
  - c) Butanal
  - d) 1-butanol
- 2) Formation of phenyl hydrazone from phenyl hydrazine and carbonyl compound is an example of
  - a) substitution reaction
  - b) Addition reaction
  - c) Addition-elimination reaction
  - d) elimination reaction
- 3) In esterification reaction from alcohol and carboxylic acid the OH group is eliminated from
  - a) both carboxylic acid and alcohol
  - b) carboxylic acid
  - c) alcohol
  - d) none from carboxylic acid or alcohol
- 4) Which one of the following is the reagent of Wittig reaction?
  - a) Phenyl lithium
  - b) Sodium bisulfite
  - c) Anhydrous zinc chloride
  - d) Phosphonium ylid
- 5) Which one of the following is the product when hydroxylamine reacts with cyclohexanone
  - a) Cyclohexenylamine
  - b) Cyclohexene
  - c) Oxime
  - d) Cyclohexadiene
- 6) Formation of aniline from chlorobenzene under the treatment of sodamide in liquid ammonia is an example of
  - a) Addition-elimination reaction
  - b) Addition reaction
  - c) Elimination reaction
  - d) Elimination-addition reaction
- 7) Which one of the following is the substrate in Cumene phenol method
  - a) Nitrobenzene
  - b) Toluene
  - c) Isopropyl benzene
  - d) Xylene
- 8) Crossed aldol condensation between benzaldehyde and acetaldehyde is known as
  - a) Lucas reaction
  - b) Knoevenagel reaction
  - c) Perkin reaction
  - d) Claisen-Schmidt reaction
- 9) Meerwein-Ponndorf-Verley reduction produces
  - a) Benzaldehyde
  - b) Acetaldehyde
  - c) Acetone
  - d) n-butane
- 10) Oppenauer oxidation is similar but opposite to
  - a) Wolff-Kishner reduction
  - b) Wittig reaction
  - c) Clemmensen reduction
  - d) Meerwein-Ponndorf-Verley reduction

- 1) Meerwein-Pondorf-Verley reduction produces
  - a) Benzaldehyde
  - b) Acetone
  - c) n-butane
  - d) Acetaldehyde
- 2) Formation of aniline from chlorobenzene under the treatment of sodamide in liquid ammonia is an example of
  - a) Elimination reaction
  - b) Addition-elimination reaction
  - c) Addition reaction
  - d) Elimination-addition reaction
- 3) Which one of the following is the product when hydroxylamine reacts with cyclohexanone
  - a) Cyclohexenylamine
  - b) Cyclohexene
  - c) Oxime
  - d) Cyclohexadiene
- 4) In esterification reaction from alcohol and carboxylic acid the OH group is eliminated from
  - a) alcohol
  - b) carboxylic acid
  - c) none from carboxylic acid or alcohol
  - d) both carboxylic acid and alcohol
- 5) Formation of phenyl hydrazone from phenyl hydrazine and carbonyl compound is an example of
  - a) substitution reaction
  - b) elimination reaction
  - c) Addition reaction
  - d) Addition-elimination reaction
- 6) Which one of the following is the reagent of Wittig reaction?
  - a) Phenyl lithium
  - b) Anhydrous zinc chloride
  - c) Sodium bisulfite
  - d) Phosphonium ylid
- 7) Crossed aldol condensation between benzaldehyde and acetaldehyde is known as
  - a) Lucas reaction
  - b) Perkin reaction
  - c) Knoevenagel reaction
  - d) Claisen-Schmidt reaction
- 8) Oppenauer oxidation is similar but opposite to
  - a) Clemmensen reduction
  - b) Wolff-Kishner reduction
  - c) Wittig reaction
  - d) Meerwein-Pondorf-Verley reduction
- 9) Which one of the following will give haloform reaction
  - a) 2-butanol
  - b) Butanal
  - c) 1-butanol
  - d) 1-propanol
- 10) Which one of the following is the substrate in Cumene phenol method
  - a) Xylene
  - b) Toluene
  - c) Nitrobenzene
  - d) Isopropyl benzene

(Do not write or mark anything on this page)

- 1) Which one of the following is the reagent of Wittig reaction?
  - a) Phenyl lithium
  - b) Sodium bisulfite
  - c) Anhydrous zinc chloride
  - d) Phosphonium ylid
- 2) Formation of aniline from chlorobenzene under the treatment of sodamide in liquid ammonia is an example of
  - a) Addition-elimination reaction
  - b) Elimination-addition reaction
  - c) Addition reaction
  - d) Elimination reaction
- 3) Crossed aldol condensation between benzaldehyde and acetaldehyde is known as
  - a) Perkin reaction
  - b) Lucas reaction
  - c) Knoevenagel reaction
  - d) Claisen-Schmidt reaction
- 4) Which one of the following will give haloform reaction
  - a) Butanal
  - b) 1-butanol
  - c) 2-butanol
  - d) 1-propanol
- 5) Oppenauer oxidation is similar but opposite to
  - a) Meerwein-Pondorf-Verley reduction
  - b) Clemmensen reduction
  - c) Wittig reaction
  - d) Wolff-Kishner reduction
- 6) In esterification reaction from alcohol and carboxylic acid the OH group is eliminated from
  - a) carboxylic acid
  - b) none from carboxylic acid or alcohol
  - c) both carboxylic acid and alcohol
  - d) alcohol
- 7) Which one of the following is the product when hydroxylamine reacts with cyclohexanone
  - a) Cyclohexylamine
  - b) Cyclohexene
  - c) Cyclohexadiene
  - d) Oxime
- 8) Which one of the following is the substrate in Cumene phenol method
  - a) Xylene
  - b) Isopropyl benzene
  - c) Toluene
  - d) Nitrobenzene
- 9) Formation of phenyl hydrazone from phenyl hydrazine and carbonyl compound is an example of
  - a) elimination reaction
  - b) Addition-elimination reaction
  - c) Addition reaction
  - d) substitution reaction
- 10) Meerwein-Pondorf-Verley reduction produces
  - a) Benzaldehyde
  - b) n-butane
  - c) Acetaldehyde
  - d) Acetone



(Do not write or mark anything on this page)

- 1) In esterification reaction from alcohol and carboxylic acid the OH group is eliminated from
  - a) none from carboxylic acid or alcohol
  - b) carboxylic acid
  - c) both carboxylic acid and alcohol
  - d) alcohol
- 2) Which one of the following will give haloform reaction
  - a) 2-butanol
  - b) 1-propanol
  - c) Butanal
  - d) 1-butanol
- 3) Which one of the following is the reagent of Wittig reaction?
  - a) Phenyl lithium
  - b) Anhydrous zinc chloride
  - c) Sodium bisulfite
  - d) Phosphonium ylid
- 4) Oppenauer oxidation is similar but opposite to
  - a) Clemmensen reduction
  - b) Wittig reaction
  - c) Wolff-Kishner reduction
  - d) Meerwein-Pondorf-Verley reduction
- 5) Formation of aniline from chlorobenzene under the treatment of sodamide in liquid ammonia is an example of
  - a) Addition reaction
  - b) Elimination reaction
  - c) Elimination-addition reaction
  - d) Addition-elimination reaction
- 6) Crossed aldol condensation between benzaldehyde and acetaldehyde is known as
  - a) Perkin reaction
  - b) Knoevenagel reaction
  - c) Claisen-Schmidt reaction
  - d) Lucas reaction
- 7) Meerwein-Pondorf-Verley reduction produces
  - a) Acetaldehyde
  - b) Acetone
  - c) n-butane
  - d) Benzaldehyde
- 8) Which one of the following is the substrate in Cumene phenol method
  - a) Isopropyl benzene
  - b) Xylene
  - c) Nitrobenzene
  - d) Toluene
- 9) Formation of phenyl hydrazone from phenyl hydrazine and carbonyl compound is an example of
  - a) Addition reaction
  - b) substitution reaction
  - c) Addition-elimination reaction
  - d) elimination reaction
- 10) Which one of the following is the product when hydroxylamine reacts with cyclohexanone
  - a) Cyclohexenylamine
  - b) Cyclohexene
  - c) Cyclohexadiene
  - d) Oxime

Script Number - 9/2019  
(Do not write or mark anything on this page)

- 1) Which one of the following will give haloform reaction
  - a) 1-butanol
  - b) Butanal
  - c) 2-butanol
  - d) 1-propanol
- 2) Which one of the following is the product when hydroxylamine reacts with cyclohexanone
  - a) Cyclohexenylamine
  - b) Cyclohexene
  - c) Cyclohexadiene
  - d) Oxime
- 3) Crossed aldol condensation between benzaldehyde and acetaldehyde is known as
  - a) Claisen-Schmidt reaction
  - b) Knoevenagel reaction
  - c) Lucas reaction
  - d) Perkin reaction
- 4) Formation of phenyl hydrazone from phenyl hydrazine and carbonyl compound is an example of
  - a) Addition-elimination reaction
  - b) substitution reaction
  - c) elimination reaction
  - d) Addition reaction
- 5) Meerwein-Ponndorf-Verley reduction produces
  - a) n-butane
  - b) Acetaldehyde
  - c) Acetone
  - d) Benzaldehyde
- 6) Which one of the following is the reagent of Wittig reaction?
  - a) Anhydrous zinc chloride
  - b) Phenyl lithium
  - c) Phosphonium ylid
  - d) Sodium bisulfite
- 7) Formation of aniline from chlorobenzene under the treatment of sodamide in liquid ammonia is an example of
  - a) Addition reaction
  - b) Elimination reaction
  - c) Addition-elimination reaction
  - d) Elimination-addition reaction
- 8) Oppenauer oxidation is similar but opposite to
  - a) Clemmensen reduction
  - b) Meerwein-Ponndorf-Verley reduction
  - c) Wittig reaction
  - d) Wolff-Kishner reduction
- 9) In esterification reaction from alcohol and carboxylic acid the OH group is eliminated from
  - a) both carboxylic acid and alcohol
  - b) none from carboxylic acid or alcohol
  - c) carboxylic acid
  - d) alcohol
- 10) Which one of the following is the substrate in Cumene phenol method
  - a) Nitrobenzene
  - b) Xylene
  - c) Isopropyl benzene
  - d) Toluene

(Do not write or mark anything on this page)

- 1) Which one of the following is the substrate in Cumene phenol method
  - a) Isopropyl benzene
  - b) Xylene
  - c) Nitrobenzene
  - d) Toluene
- 2) Oppenauer oxidation is similar but opposite to
  - a) Wittig reaction
  - b) Wolff-Kishner reduction
  - c) Clemmensen reduction
  - d) Meerwein-Pondorf-Verley reduction
- 3) Formation of phenyl hydrazone from phenyl hydrazine and carbonyl compound is an example of
  - a) elimination reaction
  - b) substitution reaction
  - c) Addition-elimination reaction
  - d) Addition reaction
- 4) Meerwein-Pondorf-Verley reduction produces
  - a) n-butane
  - b) Benzaldehyde
  - c) Acetaldehyde
  - d) Acetone
- 5) In esterification reaction from alcohol and carboxylic acid the OH group is eliminated from
  - a) none from carboxylic acid or alcohol
  - b) carboxylic acid
  - c) both carboxylic acid and alcohol
  - d) alcohol
- 6) Which one of the following will give haloform reaction
  - a) Butanal
  - b) 1-butanol
  - c) 2-butanol
  - d) 1-propanol
- 7) Which one of the following is the product when hydroxylamine reacts with cyclohexanone
  - a) Cyclohexene
  - b) Cyclohexadiene
  - c) Oxime
  - d) Cyclohexylamine
- 8) Crossed aldol condensation between benzaldehyde and acetaldehyde is known as
  - a) Knoevenagel reaction
  - b) Claisen-Schmidt reaction
  - c) Perkin reaction
  - d) Lucas reaction
- 9) Formation of aniline from chlorobenzene under the treatment of sodamide in liquid ammonia is an example of
  - a) Elimination-addition reaction
  - b) Elimination reaction
  - c) Addition reaction
  - d) Addition-elimination reaction
- 10) Which one of the following is the reagent of Wittig reaction?
  - a) Anhydrous zinc chloride
  - b) Phenyl lithium
  - c) Sodium bisulfite
  - d) Phosphonium ylid

(Do not write or mark anything on this page)

- 1) Formation of aniline from chlorobenzene under the treatment of sodamide in liquid ammonia is an example of
  - a) Elimination reaction
  - b) Addition reaction
  - c) Elimination-addition reaction
  - d) Addition-elimination reaction
- 2) Crossed aldol condensation between benzaldehyde and acetaldehyde is known as
  - a) Knoevenagel reaction
  - b) Perkin reaction
  - c) Claisen-Schmidt reaction
  - d) Lucas reaction
- 3) Which one of the following is the product when hydroxylamine reacts with cyclohexanone
  - a) Cyclohexene
  - b) Cyclohexadiene
  - c) Oxime
  - d) Cyclohexylamine
- 4) Formation of phenyl hydrazone from phenyl hydrazine and carbonyl compound is an example of
  - a) Addition-elimination reaction
  - b) Addition reaction
  - c) substitution reaction
  - d) elimination reaction
- 5) Which one of the following is the reagent of Wittig reaction?
  - a) Phenyl lithium
  - b) Sodium bisulfite
  - c) Phosphonium ylid
  - d) Anhydrous zinc chloride
- 6) Which one of the following is the substrate in Cumene phenol method
  - a) Nitrobenzene
  - b) Isopropyl benzene
  - c) Toluene
  - d) Xylene
- 7) Oppenauer oxidation is similar but opposite to
  - a) Clemmensen reduction
  - b) Wolff-Kishner reduction
  - c) Meerwein-Pondorf-Verley reduction
  - d) Wittig reaction
- 8) Which one of the following will give haloform reaction
  - a) 1-butanol
  - b) 2-butanol
  - c) Butanal
  - d) 1-propanol
- 9) In esterification reaction from alcohol and carboxylic acid the OH group is eliminated from
  - a) carboxylic acid
  - b) alcohol
  - c) both carboxylic acid and alcohol
  - d) none from carboxylic acid or alcohol
- 10) Meerwein-Pondorf-Verley reduction produces
  - a) Acetone
  - b) Benzaldehyde
  - c) n-butane
  - d) Acetaldehyde

