



(Do not write or mark anything on this page)

- 1) Which one of the following single letter codes represents a basic amino acid residue
  - a) S
  - b) D
  - c) E
  - d) K
- 2) Which one of the following is the molecular formula of a sesquiterpene
  - a) C<sub>15</sub>H<sub>24</sub>
  - b) C<sub>20</sub>H<sub>32</sub>
  - c) C<sub>10</sub>H<sub>16</sub>
  - d) C<sub>25</sub>H<sub>40</sub>
- 3) Which one of the following compounds acts as pain killer
  - a) Quinine
  - b) Morphine
  - c) Nicotine
  - d) Hygrine
- 4) Which one of the following represents an amino acid residue containing hydroxyl group
  - a) T
  - b) I
  - c) F
  - d) V
- 5) Which one of the following amino acid residues contains an indole ring
  - a) His
  - b) Tyr
  - c) Phe
  - d) Trp
- 6) Camphor is a
  - a) Bicyclic monoterpene
  - b) Bicyclic diterpene
  - c) Monocyclic monoterpene
  - d) Acyclic monoterpene
- 7) Nicotine on oxidation by potassium dichromate and acid generates
  - a) Pyridine-4-carboxylic acid
  - b) Pyridine-3-carboxylic acid
  - c) Pyridine-2-carboxylic acid
  - d) Hygrinic acid
- 8) Isoprene rule states that
  - a) skeleton structure of terpenoids are built up from isoprene units
  - b) the isoprene units in terpenoid are joined head to tail
  - c) Dehydrogenated derivative of terpenoids may also be a terpenoid
  - d) Oxygenated functional group may also be present in terpenoid
- 9) Which one of the following represents the structure HOOC-CH<sub>2</sub>-NH-CO-CH(CH<sub>3</sub>)-NH-CO-CH(CH<sub>2</sub>OH)-NH<sub>2</sub>
  - a) S-A-G
  - b) A-S-G
  - c) G-A-S
  - d) A-G-S
- 10) Phenyl alanine residue in a peptide chain is represented by the single letter code
  - a) E
  - b) P
  - c) F
  - d) N

Script Number - 2/2019  
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- 1) Which one of the following represents the structure  $\text{HOOC-CH}_2\text{-NH-CO-CH(CH}_3\text{)-NH-CO-CH(CH}_2\text{OH)-NH}_2$ 
  - a) A-G-S
  - b) S-A-G
  - c) A-S-G
  - d) G-A-S
- 2) Which one of the following single letter codes represents a basic amino acid residue
  - a) E
  - b) D
  - c) K
  - d) S
- 3) Isoprene rule states that
  - a) Dehydrogenated derivative of terpenoids may also be a terpenoid
  - b) Oxygenated functional group may also be present in terpenoid
  - c) the isoprene units in terpenoid are joined head to tail
  - d) skeleton structure of terpenoids are build up from isoprene units
- 4) Which one of the following represents an amino acid residue containing hydroxyl group
  - a) F
  - b) I
  - c) T
  - d) V
- 5) Camphor is a
  - a) Acyclic monoterpenoid
  - b) Monocyclic monoterpenoid
  - c) Bicyclic monoterpenoid
  - d) Bicyclic diterpenoid
- 6) Nicotine on oxidation by potassium dichromate and acid generates
  - a) Hygrinic acid
  - b) Pyridine-3-carboxylic acid
  - c) Pyridine-4-carboxylic acid
  - d) Pyridine-2-carboxylic acid
- 7) Which one of the following compounds acts as pain killer
  - a) Quinine
  - b) Hygrine
  - c) Morphine
  - d) Nicotine
- 8) Which one of the following is the molecular formula of a sesterterpenoid
  - a)  $\text{C}_{25}\text{H}_{40}$
  - b)  $\text{C}_{20}\text{H}_{32}$
  - c)  $\text{C}_{15}\text{H}_{24}$
  - d)  $\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_{16}$
- 9) Which one of the following amino acid residues contains an indole ring
  - a) His
  - b) Phe
  - c) Trp
  - d) Tyr
- 10) Phenyl alanine residue in a peptide chain is represented by the single letter code
  - a) F
  - b) N
  - c) P
  - d) E

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- 1) Which one of the following represents the structure  $\text{HOOC-CH}_2\text{-NH-CO-CH(CH}_3\text{)-NH-CO-CH(CH}_2\text{OH)-NH}_2$ 
  - a) G-A-S
  - b) A-S-G
  - c) S-A-G
  - d) A-G-S
- 2) Which one of the following single letter codes represents a basic amino acid residue
  - a) D
  - b) E
  - c) K
  - d) S
- 3) Which one of the following is the molecular formula of a sesterterpenoid
  - a)  $\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_{16}$
  - b)  $\text{C}_{20}\text{H}_{32}$
  - c)  $\text{C}_{25}\text{H}_{40}$
  - d)  $\text{C}_{15}\text{H}_{24}$
- 4) Which one of the following represents an amino acid residue containing hydroxyl group
  - a) T
  - b) F
  - c) I
  - d) V
- 5) Which one of the following compounds acts as pain killer
  - a) Morphine
  - b) Quinine
  - c) Nicotine
  - d) Hygrine
- 6) Which one of the following amino acid residues contains an indole ring
  - a) Phe
  - b) Tyr
  - c) Trp
  - d) His
- 7) Nicotine on oxidation by potassium dichromate and acid generates
  - a) Pyridine-2-carboxylic acid
  - b) Hygrinic acid
  - c) Pyridine-3-carboxylic acid
  - d) Pyridine-4-carboxylic acid
- 8) Isoprene rule states that
  - a) the isoprene units in terpenoid are joined head to tail
  - b) Oxygenated functional group may also be present in terpenoid
  - c) Dehydrogenated derivative of terpenoids may also be a terpenoid
  - d) skeleton structure of terpenoids are build up from isoprene units
- 9) Phenyl alanine residue in a peptide chain is represented by the single letter code
  - a) E
  - b) N
  - c) F
  - d) P
- 10) Camphor is a
  - a) Monocyclic monoterpenoid
  - b) Bicyclic diterpenoid
  - c) Acyclic monoterpenoid
  - d) Bicyclic monoterpenoid

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- 1) Which one of the following amino acid residues contains an indole ring
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  - b) Trp
  - c) His
  - d) Tyr
- 2) Which one of the following represents the structure  $\text{HOOC-CH}_2\text{-NH-CO-CH(CH}_3\text{)-NH-CO-CH(CH}_2\text{OH)-NH}_2$ 
  - a) A-G-S
  - b) S-A-G
  - c) G-A-S
  - d) A-S-G
- 3) Camphor is a
  - a) Bicyclic diterpenoid
  - b) Bicyclic monoterpene
  - c) Monocyclic monoterpene
  - d) Acyclic monoterpene
- 4) Which one of the following is the molecular formula of a sesquiterpene
  - a)  $\text{C}_{25}\text{H}_{40}$
  - b)  $\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_{16}$
  - c)  $\text{C}_{20}\text{H}_{32}$
  - d)  $\text{C}_{15}\text{H}_{24}$
- 5) Which one of the following compounds acts as pain killer
  - a) Nicotine
  - b) Hygrine
  - c) Quinine
  - d) Morphine
- 6) Phenyl alanine residue in a peptide chain is represented by the single letter code
  - a) N
  - b) F
  - c) P
  - d) E
- 7) Which one of the following single letter codes represents a basic amino acid residue
  - a) D
  - b) E
  - c) K
  - d) S
- 8) Isoprene rule states that
  - a) skeleton structure of terpenoids are build up from isoprene units
  - b) Oxygenated functional group may also be present in terpene
  - c) Dehydrogenated derivative of terpenoids may also be a terpene
  - d) the isoprene units in terpene are joined head to tail
- 9) Nicotine on oxidation by potassium dichromate and acid generates
  - a) Hygrinic acid
  - b) Pyridine-3-carboxylic acid
  - c) Pyridine-2-carboxylic acid
  - d) Pyridine-4-carboxylic acid
- 10) Which one of the following represents an amino acid residue containing hydroxyl group
  - a) V
  - b) F
  - c) T
  - d) I

Script Number - 5/2019  
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- 1) Isoprene rule states that
  - a) skeleton structure of terpenoids are build up from isoprene units
  - b) the isoprene units in terpenoid are joined head to tail
  - c) Oxygenated functional group may also be present in terpenoid
  - d) Dehydrogenated derivative of terpenoids may also be a terpenoid
- 2) Which one of the following is the molecular formula of a sesterterpenoid
  - a) C<sub>20</sub>H<sub>32</sub>
  - b) C<sub>25</sub>H<sub>40</sub>
  - c) C<sub>15</sub>H<sub>24</sub>
  - d) C<sub>10</sub>H<sub>16</sub>
- 3) Nicotine on oxidation by potassium dichromate and acid generates
  - a) Pyridine-3-carboxylic acid
  - b) Hygrinic acid
  - c) Pyridine-4-carboxylic acid
  - d) Pyridine-2-carboxylic acid
- 4) Camphor is a
  - a) Monocyclic monoterpenoid
  - b) Bicyclic monoterpenoid
  - c) Acyclic monoterpenoid
  - d) Bicyclic diterpenoid
- 5) Which one of the following represents an amino acid residue containing hydroxyl group
  - a) F
  - b) T
  - c) V
  - d) I
- 6) Which one of the following represents the structure HOOC-CH<sub>2</sub>-NH-CO-CH(CH<sub>3</sub>)-NH-CO-CH(CH<sub>2</sub>OH)-NH<sub>2</sub>
  - a) A-S-G
  - b) S-A-G
  - c) A-G-S
  - d) G-A-S
- 7) Phenyl alanine residue in a peptide chain is represented by the single letter code
  - a) F
  - b) P
  - c) E
  - d) N
- 8) Which one of the following single letter codes represents a basic amino acid residue
  - a) K
  - b) D
  - c) E
  - d) S
- 9) Which one of the following amino acid residues contains an indole ring
  - a) Trp
  - b) Phe
  - c) His
  - d) Tyr
- 10) Which one of the following compounds acts as pain killer
  - a) Hygrine
  - b) Morphine
  - c) Nicotine
  - d) Quinine

Script Number - 6/2019  
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- 1) Nicotine on oxidation by potassium dichromate and acid generates
  - a) Pyridine-3-carboxylic acid
  - b) Pyridine-2-carboxylic acid
  - c) Hygrinic acid
  - d) Pyridine-4-carboxylic acid
- 2) Which one of the following is the molecular formula of a sesterterpenoid
  - a) C<sub>25</sub>H<sub>40</sub>
  - b) C<sub>20</sub>H<sub>32</sub>
  - c) C<sub>10</sub>H<sub>16</sub>
  - d) C<sub>15</sub>H<sub>24</sub>
- 3) Which one of the following single letter codes represents a basic amino acid residue
  - a) K
  - b) S
  - c) D
  - d) E
- 4) Which one of the following amino acid residues contains an indole ring
  - a) Trp
  - b) Phe
  - c) His
  - d) Tyr
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  - a) Quinine
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  - c) Morphine
  - d) Nicotine
- 6) Camphor is a
  - a) Bicyclic monoterpenoid
  - b) Monocyclic monoterpenoid
  - c) Bicyclic diterpenoid
  - d) Acyclic monoterpenoid
- 7) Phenyl alanine residue in a peptide chain is represented by the single letter code
  - a) P
  - b) E
  - c) N
  - d) F
- 8) Which one of the following represents the structure  $\text{HOOC-CH}_2\text{-NH-CO-CH(CH}_3\text{)-NH-CO-CH(CH}_2\text{OH)-NH}_2$ 
  - a) S-A-G
  - b) A-G-S
  - c) A-S-G
  - d) G-A-S
- 9) Which one of the following represents an amino acid residue containing hydroxyl group
  - a) V
  - b) F
  - c) T
  - d) I
- 10) Isoprene rule states that
  - a) the isoprene units in terpenoid are joined head to tail
  - b) Oxygenated functional group may also be present in terpenoid
  - c) Dehydrogenated derivative of terpenoids may also be a terpenoid
  - d) skeleton structure of terpenoids are build up from isoprene units

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- 1) Phenyl alanine residue in a peptide chain is represented by the single letter code
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  - c) G-A-S
  - d) A-S-G
- 5) Which one of the following represents an amino acid residue containing hydroxyl group
  - a) V
  - b) F
  - c) I
  - d) T
- 6) Which one of the following single letter codes represents a basic amino acid residue
  - a) K
  - b) S
  - c) D
  - d) E
- 7) Which one of the following is the molecular formula of a sesquiterpenoid
  - a)  $\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_{16}$
  - b)  $\text{C}_{20}\text{H}_{32}$
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  - d)  $\text{C}_{25}\text{H}_{40}$
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- 10) Camphor is a
  - a) Bicyclic monoterpenoid
  - b) Monocyclic monoterpenoid
  - c) Bicyclic diterpenoid
  - d) Acyclic monoterpenoid



(Do not write or mark anything on this page)

- 1) Which one of the following single letter codes represents a basic amino acid residue
  - a) E
  - b) D
  - c) S
  - d) K
- 2) Which one of the following is the molecular formula of a sesterterpenoid
  - a) C<sub>15</sub>H<sub>24</sub>
  - b) C<sub>10</sub>H<sub>16</sub>
  - c) C<sub>20</sub>H<sub>32</sub>
  - d) C<sub>25</sub>H<sub>40</sub>
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- 4) Camphor is a
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  - b) Bicyclic monoterpene
  - c) Monocyclic monoterpene
  - d) Acyclic monoterpene
- 5) Which one of the following represents an amino acid residue containing hydroxyl group
  - a) V
  - b) I
  - c) F
  - d) T
- 6) Phenyl alanine residue in a peptide chain is represented by the single letter code
  - a) P
  - b) F
  - c) E
  - d) N
- 7) Which one of the following amino acid residues contains an indole ring
  - a) Phe
  - b) Tyr
  - c) Trp
  - d) His
- 8) Isoprene rule states that
  - a) skeleton structure of terpenoids are build up from isoprene units
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- 9) Which one of the following represents the structure HOOC-CH<sub>2</sub>-NH-CO-CH(CH<sub>3</sub>)-NH-CO-CH(CH<sub>2</sub>OH)-NH<sub>2</sub>
  - a) A-S-G
  - b) S-A-G
  - c) A-G-S
  - d) G-A-S
- 10) Which one of the following compounds acts as pain killer
  - a) Hygrine
  - b) Quinine
  - c) Morphine
  - d) Nicotine

(Do not write or mark anything on this page)

- 1) Which one of the following is the molecular formula of a sesterterpenoid
  - a) C<sub>25</sub>H<sub>40</sub>
  - b) C<sub>15</sub>H<sub>24</sub>
  - c) C<sub>20</sub>H<sub>32</sub>
  - d) C<sub>10</sub>H<sub>16</sub>
- 2) Camphor is a
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  - c) A-S-G
  - d) A-G-S
- 4) Which one of the following amino acid residues contains an indole ring
  - a) Phe
  - b) His
  - c) Tyr
  - d) Trp
- 5) Phenyl alanine residue in a peptide chain is represented by the single letter code
  - a) E
  - b) P
  - c) N
  - d) F
- 6) Which one of the following represents an amino acid residue containing hydroxyl group
  - a) F
  - b) I
  - c) V
  - d) T
- 7) Isoprene rule states that
  - a) Oxygenated functional group may also be present in terpenoid
  - b) Dehydrogenated derivative of terpenoids may also be a terpenoid
  - c) skeleton structure of terpenoids are build up from isoprene units
  - d) the isoprene units in terpenoid are joined head to tail
- 8) Nicotine on oxidation by potassium dichromate and acid generates
  - a) Pyridine-2-carboxylic acid
  - b) Pyridine-3-carboxylic acid
  - c) Hygrinic acid
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- 9) Which one of the following compounds acts as pain killer
  - a) Quinine
  - b) Nicotine
  - c) Hygrine
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- 10) Which one of the following single letter codes represents a basic amino acid residue
  - a) K
  - b) S
  - c) D
  - d) E

(Do not write or mark anything on this page)

- 1) Which one of the following is the molecular formula of a sesterterpenoid
  - a) C<sub>25</sub>H<sub>40</sub>
  - b) C<sub>20</sub>H<sub>32</sub>
  - c) C<sub>15</sub>H<sub>24</sub>
  - d) C<sub>10</sub>H<sub>16</sub>
- 2) Which one of the following represents the structure HOOC-CH<sub>2</sub>-NH-CO-CH(CH<sub>3</sub>)-NH-CO-CH(CH<sub>2</sub>OH)-NH<sub>2</sub>
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- 5) Which one of the following amino acid residues contains an indole ring
  - a) Trp
  - b) Tyr
  - c) Phe
  - d) His
- 6) Phenyl alanine residue in a peptide chain is represented by the single letter code
  - a) F
  - b) P
  - c) N
  - d) E
- 7) Which one of the following represents an amino acid residue containing hydroxyl group
  - a) I
  - b) F
  - c) V
  - d) T
- 8) Nicotine on oxidation by potassium dichromate and acid generates
  - a) Pyridine-3-carboxylic acid
  - b) Pyridine-4-carboxylic acid
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- 10) Which one of the following compounds acts as pain killer
  - a) Hygrine
  - b) Quinine
  - c) Morphine
  - d) Nicotine

(Do not write or mark anything on this page)

- 1) Which one of the following is the molecular formula of a sesquiterpenoid
  - a)  $C_{15}H_{24}$
  - b)  $C_{20}H_{32}$
  - c)  $C_{10}H_{16}$
  - d)  $C_{25}H_{40}$
- 2) Nicotine on oxidation by potassium dichromate and acid generates
  - a) Hygrinic acid
  - b) Pyridine-2-carboxylic acid
  - c) Pyridine-4-carboxylic acid
  - d) Pyridine-3-carboxylic acid
- 3) Which one of the following represents an amino acid residue containing hydroxyl group
  - a) I
  - b) V
  - c) F
  - d) T
- 4) Which one of the following represents the structure  $HOOC-CH_2-NH-CO-CH(CH_3)-NH-CO-CH(CH_2OH)-NH_2$ 
  - a) S-A-G
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  - c) A-S-G
  - d) G-A-S
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  - a) P
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  - a) Phe
  - b) His
  - c) Tyr
  - d) Trp
- 8) Which one of the following single letter codes represents a basic amino acid residue
  - a) S
  - b) E
  - c) D
  - d) K
- 9) Isoprene rule states that
  - a) Oxygenated functional group may also be present in terpenoid
  - b) skeleton structure of terpenoids are build up from isoprene units
  - c) the isoprene units in terpenoid are joined head to tail
  - d) Dehydrogenated derivative of terpenoids may also be a terpenoid
- 10) Camphor is a
  - a) Monocyclic monoterpenoid
  - b) Acyclic monoterpenoid
  - c) Bicyclic monoterpenoid
  - d) Bicyclic diterpenoid

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  - a) Hygrine
  - b) Nicotine
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  - d) Morphine
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  - a) Bicyclic monoterpenoid
  - b) Acyclic monoterpenoid
  - c) Bicyclic diterpenoid
  - d) Monocyclic monoterpenoid
- 3) Which one of the following amino acid residues contains an indole ring
  - a) Tyr
  - b) His
  - c) Trp
  - d) Phe
- 4) Nicotine on oxidation by potassium dichromate and acid generates
  - a) Pyridine-4-carboxylic acid
  - b) Pyridine-3-carboxylic acid
  - c) Pyridine-2-carboxylic acid
  - d) Hygrinic acid
- 5) Phenyl alanine residue in a peptide chain is represented by the single letter code
  - a) N
  - b) P
  - c) F
  - d) E
- 6) Isoprene rule states that
  - a) Dehydrogenated derivative of terpenoids may also be a terpenoid
  - b) Oxygenated functional group may also be present in terpenoid
  - c) the isoprene units in terpenoid are joined head to tail
  - d) skeleton structure of terpenoids are build up from isoprene units
- 7) Which one of the following is the molecular formula of a sesterterpenoid
  - a) C<sub>25</sub>H<sub>40</sub>
  - b) C<sub>15</sub>H<sub>24</sub>
  - c) C<sub>20</sub>H<sub>32</sub>
  - d) C<sub>10</sub>H<sub>16</sub>
- 8) Which one of the following represents the structure  $\text{HOOC-CH}_2\text{-NH-CO-CH(CH}_3\text{)-NH-CO-CH(CH}_2\text{OH)-NH}_2$ 
  - a) A-G-S
  - b) G-A-S
  - c) A-S-G
  - d) S-A-G
- 9) Which one of the following represents an amino acid residue containing hydroxyl group
  - a) T
  - b) I
  - c) F
  - d) V
- 10) Which one of the following single letter codes represents a basic amino acid residue
  - a) K
  - b) D
  - c) E
  - d) S

- 1) Isoprene rule states that
  - a) the isoprene units in terpenoid are joined head to tail
  - b) Oxygenated functional group may also be present in terpenoid
  - c) skeleton structure of terpenoids are build up from isoprene units
  - d) Dehydrogenated derivative of terpenoids may also be a terpenoid
- 2) Which one of the following compounds acts as pain killer
  - a) Nicotine
  - b) Quinine
  - c) Hygrine
  - d) Morphine
- 3) Which one of the following single letter codes represents a basic amino acid residue
  - a) S
  - b) K
  - c) E
  - d) D
- 4) Nicotine on oxidation by potassium dichromate and acid generates
  - a) Pyridine-2-carboxylic acid
  - b) Pyridine-3-carboxylic acid
  - c) Pyridine-4-carboxylic acid
  - d) Hygrinic acid
- 5) Phenyl alanine residue in a peptide chain is represented by the single letter code
  - a) F
  - b) E
  - c) N
  - d) P
- 6) Which one of the following amino acid residues contains an indole ring
  - a) His
  - b) Tyr
  - c) Trp
  - d) Phe
- 7) Which one of the following represents the structure  $\text{HOOC-CH}_2\text{-NH-CO-CH(CH}_3\text{)-NH-CO-CH(CH}_2\text{OH)-NH}_2$ 
  - a) A-G-S
  - b) G-A-S
  - c) S-A-G
  - d) A-S-G
- 8) Camphor is a
  - a) Bicyclic monoterpenoid
  - b) Acyclic monoterpenoid
  - c) Bicyclic diterpenoid
  - d) Monocyclic monoterpenoid
- 9) Which one of the following is the molecular formula of a sesterterpenoid
  - a)  $\text{C}_{25}\text{H}_{40}$
  - b)  $\text{C}_{20}\text{H}_{32}$
  - c)  $\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_{16}$
  - d)  $\text{C}_{15}\text{H}_{24}$
- 10) Which one of the following represents an amino acid residue containing hydroxyl group
  - a) I
  - b) F
  - c) T
  - d) V

(Do not write or mark anything on this page)

- 1) Which one of the following amino acid residues contains an indole ring
  - a) Trp
  - b) Tyr
  - c) His
  - d) Phe
- 2) Nicotine on oxidation by potassium dichromate and acid generates
  - a) Pyridine-3-carboxylic acid
  - b) Hygrinic acid
  - c) Pyridine-2-carboxylic acid
  - d) Pyridine-4-carboxylic acid
- 3) Phenyl alanine residue in a peptide chain is represented by the single letter code
  - a) F
  - b) N
  - c) P
  - d) E
- 4) Which one of the following compounds acts as pain killer
  - a) Hygrine
  - b) Nicotine
  - c) Quinine
  - d) Morphine
- 5) Which one of the following is the molecular formula of a sesterterpenoid
  - a) C<sub>25</sub>H<sub>40</sub>
  - b) C<sub>15</sub>H<sub>24</sub>
  - c) C<sub>20</sub>H<sub>32</sub>
  - d) C<sub>10</sub>H<sub>16</sub>
- 6) Isoprene rule states that
  - a) Oxygenated functional group may also be present in terpenoid
  - b) skeleton structure of terpenoids are build up from isoprene units
  - c) Dehydrogenated derivative of terpenoids may also be a terpenoid
  - d) the isoprene units in terpenoid are joined head to tail
- 7) Which one of the following represents an amino acid residue containing hydroxyl group
  - a) F
  - b) T
  - c) V
  - d) I
- 8) Which one of the following represents the structure  $\text{HOOC-CH}_2\text{-NH-CO-CH(CH}_3\text{)-NH-CO-CH(CH}_2\text{OH)-NH}_2$ 
  - a) A-S-G
  - b) S-A-G
  - c) A-G-S
  - d) G-A-S
- 9) Which one of the following single letter codes represents a basic amino acid residue
  - a) D
  - b) S
  - c) E
  - d) K
- 10) Camphor is a
  - a) Bicyclic diterpenoid
  - b) Acyclic monoterpenoid
  - c) Bicyclic monoterpenoid
  - d) Monocyclic monoterpenoid

(Do not write or mark anything on this page)