(Do not write or mark anything on this page)

- 1) Which one of the following is the reagent of Wittig reaction?
  - a) Phenyl lithium
  - b) Anhydrous zinc chloride
  - c) Phosphonium ylid
  - d) Sodium bisulfite
- 2) Formation of aniline from chlorobenzene under the treatment of sodamide in liquid ammonia is an example of
  - a) Elimination reaction
  - b) Elimination-addition reaction
  - c) Addition reaction
  - d) Addition-elimination reaction
- 3) Which one of the following is the substrate in Cumene phenol method
  - a) Isopropyl benzene
  - b) Nitrobenzene
  - c) Xylene
  - d) Toluene
- 4) Which one of the following is the product when hydroxylamine reacts with cyclohexanone
  - a) Cyclohexadiene
  - b) Cyclohexylamine
  - c) Cyclohexene
  - d) Oxime
- 5) Oppenauer oxidation is similar but opposite to
  - a) Meerwein-Ponndorf-Verley reduction
  - b) Clemmensen reduction
  - c) Wolff-Kishner reduction
  - d) Wittig reaction
- 6) Crossed aldol condensation between benzaldehyde and acetaldehyde is known as
  - a) Perkin reaction
  - b) Knoevenagel reaction
  - c) Lucas reaction
  - d) Claisen-Schmidt reaction
- 7) In esterification reaction from alcohol and carboxylic acid the OH group is eliminated from
  - a) none from carboxylic acid or alcohol
  - b) alcohol
  - c) carboxylic acid
  - d) both carboxylic acid and alcohol
- 8) Which one of the following will give haloform reaction
  - a) 1-butanol
  - b) 2-butanol
  - c) 1-propanol
  - d) Butanal
- 9) Formation of phenyl hydrazone from phenyl hydrazine and carbonyl compound is an example of
  - a) Addition-elimination reaction
  - b) substitution reaction
  - c) Addition reaction
  - d) elimination reaction
- 10) Meerwein-Ponndorf-Verley reduction produces
  - a) n-butane
  - b) Acetaldehyde
  - c) Acetone
  - d) Benzaldehyde

(Do not write or mark anything on this page)

- 1) Formation of aniline from chlorobenzene under the treatment of sodamide in liquid ammonia is an example of
  - a) Addition reaction
  - b) Elimination-addition reaction
  - c) Addition-elimination reaction
  - d) Elimination reaction
- 2) Formation of phenyl hydrazone from phenyl hydrazine and carbonyl compound is an example of
  - a) Addition reaction
  - b) Addition-elimination reaction
  - c) substitution reaction
  - d) elimination reaction
- 3) Which one of the following is the substrate in Cumene phenol method
  - a) Toluene
  - b) Isopropyl benzene
  - c) Xylene
  - d) Nitrobenzene
- 4) Crossed aldol condensation between benzaldehyde and acetaldehyde is known as
  - a) Knoevenagel reaction
  - b) Claisen-Schmidt reaction
  - c) Lucas reaction
  - d) Perkin reaction
- 5) Oppenauer oxidation is similar but opposite to
  - a) Meerwein-Ponndorf-Verley reduction
  - b) Wittig reaction
  - c) Wolff-Kishner reduction
  - d) Clemmensen reduction
- 6) Which one of the following is the product when hydroxylamine reacts with cyclohexanone
  - a) Cyclohexadiene
  - b) Oxime
  - c) Cyclohexenylamine
  - d) Cyclohexene
- 7) Which one of the following is the reagent of Wittig reaction?
  - a) Sodium bisulfite
  - b) Phenyl lithium
  - c) Anhydrous zinc chloride
  - d) Phosphonium ylid
- 8) In esterification reaction from alcohol and carboxylic acid the OH group is eliminated from
  - a) none from carboxylic acid or alcohol
  - b) alcohol
  - c) carboxylic acid
  - d) both carboxylic acid and alcohol
- 9) Meerwein-Ponndorf-Verley reduction produces
  - a) Acetaldehyde
  - b) Benzaldehyde
  - c) n-butane
  - d) Acetone
- 10) Which one of the following will give haloform reaction
  - a) 1-butanol
  - b) 1-propanol
  - c) Butanal
  - d) 2-butanol

(Do not write or mark anything on this page)

- 1) Formation of phenyl hydrazone from phenyl hydrazine and carbonyl compound is an example of
  - a) Addition reaction
  - b) Addition-elimination reaction
  - c) elimination reaction
  - d) substitution reaction
- 2) Which one of the following is the product when hydroxylamine reacts with cyclohexanone
  - a) Cyclohexenylamine
  - b) Cyclohexadiene
  - c) Oxime
  - d) Cyclohexene
- 3) Which one of the following is the reagent of Wittig reaction?
  - a) Phosphonium ylid
  - b) Sodium bisulfite
  - c) Phenyl lithium
  - d) Anhydrous zinc chloride
- 4) Formation of aniline from chlorobenzene under the treatment of sodamide in liquid ammonia is an example of
  - a) Addition reaction
  - b) Elimination reaction
  - c) Elimination-addition reaction
  - d) Addition-elimination reaction
- 5) Meerwein-Ponndorf-Verley reduction produces
  - a) Acetone
  - b) n-butane
  - c) Acetaldehyde
  - d) Benzaldehyde
- 6) Which one of the following will give haloform reaction
  - a) 1-butanol
  - b) 2-butanol
  - c) Butanal
  - d) 1-propanol
- 7) Which one of the following is the substrate in Cumene phenol method
  - a) Isopropyl benzene
  - b) Nitrobenzene
  - c) Xylene
  - d) Toluene
- 8) In esterification reaction from alcohol and carboxylic acid the OH group is eliminated from
  - a) both carboxylic acid and alcohol
  - b) none from carboxylic acid or alcohol
  - c) carboxylic acid
  - d) alcohol
- 9) Oppenauer oxidation is similar but opposite to
  - a) Wittig reaction
  - b) Clemmensen reduction
  - c) Meerwein-Ponndorf-Verley reduction
  - d) Wolff-Kishner reduction
- 10) Crossed aldol condensation between benzaldehyde and acetaldehyde is known as
  - a) Claisen-Schmidt reaction
  - b) Perkin reaction
  - c) Knoevenagel reaction
  - d) Lucas reaction

(Do not write or mark anything on this page)

- 1) Formation of phenyl hydrazone from phenyl hydrazine and carbonyl compound is an example of
  - a) substitution reaction
  - b) Addition reaction
  - c) elimination reaction
  - d) Addition-elimination reaction
- 2) Oppenauer oxidation is similar but opposite to
  - a) Meerwein-Ponndorf-Verley reduction
  - b) Wittig reaction
  - c) Clemmensen reduction
  - d) Wolff-Kishner reduction
- 3) Which one of the following is the substrate in Cumene phenol method
  - a) Isopropyl benzene
  - b) Xylene
  - c) Toluene
  - d) Nitrobenzene
- 4) Which one of the following is the product when hydroxylamine reacts with cyclohexanone
  - a) Cyclohexadiene
  - b) Oxime
  - c) Cyclohexene
  - d) Cyclohexylamine
- 5) Meerwein-Ponndorf-Verley reduction produces
  - a) Acetone
  - b) Acetaldehyde
  - c) Benzaldehyde
  - d) n-butane
- 6) Which one of the following will give haloform reaction
  - a) 1-butanol
  - b) 1-propanol
  - c) 2-butanol
  - d) Butanal
- 7) Crossed aldol condensation between benzaldehyde and acetaldehyde is known as
  - a) Perkin reaction
  - b) Lucas reaction
  - c) Knoevenagel reaction
  - d) Claisen-Schmidt reaction
- 8) Formation of aniline from chlorobenzene under the treatment of sodamide in liquid ammonia is an example of
  - a) Elimination-addition reaction
  - b) Addition reaction
  - c) Addition-elimination reaction
  - d) Elimination reaction
- 9) In esterification reaction from alcohol and carboxylic acid the OH group is eliminated from
  - a) carboxylic acid
  - b) none from carboxylic acid or alcohol
  - c) alcohol
  - d) both carboxylic acid and alcohol
- 10) Which one of the following is the reagent of Wittig reaction?
  - a) Phenyl lithium
  - b) Anhydrous zinc chloride
  - c) Sodium bisulfite
  - d) Phosphonium ylid



(Do not write or mark anything on this page)

- 1) Formation of phenyl hydrazone from phenyl hydrazine and carbonyl compound is an example of
  - a) Addition reaction
  - b) substitution reaction
  - c) elimination reaction
  - d) Addition-elimination reaction
- 2) Which one of the following will give haloform reaction
  - a) 1-butanol
  - b) 1-propanol
  - c) Butanal
  - d) 2-butanol
- 3) Oppenauer oxidation is similar but opposite to
  - a) Clemmensen reduction
  - b) Wolff-Kishner reduction
  - c) Meerwein-Pondorf-Verley reduction
  - d) Wittig reaction
- 4) Which one of the following is the substrate in Cumene phenol method
  - a) Xylene
  - b) Isopropyl benzene
  - c) Nitrobenzene
  - d) Toluene
- 5) Meerwein-Pondorf-Verley reduction produces
  - a) Acetaldehyde
  - b) n-butane
  - c) Benzaldehyde
  - d) Acetone
- 6) Which one of the following is the product when hydroxylamine reacts with cyclohexanone
  - a) Cyclohexadiene
  - b) Cyclohexene
  - c) Cyclohexylamine
  - d) Oxime
- 7) Which one of the following is the reagent of Wittig reaction?
  - a) Phosphonium ylid
  - b) Sodium bisulfite
  - c) Anhydrous zinc chloride
  - d) Phenyl lithium
- 8) Formation of aniline from chlorobenzene under the treatment of sodamide in liquid ammonia is an example of
  - a) Addition reaction
  - b) Elimination reaction
  - c) Addition-elimination reaction
  - d) Elimination-addition reaction
- 9) Crossed aldol condensation between benzaldehyde and acetaldehyde is known as
  - a) Perkin reaction
  - b) Claisen-Schmidt reaction
  - c) Knoevenagel reaction
  - d) Lucas reaction
- 10) In esterification reaction from alcohol and carboxylic acid the OH group is eliminated from
  - a) carboxylic acid
  - b) both carboxylic acid and alcohol
  - c) alcohol
  - d) none from carboxylic acid or alcohol

(Do not write or mark anything on this page)

- 1) Which one of the following is the substrate in Cumene phenol method
  - a) Isopropyl benzene
  - b) Toluene
  - c) Xylene
  - d) Nitrobenzene
- 2) Which one of the following is the reagent of Wittig reaction?
  - a) Phenyl lithium
  - b) Anhydrous zinc chloride
  - c) Sodium bisulfite
  - d) Phosphonium ylid
- 3) In esterification reaction from alcohol and carboxylic acid the OH group is eliminated from
  - a) none from carboxylic acid or alcohol
  - b) carboxylic acid
  - c) alcohol
  - d) both carboxylic acid and alcohol
- 4) Formation of aniline from chlorobenzene under the treatment of sodamide in liquid ammonia is an example of
  - a) Addition reaction
  - b) Elimination-addition reaction
  - c) Addition-elimination reaction
  - d) Elimination reaction
- 5) Which one of the following will give haloform reaction
  - a) 1-propanol
  - b) Butanal
  - c) 1-butanol
  - d) 2-butanol
- 6) Meerwein-Pondorf-Verley reduction produces
  - a) Benzaldehyde
  - b) n-butane
  - c) Acetaldehyde
  - d) Acetone
- 7) Oppenauer oxidation is similar but opposite to
  - a) Wolff-Kishner reduction
  - b) Meerwein-Pondorf-Verley reduction
  - c) Clemmensen reduction
  - d) Wittig reaction
- 8) Which one of the following is the product when hydroxylamine reacts with cyclohexanone
  - a) Oxime
  - b) Cyclohexadiene
  - c) Cyclohexene
  - d) Cyclohexylamine
- 9) Crossed aldol condensation between benzaldehyde and acetaldehyde is known as
  - a) Lucas reaction
  - b) Perkin reaction
  - c) Claisen-Schmidt reaction
  - d) Knoevenagel reaction
- 10) Formation of phenyl hydrazone from phenyl hydrazine and carbonyl compound is an example of
  - a) substitution reaction
  - b) Addition-elimination reaction
  - c) elimination reaction
  - d) Addition reaction

(Do not write or mark anything on this page)