- 1) Which one of the following is the molecular formula of a sesterterpenoid
  - a) C<sub>15</sub>H<sub>24</sub>
  - b) C<sub>20</sub>H<sub>32</sub>
  - c) C<sub>25</sub>H<sub>40</sub>
  - d) C<sub>10</sub>H<sub>16</sub>
- 2) Which one of the following amino acid residues contains an indole ring
  - a) Phe
  - b) Tyr
  - c) Trp
  - d) His
- 3) Which one of the following compounds acts as pain killer
  - a) Morphine
  - b) Quinine
  - c) Hygrine
  - d) Nicotine
- 4) Which one of the following single letter codes represents a basic amino acid residue
  - a) K
  - b) E
  - c) D
  - d) S
- 5) Camphor is a
  - a) Bicyclic monoterpenoid
  - b) Monocyclic monoterpenoid
  - c) Bicyclic diterpenoid
  - d) Acyclic monoterpenoid
- 6) Which one of the following represents the structure HOOC-CH<sub>2</sub>-NH-CO-CH(CH<sub>3</sub>)-NH-CO-CH(CH<sub>2</sub>OH)-NH<sub>2</sub>
  - a) A-S-G
  - b) G-A-S
  - c) A-G-S
  - d) S-A-G
- 7) Isoprene rule states that
  - a) the isoprene units in terpenoid are joined head to tail
  - b) skeleton structure of terpenoids are build up from isoprene units
  - c) Oxygenated functional group may also be present in terpenoid
  - d) Dehydrogenated derivative of terpenoids may also be a terpenoid
- 8) Nicotine on oxidation by potassium dichromate and acid generates
  - a) Hygrinic acid
  - b) Pyridine-4-carboxylic acid
  - c) Pyridine-3-carboxylic acid
  - d) Pyridine-2-carboxylic acid
- 9) Which one of the following represents an amino acid residue containing hydroxyl group
  - a) I
  - b) F
  - c) T
  - d) V
- 10) Phenyl alanine residue in a peptide chain is represented by the single letter code
  - a) F
  - b) N
  - c) P
  - d) E



(Do not write or mark anything on this page)

- 1) Which one of the following single letter codes represents a basic amino acid residue
  - a) S
  - b) D
  - c) E
  - d) K
- 2) Which one of the following is the molecular formula of a sesquiterpene
  - a) C<sub>25</sub>H<sub>40</sub>
  - b) C<sub>20</sub>H<sub>32</sub>
  - c) C<sub>10</sub>H<sub>16</sub>
  - d) C<sub>15</sub>H<sub>24</sub>
- 3) Which one of the following represents an amino acid residue containing hydroxyl group
  - a) F
  - b) T
  - c) I
  - d) V
- 4) Which one of the following compounds acts as pain killer
  - a) Morphine
  - b) Hygrine
  - c) Quinine
  - d) Nicotine
- 5) Camphor is a
  - a) Acyclic monoterpene
  - b) Bicyclic diterpene
  - c) Monocyclic monoterpene
  - d) Bicyclic monoterpene
- 6) Which one of the following amino acid residues contains an indole ring
  - a) Tyr
  - b) Trp
  - c) Phe
  - d) His
- 7) Nicotine on oxidation by potassium dichromate and acid generates
  - a) Pyridine-3-carboxylic acid
  - b) Hygrinic acid
  - c) Pyridine-4-carboxylic acid
  - d) Pyridine-2-carboxylic acid
- 8) Phenyl alanine residue in a peptide chain is represented by the single letter code
  - a) P
  - b) N
  - c) E
  - d) F
- 9) Which one of the following represents the structure HOOC-CH<sub>2</sub>-NH-CO-CH(CH<sub>3</sub>)-NH-CO-CH(CH<sub>2</sub>OH)-NH<sub>2</sub>
  - a) A-G-S
  - b) G-A-S
  - c) A-S-G
  - d) S-A-G
- 10) Isoprene rule states that
  - a) the isoprene units in terpene are joined head to tail
  - b) Oxygenated functional group may also be present in terpene
  - c) skeleton structure of terpenoids are built up from isoprene units
  - d) Dehydrogenated derivative of terpenoids may also be a terpene

(Do not write or mark anything on this page)

- 1) Which one of the following amino acid residues contains an indole ring
  - a) His
  - b) Trp
  - c) Tyr
  - d) Phe
- 2) Which one of the following is the molecular formula of a sesterterpenoid
  - a) C<sub>25</sub>H<sub>40</sub>
  - b) C<sub>20</sub>H<sub>32</sub>
  - c) C<sub>15</sub>H<sub>24</sub>
  - d) C<sub>10</sub>H<sub>16</sub>
- 3) Nicotine on oxidation by potassium dichromate and acid generates
  - a) Pyridine-4-carboxylic acid
  - b) Hygrinic acid
  - c) Pyridine-2-carboxylic acid
  - d) Pyridine-3-carboxylic acid
- 4) Camphor is a
  - a) Bicyclic monoterpenoid
  - b) Acyclic monoterpenoid
  - c) Bicyclic diterpenoid
  - d) Monocyclic monoterpenoid
- 5) Which one of the following represents the structure HOOC-CH<sub>2</sub>-NH-CO-CH(CH<sub>3</sub>)-NH-CO-CH(CH<sub>2</sub>OH)-NH<sub>2</sub>
  - a) G-A-S
  - b) A-S-G
  - c) S-A-G
  - d) A-G-S
- 6) Isoprene rule states that
  - a) Dehydrogenated derivative of terpenoids may also be a terpenoid
  - b) Oxygenated functional group may also be present in terpenoid
  - c) the isoprene units in terpenoid are joined head to tail
  - d) skeleton structure of terpenoids are build up from isoprene units
- 7) Which one of the following single letter codes represents a basic amino acid residue
  - a) E
  - b) D
  - c) S
  - d) K
- 8) Which one of the following represents an amino acid residue containing hydroxyl group
  - a) I
  - b) V
  - c) T
  - d) F
- 9) Phenyl alanine residue in a peptide chain is represented by the single letter code
  - a) F
  - b) E
  - c) P
  - d) N
- 10) Which one of the following compounds acts as pain killer
  - a) Quinine
  - b) Morphine
  - c) Nicotine
  - d) Hygrine

(Do not write or mark anything on this page)

- 1) Which one of the following represents the structure  $\text{HOOC-CH}_2\text{-NH-CO-CH(CH}_3\text{)-NH-CO-CH(CH}_2\text{OH)-NH}_2$ 
  - a) A-S-G
  - b) S-A-G
  - c) A-G-S
  - d) G-A-S
- 2) Which one of the following represents an amino acid residue containing hydroxyl group
  - a) I
  - b) V
  - c) T
  - d) F
- 3) Nicotine on oxidation by potassium dichromate and acid generates
  - a) Pyridine-2-carboxylic acid
  - b) Pyridine-3-carboxylic acid
  - c) Hygrinic acid
  - d) Pyridine-4-carboxylic acid
- 4) Phenyl alanine residue in a peptide chain is represented by the single letter code
  - a) P
  - b) F
  - c) N
  - d) E
- 5) Camphor is a
  - a) Bicyclic diterpenoid
  - b) Monocyclic monoterpenoid
  - c) Acyclic monoterpenoid
  - d) Bicyclic monoterpenoid
- 6) Which one of the following amino acid residues contains an indole ring
  - a) Trp
  - b) Phe
  - c) Tyr
  - d) His
- 7) Which one of the following single letter codes represents a basic amino acid residue
  - a) K
  - b) S
  - c) E
  - d) D
- 8) Which one of the following compounds acts as pain killer
  - a) Quinine
  - b) Nicotine
  - c) Morphine
  - d) Hygrine
- 9) Isoprene rule states that
  - a) the isoprene units in terpenoid are joined head to tail
  - b) Oxygenated functional group may also be present in terpenoid
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  - d) skeleton structure of terpenoids are build up from isoprene units
- 10) Which one of the following is the molecular formula of a sesterterpenoid
  - a)  $\text{C}_{25}\text{H}_{40}$
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  - c)  $\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_{16}$
  - d)  $\text{C}_{20}\text{H}_{32}$

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  - c) Hygrine
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- 3) Phenyl alanine residue in a peptide chain is represented by the single letter code
  - a) F
  - b) N
  - c) E
  - d) P
- 4) Which one of the following represents the structure  $\text{HOOC-CH}_2\text{-NH-CO-CH(CH}_3\text{)-NH-CO-CH(CH}_2\text{OH)-NH}_2$ 
  - a) A-S-G
  - b) A-G-S
  - c) S-A-G
  - d) G-A-S
- 5) Which one of the following single letter codes represents a basic amino acid residue
  - a) E
  - b) D
  - c) S
  - d) K
- 6) Which one of the following is the molecular formula of a sesterterpenoid
  - a)  $\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_{16}$
  - b)  $\text{C}_{25}\text{H}_{40}$
  - c)  $\text{C}_{15}\text{H}_{24}$
  - d)  $\text{C}_{20}\text{H}_{32}$
- 7) Which one of the following represents an amino acid residue containing hydroxyl group
  - a) F
  - b) T
  - c) I
  - d) V
- 8) Which one of the following amino acid residues contains an indole ring
  - a) His
  - b) Trp
  - c) Phe
  - d) Tyr
- 9) Camphor is a
  - a) Acyclic monoterpenoid
  - b) Bicyclic monoterpenoid
  - c) Monocyclic monoterpenoid
  - d) Bicyclic diterpenoid
- 10) Nicotine on oxidation by potassium dichromate and acid generates
  - a) Hygrinic acid
  - b) Pyridine-4-carboxylic acid
  - c) Pyridine-3-carboxylic acid
  - d) Pyridine-2-carboxylic acid

(Do not write or mark anything on this page)

- 1) Phenyl alanine residue in a peptide chain is represented by the single letter code
  - a) F
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  - c) E
  - d) N
- 2) Isoprene rule states that
  - a) skeleton structure of terpenoids are build up from isoprene units
  - b) the isoprene units in terpenoid are joined head to tail
  - c) Dehydrogenated derivative of terpenoids may also be a terpenoid
  - d) Oxygenated functional group may also be present in terpenoid
- 3) Which one of the following is the molecular formula of a sesterterpenoid
  - a) C<sub>15</sub>H<sub>24</sub>
  - b) C<sub>20</sub>H<sub>32</sub>
  - c) C<sub>10</sub>H<sub>16</sub>
  - d) C<sub>25</sub>H<sub>40</sub>
- 4) Camphor is a
  - a) Bicyclic diterpenoid
  - b) Monocyclic monoterpenoid
  - c) Acyclic monoterpenoid
  - d) Bicyclic monoterpenoid
- 5) Which one of the following single letter codes represents a basic amino acid residue
  - a) K
  - b) E
  - c) S
  - d) D
- 6) Which one of the following represents an amino acid residue containing hydroxyl group
  - a) F
  - b) V
  - c) I
  - d) T
- 7) Which one of the following represents the structure HOOC-CH<sub>2</sub>-NH-CO-CH(CH<sub>3</sub>)-NH-CO-CH(CH<sub>2</sub>OH)-NH<sub>2</sub>
  - a) A-G-S
  - b) G-A-S
  - c) A-S-G
  - d) S-A-G
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  - a) Pyridine-4-carboxylic acid
  - b) Pyridine-2-carboxylic acid
  - c) Hygrinic acid
  - d) Pyridine-3-carboxylic acid
- 9) Which one of the following amino acid residues contains an indole ring
  - a) Trp
  - b) Phe
  - c) Tyr
  - d) His
- 10) Which one of the following compounds acts as pain killer
  - a) Morphine
  - b) Nicotine
  - c) Hygrine
  - d) Quinine

- 1) Nicotine on oxidation by potassium dichromate and acid generates
  - a) Pyridine-3-carboxylic acid
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- 2) Isoprene rule states that
  - a) the isoprene units in terpenoid are joined head to tail
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- 3) Which one of the following amino acid residues contains an indole ring
  - a) His
  - b) Trp
  - c) Tyr
  - d) Phe
- 4) Phenyl alanine residue in a peptide chain is represented by the single letter code
  - a) F
  - b) P
  - c) N
  - d) E
- 5) Which one of the following represents the structure  $\text{HOOC-CH}_2\text{-NH-CO-CH(CH}_3\text{)-NH-CO-CH(CH}_2\text{OH)-NH}_2$ 
  - a) G-A-S
  - b) A-S-G
  - c) A-G-S
  - d) S-A-G
- 6) Which one of the following compounds acts as pain killer
  - a) Hygrine
  - b) Quinine
  - c) Nicotine
  - d) Morphine
- 7) Which one of the following single letter codes represents a basic amino acid residue
  - a) S
  - b) D
  - c) E
  - d) K
- 8) Which one of the following is the molecular formula of a sesterterpenoid
  - a)  $\text{C}_{15}\text{H}_{24}$
  - b)  $\text{C}_{20}\text{H}_{32}$
  - c)  $\text{C}_{25}\text{H}_{40}$
  - d)  $\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_{16}$
- 9) Camphor is a
  - a) Acyclic monoterpenoid
  - b) Bicyclic diterpenoid
  - c) Bicyclic monoterpenoid
  - d) Monocyclic monoterpenoid
- 10) Which one of the following represents an amino acid residue containing hydroxyl group
  - a) F
  - b) T
  - c) V
  - d) I