- 1) In esterification reaction from alcohol and carboxylic acid the OH group is eliminated from
  - a) alcohol
  - b) carboxylic acid
  - c) none from carboxylic acid or alcohol
  - d) both carboxylic acid and alcohol
- 2) Formation of phenyl hydrazone from phenyl hydrazine and carbonyl compound is an example of
  - a) elimination reaction
  - b) Addition reaction
  - c) substitution reaction
  - d) Addition-elimination reaction
- 3) Which one of the following is the substrate in Cumene phenol method
  - a) Toluene
  - b) Xylene
  - c) Nitrobenzene
  - d) Isopropyl benzene
- 4) Which one of the following is the product when hydroxylamine reacts with cyclohexanone
  - a) Oxime
  - b) Cyclohexylamine
  - c) Cyclohexadiene
  - d) Cyclohexene
- 5) Crossed aldol condensation between benzaldehyde and acetaldehyde is known as
  - a) Perkin reaction
  - b) Knoevenagel reaction
  - c) Claisen-Schmidt reaction
  - d) Lucas reaction
- 6) Oppenauer oxidation is similar but opposite to
  - a) Clemmensen reduction
  - b) Wolff-Kishner reduction
  - c) Meerwein-Ponndorf-Verley reduction
  - d) Wittig reaction
- 7) Which one of the following is the reagent of Wittig reaction?
  - a) Phosphonium ylid
  - b) Phenyl lithium
  - c) Sodium bisulfite
  - d) Anhydrous zinc chloride
- 8) Formation of aniline from chlorobenzene under the treatment of sodamide in liquid ammonia is an example of
  - a) Addition-elimination reaction
  - b) Addition reaction
  - c) Elimination-addition reaction
  - d) Elimination reaction
- 9) Meerwein-Ponndorf-Verley reduction produces
  - a) n-butane
  - b) Acetaldehyde
  - c) Acetone
  - d) Benzaldehyde
- 10) Which one of the following will give haloform reaction
  - a) 1-propanol
  - b) 1-butanol
  - c) Butanal
  - d) 2-butanol

(Do not write or mark anything on this page)

- 1) Which one of the following is the product when hydroxylamine reacts with cyclohexanone
  - a) Oxime
  - b) Cyclohexadiene
  - c) Cyclohexenylamine
  - d) Cyclohexene
- 2) Meerwein-Ponndorf-Verley reduction produces
  - a) Acetone
  - b) Acetaldehyde
  - c) Benzaldehyde
  - d) n-butane
- 3) Oppenauer oxidation is similar but opposite to
  - a) Wolff-Kishner reduction
  - b) Meerwein-Ponndorf-Verley reduction
  - c) Clemmensen reduction
  - d) Wittig reaction
- 4) In esterification reaction from alcohol and carboxylic acid the OH group is eliminated from
  - a) carboxylic acid
  - b) none from carboxylic acid or alcohol
  - c) both carboxylic acid and alcohol
  - d) alcohol
- 5) Which one of the following will give haloform reaction
  - a) 1-propanol
  - b) 1-butanol
  - c) Butanal
  - d) 2-butanol
- 6) Which one of the following is the substrate in Cumene phenol method
  - a) Toluene
  - b) Nitrobenzene
  - c) Xylene
  - d) Isopropyl benzene
- 7) Crossed aldol condensation between benzaldehyde and acetaldehyde is known as
  - a) Perkin reaction
  - b) Claisen-Schmidt reaction
  - c) Knoevenagel reaction
  - d) Lucas reaction
- 8) Formation of aniline from chlorobenzene under the treatment of sodamide in liquid ammonia is an example of
  - a) Addition-elimination reaction
  - b) Addition reaction
  - c) Elimination-addition reaction
  - d) Elimination reaction
- 9) Which one of the following is the reagent of Wittig reaction?
  - a) Phosphonium ylid
  - b) Sodium bisulfite
  - c) Anhydrous zinc chloride
  - d) Phenyl lithium
- 10) Formation of phenyl hydrazone from phenyl hydrazine and carbonyl compound is an example of
  - a) elimination reaction
  - b) substitution reaction
  - c) Addition-elimination reaction
  - d) Addition reaction

(Do not write or mark anything on this page)

- 1) Which one of the following is the product when hydroxylamine reacts with cyclohexanone
  - a) Cyclohexadiene
  - b) Cyclohexylamine
  - c) Cyclohexene
  - d) Oxime
- 2) Oppenauer oxidation is similar but opposite to
  - a) Meerwein-Ponndorf-Verley reduction
  - b) Wittig reaction
  - c) Clemmensen reduction
  - d) Wolff-Kishner reduction
- 3) In esterification reaction from alcohol and carboxylic acid the OH group is eliminated from
  - a) carboxylic acid
  - b) none from carboxylic acid or alcohol
  - c) alcohol
  - d) both carboxylic acid and alcohol
- 4) Formation of phenyl hydrazone from phenyl hydrazine and carbonyl compound is an example of
  - a) Addition-elimination reaction
  - b) Addition reaction
  - c) elimination reaction
  - d) substitution reaction
- 5) Which one of the following is the reagent of Wittig reaction?
  - a) Phenyl lithium
  - b) Phosphonium ylid
  - c) Sodium bisulfite
  - d) Anhydrous zinc chloride
- 6) Meerwein-Ponndorf-Verley reduction produces
  - a) Acetaldehyde
  - b) n-butane
  - c) Acetone
  - d) Benzaldehyde
- 7) Crossed aldol condensation between benzaldehyde and acetaldehyde is known as
  - a) Perkin reaction
  - b) Knoevenagel reaction
  - c) Claisen-Schmidt reaction
  - d) Lucas reaction
- 8) Formation of aniline from chlorobenzene under the treatment of sodamide in liquid ammonia is an example of
  - a) Elimination reaction
  - b) Addition reaction
  - c) Elimination-addition reaction
  - d) Addition-elimination reaction
- 9) Which one of the following is the substrate in Cumene phenol method
  - a) Nitrobenzene
  - b) Xylene
  - c) Isopropyl benzene
  - d) Toluene
- 10) Which one of the following will give haloform reaction
  - a) 2-butanol
  - b) Butanal
  - c) 1-propanol
  - d) 1-butanol

- 1) Meerwein-Pondorf-Verley reduction produces
  - a) Acetone
  - b) Benzaldehyde
  - c) Acetaldehyde
  - d) n-butane
- 2) Oppenauer oxidation is similar but opposite to
  - a) Wolff-Kishner reduction
  - b) Meerwein-Pondorf-Verley reduction
  - c) Clemmensen reduction
  - d) Wittig reaction
- 3) In esterification reaction from alcohol and carboxylic acid the OH group is eliminated from
  - a) alcohol
  - b) none from carboxylic acid or alcohol
  - c) carboxylic acid
  - d) both carboxylic acid and alcohol
- 4) Which one of the following is the product when hydroxylamine reacts with cyclohexanone
  - a) Cyclohexadiene
  - b) Cyclohexylamine
  - c) Cyclohexene
  - d) Oxime
- 5) Which one of the following is the reagent of Wittig reaction?
  - a) Anhydrous zinc chloride
  - b) Phenyl lithium
  - c) Sodium bisulfite
  - d) Phosphonium ylid
- 6) Which one of the following will give haloform reaction
  - a) 1-butanol
  - b) 2-butanol
  - c) Butanal
  - d) 1-propanol
- 7) Crossed aldol condensation between benzaldehyde and acetaldehyde is known as
  - a) Knoevenagel reaction
  - b) Lucas reaction
  - c) Perkin reaction
  - d) Claisen-Schmidt reaction
- 8) Formation of aniline from chlorobenzene under the treatment of sodamide in liquid ammonia is an example of
  - a) Elimination reaction
  - b) Addition-elimination reaction
  - c) Elimination-addition reaction
  - d) Addition reaction
- 9) Which one of the following is the substrate in Cumene phenol method
  - a) Toluene
  - b) Isopropyl benzene
  - c) Xylene
  - d) Nitrobenzene
- 10) Formation of phenyl hydrazone from phenyl hydrazine and carbonyl compound is an example of
  - a) Addition reaction
  - b) elimination reaction
  - c) substitution reaction
  - d) Addition-elimination reaction

(Do not write or mark anything on this page)

- 1) Which one of the following will give haloform reaction
  - a) Butanal
  - b) 1-butanol
  - c) 2-butanol
  - d) 1-propanol
- 2) Formation of phenyl hydrazone from phenyl hydrazine and carbonyl compound is an example of
  - a) Addition reaction
  - b) Addition-elimination reaction
  - c) elimination reaction
  - d) substitution reaction
- 3) Crossed aldol condensation between benzaldehyde and acetaldehyde is known as
  - a) Lucas reaction
  - b) Knoevenagel reaction
  - c) Claisen-Schmidt reaction
  - d) Perkin reaction
- 4) Which one of the following is the reagent of Wittig reaction?
  - a) Phenyl lithium
  - b) Sodium bisulfite
  - c) Phosphonium ylid
  - d) Anhydrous zinc chloride
- 5) Which one of the following is the product when hydroxylamine reacts with cyclohexanone
  - a) Cyclohexene
  - b) Cyclohexylamine
  - c) Cyclohexadiene
  - d) Oxime
- 6) In esterification reaction from alcohol and carboxylic acid the OH group is eliminated from
  - a) carboxylic acid
  - b) both carboxylic acid and alcohol
  - c) none from carboxylic acid or alcohol
  - d) alcohol
- 7) Formation of aniline from chlorobenzene under the treatment of sodamide in liquid ammonia is an example of
  - a) Elimination-addition reaction
  - b) Addition reaction
  - c) Elimination reaction
  - d) Addition-elimination reaction
- 8) Which one of the following is the substrate in Cumene phenol method
  - a) Xylene
  - b) Isopropyl benzene
  - c) Toluene
  - d) Nitrobenzene
- 9) Meerwein-Ponndorf-Verley reduction produces
  - a) n-butane
  - b) Benzaldehyde
  - c) Acetaldehyde
  - d) Acetone
- 10) Oppenauer oxidation is similar but opposite to
  - a) Meerwein-Ponndorf-Verley reduction
  - b) Wittig reaction
  - c) Clemmensen reduction
  - d) Wolff-Kishner reduction

(Do not write or mark anything on this page)

- 1) Formation of phenyl hydrazone from phenyl hydrazine and carbonyl compound is an example of
  - a) Addition-elimination reaction
  - b) Addition reaction
  - c) elimination reaction
  - d) substitution reaction
- 2) Which one of the following is the substrate in Cumene phenol method
  - a) Isopropyl benzene
  - b) Nitrobenzene
  - c) Xylene
  - d) Toluene
- 3) Meerwein-Pondorf-Verley reduction produces
  - a) Acetone
  - b) Benzaldehyde
  - c) Acetaldehyde
  - d) n-butane
- 4) Which one of the following is the reagent of Wittig reaction?
  - a) Sodium bisulfite
  - b) Anhydrous zinc chloride
  - c) Phosphonium ylid
  - d) Phenyl lithium
- 5) Formation of aniline from chlorobenzene under the treatment of sodamide in liquid ammonia is an example of
  - a) Elimination-addition reaction
  - b) Elimination reaction
  - c) Addition-elimination reaction
  - d) Addition reaction
- 6) Oppenauer oxidation is similar but opposite to
  - a) Wittig reaction
  - b) Clemmensen reduction
  - c) Wolff-Kishner reduction
  - d) Meerwein-Pondorf-Verley reduction
- 7) In esterification reaction from alcohol and carboxylic acid the OH group is eliminated from
  - a) carboxylic acid
  - b) alcohol
  - c) none from carboxylic acid or alcohol
  - d) both carboxylic acid and alcohol
- 8) Which one of the following will give haloform reaction
  - a) 2-butanol
  - b) 1-butanol
  - c) Butanal
  - d) 1-propanol
- 9) Which one of the following is the product when hydroxylamine reacts with cyclohexanone
  - a) Cyclohexadiene
  - b) Oxime
  - c) Cyclohexylamine
  - d) Cyclohexene
- 10) Crossed aldol condensation between benzaldehyde and acetaldehyde is known as
  - a) Perkin reaction
  - b) Claisen-Schmidt reaction
  - c) Lucas reaction
  - d) Knoevenagel reaction



(Do not write or mark anything on this page)

- 1) Formation of aniline from chlorobenzene under the treatment of sodamide in liquid ammonia is an example of
  - a) Addition-elimination reaction
  - b) Elimination reaction
  - c) Elimination-addition reaction
  - d) Addition reaction
- 2) Crossed aldol condensation between benzaldehyde and acetaldehyde is known as
  - a) Knoevenagel reaction
  - b) Claisen-Schmidt reaction
  - c) Lucas reaction
  - d) Perkin reaction
- 3) Which one of the following will give haloform reaction
  - a) 1-propanol
  - b) 2-butanol
  - c) Butanal
  - d) 1-butanol
- 4) Which one of the following is the product when hydroxylamine reacts with cyclohexanone
  - a) Cyclohexene
  - b) Cyclohexylamine
  - c) Oxime
  - d) Cyclohexadiene
- 5) Which one of the following is the reagent of Wittig reaction?
  - a) Phenyl lithium
  - b) Anhydrous zinc chloride
  - c) Sodium bisulfite
  - d) Phosphonium ylid
- 6) In esterification reaction from alcohol and carboxylic acid the OH group is eliminated from
  - a) carboxylic acid
  - b) both carboxylic acid and alcohol
  - c) none from carboxylic acid or alcohol
  - d) alcohol
- 7) Meerwein-Ponndorf-Verley reduction produces
  - a) n-butane
  - b) Acetone
  - c) Acetaldehyde
  - d) Benzaldehyde
- 8) Which one of the following is the substrate in Cumene phenol method
  - a) Xylene
  - b) Toluene
  - c) Isopropyl benzene
  - d) Nitrobenzene
- 9) Formation of phenyl hydrazone from phenyl hydrazine and carbonyl compound is an example of
  - a) Addition-elimination reaction
  - b) substitution reaction
  - c) elimination reaction
  - d) Addition reaction
- 10) Oppenauer oxidation is similar but opposite to
  - a) Meerwein-Ponndorf-Verley reduction
  - b) Wolff-Kishner reduction
  - c) Clemmensen reduction
  - d) Wittig reaction

(Do not write or mark anything on this page)

- 1) Which one of the following is the substrate in Cumene phenol method
  - a) Nitrobenzene
  - b) Isopropyl benzene
  - c) Toluene
  - d) Xylene
- 2) Which one of the following will give haloform reaction
  - a) Butanal
  - b) 1-propanol
  - c) 2-butanol
  - d) 1-butanol
- 3) Formation of phenyl hydrazone from phenyl hydrazine and carbonyl compound is an example of
  - a) Addition reaction
  - b) substitution reaction
  - c) Addition-elimination reaction
  - d) elimination reaction
- 4) Which one of the following is the reagent of Wittig reaction?
  - a) Phosphonium ylid
  - b) Anhydrous zinc chloride
  - c) Sodium bisulfite
  - d) Phenyl lithium
- 5) Which one of the following is the product when hydroxylamine reacts with cyclohexanone
  - a) Cyclohexene
  - b) Cyclohexylamine
  - c) Oxime
  - d) Cyclohexadiene
- 6) Formation of aniline from chlorobenzene under the treatment of sodamide in liquid ammonia is an example of
  - a) Elimination-addition reaction
  - b) Addition-elimination reaction
  - c) Addition reaction
  - d) Elimination reaction
- 7) In esterification reaction from alcohol and carboxylic acid the OH group is eliminated from
  - a) carboxylic acid
  - b) none from carboxylic acid or alcohol
  - c) alcohol
  - d) both carboxylic acid and alcohol
- 8) Oppenauer oxidation is similar but opposite to
  - a) Meerwein-Ponndorf-Verley reduction
  - b) Clemmensen reduction
  - c) Wittig reaction
  - d) Wolff-Kishner reduction
- 9) Meerwein-Ponndorf-Verley reduction produces
  - a) n-butane
  - b) Acetone
  - c) Benzaldehyde
  - d) Acetaldehyde
- 10) Crossed aldol condensation between benzaldehyde and acetaldehyde is known as
  - a) Lucas reaction
  - b) Claisen-Schmidt reaction
  - c) Perkin reaction
  - d) Knoevenagel reaction

(Do not write or mark anything on this page)

- 1) Which one of the following is the product when hydroxylamine reacts with cyclohexanone
  - a) Cyclohexadiene
  - b) Oxime
  - c) Cyclohexenylamine
  - d) Cyclohexene
- 2) Which one of the following is the reagent of Wittig reaction?
  - a) Sodium bisulfite
  - b) Phenyl lithium
  - c) Phosphonium ylid
  - d) Anhydrous zinc chloride
- 3) Meerwein-Ponndorf-Verley reduction produces
  - a) n-butane
  - b) Acetaldehyde
  - c) Acetone
  - d) Benzaldehyde
- 4) Formation of phenyl hydrazone from phenyl hydrazine and carbonyl compound is an example of
  - a) Addition reaction
  - b) substitution reaction
  - c) elimination reaction
  - d) Addition-elimination reaction
- 5) Crossed aldol condensation between benzaldehyde and acetaldehyde is known as
  - a) Claisen-Schmidt reaction
  - b) Knoevenagel reaction
  - c) Lucas reaction
  - d) Perkin reaction
- 6) Formation of aniline from chlorobenzene under the treatment of sodamide in liquid ammonia is an example of
  - a) Addition-elimination reaction
  - b) Addition reaction
  - c) Elimination-addition reaction
  - d) Elimination reaction
- 7) Oppenauer oxidation is similar but opposite to
  - a) Meerwein-Ponndorf-Verley reduction
  - b) Wolff-Kishner reduction
  - c) Clemmensen reduction
  - d) Wittig reaction
- 8) In esterification reaction from alcohol and carboxylic acid the OH group is eliminated from
  - a) alcohol
  - b) none from carboxylic acid or alcohol
  - c) both carboxylic acid and alcohol
  - d) carboxylic acid
- 9) Which one of the following will give haloform reaction
  - a) 1-butanol
  - b) 1-propanol
  - c) Butanal
  - d) 2-butanol
- 10) Which one of the following is the substrate in Cumene phenol method
  - a) Toluene
  - b) Isopropyl benzene
  - c) Nitrobenzene
  - d) Xylene

(Do not write or mark anything on this page)

- 1) Which one of the following will give haloform reaction
  - a) 1-propanol
  - b) 2-butanol
  - c) 1-butanol
  - d) Butanal
- 2) Which one of the following is the substrate in Cumene phenol method
  - a) Toluene
  - b) Xylene
  - c) Isopropyl benzene
  - d) Nitrobenzene
- 3) Which one of the following is the reagent of Wittig reaction?
  - a) Sodium bisulfite
  - b) Anhydrous zinc chloride
  - c) Phosphonium ylid
  - d) Phenyl lithium
- 4) Crossed aldol condensation between benzaldehyde and acetaldehyde is known as
  - a) Perkin reaction
  - b) Knoevenagel reaction
  - c) Lucas reaction
  - d) Claisen-Schmidt reaction
- 5) Oppenauer oxidation is similar but opposite to
  - a) Wittig reaction
  - b) Wolff-Kishner reduction
  - c) Clemmensen reduction
  - d) Meerwein-Pondorf-Verley reduction
- 6) Meerwein-Pondorf-Verley reduction produces
  - a) Benzaldehyde
  - b) Acetone
  - c) n-butane
  - d) Acetaldehyde
- 7) In esterification reaction from alcohol and carboxylic acid the OH group is eliminated from
  - a) carboxylic acid
  - b) alcohol
  - c) both carboxylic acid and alcohol
  - d) none from carboxylic acid or alcohol
- 8) Formation of aniline from chlorobenzene under the treatment of sodamide in liquid ammonia is an example of
  - a) Elimination reaction
  - b) Elimination-addition reaction
  - c) Addition reaction
  - d) Addition-elimination reaction
- 9) Which one of the following is the product when hydroxylamine reacts with cyclohexanone
  - a) Oxime
  - b) Cyclohexadiene
  - c) Cyclohexene
  - d) Cyclohexylamine
- 10) Formation of phenyl hydrazone from phenyl hydrazine and carbonyl compound is an example of
  - a) substitution reaction
  - b) elimination reaction
  - c) Addition reaction
  - d) Addition-elimination reaction

(Do not write or mark anything on this page)

- 1) Which one of the following is the product when hydroxylamine reacts with cyclohexanone
  - a) Cyclohexenylamine
  - b) Oxime
  - c) Cyclohexadiene
  - d) Cyclohexene
- 2) Formation of aniline from chlorobenzene under the treatment of sodamide in liquid ammonia is an example of
  - a) Elimination-addition reaction
  - b) Addition reaction
  - c) Addition-elimination reaction
  - d) Elimination reaction
- 3) Which one of the following is the substrate in Cumene phenol method
  - a) Xylene
  - b) Toluene
  - c) Nitrobenzene
  - d) Isopropyl benzene
- 4) Oppenauer oxidation is similar but opposite to
  - a) Meerwein-Ponndorf-Verley reduction
  - b) Wolff-Kishner reduction
  - c) Wittig reaction
  - d) Clemmensen reduction
- 5) Which one of the following is the reagent of Wittig reaction?
  - a) Phosphonium ylid
  - b) Anhydrous zinc chloride
  - c) Phenyl lithium
  - d) Sodium bisulfite
- 6) Meerwein-Ponndorf-Verley reduction produces
  - a) n-butane
  - b) Benzaldehyde
  - c) Acetaldehyde
  - d) Acetone
- 7) Which one of the following will give haloform reaction
  - a) Butanal
  - b) 1-butanol
  - c) 1-propanol
  - d) 2-butanol
- 8) In esterification reaction from alcohol and carboxylic acid the OH group is eliminated from
  - a) alcohol
  - b) none from carboxylic acid or alcohol
  - c) carboxylic acid
  - d) both carboxylic acid and alcohol
- 9) Crossed aldol condensation between benzaldehyde and acetaldehyde is known as
  - a) Knoevenagel reaction
  - b) Claisen-Schmidt reaction
  - c) Lucas reaction
  - d) Perkin reaction
- 10) Formation of phenyl hydrazone from phenyl hydrazine and carbonyl compound is an example of
  - a) elimination reaction
  - b) Addition reaction
  - c) substitution reaction
  - d) Addition-elimination reaction

(Do not write or mark anything on this page)

- 1) Formation of aniline from chlorobenzene under the treatment of sodamide in liquid ammonia is an example of
  - a) Addition reaction
  - b) Elimination-addition reaction
  - c) Elimination reaction
  - d) Addition-elimination reaction
- 2) Formation of phenyl hydrazone from phenyl hydrazine and carbonyl compound is an example of
  - a) Addition reaction
  - b) Addition-elimination reaction
  - c) substitution reaction
  - d) elimination reaction
- 3) Which one of the following is the reagent of Wittig reaction?
  - a) Anhydrous zinc chloride
  - b) Phenyl lithium
  - c) Phosphonium ylid
  - d) Sodium bisulfite
- 4) Oppenauer oxidation is similar but opposite to
  - a) Meerwein-Pondorf-Verley reduction
  - b) Clemmensen reduction
  - c) Wittig reaction
  - d) Wolff-Kishner reduction
- 5) Which one of the following is the product when hydroxylamine reacts with cyclohexanone
  - a) Cyclohexene
  - b) Cyclohexylamine
  - c) Cyclohexadiene
  - d) Oxime
- 6) Meerwein-Pondorf-Verley reduction produces
  - a) Benzaldehyde
  - b) Acetone
  - c) Acetaldehyde
  - d) n-butane
- 7) Which one of the following is the substrate in Cumene phenol method
  - a) Toluene
  - b) Isopropyl benzene
  - c) Xylene
  - d) Nitrobenzene
- 8) In esterification reaction from alcohol and carboxylic acid the OH group is eliminated from
  - a) alcohol
  - b) both carboxylic acid and alcohol
  - c) none from carboxylic acid or alcohol
  - d) carboxylic acid
- 9) Crossed aldol condensation between benzaldehyde and acetaldehyde is known as
  - a) Lucas reaction
  - b) Perkin reaction
  - c) Knoevenagel reaction
  - d) Claisen-Schmidt reaction
- 10) Which one of the following will give haloform reaction
  - a) 1-propanol
  - b) Butanal
  - c) 2-butanol
  - d) 1-butanol

(Do not write or mark anything on this page)

- 1) Which one of the following will give haloform reaction
  - a) 2-butanol
  - b) Butanal
  - c) 1-propanol
  - d) 1-butanol
- 2) Formation of aniline from chlorobenzene under the treatment of sodamide in liquid ammonia is an example of
  - a) Addition-elimination reaction
  - b) Elimination reaction
  - c) Addition reaction
  - d) Elimination-addition reaction
- 3) Formation of phenyl hydrazone from phenyl hydrazine and carbonyl compound is an example of
  - a) substitution reaction
  - b) Addition-elimination reaction
  - c) Addition reaction
  - d) elimination reaction
- 4) Which one of the following is the reagent of Wittig reaction?
  - a) Phosphonium ylid
  - b) Sodium bisulfite
  - c) Phenyl lithium
  - d) Anhydrous zinc chloride
- 5) In esterification reaction from alcohol and carboxylic acid the OH group is eliminated from
  - a) both carboxylic acid and alcohol
  - b) none from carboxylic acid or alcohol
  - c) carboxylic acid
  - d) alcohol
- 6) Meerwein-Pondorf-Verley reduction produces
  - a) Benzaldehyde
  - b) Acetone
  - c) Acetaldehyde
  - d) n-butane
- 7) Which one of the following is the product when hydroxylamine reacts with cyclohexanone
  - a) Cyclohexene
  - b) Oxime
  - c) Cyclohexylamine
  - d) Cyclohexadiene
- 8) Which one of the following is the substrate in Cumene phenol method
  - a) Nitrobenzene
  - b) Isopropyl benzene
  - c) Toluene
  - d) Xylene
- 9) Crossed aldol condensation between benzaldehyde and acetaldehyde is known as
  - a) Claisen-Schmidt reaction
  - b) Lucas reaction
  - c) Knoevenagel reaction
  - d) Perkin reaction
- 10) Oppenauer oxidation is similar but opposite to
  - a) Wittig reaction
  - b) Meerwein-Pondorf-Verley reduction
  - c) Clemmensen reduction
  - d) Wolff-Kishner reduction

(Do not write or mark anything on this page)

- 1) Which one of the following is the substrate in Cumene phenol method
  - a) Toluene
  - b) Isopropyl benzene
  - c) Xylene
  - d) Nitrobenzene
- 2) Formation of aniline from chlorobenzene under the treatment of sodamide in liquid ammonia is an example of
  - a) Addition reaction
  - b) Elimination reaction
  - c) Elimination-addition reaction
  - d) Addition-elimination reaction
- 3) Formation of phenyl hydrazone from phenyl hydrazine and carbonyl compound is an example of
  - a) elimination reaction
  - b) substitution reaction
  - c) Addition reaction
  - d) Addition-elimination reaction
- 4) Crossed aldol condensation between benzaldehyde and acetaldehyde is known as
  - a) Claisen-Schmidt reaction
  - b) Lucas reaction
  - c) Perkin reaction
  - d) Knoevenagel reaction
- 5) Which one of the following is the product when hydroxylamine reacts with cyclohexanone
  - a) Cyclohexadiene
  - b) Cyclohexenylamine
  - c) Cyclohexene
  - d) Oxime
- 6) Which one of the following will give haloform reaction
  - a) 1-propanol
  - b) 1-butanol
  - c) 2-butanol
  - d) Butanal
- 7) Meerwein-Ponndorf-Verley reduction produces
  - a) Acetaldehyde
  - b) Acetone
  - c) n-butane
  - d) Benzaldehyde
- 8) In esterification reaction from alcohol and carboxylic acid the OH group is eliminated from
  - a) alcohol
  - b) carboxylic acid
  - c) both carboxylic acid and alcohol
  - d) none from carboxylic acid or alcohol
- 9) Which one of the following is the reagent of Wittig reaction?
  - a) Phenyl lithium
  - b) Phosphonium ylid
  - c) Sodium bisulfite
  - d) Anhydrous zinc chloride
- 10) Oppenauer oxidation is similar but opposite to
  - a) Clemmensen reduction
  - b) Wittig reaction
  - c) Meerwein-Ponndorf-Verley reduction
  - d) Wolff-Kishner reduction