(Do not write or mark anything on this page)

- 1) Which one of the following represents an amino acid residue containing hydroxyl group
  - a) F
  - b) V
  - c) T
  - d) I
- 2) Camphor is a
  - a) Bicyclic diterpenoid
  - b) Bicyclic monoterpene
  - c) Monocyclic monoterpene
  - d) Acyclic monoterpene
- 3) Which one of the following single letter codes represents a basic amino acid residue
  - a) K
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- 4) Which one of the following amino acid residues contains an indole ring
  - a) His
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  - c) Tyr
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- 5) Nicotine on oxidation by potassium dichromate and acid generates
  - a) Pyridine-2-carboxylic acid
  - b) Pyridine-4-carboxylic acid
  - c) Hygrinic acid
  - d) Pyridine-3-carboxylic acid
- 6) Isoprene rule states that
  - a) skeleton structure of terpenoids are build up from isoprene units
  - b) Oxygenated functional group may also be present in terpene
  - c) the isoprene units in terpene are joined head to tail
  - d) Dehydrogenated derivative of terpenoids may also be a terpene
- 7) Phenyl alanine residue in a peptide chain is represented by the single letter code
  - a) E
  - b) F
  - c) P
  - d) N
- 8) Which one of the following compounds acts as pain killer
  - a) Nicotine
  - b) Hygrine
  - c) Morphine
  - d) Quinine
- 9) Which one of the following represents the structure  $\text{HOOC-CH}_2\text{-NH-CO-CH(CH}_3\text{)-NH-CO-CH(CH}_2\text{OH)-NH}_2$ 
  - a) S-A-G
  - b) A-S-G
  - c) A-G-S
  - d) G-A-S
- 10) Which one of the following is the molecular formula of a sesquiterpene
  - a)  $\text{C}_{25}\text{H}_{40}$
  - b)  $\text{C}_{20}\text{H}_{32}$
  - c)  $\text{C}_{15}\text{H}_{24}$
  - d)  $\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_{16}$

(Do not write or mark anything on this page)

- 1) Which one of the following single letter codes represents a basic amino acid residue
  - a) E
  - b) K
  - c) D
  - d) S
- 2) Isoprene rule states that
  - a) skeleton structure of terpenoids are build up from isoprene units
  - b) Oxygenated functional group may also be present in terpenoid
  - c) the isoprene units in terpenoid are joined head to tail
  - d) Dehydrogenated derivative of terpenoids may also be a terpenoid
- 3) Phenyl alanine residue in a peptide chain is represented by the single letter code
  - a) P
  - b) F
  - c) E
  - d) N
- 4) Which one of the following compounds acts as pain killer
  - a) Quinine
  - b) Morphine
  - c) Hygrine
  - d) Nicotine
- 5) Which one of the following represents the structure  $\text{HOOC-CH}_2\text{-NH-CO-CH(CH}_3\text{)-NH-CO-CH(CH}_2\text{OH)-NH}_2$ 
  - a) A-G-S
  - b) A-S-G
  - c) G-A-S
  - d) S-A-G
- 6) Which one of the following is the molecular formula of a sesterterpenoid
  - a)  $\text{C}_{20}\text{H}_{32}$
  - b)  $\text{C}_{15}\text{H}_{24}$
  - c)  $\text{C}_{25}\text{H}_{40}$
  - d)  $\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_{16}$
- 7) Camphor is a
  - a) Bicyclic monoterpenoid
  - b) Monocyclic monoterpenoid
  - c) Bicyclic diterpenoid
  - d) Acyclic monoterpenoid
- 8) Which one of the following represents an amino acid residue containing hydroxyl group
  - a) F
  - b) T
  - c) I
  - d) V
- 9) Which one of the following amino acid residues contains an indole ring
  - a) Tyr
  - b) Phe
  - c) His
  - d) Trp
- 10) Nicotine on oxidation by potassium dichromate and acid generates
  - a) Pyridine-3-carboxylic acid
  - b) Pyridine-2-carboxylic acid
  - c) Hygrinic acid
  - d) Pyridine-4-carboxylic acid



(Do not write or mark anything on this page)

- 1) Which one of the following is the molecular formula of a sesquiterpenoid
  - a) C<sub>25</sub>H<sub>40</sub>
  - b) C<sub>20</sub>H<sub>32</sub>
  - c) C<sub>10</sub>H<sub>16</sub>
  - d) C<sub>15</sub>H<sub>24</sub>
- 2) Which one of the following represents the structure HOOC-CH<sub>2</sub>-NH-CO-CH(CH<sub>3</sub>)-NH-CO-CH(CH<sub>2</sub>OH)-NH<sub>2</sub>
  - a) S-A-G
  - b) A-S-G
  - c) A-G-S
  - d) G-A-S
- 3) Which one of the following compounds acts as pain killer
  - a) Quinine
  - b) Nicotine
  - c) Morphine
  - d) Hygrine
- 4) Which one of the following represents an amino acid residue containing hydroxyl group
  - a) F
  - b) T
  - c) I
  - d) V
- 5) Isoprene rule states that
  - a) Oxygenated functional group may also be present in terpenoid
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  - c) Dehydrogenated derivative of terpenoids may also be a terpenoid
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- 6) Nicotine on oxidation by potassium dichromate and acid generates
  - a) Hygrinic acid
  - b) Pyridine-3-carboxylic acid
  - c) Pyridine-2-carboxylic acid
  - d) Pyridine-4-carboxylic acid
- 7) Phenyl alanine residue in a peptide chain is represented by the single letter code
  - a) E
  - b) P
  - c) F
  - d) N
- 8) Which one of the following single letter codes represents a basic amino acid residue
  - a) D
  - b) S
  - c) E
  - d) K
- 9) Camphor is a
  - a) Bicyclic diterpenoid
  - b) Bicyclic monoterpenoid
  - c) Monocyclic monoterpenoid
  - d) Acyclic monoterpenoid
- 10) Which one of the following amino acid residues contains an indole ring
  - a) His
  - b) Tyr
  - c) Phe
  - d) Trp

(Do not write or mark anything on this page)

- 1) Which one of the following amino acid residues contains an indole ring
  - a) Tyr
  - b) His
  - c) Phe
  - d) Trp
- 2) Which one of the following single letter codes represents a basic amino acid residue
  - a) S
  - b) K
  - c) E
  - d) D
- 3) Camphor is a
  - a) Bicyclic diterpenoid
  - b) Acyclic monoterpene
  - c) Monocyclic monoterpene
  - d) Bicyclic monoterpene
- 4) Which one of the following is the molecular formula of a sesquiterpene
  - a) C<sub>10</sub>H<sub>16</sub>
  - b) C<sub>25</sub>H<sub>40</sub>
  - c) C<sub>15</sub>H<sub>24</sub>
  - d) C<sub>20</sub>H<sub>32</sub>
- 5) Nicotine on oxidation by potassium dichromate and acid generates
  - a) Pyridine-3-carboxylic acid
  - b) Pyridine-4-carboxylic acid
  - c) Pyridine-2-carboxylic acid
  - d) Hygrinic acid
- 6) Isoprene rule states that
  - a) the isoprene units in terpene are joined head to tail
  - b) skeleton structure of terpenes are built up from isoprene units
  - c) Dehydrogenated derivative of terpenes may also be a terpene
  - d) Oxygenated functional group may also be present in terpene
- 7) Which one of the following represents the structure HOOC-CH<sub>2</sub>-NH-CO-CH(CH<sub>3</sub>)-NH-CO-CH(CH<sub>2</sub>OH)-NH<sub>2</sub>
  - a) G-A-S
  - b) S-A-G
  - c) A-G-S
  - d) A-S-G
- 8) Phenyl alanine residue in a peptide chain is represented by the single letter code
  - a) E
  - b) N
  - c) F
  - d) P
- 9) Which one of the following represents an amino acid residue containing hydroxyl group
  - a) I
  - b) F
  - c) T
  - d) V
- 10) Which one of the following compounds acts as pain killer
  - a) Morphine
  - b) Quinine
  - c) Nicotine
  - d) Hygrine

(Do not write or mark anything on this page)

- 1) Which one of the following amino acid residues contains an indole ring
  - a) His
  - b) Tyr
  - c) Phe
  - d) Trp
- 2) Isoprene rule states that
  - a) the isoprene units in terpenoid are joined head to tail
  - b) Dehydrogenated derivative of terpenoids may also be a terpenoid
  - c) Oxygenated functional group may also be present in terpenoid
  - d) skeleton structure of terpenoids are build up from isoprene units
- 3) Phenyl alanine residue in a peptide chain is represented by the single letter code
  - a) E
  - b) P
  - c) N
  - d) F
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  - b) Acyclic monoterpenoid
  - c) Monocyclic monoterpenoid
  - d) Bicyclic monoterpenoid
- 6) Nicotine on oxidation by potassium dichromate and acid generates
  - a) Pyridine-4-carboxylic acid
  - b) Pyridine-3-carboxylic acid
  - c) Pyridine-2-carboxylic acid
  - d) Hygrinic acid
- 7) Which one of the following represents an amino acid residue containing hydroxyl group
  - a) T
  - b) V
  - c) I
  - d) F
- 8) Which one of the following represents the structure  $\text{HOOC-CH}_2\text{-NH-CO-CH(CH}_3\text{)-NH-CO-CH(CH}_2\text{OH)-NH}_2$ 
  - a) G-A-S
  - b) A-S-G
  - c) A-G-S
  - d) S-A-G
- 9) Which one of the following single letter codes represents a basic amino acid residue
  - a) D
  - b) S
  - c) K
  - d) E
- 10) Which one of the following is the molecular formula of a sesterterpenoid
  - a)  $\text{C}_{20}\text{H}_{32}$
  - b)  $\text{C}_{25}\text{H}_{40}$
  - c)  $\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_{16}$
  - d)  $\text{C}_{15}\text{H}_{24}$

(Do not write or mark anything on this page)

- 1) Phenyl alanine residue in a peptide chain is represented by the single letter code
  - a) E
  - b) F
  - c) P
  - d) N
- 2) Which one of the following represents the structure  $\text{HOOC-CH}_2\text{-NH-CO-CH(CH}_3\text{)-NH-CO-CH(CH}_2\text{OH)-NH}_2$ 
  - a) A-S-G
  - b) G-A-S
  - c) A-G-S
  - d) S-A-G
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- 4) Which one of the following is the molecular formula of a sesterterpenoid
  - a)  $\text{C}_{25}\text{H}_{40}$
  - b)  $\text{C}_{20}\text{H}_{32}$
  - c)  $\text{C}_{15}\text{H}_{24}$
  - d)  $\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_{16}$
- 5) Isoprene rule states that
  - a) Oxygenated functional group may also be present in terpenoid
  - b) skeleton structure of terpenoids are build up from isoprene units
  - c) Dehydrogenated derivative of terpenoids may also be a terpenoid
  - d) the isoprene units in terpenoid are joined head to tail
- 6) Which one of the following represents an amino acid residue containing hydroxyl group
  - a) F
  - b) V
  - c) T
  - d) I
- 7) Which one of the following single letter codes represents a basic amino acid residue
  - a) K
  - b) E
  - c) S
  - d) D
- 8) Camphor is a
  - a) Bicyclic monoterpenoid
  - b) Monocyclic monoterpenoid
  - c) Acyclic monoterpenoid
  - d) Bicyclic diterpenoid
- 9) Which one of the following amino acid residues contains an indole ring
  - a) Tyr
  - b) Phe
  - c) Trp
  - d) His
- 10) Which one of the following compounds acts as pain killer
  - a) Quinine
  - b) Morphine
  - c) Hygrine
  - d) Nicotine

(Do not write or mark anything on this page)

- 1) Which one of the following single letter codes represents a basic amino acid residue
  - a) K
  - b) E
  - c) S
  - d) D
- 2) Phenyl alanine residue in a peptide chain is represented by the single letter code
  - a) F
  - b) N
  - c) E
  - d) P
- 3) Which one of the following represents an amino acid residue containing hydroxyl group
  - a) F
  - b) V
  - c) I
  - d) T
- 4) Which one of the following represents the structure  $\text{HOOC-CH}_2\text{-NH-CO-CH(CH}_3\text{)-NH-CO-CH(CH}_2\text{OH)-NH}_2$ 
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  - b) G-A-S
  - c) S-A-G
  - d) A-G-S
- 5) Which one of the following is the molecular formula of a sesterterpenoid
  - a)  $\text{C}_{20}\text{H}_{32}$
  - b)  $\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_{16}$
  - c)  $\text{C}_{15}\text{H}_{24}$
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  - b) Acyclic monoterpene
  - c) Monocyclic monoterpene
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  - c) the isoprene units in terpene are joined head to tail
  - d) Oxygenated functional group may also be present in terpene
- 8) Which one of the following compounds acts as pain killer
  - a) Morphine
  - b) Nicotine
  - c) Quinine
  - d) Hygrine
- 9) Nicotine on oxidation by potassium dichromate and acid generates
  - a) Pyridine-2-carboxylic acid
  - b) Hygrinic acid
  - c) Pyridine-3-carboxylic acid
  - d) Pyridine-4-carboxylic acid
- 10) Which one of the following amino acid residues contains an indole ring
  - a) His
  - b) Tyr
  - c) Trp
  - d) Phe

- 1) Camphor is a
  - a) Bicyclic monoterpenoid
  - b) Bicyclic diterpenoid
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  - b) G-A-S
  - c) A-G-S
  - d) A-S-G
- 4) Isoprene rule states that
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  - b) skeleton structure of terpenoids are build up from isoprene units
  - c) the isoprene units in terpenoid are joined head to tail
  - d) Oxygenated functional group may also be present in terpenoid
- 5) Which one of the following single letter codes represents a basic amino acid residue
  - a) S
  - b) D
  - c) E
  - d) K
- 6) Phenyl alanine residue in a peptide chain is represented by the single letter code
  - a) E
  - b) F
  - c) N
  - d) P
- 7) Which one of the following resrepresents an amino acid residue containing hydroxyl group
  - a) V
  - b) T
  - c) F
  - d) I
- 8) Which one of the following compounds acts as pain killer
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  - b) Morphine
  - c) Nicotine
  - d) Hygrine
- 9) Which one of the following is the molecular formula of a sesterterpenoid
  - a)  $\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_{16}$
  - b)  $\text{C}_{20}\text{H}_{32}$
  - c)  $\text{C}_{15}\text{H}_{24}$
  - d)  $\text{C}_{25}\text{H}_{40}$
- 10) Which one of the following amino acid residues contains an indole ring
  - a) Trp
  - b) His
  - c) Phe
  - d) Tyr

(Do not write or mark anything on this page)

- 1) Which one of the following amino acid residues contains an indole ring
  - a) Trp
  - b) Phe
  - c) Tyr
  - d) His
- 2) Which one of the following represents an amino acid residue containing hydroxyl group
  - a) V
  - b) F
  - c) I
  - d) T
- 3) Phenyl alanine residue in a peptide chain is represented by the single letter code
  - a) N
  - b) P
  - c) E
  - d) F
- 4) Which one of the following is the molecular formula of a sesquiterpenoid
  - a) C<sub>10</sub>H<sub>16</sub>
  - b) C<sub>25</sub>H<sub>40</sub>
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- 5) Which one of the following compounds acts as pain killer
  - a) Morphine
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  - c) Quinine
  - d) Hygrine
- 6) Camphor is a
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  - b) Bicyclic monoterpenoid
  - c) Bicyclic diterpenoid
  - d) Monocyclic monoterpenoid
- 7) Isoprene rule states that
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  - a) A-G-S
  - b) A-S-G
  - c) S-A-G
  - d) G-A-S
- 9) Which one of the following single letter codes represents a basic amino acid residue
  - a) K
  - b) E
  - c) D
  - d) S
- 10) Nicotine on oxidation by potassium dichromate and acid generates
  - a) Hygrinic acid
  - b) Pyridine-3-carboxylic acid
  - c) Pyridine-4-carboxylic acid
  - d) Pyridine-2-carboxylic acid

(Do not write or mark anything on this page)

- 1) Which one of the following amino acid residues contains an indole ring
  - a) Trp
  - b) His
  - c) Phe
  - d) Tyr
- 2) Isoprene rule states that
  - a) Oxygenated functional group may also be present in terpenoid
  - b) Dehydrogenated derivative of terpenoids may also be a terpenoid
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- 3) Which one of the following single letter codes represents a basic amino acid residue
  - a) K
  - b) E
  - c) S
  - d) D
- 4) Phenyl alanine residue in a peptide chain is represented by the single letter code
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  - a) Pyridine-2-carboxylic acid
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- 6) Camphor is a
  - a) Bicyclic diterpenoid
  - b) Monocyclic monoterpenoid
  - c) Bicyclic monoterpenoid
  - d) Acyclic monoterpenoid
- 7) Which one of the following represents the structure  $\text{HOOC-CH}_2\text{-NH-CO-CH(CH}_3\text{)-NH-CO-CH(CH}_2\text{OH)-NH}_2$ 
  - a) S-A-G
  - b) G-A-S
  - c) A-G-S
  - d) A-S-G
- 8) Which one of the following compounds acts as pain killer
  - a) Morphine
  - b) Nicotine
  - c) Quinine
  - d) Hygrine
- 9) Which one of the following is the molecular formula of a sesterterpenoid
  - a)  $\text{C}_{20}\text{H}_{32}$
  - b)  $\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_{16}$
  - c)  $\text{C}_{25}\text{H}_{40}$
  - d)  $\text{C}_{15}\text{H}_{24}$
- 10) Which one of the following represents an amino acid residue containing hydroxyl group
  - a) T
  - b) V
  - c) I
  - d) F



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- 1) Which one of the following represents the structure  $\text{HOOC-CH}_2\text{-NH-CO-CH(CH}_3\text{)-NH-CO-CH(CH}_2\text{OH)-NH}_2$ 
  - a) G-A-S
  - b) A-S-G
  - c) A-G-S
  - d) S-A-G
- 2) Which one of the following single letter codes represents a basic amino acid residue
  - a) S
  - b) E
  - c) D
  - d) K
- 3) Which one of the following represents an amino acid residue containing hydroxyl group
  - a) I
  - b) T
  - c) F
  - d) V
- 4) Isoprene rule states that
  - a) Oxygenated functional group may also be present in terpenoid
  - b) skeleton structure of terpenoids are build up from isoprene units
  - c) the isoprene units in terpenoid are joined head to tail
  - d) Dehydrogenated derivative of terpenoids may also be a terpenoid
- 5) Which one of the following compounds acts as pain killer
  - a) Quinine
  - b) Hygrine
  - c) Morphine
  - d) Nicotine
- 6) Camphor is a
  - a) Bicyclic diterpenoid
  - b) Bicyclic monoterpenoid
  - c) Monocyclic monoterpenoid
  - d) Acyclic monoterpenoid
- 7) Phenyl alanine residue in a peptide chain is represented by the single letter code
  - a) E
  - b) F
  - c) P
  - d) N
- 8) Which one of the following amino acid residues contains an indole ring
  - a) His
  - b) Trp
  - c) Tyr
  - d) Phe
- 9) Nicotine on oxidation by potassium dichromate and acid generates
  - a) Pyridine-4-carboxylic acid
  - b) Pyridine-2-carboxylic acid
  - c) Pyridine-3-carboxylic acid
  - d) Hygrinic acid
- 10) Which one of the following is the molecular formula of a sesterterpenoid
  - a)  $\text{C}_{15}\text{H}_{24}$
  - b)  $\text{C}_{20}\text{H}_{32}$
  - c)  $\text{C}_{25}\text{H}_{40}$
  - d)  $\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_{16}$

(Do not write or mark anything on this page)

- 1) Which one of the following amino acid residues contains an indole ring
  - a) Tyr
  - b) His
  - c) Phe
  - d) Trp
- 2) Which one of the following single letter codes represents a basic amino acid residue
  - a) K
  - b) E
  - c) S
  - d) D
- 3) Isoprene rule states that
  - a) Oxygenated functional group may also be present in terpenoid
  - b) skeleton structure of terpenoids are build up from isoprene units
  - c) the isoprene units in terpenoid are joined head to tail
  - d) Dehydrogenated derivative of terpenoids may also be a terpenoid
- 4) Camphor is a
  - a) Monocyclic monoterpenoid
  - b) Bicyclic diterpenoid
  - c) Acyclic monoterpenoid
  - d) Bicyclic monoterpenoid
- 5) Which one of the following represents an amino acid residue containing hydroxyl group
  - a) V
  - b) T
  - c) F
  - d) I
- 6) Which one of the following is the molecular formula of a sesterterpenoid
  - a) C<sub>20</sub>H<sub>32</sub>
  - b) C<sub>15</sub>H<sub>24</sub>
  - c) C<sub>25</sub>H<sub>40</sub>
  - d) C<sub>10</sub>H<sub>16</sub>
- 7) Which one of the following compounds acts as pain killer
  - a) Morphine
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- 9) Which one of the following represents the structure  $\text{HOOC-CH}_2\text{-NH-CO-CH(CH}_3\text{)-NH-CO-CH(CH}_2\text{OH)-NH}_2$ 
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  - b) A-S-G
  - c) S-A-G
  - d) A-G-S
- 10) Phenyl alanine residue in a peptide chain is represented by the single letter code
  - a) P
  - b) E
  - c) N
  - d) F

(Do not write or mark anything on this page)

- 1) Which one of the following single letter codes represents a basic amino acid residue
  - a) E
  - b) S
  - c) K
  - d) D
- 2) Which one of the following is the molecular formula of a sesquiterpene
  - a) C<sub>15</sub>H<sub>24</sub>
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- 3) Which one of the following compounds acts as pain killer
  - a) Nicotine
  - b) Hygrine
  - c) Quinine
  - d) Morphine
- 4) Camphor is a
  - a) Acyclic monoterpene
  - b) Bicyclic monoterpene
  - c) Monocyclic monoterpene
  - d) Bicyclic diterpene
- 5) Which one of the following represents an amino acid residue containing hydroxyl group
  - a) I
  - b) T
  - c) V
  - d) F
- 6) Which one of the following amino acid residues contains an indole ring
  - a) Tyr
  - b) His
  - c) Phe
  - d) Trp
- 7) Which one of the following represents the structure HOOC-CH<sub>2</sub>-NH-CO-CH(CH<sub>3</sub>)-NH-CO-CH(CH<sub>2</sub>OH)-NH<sub>2</sub>
  - a) S-A-G
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  - c) skeleton structure of terpenes are built up from isoprene units
  - d) the isoprene units in terpene are joined head to tail
- 10) Phenyl alanine residue in a peptide chain is represented by the single letter code
  - a) E
  - b) F
  - c) N
  - d) P

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- 1) Which one of the following compounds acts as pain killer
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- 6) Phenyl alanine residue in a peptide chain is represented by the single letter code
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  - b) N
  - c) F
  - d) P
- 7) Which one of the following single letter codes represents a basic amino acid residue
  - a) S
  - b) K
  - c) E
  - d) D
- 8) Camphor is a
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- 9) Which one of the following represents the structure  $\text{HOOC-CH}_2\text{-NH-CO-CH(CH}_3\text{)-NH-CO-CH(CH}_2\text{OH)-NH}_2$ 
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  - c) A-S-G
  - d) G-A-S
- 10) Which one of the following is the molecular formula of a sesquiterpenoid
  - a)  $\text{C}_{15}\text{H}_{24}$
  - b)  $\text{C}_{20}\text{H}_{32}$
  - c)  $\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_{16}$
  - d)  $\text{C}_{25}\text{H}_{40}$

- 1) Camphor is a
  - a) Monocyclic monoterpenoid
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  - a) E
  - b) F
  - c) P
  - d) N
- 3) Which one of the following amino acid residues contains an indole ring
  - a) Tyr
  - b) Phe
  - c) Trp
  - d) His
- 4) Which one of the following represents an amino acid residue containing hydroxyl group
  - a) F
  - b) T
  - c) I
  - d) V
- 5) Isoprene rule states that
  - a) skeleton structure of terpenoids are build up from isoprene units
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  - a) Hygrinic acid
  - b) Pyridine-2-carboxylic acid
  - c) Pyridine-4-carboxylic acid
  - d) Pyridine-3-carboxylic acid
- 7) Which one of the following single letter codes represents a basic amino acid residue
  - a) S
  - b) E
  - c) D
  - d) K
- 8) Which one of the following is the molecular formula of a sesterterpenoid
  - a) C<sub>25</sub>H<sub>40</sub>
  - b) C<sub>10</sub>H<sub>16</sub>
  - c) C<sub>15</sub>H<sub>24</sub>
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  - a) G-A-S
  - b) S-A-G
  - c) A-S-G
  - d) A-G-S
- 10) Which one of the following compounds acts as pain killer
  - a) Hygrine
  - b) Nicotine
  - c) Quinine
  - d) Morphine