(Do not write or mark anything on this page)

- 1) In esterification reaction from alcohol and carboxylic acid the OH group is eliminated from
  - a) alcohol
  - b) none from carboxylic acid or alcohol
  - c) carboxylic acid
  - d) both carboxylic acid and alcohol
- 2) Formation of phenyl hydrazone from phenyl hydrazine and carbonyl compound is an example of
  - a) Addition-elimination reaction
  - b) elimination reaction
  - c) substitution reaction
  - d) Addition reaction
- 3) Meerwein-Pondorf-Verley reduction produces
  - a) n-butane
  - b) Benzaldehyde
  - c) Acetaldehyde
  - d) Acetone
- 4) Which one of the following is the substrate in Cumene phenol method
  - a) Toluene
  - b) Xylene
  - c) Isopropyl benzene
  - d) Nitrobenzene
- 5) Which one of the following is the reagent of Wittig reaction?
  - a) Phenyl lithium
  - b) Sodium bisulfite
  - c) Anhydrous zinc chloride
  - d) Phosphonium ylid
- 6) Oppenauer oxidation is similar but opposite to
  - a) Wittig reaction
  - b) Meerwein-Pondorf-Verley reduction
  - c) Wolff-Kishner reduction
  - d) Clemmensen reduction
- 7) Which one of the following will give haloform reaction
  - a) 1-butanol
  - b) Butanal
  - c) 2-butanol
  - d) 1-propanol
- 8) Formation of aniline from chlorobenzene under the treatment of sodamide in liquid ammonia is an example of
  - a) Elimination reaction
  - b) Elimination-addition reaction
  - c) Addition-elimination reaction
  - d) Addition reaction
- 9) Which one of the following is the product when hydroxylamine reacts with cyclohexanone
  - a) Cyclohexene
  - b) Cyclohexylamine
  - c) Cyclohexadiene
  - d) Oxime
- 10) Crossed aldol condensation between benzaldehyde and acetaldehyde is known as
  - a) Perkin reaction
  - b) Claisen-Schmidt reaction
  - c) Lucas reaction
  - d) Knoevenagel reaction

(Do not write or mark anything on this page)

- 1) Which one of the following is the product when hydroxylamine reacts with cyclohexanone
  - a) Cyclohexene
  - b) Oxime
  - c) Cyclohexadiene
  - d) Cyclohexylamine
- 2) Meerwein-Ponndorf-Verley reduction produces
  - a) n-butane
  - b) Acetaldehyde
  - c) Benzaldehyde
  - d) Acetone
- 3) In esterification reaction from alcohol and carboxylic acid the OH group is eliminated from
  - a) carboxylic acid
  - b) both carboxylic acid and alcohol
  - c) none from carboxylic acid or alcohol
  - d) alcohol
- 4) Which one of the following is the reagent of Wittig reaction?
  - a) Phenyl lithium
  - b) Sodium bisulfite
  - c) Anhydrous zinc chloride
  - d) Phosphonium ylid
- 5) Crossed aldol condensation between benzaldehyde and acetaldehyde is known as
  - a) Knoevenagel reaction
  - b) Lucas reaction
  - c) Perkin reaction
  - d) Claisen-Schmidt reaction
- 6) Formation of aniline from chlorobenzene under the treatment of sodamide in liquid ammonia is an example of
  - a) Elimination-addition reaction
  - b) Elimination reaction
  - c) Addition-elimination reaction
  - d) Addition reaction
- 7) Which one of the following will give haloform reaction
  - a) 2-butanol
  - b) 1-propanol
  - c) 1-butanol
  - d) Butanal
- 8) Which one of the following is the substrate in Cumene phenol method
  - a) Toluene
  - b) Nitrobenzene
  - c) Isopropyl benzene
  - d) Xylene
- 9) Oppenauer oxidation is similar but opposite to
  - a) Clemmensen reduction
  - b) Meerwein-Ponndorf-Verley reduction
  - c) Wolff-Kishner reduction
  - d) Wittig reaction
- 10) Formation of phenyl hydrazone from phenyl hydrazine and carbonyl compound is an example of
  - a) elimination reaction
  - b) Addition-elimination reaction
  - c) Addition reaction
  - d) substitution reaction

(Do not write or mark anything on this page)

- 1) Which one of the following is the reagent of Wittig reaction?
  - a) Anhydrous zinc chloride
  - b) Sodium bisulfite
  - c) Phenyl lithium
  - d) Phosphonium ylid
- 2) In esterification reaction from alcohol and carboxylic acid the OH group is eliminated from
  - a) alcohol
  - b) both carboxylic acid and alcohol
  - c) carboxylic acid
  - d) none from carboxylic acid or alcohol
- 3) Which one of the following is the product when hydroxylamine reacts with cyclohexanone
  - a) Cyclohexadiene
  - b) Oxime
  - c) Cyclohexene
  - d) Cyclohexenylamine
- 4) Formation of phenyl hydrazone from phenyl hydrazine and carbonyl compound is an example of
  - a) elimination reaction
  - b) substitution reaction
  - c) Addition reaction
  - d) Addition-elimination reaction
- 5) Which one of the following will give haloform reaction
  - a) 2-butanol
  - b) 1-butanol
  - c) Butanal
  - d) 1-propanol
- 6) Oppenauer oxidation is similar but opposite to
  - a) Clemmensen reduction
  - b) Wittig reaction
  - c) Meerwein-Ponndorf-Verley reduction
  - d) Wolff-Kishner reduction
- 7) Meerwein-Ponndorf-Verley reduction produces
  - a) Benzaldehyde
  - b) Acetaldehyde
  - c) n-butane
  - d) Acetone
- 8) Which one of the following is the substrate in Cumene phenol method
  - a) Xylene
  - b) Nitrobenzene
  - c) Toluene
  - d) Isopropyl benzene
- 9) Crossed aldol condensation between benzaldehyde and acetaldehyde is known as
  - a) Knoevenagel reaction
  - b) Perkin reaction
  - c) Lucas reaction
  - d) Claisen-Schmidt reaction
- 10) Formation of aniline from chlorobenzene under the treatment of sodamide in liquid ammonia is an example of
  - a) Elimination reaction
  - b) Addition reaction
  - c) Elimination-addition reaction
  - d) Addition-elimination reaction

(Do not write or mark anything on this page)

- 1) In esterification reaction from alcohol and carboxylic acid the OH group is eliminated from
  - a) both carboxylic acid and alcohol
  - b) alcohol
  - c) carboxylic acid
  - d) none from carboxylic acid or alcohol
- 2) Oppenauer oxidation is similar but opposite to
  - a) Clemmensen reduction
  - b) Meerwein-Ponndorf-Verley reduction
  - c) Wolff-Kishner reduction
  - d) Wittig reaction
- 3) Which one of the following will give haloform reaction
  - a) 2-butanol
  - b) Butanal
  - c) 1-butanol
  - d) 1-propanol
- 4) Formation of aniline from chlorobenzene under the treatment of sodamide in liquid ammonia is an example of
  - a) Addition reaction
  - b) Addition-elimination reaction
  - c) Elimination reaction
  - d) Elimination-addition reaction
- 5) Crossed aldol condensation between benzaldehyde and acetaldehyde is known as
  - a) Knoevenagel reaction
  - b) Perkin reaction
  - c) Claisen-Schmidt reaction
  - d) Lucas reaction
- 6) Which one of the following is the substrate in Cumene phenol method
  - a) Nitrobenzene
  - b) Xylene
  - c) Toluene
  - d) Isopropyl benzene
- 7) Which one of the following is the product when hydroxylamine reacts with cyclohexanone
  - a) Cyclohexadiene
  - b) Oxime
  - c) Cyclohexene
  - d) Cyclohexylamine
- 8) Meerwein-Ponndorf-Verley reduction produces
  - a) Benzaldehyde
  - b) Acetaldehyde
  - c) n-butane
  - d) Acetone
- 9) Formation of phenyl hydrazone from phenyl hydrazine and carbonyl compound is an example of
  - a) Addition-elimination reaction
  - b) Addition reaction
  - c) elimination reaction
  - d) substitution reaction
- 10) Which one of the following is the reagent of Wittig reaction?
  - a) Sodium bisulfite
  - b) Anhydrous zinc chloride
  - c) Phenyl lithium
  - d) Phosphonium ylid

(Do not write or mark anything on this page)

- 1) Which one of the following is the substrate in Cumene phenol method
  - a) Nitrobenzene
  - b) Isopropyl benzene
  - c) Toluene
  - d) Xylene
- 2) Which one of the following is the reagent of Wittig reaction?
  - a) Sodium bisulfite
  - b) Anhydrous zinc chloride
  - c) Phenyl lithium
  - d) Phosphonium ylid
- 3) Formation of aniline from chlorobenzene under the treatment of sodamide in liquid ammonia is an example of
  - a) Elimination-addition reaction
  - b) Elimination reaction
  - c) Addition-elimination reaction
  - d) Addition reaction
- 4) In esterification reaction from alcohol and carboxylic acid the OH group is eliminated from
  - a) both carboxylic acid and alcohol
  - b) carboxylic acid
  - c) none from carboxylic acid or alcohol
  - d) alcohol
- 5) Oppenauer oxidation is similar but opposite to
  - a) Wolff-Kishner reduction
  - b) Wittig reaction
  - c) Meerwein-Pondorf-Verley reduction
  - d) Clemmensen reduction
- 6) Crossed aldol condensation between benzaldehyde and acetaldehyde is known as
  - a) Lucas reaction
  - b) Knoevenagel reaction
  - c) Perkin reaction
  - d) Claisen-Schmidt reaction
- 7) Meerwein-Pondorf-Verley reduction produces
  - a) Acetaldehyde
  - b) n-butane
  - c) Acetone
  - d) Benzaldehyde
- 8) Which one of the following will give haloform reaction
  - a) Butanal
  - b) 1-propanol
  - c) 1-butanol
  - d) 2-butanol
- 9) Formation of phenyl hydrazone from phenyl hydrazine and carbonyl compound is an example of
  - a) substitution reaction
  - b) Addition-elimination reaction
  - c) Addition reaction
  - d) elimination reaction
- 10) Which one of the following is the product when hydroxylamine reacts with cyclohexanone
  - a) Oxime
  - b) Cyclohexene
  - c) Cyclohexadiene
  - d) Cyclohexylamine

(Do not write or mark anything on this page)

- 1) Crossed aldol condensation between benzaldehyde and acetaldehyde is known as
  - a) Lucas reaction
  - b) Claisen-Schmidt reaction
  - c) Knoevenagel reaction
  - d) Perkin reaction
- 2) Formation of phenyl hydrazone from phenyl hydrazine and carbonyl compound is an example of
  - a) Addition reaction
  - b) Addition-elimination reaction
  - c) elimination reaction
  - d) substitution reaction
- 3) Which one of the following will give haloform reaction
  - a) 1-butanol
  - b) 1-propanol
  - c) 2-butanol
  - d) Butanal
- 4) Formation of aniline from chlorobenzene under the treatment of sodamide in liquid ammonia is an example of
  - a) Addition-elimination reaction
  - b) Elimination-addition reaction
  - c) Elimination reaction
  - d) Addition reaction
- 5) Which one of the following is the reagent of Wittig reaction?
  - a) Phosphonium ylid
  - b) Sodium bisulfite
  - c) Anhydrous zinc chloride
  - d) Phenyl lithium
- 6) Meerwein-Pondorf-Verley reduction produces
  - a) n-butane
  - b) Acetone
  - c) Benzaldehyde
  - d) Acetaldehyde
- 7) Which one of the following is the substrate in Cumene phenol method
  - a) Xylene
  - b) Nitrobenzene
  - c) Toluene
  - d) Isopropyl benzene
- 8) In esterification reaction from alcohol and carboxylic acid the OH group is eliminated from
  - a) carboxylic acid
  - b) none from carboxylic acid or alcohol
  - c) both carboxylic acid and alcohol
  - d) alcohol
- 9) Which one of the following is the product when hydroxylamine reacts with cyclohexanone
  - a) Cyclohexene
  - b) Oxime
  - c) Cyclohexylamine
  - d) Cyclohexadiene
- 10) Oppenauer oxidation is similar but opposite to
  - a) Wolff-Kishner reduction
  - b) Clemmensen reduction
  - c) Wittig reaction
  - d) Meerwein-Pondorf-Verley reduction

(Do not write or mark anything on this page)