(Do not write or mark anything on this page)

- 1) Phenyl alanine residue in a peptide chain is represented by the single letter code
  - a) E
  - b) P
  - c) F
  - d) N
- 2) Isoprene rule states that
  - a) the isoprene units in terpenoid are joined head to tail
  - b) skeleton structure of terpenoids are build up from isoprene units
  - c) Oxygenated functional group may also be present in terpenoid
  - d) Dehydrogenated derivative of terpenoids may also be a terpenoid
- 3) Which one of the following represents the structure  $\text{HOOC-CH}_2\text{-NH-CO-CH(CH}_3\text{)-NH-CO-CH(CH}_2\text{OH)-NH}_2$ 
  - a) G-A-S
  - b) A-S-G
  - c) A-G-S
  - d) S-A-G
- 4) Which one of the following represents an amino acid residue containing hydroxyl group
  - a) T
  - b) I
  - c) F
  - d) V
- 5) Nicotine on oxidation by potassium dichromate and acid generates
  - a) Pyridine-4-carboxylic acid
  - b) Pyridine-2-carboxylic acid
  - c) Pyridine-3-carboxylic acid
  - d) Hygrinic acid
- 6) Which one of the following amino acid residues contains an indole ring
  - a) Trp
  - b) Phe
  - c) Tyr
  - d) His
- 7) Which one of the following compounds acts as pain killer
  - a) Nicotine
  - b) Quinine
  - c) Hygrine
  - d) Morphine
- 8) Which one of the following single letter codes represents a basic amino acid residue
  - a) S
  - b) E
  - c) K
  - d) D
- 9) Camphor is a
  - a) Monocyclic monoterpenoid
  - b) Acyclic monoterpenoid
  - c) Bicyclic diterpenoid
  - d) Bicyclic monoterpenoid
- 10) Which one of the following is the molecular formula of a sesterterpenoid
  - a)  $\text{C}_{15}\text{H}_{24}$
  - b)  $\text{C}_{20}\text{H}_{32}$
  - c)  $\text{C}_{25}\text{H}_{40}$
  - d)  $\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_{16}$

(Do not write or mark anything on this page)

- 1) Which one of the following represents an amino acid residue containing hydroxyl group
  - a) T
  - b) V
  - c) F
  - d) I
- 2) Which one of the following represents the structure  $\text{HOOC-CH}_2\text{-NH-CO-CH(CH}_3\text{)-NH-CO-CH(CH}_2\text{OH)-NH}_2$ 
  - a) G-A-S
  - b) A-G-S
  - c) A-S-G
  - d) S-A-G
- 3) Phenyl alanine residue in a peptide chain is represented by the single letter code
  - a) P
  - b) F
  - c) N
  - d) E
- 4) Isoprene rule states that
  - a) Oxygenated functional group may also be present in terpenoid
  - b) the isoprene units in terpenoid are joined head to tail
  - c) skeleton structure of terpenoids are build up from isoprene units
  - d) Dehydrogenated derivative of terpenoids may also be a terpenoid
- 5) Which one of the following single letter codes represents a basic amino acid residue
  - a) D
  - b) K
  - c) S
  - d) E
- 6) Which one of the following amino acid residues contains an indole ring
  - a) His
  - b) Tyr
  - c) Phe
  - d) Trp
- 7) Which one of the following is the molecular formula of a sesquiterpenoid
  - a)  $\text{C}_{25}\text{H}_{40}$
  - b)  $\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_{16}$
  - c)  $\text{C}_{15}\text{H}_{24}$
  - d)  $\text{C}_{20}\text{H}_{32}$
- 8) Nicotine on oxidation by potassium dichromate and acid generates
  - a) Hygrinic acid
  - b) Pyridine-3-carboxylic acid
  - c) Pyridine-4-carboxylic acid
  - d) Pyridine-2-carboxylic acid
- 9) Camphor is a
  - a) Bicyclic monoterpenoid
  - b) Monocyclic monoterpenoid
  - c) Acyclic monoterpenoid
  - d) Bicyclic diterpenoid
- 10) Which one of the following compounds acts as pain killer
  - a) Hygrine
  - b) Quinine
  - c) Morphine
  - d) Nicotine

(Do not write or mark anything on this page)

- 1) Which one of the following represents an amino acid residue containing hydroxyl group
  - a) F
  - b) T
  - c) I
  - d) V
- 2) Which one of the following is the molecular formula of a sesquiterpene
  - a) C<sub>20</sub>H<sub>32</sub>
  - b) C<sub>15</sub>H<sub>24</sub>
  - c) C<sub>10</sub>H<sub>16</sub>
  - d) C<sub>25</sub>H<sub>40</sub>
- 3) Which one of the following compounds acts as pain killer
  - a) Nicotine
  - b) Quinine
  - c) Morphine
  - d) Hygrine
- 4) Nicotine on oxidation by potassium dichromate and acid generates
  - a) Pyridine-4-carboxylic acid
  - b) Pyridine-2-carboxylic acid
  - c) Pyridine-3-carboxylic acid
  - d) Hygrinic acid
- 5) Which one of the following represents the structure HOOC-CH<sub>2</sub>-NH-CO-CH(CH<sub>3</sub>)-NH-CO-CH(CH<sub>2</sub>OH)-NH<sub>2</sub>
  - a) A-G-S
  - b) G-A-S
  - c) S-A-G
  - d) A-S-G
- 6) Which one of the following amino acid residues contains an indole ring
  - a) Trp
  - b) Tyr
  - c) His
  - d) Phe
- 7) Camphor is a
  - a) Monocyclic monoterpene
  - b) Acyclic monoterpene
  - c) Bicyclic monoterpene
  - d) Bicyclic diterpene
- 8) Isoprene rule states that
  - a) the isoprene units in terpene are joined head to tail
  - b) skeleton structure of terpenes are built up from isoprene units
  - c) Oxygenated functional group may also be present in terpene
  - d) Dehydrogenated derivative of terpenes may also be a terpene
- 9) Phenylalanine residue in a peptide chain is represented by the single letter code
  - a) N
  - b) F
  - c) E
  - d) P
- 10) Which one of the following single letter codes represents a basic amino acid residue
  - a) D
  - b) E
  - c) K
  - d) S



(Do not write or mark anything on this page)

- 1) Which one of the following represents the structure  $\text{HOOC}-\text{CH}_2-\text{NH}-\text{CO}-\text{CH}(\text{CH}_3)-\text{NH}-\text{CO}-\text{CH}(\text{CH}_2\text{OH})-\text{NH}_2$ 
  - a) S-A-G
  - b) A-G-S
  - c) A-S-G
  - d) G-A-S
- 2) Camphor is a
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  - b) Bicyclic diterpene
  - c) Monocyclic monoterpene
  - d) Acyclic monoterpene
- 3) Nicotine on oxidation by potassium dichromate and acid generates
  - a) Pyridine-2-carboxylic acid
  - b) Pyridine-3-carboxylic acid
  - c) Pyridine-4-carboxylic acid
  - d) Hygrinic acid
- 4) Isoprene rule states that
  - a) Dehydrogenated derivative of terpenoids may also be a terpene
  - b) skeleton structure of terpenoids are built up from isoprene units
  - c) the isoprene units in terpene are joined head to tail
  - d) Oxygenated functional group may also be present in terpene
- 5) Phenyl alanine residue in a peptide chain is represented by the single letter code
  - a) N
  - b) F
  - c) E
  - d) P
- 6) Which one of the following single letter codes represents a basic amino acid residue
  - a) S
  - b) E
  - c) D
  - d) K
- 7) Which one of the following compounds acts as pain killer
  - a) Quinine
  - b) Morphine
  - c) Nicotine
  - d) Hygrine
- 8) Which one of the following amino acid residues contains an indole ring
  - a) Trp
  - b) Phe
  - c) Tyr
  - d) His
- 9) Which one of the following is the molecular formula of a sesquiterpene
  - a)  $\text{C}_{25}\text{H}_{40}$
  - b)  $\text{C}_{20}\text{H}_{32}$
  - c)  $\text{C}_{15}\text{H}_{24}$
  - d)  $\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_{16}$
- 10) Which one of the following represents an amino acid residue containing hydroxyl group
  - a) I
  - b) F
  - c) T
  - d) V

(Do not write or mark anything on this page)

- 1) Nicotine on oxidation by potassium dichromate and acid generates
  - a) Pyridine-3-carboxylic acid
  - b) Pyridine-4-carboxylic acid
  - c) Hygrinic acid
  - d) Pyridine-2-carboxylic acid
- 2) Which one of the following is the molecular formula of a sesterterpenoid
  - a) C<sub>15</sub>H<sub>24</sub>
  - b) C<sub>20</sub>H<sub>32</sub>
  - c) C<sub>10</sub>H<sub>16</sub>
  - d) C<sub>25</sub>H<sub>40</sub>
- 3) Which one of the following represents an amino acid residue containing hydroxyl group
  - a) V
  - b) F
  - c) T
  - d) I
- 4) Isoprene rule states that
  - a) the isoprene units in terpenoid are joined head to tail
  - b) Dehydrogenated derivative of terpenoids may also be a terpenoid
  - c) Oxygenated functional group may also be present in terpenoid
  - d) skeleton structure of terpenoids are build up from isoprene units
- 5) Which one of the following single letter codes represents a basic amino acid residue
  - a) S
  - b) D
  - c) E
  - d) K
- 6) Which one of the following compounds acts as pain killer
  - a) Morphine
  - b) Quinine
  - c) Hygrine
  - d) Nicotine
- 7) Which one of the following represents the structure HOOC-CH<sub>2</sub>-NH-CO-CH(CH<sub>3</sub>)-NH-CO-CH(CH<sub>2</sub>OH)-NH<sub>2</sub>
  - a) G-A-S
  - b) A-S-G
  - c) A-G-S
  - d) S-A-G
- 8) Camphor is a
  - a) Bicyclic monoterpenoid
  - b) Acyclic monoterpenoid
  - c) Monocyclic monoterpenoid
  - d) Bicyclic diterpenoid
- 9) Which one of the following amino acid residues contains an indole ring
  - a) Phe
  - b) Tyr
  - c) His
  - d) Trp
- 10) Phenyl alanine residue in a peptide chain is represented by the single letter code
  - a) F
  - b) N
  - c) P
  - d) E

(Do not write or mark anything on this page)

- 1) Which one of the following is the molecular formula of a sesterterpenoid
  - a) C<sub>10</sub>H<sub>16</sub>
  - b) C<sub>25</sub>H<sub>40</sub>
  - c) C<sub>20</sub>H<sub>32</sub>
  - d) C<sub>15</sub>H<sub>24</sub>
- 2) Which one of the following represents an amino acid residue containing hydroxyl group
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  - c) I
  - d) T
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  - a) A-G-S
  - b) G-A-S
  - c) S-A-G
  - d) A-S-G
- 5) Isoprene rule states that
  - a) Dehydrogenated derivative of terpenoids may also be a terpenoid
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  - c) the isoprene units in terpenoid are joined head to tail
  - d) Oxygenated functional group may also be present in terpenoid
- 6) Which one of the following amino acid residues contains an indole ring
  - a) Phe
  - b) Tyr
  - c) Trp
  - d) His
- 7) Phenyl alanine residue in a peptide chain is represented by the single letter code
  - a) E
  - b) N
  - c) P
  - d) F
- 8) Which one of the following single letter codes represents a basic amino acid residue
  - a) S
  - b) K
  - c) D
  - d) E
- 9) Which one of the following compounds acts as pain killer
  - a) Hygrine
  - b) Quinine
  - c) Morphine
  - d) Nicotine
- 10) Nicotine on oxidation by potassium dichromate and acid generates
  - a) Pyridine-2-carboxylic acid
  - b) Hygrinic acid
  - c) Pyridine-4-carboxylic acid
  - d) Pyridine-3-carboxylic acid

(Do not write or mark anything on this page)

- 1) Which one of the following is the molecular formula of a sesterterpenoid
  - a) C<sub>10</sub>H<sub>16</sub>
  - b) C<sub>25</sub>H<sub>40</sub>
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  - a) G-A-S
  - b) S-A-G
  - c) A-G-S
  - d) A-S-G
- 4) Which one of the following single letter codes represents a basic amino acid residue
  - a) S
  - b) E
  - c) D
  - d) K
- 5) Which one of the following represents an amino acid residue containing hydroxyl group
  - a) I
  - b) T
  - c) F
  - d) V
- 6) Isoprene rule states that
  - a) the isoprene units in terpenoid are joined head to tail
  - b) Oxygenated functional group may also be present in terpenoid
  - c) Dehydrogenated derivative of terpenoids may also be a terpenoid
  - d) skeleton structure of terpenoids are build up from isoprene units
- 7) Which one of the following amino acid residues contains an indole ring
  - a) His
  - b) Phe
  - c) Trp
  - d) Tyr
- 8) Phenyl alanine residue in a peptide chain is represented by the single letter code
  - a) F
  - b) N
  - c) E
  - d) P
- 9) Camphor is a
  - a) Bicyclic monoterpenoid
  - b) Acyclic monoterpenoid
  - c) Bicyclic diterpenoid
  - d) Monocyclic monoterpenoid
- 10) Nicotine on oxidation by potassium dichromate and acid generates
  - a) Pyridine-3-carboxylic acid
  - b) Hygrinic acid
  - c) Pyridine-2-carboxylic acid
  - d) Pyridine-4-carboxylic acid

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  - a) Acyclic monoterpenoid
  - b) Monocyclic monoterpenoid
  - c) Bicyclic monoterpenoid
  - d) Bicyclic diterpenoid
- 2) Which one of the following represents the structure  $\text{HOOC-CH}_2\text{-NH-CO-CH(CH}_3\text{)-NH-CO-CH(CH}_2\text{OH)-NH}_2$ 
  - a) S-A-G
  - b) A-S-G
  - c) G-A-S
  - d) A-G-S
- 3) Phenyl alanine residue in a peptide chain is represented by the single letter code
  - a) N
  - b) F
  - c) E
  - d) P
- 4) Which one of the following is the molecular formula of a sesterterpenoid
  - a)  $\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_{16}$
  - b)  $\text{C}_{25}\text{H}_{40}$
  - c)  $\text{C}_{15}\text{H}_{24}$
  - d)  $\text{C}_{20}\text{H}_{32}$
- 5) Which one of the following represents an amino acid residue containing hydroxyl group
  - a) I
  - b) V
  - c) F
  - d) T
- 6) Which one of the following amino acid residues contains an indole ring
  - a) Tyr
  - b) His
  - c) Phe
  - d) Trp
- 7) Nicotine on oxidation by potassium dichromate and acid generates
  - a) Pyridine-3-carboxylic acid
  - b) Hygrinic acid
  - c) Pyridine-2-carboxylic acid
  - d) Pyridine-4-carboxylic acid
- 8) Which one of the following compounds acts as pain killer
  - a) Nicotine
  - b) Quinine
  - c) Hygrine
  - d) Morphine
- 9) Which one of the following single letter codes represents a basic amino acid residue
  - a) K
  - b) D
  - c) S
  - d) E
- 10) Isoprene rule states that
  - a) Dehydrogenated derivative of terpenoids may also be a terpenoid
  - b) Oxygenated functional group may also be present in terpenoid
  - c) the isoprene units in terpenoid are joined head to tail
  - d) skeleton structure of terpenoids are build up from isoprene units

(Do not write or mark anything on this page)

- 1) Which one of the following represents an amino acid residue containing hydroxyl group
  - a) V
  - b) F
  - c) I
  - d) T
- 2) Camphor is a
  - a) Bicyclic diterpenoid
  - b) Monocyclic monoterpenoid
  - c) Acyclic monoterpenoid
  - d) Bicyclic monoterpenoid
- 3) Which one of the following amino acid residues contains an indole ring
  - a) Trp
  - b) His
  - c) Tyr
  - d) Phe
- 4) Phenyl alanine residue in a peptide chain is represented by the single letter code
  - a) P
  - b) N
  - c) E
  - d) F
- 5) Which one of the following is the molecular formula of a sesquiterpenoid
  - a) C<sub>10</sub>H<sub>16</sub>
  - b) C<sub>20</sub>H<sub>32</sub>
  - c) C<sub>25</sub>H<sub>40</sub>
  - d) C<sub>15</sub>H<sub>24</sub>
- 6) Which one of the following represents the structure HOOC-CH<sub>2</sub>-NH-CO-CH(CH<sub>3</sub>)-NH-CO-CH(CH<sub>2</sub>OH)-NH<sub>2</sub>
  - a) S-A-G
  - b) A-G-S
  - c) G-A-S
  - d) A-S-G
- 7) Which one of the following compounds acts as pain killer
  - a) Hygrine
  - b) Nicotine
  - c) Morphine
  - d) Quinine
- 8) Isoprene rule states that
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  - c) Dehydrogenated derivative of terpenoids may also be a terpenoid
  - d) Oxygenated functional group may also be present in terpenoid
- 9) Which one of the following single letter codes represents a basic amino acid residue
  - a) S
  - b) K
  - c) E
  - d) D
- 10) Nicotine on oxidation by potassium dichromate and acid generates
  - a) Pyridine-3-carboxylic acid
  - b) Pyridine-4-carboxylic acid
  - c) Pyridine-2-carboxylic acid
  - d) Hygrinic acid

(Do not write or mark anything on this page)

- 1) Which one of the following single letter codes represents a basic amino acid residue
  - a) D
  - b) E
  - c) S
  - d) K
- 2) Nicotine on oxidation by potassium dichromate and acid generates
  - a) Pyridine-2-carboxylic acid
  - b) Pyridine-3-carboxylic acid
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  - c) Bicyclic diterpenoid
  - d) Monocyclic monoterpenoid
- 5) Which one of the following represents an amino acid residue containing hydroxyl group
  - a) V
  - b) T
  - c) F
  - d) I
- 6) Which one of the following is the molecular formula of a sesterterpenoid
  - a) C<sub>15</sub>H<sub>24</sub>
  - b) C<sub>20</sub>H<sub>32</sub>
  - c) C<sub>10</sub>H<sub>16</sub>
  - d) C<sub>25</sub>H<sub>40</sub>
- 7) Which one of the following amino acid residues contains an indole ring
  - a) His
  - b) Trp
  - c) Phe
  - d) Tyr
- 8) Phenyl alanine residue in a peptide chain is represented by the single letter code
  - a) E
  - b) N
  - c) F
  - d) P
- 9) Which one of the following compounds acts as pain killer
  - a) Morphine
  - b) Hygrine
  - c) Quinine
  - d) Nicotine
- 10) Which one of the following represents the structure  $\text{HOOC-CH}_2\text{-NH-CO-CH(CH}_3\text{)-NH-CO-CH(CH}_2\text{OH)-NH}_2$ 
  - a) A-G-S
  - b) G-A-S
  - c) A-S-G
  - d) S-A-G

(Do not write or mark anything on this page)

- 1) Which one of the following compounds acts as pain killer
  - a) Quinine
  - b) Morphine
  - c) Nicotine
  - d) Hygrine
- 2) Which one of the following is the molecular formula of a sesterterpenoid
  - a) C<sub>20</sub>H<sub>32</sub>
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  - b) S-A-G
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- 4) Which one of the following represents an amino acid residue containing hydroxyl group
  - a) V
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  - c) Pyridine-4-carboxylic acid
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- 8) Phenyl alanine residue in a peptide chain is represented by the single letter code
  - a) E
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  - c) F
  - d) N
- 9) Which one of the following amino acid residues contains an indole ring
  - a) Trp
  - b) His
  - c) Tyr
  - d) Phe
- 10) Which one of the following single letter codes represents a basic amino acid residue
  - a) D
  - b) S
  - c) E
  - d) K



(Do not write or mark anything on this page)

- 1) Which one of the following single letter codes represents a basic amino acid residue
  - a) D
  - b) S
  - c) K
  - d) E
- 2) Phenyl alanine residue in a peptide chain is represented by the single letter code
  - a) P
  - b) E
  - c) N
  - d) F
- 3) Which one of the following represents the structure  $\text{HOOC-CH}_2\text{-NH-CO-CH(CH}_3\text{)-NH-CO-CH(CH}_2\text{OH)-NH}_2$ 
  - a) A-S-G
  - b) S-A-G
  - c) A-G-S
  - d) G-A-S
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  - a) Trp
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  - c) Tyr
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  - c)  $\text{C}_{20}\text{H}_{32}$
  - d)  $\text{C}_{15}\text{H}_{24}$
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  - c) Monocyclic monoterpenoid
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- 10) Which one of the following represents an amino acid residue containing hydroxyl group
  - a) V
  - b) T
  - c) I
  - d) F

(Do not write or mark anything on this page)

- 1) Phenyl alanine residue in a peptide chain is represented by the single letter code
  - a) N
  - b) P
  - c) F
  - d) E
- 2) Which one of the following compounds acts as pain killer
  - a) Morphine
  - b) Hygrine
  - c) Nicotine
  - d) Quinine
- 3) Camphor is a
  - a) Acyclic monoterpenoid
  - b) Bicyclic diterpenoid
  - c) Bicyclic monoterpenoid
  - d) Monocyclic monoterpenoid
- 4) Which one of the following represents an amino acid residue containing hydroxyl group
  - a) F
  - b) T
  - c) I
  - d) V
- 5) Nicotine on oxidation by potassium dichromate and acid generates
  - a) Pyridine-3-carboxylic acid
  - b) Hygrinic acid
  - c) Pyridine-4-carboxylic acid
  - d) Pyridine-2-carboxylic acid
- 6) Which one of the following amino acid residues contains an indole ring
  - a) Phe
  - b) Trp
  - c) His
  - d) Tyr
- 7) Which one of the following is the molecular formula of a sesquiterpenoid
  - a) C<sub>10</sub>H<sub>16</sub>
  - b) C<sub>15</sub>H<sub>24</sub>
  - c) C<sub>25</sub>H<sub>40</sub>
  - d) C<sub>20</sub>H<sub>32</sub>
- 8) Which one of the following single letter codes represents a basic amino acid residue
  - a) E
  - b) S
  - c) D
  - d) K
- 9) Which one of the following represents the structure  $\text{HOOC-CH}_2\text{-NH-CO-CH(CH}_3\text{)-NH-CO-CH(CH}_2\text{OH)-NH}_2$ 
  - a) A-S-G
  - b) G-A-S
  - c) A-G-S
  - d) S-A-G
- 10) Isoprene rule states that
  - a) the isoprene units in terpenoid are joined head to tail
  - b) skeleton structure of terpenoids are built up from isoprene units
  - c) Oxygenated functional group may also be present in terpenoid
  - d) Dehydrogenated derivative of terpenoids may also be a terpenoid

(Do not write or mark anything on this page)

- 1) Which one of the following single letter codes represents a basic amino acid residue
  - a) E
  - b) D
  - c) K
  - d) S
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  - b) Bicyclic monoterpenoid
  - c) Acyclic monoterpenoid
  - d) Monocyclic monoterpenoid
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- 8) Which one of the following represents the structure  $\text{HOOC-CH}_2\text{-NH-CO-CH(CH}_3\text{)-NH-CO-CH(CH}_2\text{OH)-NH}_2$ 
  - a) S-A-G
  - b) A-G-S
  - c) G-A-S
  - d) A-S-G
- 9) Which one of the following represents an amino acid residue containing hydroxyl group
  - a) T
  - b) V
  - c) F
  - d) I
- 10) Which one of the following is the molecular formula of a sesterterpenoid
  - a)  $\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_{16}$
  - b)  $\text{C}_{20}\text{H}_{32}$
  - c)  $\text{C}_{15}\text{H}_{24}$
  - d)  $\text{C}_{25}\text{H}_{40}$

(Do not write or mark anything on this page)