- 1) Which one of the following is the reagent of Wittig reaction?
  - a) Sodium bisulfite
  - b) Phosphonium ylid
  - c) Anhydrous zinc chloride
  - d) Phenyl lithium
- 2) Which one of the following is the product when hydroxylamine reacts with cyclohexanone
  - a) Cyclohenylamine
  - b) Oxime
  - c) Cyclohexadiene
  - d) Cyclohexene
- 3) Formation of phenyl hydrazone from phenyl hydrazine and carbonyl compound is an example of
  - a) elimination reaction
  - b) substitution reaction
  - c) Addition-elimination reaction
  - d) Addition reaction
- 4) Meerwein-Pondorf-Verley reduction produces
  - a) Benzaldehyde
  - b) Acetaldehyde
  - c) Acetone
  - d) n-butane
- 5) Formation of aniline from chlorobenzene under the treatment of sodamide in liquid ammonia is an example of
  - a) Addition-elimination reaction
  - b) Elimination reaction
  - c) Addition reaction
  - d) Elimination-addition reaction
- 6) Which one of the following will give haloform reaction
  - a) 2-butanol
  - b) 1-butanol
  - c) 1-propanol
  - d) Butanal
- 7) Crossed aldol condensation between benzaldehyde and acetaldehyde is known as
  - a) Perkin reaction
  - b) Knoevenagel reaction
  - c) Claisen-Schmidt reaction
  - d) Lucas reaction
- 8) Which one of the following is the substrate in Cumene phenol method
  - a) Toluene
  - b) Nitrobenzene
  - c) Xylene
  - d) Isopropyl benzene
- 9) Oppenauer oxidation is similar but opposite to
  - a) Clemmensen reduction
  - b) Wolff-Kishner reduction
  - c) Meerwein-Pondorf-Verley reduction
  - d) Wittig reaction
- 10) In esterification reaction from alcohol and carboxylic acid the OH group is eliminated from
  - a) none from carboxylic acid or alcohol
  - b) carboxylic acid
  - c) both carboxylic acid and alcohol
  - d) alcohol

(Do not write or mark anything on this page)

- 1) Which one of the following is the substrate in Cumene phenol method
  - a) Toluene
  - b) Xylene
  - c) Nitrobenzene
  - d) Isopropyl benzene
- 2) In esterification reaction from alcohol and carboxylic acid the OH group is eliminated from
  - a) alcohol
  - b) none from carboxylic acid or alcohol
  - c) carboxylic acid
  - d) both carboxylic acid and alcohol
- 3) Which one of the following will give haloform reaction
  - a) 2-butanol
  - b) Butanal
  - c) 1-butanol
  - d) 1-propanol
- 4) Formation of phenyl hydrazone from phenyl hydrazine and carbonyl compound is an example of
  - a) substitution reaction
  - b) Addition-elimination reaction
  - c) elimination reaction
  - d) Addition reaction
- 5) Which one of the following is the reagent of Wittig reaction?
  - a) Phenyl lithium
  - b) Phosphonium ylid
  - c) Anhydrous zinc chloride
  - d) Sodium bisulfite
- 6) Oppenauer oxidation is similar but opposite to
  - a) Wolff-Kishner reduction
  - b) Meerwein-Pondorf-Verley reduction
  - c) Clemmensen reduction
  - d) Wittig reaction
- 7) Which one of the following is the product when hydroxylamine reacts with cyclohexanone
  - a) Cyclohexylamine
  - b) Oxime
  - c) Cyclohexadiene
  - d) Cyclohexene
- 8) Crossed aldol condensation between benzaldehyde and acetaldehyde is known as
  - a) Knoevenagel reaction
  - b) Lucas reaction
  - c) Perkin reaction
  - d) Claisen-Schmidt reaction
- 9) Meerwein-Pondorf-Verley reduction produces
  - a) Benzaldehyde
  - b) Acetone
  - c) Acetaldehyde
  - d) n-butane
- 10) Formation of aniline from chlorobenzene under the treatment of sodamide in liquid ammonia is an example of
  - a) Elimination reaction
  - b) Elimination-addition reaction
  - c) Addition-elimination reaction
  - d) Addition reaction



(Do not write or mark anything on this page)

- 1) In esterification reaction from alcohol and carboxylic acid the OH group is eliminated from
  - a) alcohol
  - b) none from carboxylic acid or alcohol
  - c) both carboxylic acid and alcohol
  - d) carboxylic acid
- 2) Crossed aldol condensation between benzaldehyde and acetaldehyde is known as
  - a) Claisen-Schmidt reaction
  - b) Perkin reaction
  - c) Lucas reaction
  - d) Knoevenagel reaction
- 3) Which one of the following is the substrate in Cumene phenol method
  - a) Xylene
  - b) Toluene
  - c) Isopropyl benzene
  - d) Nitrobenzene
- 4) Meerwein-Ponndorf-Verley reduction produces
  - a) Benzaldehyde
  - b) n-butane
  - c) Acetaldehyde
  - d) Acetone
- 5) Which one of the following is the product when hydroxylamine reacts with cyclohexanone
  - a) Cyclohexadiene
  - b) Cyclohexylamine
  - c) Cyclohexene
  - d) Oxime
- 6) Formation of aniline from chlorobenzene under the treatment of sodamide in liquid ammonia is an example of
  - a) Addition reaction
  - b) Elimination-addition reaction
  - c) Elimination reaction
  - d) Addition-elimination reaction
- 7) Which one of the following is the reagent of Wittig reaction?
  - a) Sodium bisulfite
  - b) Phosphonium ylid
  - c) Anhydrous zinc chloride
  - d) Phenyl lithium
- 8) Which one of the following will give haloform reaction
  - a) 1-propanol
  - b) 2-butanol
  - c) Butanal
  - d) 1-butanol
- 9) Oppenauer oxidation is similar but opposite to
  - a) Wolff-Kishner reduction
  - b) Meerwein-Ponndorf-Verley reduction
  - c) Clemmensen reduction
  - d) Wittig reaction
- 10) Formation of phenyl hydrazone from phenyl hydrazine and carbonyl compound is an example of
  - a) elimination reaction
  - b) Addition-elimination reaction
  - c) Addition reaction
  - d) substitution reaction

(Do not write or mark anything on this page)

- 1) Which one of the following is the product when hydroxylamine reacts with cyclohexanone
  - a) Cyclohexene
  - b) Cyclohexylamine
  - c) Oxime
  - d) Cyclohexadiene
- 2) Formation of aniline from chlorobenzene under the treatment of sodamide in liquid ammonia is an example of
  - a) Addition-elimination reaction
  - b) Elimination-addition reaction
  - c) Elimination reaction
  - d) Addition reaction
- 3) Which one of the following will give haloform reaction
  - a) 1-butanol
  - b) 2-butanol
  - c) Butanal
  - d) 1-propanol
- 4) Crossed aldol condensation between benzaldehyde and acetaldehyde is known as
  - a) Claisen-Schmidt reaction
  - b) Perkin reaction
  - c) Knoevenagel reaction
  - d) Lucas reaction
- 5) Meerwein-Ponndorf-Verley reduction produces
  - a) Benzaldehyde
  - b) n-butane
  - c) Acetaldehyde
  - d) Acetone
- 6) In esterification reaction from alcohol and carboxylic acid the OH group is eliminated from
  - a) carboxylic acid
  - b) alcohol
  - c) none from carboxylic acid or alcohol
  - d) both carboxylic acid and alcohol
- 7) Which one of the following is the substrate in Cumene phenol method
  - a) Nitrobenzene
  - b) Isopropyl benzene
  - c) Xylene
  - d) Toluene
- 8) Formation of phenyl hydrazone from phenyl hydrazine and carbonyl compound is an example of
  - a) Addition reaction
  - b) Addition-elimination reaction
  - c) elimination reaction
  - d) substitution reaction
- 9) Which one of the following is the reagent of Wittig reaction?
  - a) Sodium bisulfite
  - b) Phosphonium ylid
  - c) Anhydrous zinc chloride
  - d) Phenyl lithium
- 10) Oppenauer oxidation is similar but opposite to
  - a) Meerwein-Ponndorf-Verley reduction
  - b) Wittig reaction
  - c) Clemmensen reduction
  - d) Wolff-Kishner reduction

(Do not write or mark anything on this page)

- 1) Which one of the following will give haloform reaction
  - a) Butanal
  - b) 1-propanol
  - c) 2-butanol
  - d) 1-butanol
- 2) Formation of phenyl hydrazone from phenyl hydrazine and carbonyl compound is an example of
  - a) substitution reaction
  - b) elimination reaction
  - c) Addition reaction
  - d) Addition-elimination reaction
- 3) Which one of the following is the reagent of Wittig reaction?
  - a) Anhydrous zinc chloride
  - b) Phenyl lithium
  - c) Sodium bisulfite
  - d) Phosphonium ylid
- 4) Crossed aldol condensation between benzaldehyde and acetaldehyde is known as
  - a) Claisen-Schmidt reaction
  - b) Knoevenagel reaction
  - c) Perkin reaction
  - d) Lucas reaction
- 5) Which one of the following is the substrate in Cumene phenol method
  - a) Isopropyl benzene
  - b) Toluene
  - c) Xylene
  - d) Nitrobenzene
- 6) Meerwein-Pondorf-Verley reduction produces
  - a) Benzaldehyde
  - b) Acetone
  - c) n-butane
  - d) Acetaldehyde
- 7) Oppenauer oxidation is similar but opposite to
  - a) Wolff-Kishner reduction
  - b) Wittig reaction
  - c) Meerwein-Pondorf-Verley reduction
  - d) Clemmensen reduction
- 8) Which one of the following is the product when hydroxylamine reacts with cyclohexanone
  - a) Cyclohexadiene
  - b) Cyclohexene
  - c) Cyclohexenylamine
  - d) Oxime
- 9) In esterification reaction from alcohol and carboxylic acid the OH group is eliminated from
  - a) carboxylic acid
  - b) none from carboxylic acid or alcohol
  - c) both carboxylic acid and alcohol
  - d) alcohol
- 10) Formation of aniline from chlorobenzene under the treatment of sodamide in liquid ammonia is an example of
  - a) Addition-elimination reaction
  - b) Elimination reaction
  - c) Addition reaction
  - d) Elimination-addition reaction

(Do not write or mark anything on this page)

- 1) Which one of the following is the reagent of Wittig reaction?
  - a) Anhydrous zinc chloride
  - b) Phenyl lithium
  - c) Phosphonium ylid
  - d) Sodium bisulfite
- 2) Formation of phenyl hydrazone from phenyl hydrazine and carbonyl compound is an example of
  - a) elimination reaction
  - b) Addition reaction
  - c) Addition-elimination reaction
  - d) substitution reaction
- 3) In esterification reaction from alcohol and carboxylic acid the OH group is eliminated from
  - a) both carboxylic acid and alcohol
  - b) alcohol
  - c) carboxylic acid
  - d) none from carboxylic acid or alcohol
- 4) Crossed aldol condensation between benzaldehyde and acetaldehyde is known as
  - a) Lucas reaction
  - b) Perkin reaction
  - c) Claisen-Schmidt reaction
  - d) Knoevenagel reaction
- 5) Which one of the following will give haloform reaction
  - a) 2-butanol
  - b) Butanal
  - c) 1-propanol
  - d) 1-butanol
- 6) Which one of the following is the product when hydroxylamine reacts with cyclohexanone
  - a) Cyclohexadiene
  - b) Oxime
  - c) Cyclohexene
  - d) Cyclohexenylamine
- 7) Formation of aniline from chlorobenzene under the treatment of sodamide in liquid ammonia is an example of
  - a) Addition-elimination reaction
  - b) Addition reaction
  - c) Elimination reaction
  - d) Elimination-addition reaction
- 8) Meerwein-Ponndorf-Verley reduction produces
  - a) Acetone
  - b) Benzaldehyde
  - c) Acetaldehyde
  - d) n-butane
- 9) Which one of the following is the substrate in Cumene phenol method
  - a) Toluene
  - b) Xylene
  - c) Nitrobenzene
  - d) Isopropyl benzene
- 10) Oppenauer oxidation is similar but opposite to
  - a) Wolff-Kishner reduction
  - b) Wittig reaction
  - c) Meerwein-Ponndorf-Verley reduction
  - d) Clemmensen reduction

(Do not write or mark anything on this page)

- 1) Which one of the following is the substrate in Cumene phenol method
  - a) Xylene
  - b) Nitrobenzene
  - c) Isopropyl benzene
  - d) Toluene
- 2) Meerwein-Pondorf-Verley reduction produces
  - a) Benzaldehyde
  - b) Acetone
  - c) n-butane
  - d) Acetaldehyde
- 3) Which one of the following will give haloform reaction
  - a) 1-butanol
  - b) 2-butanol
  - c) 1-propanol
  - d) Butanal
- 4) Formation of aniline from chlorobenzene under the treatment of sodamide in liquid ammonia is an example of
  - a) Elimination-addition reaction
  - b) Addition-elimination reaction
  - c) Elimination reaction
  - d) Addition reaction
- 5) Oppenauer oxidation is similar but opposite to
  - a) Meerwein-Pondorf-Verley reduction
  - b) Wittig reaction
  - c) Clemmensen reduction
  - d) Wolff-Kishner reduction
- 6) Formation of phenyl hydrazone from phenyl hydrazine and carbonyl compound is an example of
  - a) Addition reaction
  - b) Addition-elimination reaction
  - c) substitution reaction
  - d) elimination reaction
- 7) Which one of the following is the reagent of Wittig reaction?
  - a) Anhydrous zinc chloride
  - b) Phosphonium ylid
  - c) Phenyl lithium
  - d) Sodium bisulfite
- 8) Crossed aldol condensation between benzaldehyde and acetaldehyde is known as
  - a) Perkin reaction
  - b) Claisen-Schmidt reaction
  - c) Lucas reaction
  - d) Knoevenagel reaction
- 9) In esterification reaction from alcohol and carboxylic acid the OH group is eliminated from
  - a) both carboxylic acid and alcohol
  - b) carboxylic acid
  - c) alcohol
  - d) none from carboxylic acid or alcohol
- 10) Which one of the following is the product when hydroxylamine reacts with cyclohexanone
  - a) Cyclohexenylamine
  - b) Cyclohexene
  - c) Oxime
  - d) Cyclohexadiene

(Do not write or mark anything on this page)

- 1) Which one of the following is the product when hydroxylamine reacts with cyclohexanone
  - a) Cyclohexene
  - b) Oxime
  - c) Cyclohexylamine
  - d) Cyclohexadiene
- 2) Which one of the following will give haloform reaction
  - a) 1-butanol
  - b) Butanal
  - c) 2-butanol
  - d) 1-propanol
- 3) Meerwein-Ponndorf-Verley reduction produces
  - a) Acetaldehyde
  - b) Benzaldehyde
  - c) n-butane
  - d) Acetone
- 4) Crossed aldol condensation between benzaldehyde and acetaldehyde is known as
  - a) Perkin reaction
  - b) Knoevenagel reaction
  - c) Lucas reaction
  - d) Claisen-Schmidt reaction
- 5) Which one of the following is the substrate in Cumene phenol method
  - a) Isopropyl benzene
  - b) Toluene
  - c) Nitrobenzene
  - d) Xylene
- 6) Formation of aniline from chlorobenzene under the treatment of sodamide in liquid ammonia is an example of
  - a) Elimination-addition reaction
  - b) Addition reaction
  - c) Elimination reaction
  - d) Addition-elimination reaction
- 7) Which one of the following is the reagent of Wittig reaction?
  - a) Phenyl lithium
  - b) Sodium bisulfite
  - c) Anhydrous zinc chloride
  - d) Phosphonium ylid
- 8) Oppenauer oxidation is similar but opposite to
  - a) Clemmensen reduction
  - b) Meerwein-Ponndorf-Verley reduction
  - c) Wittig reaction
  - d) Wolff-Kishner reduction
- 9) Formation of phenyl hydrazone from phenyl hydrazine and carbonyl compound is an example of
  - a) substitution reaction
  - b) Addition reaction
  - c) Addition-elimination reaction
  - d) elimination reaction
- 10) In esterification reaction from alcohol and carboxylic acid the OH group is eliminated from
  - a) carboxylic acid
  - b) none from carboxylic acid or alcohol
  - c) alcohol
  - d) both carboxylic acid and alcohol

(Do not write or mark anything on this page)

- 1) Oppenauer oxidation is similar but opposite to
  - a) Wolff-Kishner reduction
  - b) Clemmensen reduction
  - c) Meerwein-Ponndorf-Verley reduction
  - d) Wittig reaction
- 2) Which one of the following is the reagent of Wittig reaction?
  - a) Anhydrous zinc chloride
  - b) Phenyl lithium
  - c) Phosphonium ylid
  - d) Sodium bisulfite
- 3) Formation of aniline from chlorobenzene under the treatment of sodamide in liquid ammonia is an example of
  - a) Elimination reaction
  - b) Addition reaction
  - c) Addition-elimination reaction
  - d) Elimination-addition reaction
- 4) Crossed aldol condensation between benzaldehyde and acetaldehyde is known as
  - a) Lucas reaction
  - b) Claisen-Schmidt reaction
  - c) Perkin reaction
  - d) Knoevenagel reaction
- 5) Which one of the following is the product when hydroxylamine reacts with cyclohexanone
  - a) Cyclohexene
  - b) Oxime
  - c) Cyclohexadiene
  - d) Cyclohexylamine
- 6) Which one of the following will give haloform reaction
  - a) 2-butanol
  - b) Butanal
  - c) 1-butanol
  - d) 1-propanol
- 7) Which one of the following is the substrate in Cumene phenol method
  - a) Nitrobenzene
  - b) Toluene
  - c) Isopropyl benzene
  - d) Xylene
- 8) In esterification reaction from alcohol and carboxylic acid the OH group is eliminated from
  - a) both carboxylic acid and alcohol
  - b) alcohol
  - c) none from carboxylic acid or alcohol
  - d) carboxylic acid
- 9) Formation of phenyl hydrazone from phenyl hydrazine and carbonyl compound is an example of
  - a) elimination reaction
  - b) Addition-elimination reaction
  - c) substitution reaction
  - d) Addition reaction
- 10) Meerwein-Ponndorf-Verley reduction produces
  - a) n-butane
  - b) Acetaldehyde
  - c) Benzaldehyde
  - d) Acetone

(Do not write or mark anything on this page)

- 1) Crossed aldol condensation between benzaldehyde and acetaldehyde is known as
  - a) Perkin reaction
  - b) Lucas reaction
  - c) Knoevenagel reaction
  - d) Claisen-Schmidt reaction
- 2) Which one of the following is the product when hydroxylamine reacts with cyclohexanone
  - a) Cyclohexene
  - b) Cyclohexadiene
  - c) Cyclohexenylamine
  - d) Oxime
- 3) In esterification reaction from alcohol and carboxylic acid the OH group is eliminated from
  - a) carboxylic acid
  - b) alcohol
  - c) both carboxylic acid and alcohol
  - d) none from carboxylic acid or alcohol
- 4) Which one of the following is the substrate in Cumene phenol method
  - a) Xylene
  - b) Nitrobenzene
  - c) Isopropyl benzene
  - d) Toluene
- 5) Which one of the following is the reagent of Wittig reaction?
  - a) Sodium bisulfite
  - b) Phosphonium ylid
  - c) Anhydrous zinc chloride
  - d) Phenyl lithium
- 6) Formation of phenyl hydrazone from phenyl hydrazine and carbonyl compound is an example of
  - a) elimination reaction
  - b) Addition reaction
  - c) substitution reaction
  - d) Addition-elimination reaction
- 7) Which one of the following will give haloform reaction
  - a) Butanal
  - b) 2-butanol
  - c) 1-butanol
  - d) 1-propanol
- 8) Formation of aniline from chlorobenzene under the treatment of sodamide in liquid ammonia is an example of
  - a) Addition reaction
  - b) Elimination reaction
  - c) Addition-elimination reaction
  - d) Elimination-addition reaction
- 9) Meerwein-Ponndorf-Verley reduction produces
  - a) Acetaldehyde
  - b) n-butane
  - c) Acetone
  - d) Benzaldehyde
- 10) Oppenauer oxidation is similar but opposite to
  - a) Clemmensen reduction
  - b) Meerwein-Ponndorf-Verley reduction
  - c) Wolff-Kishner reduction
  - d) Wittig reaction



(Do not write or mark anything on this page)

- 1) Crossed aldol condensation between benzaldehyde and acetaldehyde is known as
  - a) Claisen-Schmidt reaction
  - b) Knoevenagel reaction
  - c) Lucas reaction
  - d) Perkin reaction
- 2) Which one of the following will give haloform reaction
  - a) 1-propanol
  - b) 1-butanol
  - c) Butanal
  - d) 2-butanol
- 3) Meerwein-Ponndorf-Verley reduction produces
  - a) Acetaldehyde
  - b) n-butane
  - c) Acetone
  - d) Benzaldehyde
- 4) Formation of phenyl hydrazone from phenyl hydrazine and carbonyl compound is an example of
  - a) substitution reaction
  - b) elimination reaction
  - c) Addition-elimination reaction
  - d) Addition reaction
- 5) In esterification reaction from alcohol and carboxylic acid the OH group is eliminated from
  - a) none from carboxylic acid or alcohol
  - b) carboxylic acid
  - c) alcohol
  - d) both carboxylic acid and alcohol
- 6) Oppenauer oxidation is similar but opposite to
  - a) Meerwein-Ponndorf-Verley reduction
  - b) Wolff-Kishner reduction
  - c) Clemmensen reduction
  - d) Wittig reaction
- 7) Formation of aniline from chlorobenzene under the treatment of sodamide in liquid ammonia is an example of
  - a) Addition-elimination reaction
  - b) Elimination-addition reaction
  - c) Elimination reaction
  - d) Addition reaction
- 8) Which one of the following is the substrate in Cumene phenol method
  - a) Isopropyl benzene
  - b) Xylene
  - c) Nitrobenzene
  - d) Toluene
- 9) Which one of the following is the reagent of Wittig reaction?
  - a) Anhydrous zinc chloride
  - b) Sodium bisulfite
  - c) Phenyl lithium
  - d) Phosphonium ylid
- 10) Which one of the following is the product when hydroxylamine reacts with cyclohexanone
  - a) Cyclohexenylamine
  - b) Oxime
  - c) Cyclohexene
  - d) Cyclohexadiene

(Do not write or mark anything on this page)

- 1) Oppenauer oxidation is similar but opposite to
  - a) Wittig reaction
  - b) Meerwein-Ponndorf-Verley reduction
  - c) Clemmensen reduction
  - d) Wolff-Kishner reduction
- 2) Which one of the following is the product when hydroxylamine reacts with cyclohexanone
  - a) Cyclohexene
  - b) Cyclohexylamine
  - c) Oxime
  - d) Cyclohexadiene
- 3) Crossed aldol condensation between benzaldehyde and acetaldehyde is known as
  - a) Claisen-Schmidt reaction
  - b) Knoevenagel reaction
  - c) Perkin reaction
  - d) Lucas reaction
- 4) Formation of aniline from chlorobenzene under the treatment of sodamide in liquid ammonia is an example of
  - a) Elimination reaction
  - b) Elimination-addition reaction
  - c) Addition-elimination reaction
  - d) Addition reaction
- 5) Meerwein-Ponndorf-Verley reduction produces
  - a) Acetone
  - b) n-butane
  - c) Benzaldehyde
  - d) Acetaldehyde
- 6) Which one of the following is the substrate in Cumene phenol method
  - a) Toluene
  - b) Xylene
  - c) Nitrobenzene
  - d) Isopropyl benzene
- 7) Which one of the following is the reagent of Wittig reaction?
  - a) Sodium bisulfite
  - b) Phosphonium ylid
  - c) Phenyl lithium
  - d) Anhydrous zinc chloride
- 8) Which one of the following will give haloform reaction
  - a) 1-propanol
  - b) 1-butanol
  - c) 2-butanol
  - d) Butanal
- 9) Formation of phenyl hydrazone from phenyl hydrazine and carbonyl compound is an example of
  - a) Addition-elimination reaction
  - b) elimination reaction
  - c) substitution reaction
  - d) Addition reaction
- 10) In esterification reaction from alcohol and carboxylic acid the OH group is eliminated from
  - a) both carboxylic acid and alcohol
  - b) none from carboxylic acid or alcohol
  - c) carboxylic acid
  - d) alcohol

(Do not write or mark anything on this page)

- 1) Which one of the following is the product when hydroxylamine reacts with cyclohexanone
  - a) Cyclohexadiene
  - b) Cyclohexene
  - c) Oxime
  - d) Cyclohexylamine
- 2) Formation of aniline from chlorobenzene under the treatment of sodamide in liquid ammonia is an example of
  - a) Addition-elimination reaction
  - b) Elimination-addition reaction
  - c) Elimination reaction
  - d) Addition reaction
- 3) Which one of the following will give haloform reaction
  - a) 2-butanol
  - b) 1-propanol
  - c) 1-butanol
  - d) Butanal
- 4) Which one of the following is the substrate in Cumene phenol method
  - a) Isopropyl benzene
  - b) Toluene
  - c) Xylene
  - d) Nitrobenzene
- 5) Formation of phenyl hydrazone from phenyl hydrazine and carbonyl compound is an example of
  - a) elimination reaction
  - b) substitution reaction
  - c) Addition-elimination reaction
  - d) Addition reaction
- 6) Meerwein-Ponndorf-Verley reduction produces
  - a) Acetone
  - b) n-butane
  - c) Acetaldehyde
  - d) Benzaldehyde
- 7) Oppenauer oxidation is similar but opposite to
  - a) Clemmensen reduction
  - b) Meerwein-Ponndorf-Verley reduction
  - c) Wolff-Kishner reduction
  - d) Wittig reaction
- 8) Crossed aldol condensation between benzaldehyde and acetaldehyde is known as
  - a) Perkin reaction
  - b) Knoevenagel reaction
  - c) Claisen-Schmidt reaction
  - d) Lucas reaction
- 9) In esterification reaction from alcohol and carboxylic acid the OH group is eliminated from
  - a) alcohol
  - b) none from carboxylic acid or alcohol
  - c) carboxylic acid
  - d) both carboxylic acid and alcohol
- 10) Which one of the following is the reagent of Wittig reaction?
  - a) Sodium bisulfite
  - b) Anhydrous zinc chloride
  - c) Phosphonium ylid
  - d) Phenyl lithium

- 1) Meerwein-Pondorf-Verley reduction produces
  - a) Acetaldehyde
  - b) Benzaldehyde
  - c) Acetone
  - d) n-butane
- 2) Which one of the following will give haloform reaction
  - a) Butanal
  - b) 1-propanol
  - c) 1-butanol
  - d) 2-butanol
- 3) Which one of the following is the substrate in Cumene phenol method
  - a) Xylene
  - b) Toluene
  - c) Isopropyl benzene
  - d) Nitrobenzene
- 4) Formation of aniline from chlorobenzene under the treatment of sodamide in liquid ammonia is an example of
  - a) Addition-elimination reaction
  - b) Elimination-addition reaction
  - c) Elimination reaction
  - d) Addition reaction
- 5) Oppenauer oxidation is similar but opposite to
  - a) Wittig reaction
  - b) Clemmensen reduction
  - c) Meerwein-Pondorf-Verley reduction
  - d) Wolff-Kishner reduction
- 6) Crossed aldol condensation between benzaldehyde and acetaldehyde is known as
  - a) Lucas reaction
  - b) Knoevenagel reaction
  - c) Perkin reaction
  - d) Claisen-Schmidt reaction
- 7) Which one of the following is the product when hydroxylamine reacts with cyclohexanone
  - a) Cyclohexene
  - b) Cyclohexadiene
  - c) Cyclohexenylamine
  - d) Oxime
- 8) Which one of the following is the reagent of Wittig reaction?
  - a) Phenyl lithium
  - b) Phosphonium ylid
  - c) Anhydrous zinc chloride
  - d) Sodium bisulfite
- 9) In esterification reaction from alcohol and carboxylic acid the OH group is eliminated from
  - a) both carboxylic acid and alcohol
  - b) none from carboxylic acid or alcohol
  - c) alcohol
  - d) carboxylic acid
- 10) Formation of phenyl hydrazone from phenyl hydrazine and carbonyl compound is an example of
  - a) substitution reaction
  - b) Addition-elimination reaction
  - c) elimination reaction
  - d) Addition reaction