- 1) Which one of the following single letter codes represents a basic amino acid residue
  - a) E
  - b) S
  - c) D
  - d) K
- 2) Which one of the following represents an amino acid residue containing hydroxyl group
  - a) I
  - b) F
  - c) T
  - d) V
- 3) Which one of the following amino acid residues contains an indole ring
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  - c) Trp
  - d) His
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- 5) Nicotine on oxidation by potassium dichromate and acid generates
  - a) Pyridine-4-carboxylic acid
  - b) Pyridine-3-carboxylic acid
  - c) Pyridine-2-carboxylic acid
  - d) Hygrinic acid
- 6) Which one of the following represents the structure  $\text{HOOC-CH}_2\text{-NH-CO-CH(CH}_3\text{)-NH-CO-CH(CH}_2\text{OH)-NH}_2$ 
  - a) A-S-G
  - b) G-A-S
  - c) S-A-G
  - d) A-G-S
- 7) Phenyl alanine residue in a peptide chain is represented by the single letter code
  - a) P
  - b) F
  - c) N
  - d) E
- 8) Camphor is a
  - a) Monocyclic monoterpenoid
  - b) Bicyclic monoterpenoid
  - c) Bicyclic diterpenoid
  - d) Acyclic monoterpenoid
- 9) Which one of the following compounds acts as pain killer
  - a) Morphine
  - b) Quinine
  - c) Hygrine
  - d) Nicotine
- 10) Which one of the following is the molecular formula of a sesterterpenoid
  - a)  $\text{C}_{20}\text{H}_{32}$
  - b)  $\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_{16}$
  - c)  $\text{C}_{25}\text{H}_{40}$
  - d)  $\text{C}_{15}\text{H}_{24}$

(Do not write or mark anything on this page)

- 1) Phenyl alanine residue in a peptide chain is represented by the single letter code
  - a) E
  - b) P
  - c) N
  - d) F
- 2) Which one of the following single letter codes represents a basic amino acid residue
  - a) S
  - b) D
  - c) E
  - d) K
- 3) Which one of the following amino acid residues contains an indole ring
  - a) Phe
  - b) Tyr
  - c) His
  - d) Trp
- 4) Which one of the following represents an amino acid residue containing hydroxyl group
  - a) F
  - b) I
  - c) T
  - d) V
- 5) Nicotine on oxidation by potassium dichromate and acid generates
  - a) Hygrinic acid
  - b) Pyridine-3-carboxylic acid
  - c) Pyridine-2-carboxylic acid
  - d) Pyridine-4-carboxylic acid
- 6) Isoprene rule states that
  - a) Dehydrogenated derivative of terpenoids may also be a terpenoid
  - b) skeleton structure of terpenoids are build up from isoprene units
  - c) Oxygenated functional group may also be present in terpenoid
  - d) the isoprene units in terpenoid are joined head to tail
- 7) Camphor is a
  - a) Bicyclic diterpenoid
  - b) Acyclic monoterpene
  - c) Monocyclic monoterpene
  - d) Bicyclic monoterpene
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  - c) Hygrine
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- 9) Which one of the following represents the structure  $\text{HOOC-CH}_2\text{-NH-CO-CH(CH}_3\text{)-NH-CO-CH(CH}_2\text{OH)-NH}_2$ 
  - a) A-G-S
  - b) S-A-G
  - c) A-S-G
  - d) G-A-S
- 10) Which one of the following is the molecular formula of a sesquiterpene
  - a)  $\text{C}_{25}\text{H}_{40}$
  - b)  $\text{C}_{15}\text{H}_{24}$
  - c)  $\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_{16}$
  - d)  $\text{C}_{20}\text{H}_{32}$

(Do not write or mark anything on this page)

- 1) Which one of the following represents the structure  $\text{HOOC-CH}_2\text{-NH-CO-CH(CH}_3\text{)-NH-CO-CH(CH}_2\text{OH)-NH}_2$ 
  - a) A-G-S
  - b) A-S-G
  - c) G-A-S
  - d) S-A-G
- 2) Which one of the following compounds acts as pain killer
  - a) Morphine
  - b) Nicotine
  - c) Hygrine
  - d) Quinine
- 3) Phenyl alanine residue in a peptide chain is represented by the single letter code
  - a) P
  - b) E
  - c) N
  - d) F
- 4) Which one of the following single letter codes represents a basic amino acid residue
  - a) D
  - b) S
  - c) K
  - d) E
- 5) Isoprene rule states that
  - a) Oxygenated functional group may also be present in terpenoid
  - b) skeleton structure of terpenoids are build up from isoprene units
  - c) the isoprene units in terpenoid are joined head to tail
  - d) Dehydrogenated derivative of terpenoids may also be a terpenoid
- 6) Which one of the following amino acid residues contains an indole ring
  - a) Phe
  - b) Tyr
  - c) His
  - d) Trp
- 7) Which one of the following represents an amino acid residue containing hydroxyl group
  - a) T
  - b) I
  - c) V
  - d) F
- 8) Camphor is a
  - a) Monocyclic monoterpenoid
  - b) Bicyclic monoterpenoid
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  - a) Pyridine-2-carboxylic acid
  - b) Hygrinic acid
  - c) Pyridine-3-carboxylic acid
  - d) Pyridine-4-carboxylic acid
- 10) Which one of the following is the molecular formula of a sesterterpenoid
  - a)  $\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_{16}$
  - b)  $\text{C}_{15}\text{H}_{24}$
  - c)  $\text{C}_{25}\text{H}_{40}$
  - d)  $\text{C}_{20}\text{H}_{32}$

(Do not write or mark anything on this page)

- 1) Which one of the following represents an amino acid residue containing hydroxyl group
  - a) F
  - b) T
  - c) I
  - d) V
- 2) Which one of the following compounds acts as pain killer
  - a) Hygrine
  - b) Quinine
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- 3) Which one of the following represents the structure  $\text{HOOC-CH}_2\text{-NH-CO-CH(CH}_3\text{)-NH-CO-CH(CH}_2\text{OH)-NH}_2$ 
  - a) A-S-G
  - b) A-G-S
  - c) G-A-S
  - d) S-A-G
- 4) Which one of the following single letter codes represents a basic amino acid residue
  - a) K
  - b) S
  - c) D
  - d) E
- 5) Which one of the following is the molecular formula of a sesquiterpene
  - a)  $\text{C}_{15}\text{H}_{24}$
  - b)  $\text{C}_{20}\text{H}_{32}$
  - c)  $\text{C}_{25}\text{H}_{40}$
  - d)  $\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_{16}$
- 6) Phenyl alanine residue in a peptide chain is represented by the single letter code
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  - b) P
  - c) N
  - d) E
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  - a) Acyclic monoterpene
  - b) Bicyclic monoterpene
  - c) Monocyclic monoterpene
  - d) Bicyclic diterpene
- 8) Which one of the following amino acid residues contains an indole ring
  - a) Tyr
  - b) His
  - c) Phe
  - d) Trp
- 9) Isoprene rule states that
  - a) skeleton structure of terpenoids are built up from isoprene units
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  - a) Pyridine-2-carboxylic acid
  - b) Pyridine-3-carboxylic acid
  - c) Hygrinic acid
  - d) Pyridine-4-carboxylic acid

(Do not write or mark anything on this page)

- 1) Which one of the following represents an amino acid residue containing hydroxyl group
  - a) V
  - b) I
  - c) T
  - d) F
- 2) Phenyl alanine residue in a peptide chain is represented by the single letter code
  - a) E
  - b) F
  - c) P
  - d) N
- 3) Nicotine on oxidation by potassium dichromate and acid generates
  - a) Hygrinic acid
  - b) Pyridine-3-carboxylic acid
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- 4) Which one of the following amino acid residues contains an indole ring
  - a) Phe
  - b) Trp
  - c) His
  - d) Tyr
- 5) Which one of the following single letter codes represents a basic amino acid residue
  - a) S
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  - c) K
  - d) E
- 6) Which one of the following is the molecular formula of a sesquiterpenoid
  - a) C<sub>10</sub>H<sub>16</sub>
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  - c) Monocyclic monoterpenoid
  - d) Bicyclic diterpenoid
- 8) Which one of the following represents the structure HOOC-CH<sub>2</sub>-NH-CO-CH(CH<sub>3</sub>)-NH-CO-CH(CH<sub>2</sub>OH)-NH<sub>2</sub>
  - a) S-A-G
  - b) A-G-S
  - c) G-A-S
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  - d) the isoprene units in terpenoid are joined head to tail



Answer of the 55 script(s) of M.Sc. Sem-II 2019

Script-1: 1d 2d 3b 4a 5d 6a 7b 8a 9a 10c

Script-2: 1b 2c 3d 4c 5c 6b 7c 8a 9c 10a

Script-3: 1c 2c 3c 4a 5a 6c 7c 8d 9c 10d

Script-4: 1b 2b 3b 4a 5d 6b 7c 8a 9b 10c

Script-5: 1a 2b 3a 4b 5b 6b 7a 8a 9a 10b

Script-6: 1a 2a 3a 4a 5c 6a 7d 8a 9c 10d

Script-7: 1a 2b 3c 4a 5d 6a 7d 8a 9d 10a

Script-8: 1d 2d 3a 4b 5d 6b 7c 8a 9b 10c

Script-9: 1a 2d 3a 4d 5d 6d 7c 8b 9d 10a

Script-10: 1a 2a 3a 4b 5a 6a 7d 8a 9d 10c

Script-11: 1d 2d 3d 4a 5d 6b 7d 8d 9b 10c

Script-12: 1d 2a 3c 4b 5c 6d 7a 8d 9a 10a

Script-13: 1c 2d 3b 4b 5a 6c 7c 8a 9a 10c

Script-14: 1a 2a 3a 4d 5a 6b 7b 8b 9d 10c

Script-15: 1c 2c 3a 4a 5a 6d 7b 8c 9c 10a

Script-16: 1d 2a 3b 4a 5d 6b 7a 8d 9d 10c

Script-17: 1b 2a 3d 4a 5c 6d 7d 8c 9a 10b

Script-18: 1b 2c 3b 4b 5d 6a 7a 8c 9d 10a

Script-19: 1d 2b 3a 4c 5d 6b 7b 8b 9b 10c

Script-20: 1a 2a 3d 4d 5a 6d 7d 8d 9a 10a

Script-21: 1a 2d 3b 4a 5d 6d 7d 8c 9c 10b

Script-22: 1c 2b 3a 4b 5d 6a 7b 8c 9a 10a

Script-23: 1b 2a 3b 4b 5d 6c 7a 8b 9d 10a

Script-24: 1a 2a 3c 4b 5d 6b 7c 8d 9b 10d

Script-25: 1d 2b 3d 4b 5a 6b 7b 8c 9c 10a

Script-26: 1d 2d 3d 4d 5d 6b 7a 8d 9c 10b

Script-27: 1b 2d 3d 4a 5b 6c 7a 8a 9c 10b

Script-28: 1a 2a 3d 4c 5d 6a 7a 8a 9c 10c

Script-29: 1a 2b 3a 4b 5d 6b 7b 8b 9d 10a

Script-30: 1a 2d 3d 4b 5a 6b 7c 8c 9a 10b

Script-31: 1a 2c 3a 4d 5d 6c 7a 8a 9c 10a

Script-32: 1d 2d 3b 4b 5c 6b 7b 8b 9c 10c

Script-33: 1d 2a 3b 4d 5b 6c 7a 8a 9c 10d

Script-34: 1c 2d 3d 4b 5b 6d 7a 8d 9c 10b

Script-35: 1c 2a 3d 4b 5b 6c 7b 8c 9b 10d

Script-36: 1d 2b 3c 4b 5a 6d 7d 8a 9b 10d

Script-37: 1c 2b 3d 4a 5c 6a 7d 8c 9d 10c

Script-38: 1a 2d 3b 4c 5b 6d 7a 8b 9a 10c

Script-39: 1b 2d 3c 4c 5c 6a 7c 8b 9b 10c

Script-40: 1a 2a 3b 4b 5b 6d 7b 8a 9a 10c

Script-41: 1a 2d 3c 4d 5d 6a 7d 8a 9d 10a

Script-42: 1b 2d 3d 4c 5b 6c 7d 8b 9c 10d

Script-43: 1b 2a 3b 4d 5b 6d 7c 8a 9a 10a

Script-44: 1c 2a 3b 4b 5d 6d 7a 8d 9a 10d

Script-45: 1d 2d 3a 4d 5c 6a 7c 8a 9b 10a

Script-46: 1d 2b 3a 4b 5b 6d 7b 8c 9a 10d

Script-47: 1b 2c 3b 4b 5b 6b 7b 8c 9a 10d

Script-48: 1c 2d 3b 4a 5a 6b 7a 8a 9d 10b

Script-49: 1c 2a 3c 4b 5a 6b 7c 8d 9d 10b

Script-50: 1c 2b 3c 4b 5b 6b 7a 8a 9a 10d

Script-51: 1d 2c 3c 4a 5b 6c 7b 8b 9a 10c

Script-52: 1d 2d 3d 4c 5b 6b 7d 8d 9b 10a

Script-53: 1d 2a 3d 4c 5b 6d 7a 8b 9c 10c

Script-54: 1b 2d 3d 4a 5c 6a 7b 8d 9a 10b

Script-55: 1c 2b 3b 4b 5c 6d 7a 8a 9a 10a