(Do not write or mark anything on this page)

- 1) Which one of the following will give haloform reaction
  - a) 1-butanol
  - b) 1-propanol
  - c) 2-butanol
  - d) Butanal
- 2) Crossed aldol condensation between benzaldehyde and acetaldehyde is known as
  - a) Knoevenagel reaction
  - b) Lucas reaction
  - c) Claisen-Schmidt reaction
  - d) Perkin reaction
- 3) Meerwein-Ponndorf-Verley reduction produces
  - a) Acetaldehyde
  - b) Benzaldehyde
  - c) Acetone
  - d) n-butane
- 4) Formation of phenyl hydrazone from phenyl hydrazine and carbonyl compound is an example of
  - a) Addition reaction
  - b) elimination reaction
  - c) Addition-elimination reaction
  - d) substitution reaction
- 5) Which one of the following is the product when hydroxylamine reacts with cyclohexanone
  - a) Cyclohexene
  - b) Cyclohexadiene
  - c) Cyclohexylamine
  - d) Oxime
- 6) Oppenauer oxidation is similar but opposite to
  - a) Meerwein-Ponndorf-Verley reduction
  - b) Clemmensen reduction
  - c) Wittig reaction
  - d) Wolff-Kishner reduction
- 7) Which one of the following is the substrate in Cumene phenol method
  - a) Nitrobenzene
  - b) Isopropyl benzene
  - c) Xylene
  - d) Toluene
- 8) Formation of aniline from chlorobenzene under the treatment of sodamide in liquid ammonia is an example of
  - a) Addition reaction
  - b) Elimination reaction
  - c) Elimination-addition reaction
  - d) Addition-elimination reaction
- 9) Which one of the following is the reagent of Wittig reaction?
  - a) Sodium bisulfite
  - b) Phenyl lithium
  - c) Phosphonium ylid
  - d) Anhydrous zinc chloride
- 10) In esterification reaction from alcohol and carboxylic acid the OH group is eliminated from
  - a) alcohol
  - b) both carboxylic acid and alcohol
  - c) none from carboxylic acid or alcohol
  - d) carboxylic acid

(Do not write or mark anything on this page)

- 1) Which one of the following is the product when hydroxylamine reacts with cyclohexanone
  - a) Cyclohexylamine
  - b) Cyclohexadiene
  - c) Cyclohexene
  - d) Oxime
- 2) Oppenauer oxidation is similar but opposite to
  - a) Clemmensen reduction
  - b) Wolff-Kishner reduction
  - c) Meerwein-Ponndorf-Verley reduction
  - d) Wittig reaction
- 3) Formation of phenyl hydrazone from phenyl hydrazine and carbonyl compound is an example of
  - a) elimination reaction
  - b) Addition-elimination reaction
  - c) substitution reaction
  - d) Addition reaction
- 4) Which one of the following is the substrate in Cumene phenol method
  - a) Toluene
  - b) Nitrobenzene
  - c) Xylene
  - d) Isopropyl benzene
- 5) Formation of aniline from chlorobenzene under the treatment of sodamide in liquid ammonia is an example of
  - a) Elimination reaction
  - b) Addition-elimination reaction
  - c) Elimination-addition reaction
  - d) Addition reaction
- 6) Which one of the following will give haloform reaction
  - a) 1-butanol
  - b) 2-butanol
  - c) Butanal
  - d) 1-propanol
- 7) Meerwein-Ponndorf-Verley reduction produces
  - a) n-butane
  - b) Benzaldehyde
  - c) Acetaldehyde
  - d) Acetone
- 8) In esterification reaction from alcohol and carboxylic acid the OH group is eliminated from
  - a) carboxylic acid
  - b) alcohol
  - c) both carboxylic acid and alcohol
  - d) none from carboxylic acid or alcohol
- 9) Which one of the following is the reagent of Wittig reaction?
  - a) Sodium bisulfite
  - b) Phosphonium ylid
  - c) Anhydrous zinc chloride
  - d) Phenyl lithium
- 10) Crossed aldol condensation between benzaldehyde and acetaldehyde is known as
  - a) Lucas reaction
  - b) Knoevenagel reaction
  - c) Perkin reaction
  - d) Claisen-Schmidt reaction

- 1) Meerwein-Pondorf-Verley reduction produces
  - a) n-butane
  - b) Acetone
  - c) Benzaldehyde
  - d) Acetaldehyde
- 2) Which one of the following is the reagent of Wittig reaction?
  - a) Anhydrous zinc chloride
  - b) Sodium bisulfite
  - c) Phosphonium ylid
  - d) Phenyl lithium
- 3) Which one of the following is the substrate in Cumene phenol method
  - a) Xylene
  - b) Nitrobenzene
  - c) Toluene
  - d) Isopropyl benzene
- 4) Formation of phenyl hydrazone from phenyl hydrazine and carbonyl compound is an example of
  - a) Addition-elimination reaction
  - b) elimination reaction
  - c) Addition reaction
  - d) substitution reaction
- 5) Oppenauer oxidation is similar but opposite to
  - a) Wittig reaction
  - b) Meerwein-Pondorf-Verley reduction
  - c) Wolff-Kishner reduction
  - d) Clemmensen reduction
- 6) In esterification reaction from alcohol and carboxylic acid the OH group is eliminated from
  - a) carboxylic acid
  - b) both carboxylic acid and alcohol
  - c) alcohol
  - d) none from carboxylic acid or alcohol
- 7) Formation of aniline from chlorobenzene under the treatment of sodamide in liquid ammonia is an example of
  - a) Elimination-addition reaction
  - b) Elimination reaction
  - c) Addition reaction
  - d) Addition-elimination reaction
- 8) Which one of the following will give haloform reaction
  - a) Butanal
  - b) 1-propanol
  - c) 1-butanol
  - d) 2-butanol
- 9) Crossed aldol condensation between benzaldehyde and acetaldehyde is known as
  - a) Claisen-Schmidt reaction
  - b) Knoevenagel reaction
  - c) Perkin reaction
  - d) Lucas reaction
- 10) Which one of the following is the product when hydroxylamine reacts with cyclohexanone
  - a) Oxime
  - b) Cyclohexene
  - c) Cyclohexadiene
  - d) Cyclohexylamine

(Do not write or mark anything on this page)

- 1) Oppenauer oxidation is similar but opposite to
  - a) Meerwein-Pondorf-Verley reduction
  - b) Clemmensen reduction
  - c) Wolff-Kishner reduction
  - d) Wittig reaction
- 2) Which one of the following is the substrate in Cumene phenol method
  - a) Isopropyl benzene
  - b) Nitrobenzene
  - c) Toluene
  - d) Xylene
- 3) In esterification reaction from alcohol and carboxylic acid the OH group is eliminated from
  - a) alcohol
  - b) none from carboxylic acid or alcohol
  - c) both carboxylic acid and alcohol
  - d) carboxylic acid
- 4) Meerwein-Pondorf-Verley reduction produces
  - a) Acetone
  - b) Acetaldehyde
  - c) n-butane
  - d) Benzaldehyde
- 5) Which one of the following is the reagent of Wittig reaction?
  - a) Anhydrous zinc chloride
  - b) Sodium bisulfite
  - c) Phenyl lithium
  - d) Phosphonium ylid
- 6) Which one of the following is the product when hydroxylamine reacts with cyclohexanone
  - a) Cyclohexene
  - b) Cyclohexylamine
  - c) Cyclohexadiene
  - d) Oxime
- 7) Which one of the following will give haloform reaction
  - a) Butanal
  - b) 2-butanol
  - c) 1-propanol
  - d) 1-butanol
- 8) Crossed aldol condensation between benzaldehyde and acetaldehyde is known as
  - a) Lucas reaction
  - b) Claisen-Schmidt reaction
  - c) Knoevenagel reaction
  - d) Perkin reaction
- 9) Formation of aniline from chlorobenzene under the treatment of sodamide in liquid ammonia is an example of
  - a) Elimination-addition reaction
  - b) Addition reaction
  - c) Elimination reaction
  - d) Addition-elimination reaction
- 10) Formation of phenyl hydrazone from phenyl hydrazine and carbonyl compound is an example of
  - a) elimination reaction
  - b) substitution reaction
  - c) Addition-elimination reaction
  - d) Addition reaction



Answer of the 55 script(s) of M.Sc. Sem-II 2019

Script-1: 1a 2b 3c 4b 5a 6a 7a 8a 9b 10d

Script-2: 1d 2a 3c 4b 5a 6d 7a 8d 9c 10c

Script-3: 1d 2c 3d 4a 5b 6a 7b 8b 9d 10d

Script-4: 1b 2b 3b 4b 5b 6b 7d 8c 9a 10a

Script-5: 1a 2c 3b 4d 5c 6d 7c 8d 9c 10d

Script-6: 1b 2d 3c 4b 5d 6d 7d 8d 9a 10d

Script-7: 1d 2b 3d 4c 5a 6a 7d 8b 9b 10d

Script-8: 1b 2a 3d 4d 5c 6c 7b 8a 9c 10d

Script-9: 1c 2d 3a 4a 5c 6c 7d 8b 9c 10c

Script-10: 1a 2d 3c 4d 5b 6c 7c 8b 9a 10d

Script-11: 1c 2c 3c 4a 5c 6b 7c 8b 9a 10a

Script-12: 1c 2b 3a 4d 5a 6d 7c 8b 9a 10c

Script-13: 1b 2b 3b 4b 5a 6b 7d 8c 9d 10d

Script-14: 1b 2c 3a 4c 5a 6b 7a 8c 9c 10a

Script-15: 1d 2a 3a 4b 5a 6c 7d 8a 9a 10d

Script-16: 1d 2d 3c 4b 5d 6d 7a 8d 9b 10a

Script-17: 1a 2d 3b 4b 5d 6d 7b 8a 9c 10b

Script-18: 1b 2d 3d 4a 5c 6c 7a 8c 9c 10d

Script-19: 1a 2a 3b 4a 5d 6d 7b 8c 9a 10c

Script-20: 1d 2a 3a 4a 5b 6c 7c 8c 9c 10a

Script-21: 1a 2b 3c 4d 5d 6b 7d 8c 9b 10d

Script-22: 1c 2b 3c 4c 5d 6a 7a 8b 9d 10a

Script-23: 1a 2a 3a 4c 5a 6d 7a 8a 9b 10b

Script-24: 1c 2b 3b 4c 5d 6a 7b 8c 9a 10a

Script-25: 1b 2c 3c 4a 5c 6a 7a 8a 9b 10b

Script-26: 1b 2c 3c 4d 5a 6c 7a 8d 9d 10b

Script-27: 1b 2c 3c 4d 5d 6b 7a 8b 9a 10d

Script-28: 1b 2a 3d 4a 5a 6d 7d 8c 9b 10d

Script-29: 1b 2b 3c 4a 5d 6b 7b 8d 9d 10c

Script-30: 1a 2d 3b 4a 5c 6b 7b 8b 9a 10b

Script-31: 1b 2c 3d 4a 5d 6c 7b 8b 9b 10c

Script-32: 1c 2a 3d 4c 5d 6b 7c 8b 9d 10b

Script-33: 1b 2d 3a 4d 5d 6a 7a 8c 9b 10b

Script-34: 1d 2c 3b 4d 5a 6c 7d 8d 9d 10c

Script-35: 1c 2b 3a 4d 5c 6d 7b 8d 9a 10d

Script-36: 1b 2d 3a 4b 5c 6d 7c 8d 9b 10a

Script-37: 1b 2b 3c 4b 5a 6b 7d 8a 9b 10d

Script-38: 1b 2b 3c 4c 5d 6a 7c 8d 9c 10b

Script-39: 1d 2c 3a 4b 5b 6b 7b 8d 9b 10b

Script-40: 1d 2a 3c 4d 5d 6b 7b 8b 9b 10b

Script-41: 1c 2b 3b 4a 5d 6a 7b 8b 9b 10a

Script-42: 1c 2d 3d 4a 5a 6b 7c 8d 9a 10d

Script-43: 1c 2c 3c 4c 5a 6b 7d 8a 9d 10c

Script-44: 1c 2b 3b 4a 5a 6b 7b 8b 9b 10c

Script-45: 1b 2c 3d 4d 5a 6a 7d 8b 9c 10a

Script-46: 1c 2c 3d 4b 5b 6a 7c 8d 9b 10d

Script-47: 1d 2d 3a 4c 5b 6d 7b 8d 9c 10b

Script-48: 1a 2d 3c 4c 5b 6a 7b 8a 9d 10b

Script-49: 1b 2c 3a 4b 5a 6d 7b 8c 9a 10c

Script-50: 1c 2b 3a 4a 5c 6a 7b 8c 9c 10c

Script-51: 1c 2d 3c 4b 5c 6d 7d 8b 9d 10b

Script-52: 1c 2c 3c 4c 5d 6a 7b 8c 9c 10d

Script-53: 1d 2c 3b 4d 5c 6b 7d 8a 9b 10d

Script-54: 1b 2c 3d 4a 5b 6a 7a 8d 9a 10a

Script-55: 1a 2a 3d 4a 5d 6d 7b 8b 9a 10c